

PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL DATA

Zero-Drift, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Input/Output Low Noise Operational Amplifier

a

Preliminary Technical Data

AD8628

FEATURES

- Lowest auto-zero amplifier noise
- Low Offset Voltage: 5 μV
- Input Offset Drift: 0.03 $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Swing
- 5 V Single-Supply Operation
- High Gain, CMRR, and PSRR: 120 dB
- Very Low Input Bias Current: 100 pA
- Low Supply Current: 1.3 mA
- Overload Recovery Time: 0.2 ms
- No External Components Required

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive Sensors
- Pressure and Position Sensors
- Strain Gage Amplifiers
- Medical Instrumentation
- Thermocouple Amplifiers

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

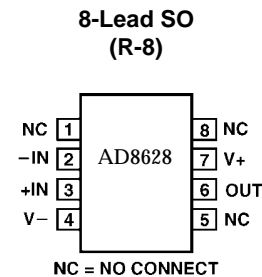
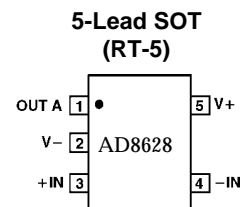
This new family of amplifiers has ultra-low offset, drift and bias current. The AD8628 is a wide bandwidth auto-zero amplifier featuring rail-to-rail input and output swings and low noise. Operation is fully specified from 2.7 to 5 volts single supply ($\pm 1.35\text{V}$ to $\pm 2.5\text{V}$ dual supply).

The AD8628 family provides the benefits previously found only in expensive auto-zeroing or chopper-stabilized amplifiers. Using Analog Devices' new topology these zero-drift amplifiers combine low cost, with high accuracy and low noise. (No external capacitors are required.) In addition, the AD8628 greatly reduces the digital switching noise found in most chopper stabilized amplifiers.

With an offset voltage of only 1 μV , drift less than 0.005 $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ and noise of only 0.5 μV P-P (0Hz to 10 Hz) the AD8628 is perfectly suited for applications where error sources cannot be tolerated. Position and pressure sensors, medical equipment, and strain gage amplifiers benefit greatly from nearly zero drift over their operating temperature range. Many systems may take advantage of the rail-to-rail input and output swings provided by

the AD8628 family to reduce input biasing complexity and maximize SNR.

The AD8628 family is specified for the extended industrial (-40° to $+125^\circ\text{C}$) temperature range. The AD8628 amplifier is available in the tiny SOT23 and the popular 8-pin narrow SOIC plastic packages.



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PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL DATA

AD8628

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(@ $V_S=+5.0V$, $V_{CM} = +2.5V$, $V_O=+2.5V$, $T_A=+25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.)

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------|----------|------|------------------|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Offset Voltage | V_{OS} | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 1 | 5 | μV |
| | | | | | 10 | μV |
| Input Bias Current | I_B | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 30 | 100 | pA |
| Input Offset Current | I_{OS} | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 50 | 1.5 | nA |
| | | | | | 200 | pA |
| | | | | | 250 | pA |
| Input Voltage Range | | | 0 | | 5 | V |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | $V_{CM} = 0V$ to $5V$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 120 | 140 | | dB |
| | | | 115 | 130 | | dB |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain (Note 1) | A_{VO} | $R_L = 10 k\Omega$, $V_O=0.3$ to $4.7V$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 125 | 145 | | dB |
| | | | 120 | 135 | | dB |
| Offset Voltage Drift | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$ | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 0.002 | 0.03 | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage High | V_{OH} | $R_L = 100k\Omega$ to Ground $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 4.99 | 4.996 | | V |
| | | | 4.99 | 4.995 | | V |
| | | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to Ground $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 4.95 | 4.98 | | V |
| | | | 4.95 | 4.97 | | V |
| Output Voltage Low | V_{OL} | $R_L = 100k\Omega$ to $V+$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 1 | 10 | mV |
| | | | | 2 | 10 | mV |
| | | $R_L = 10 k\Omega$ to $V+$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 10 | 20 | mV |
| | | | | 15 | 20 | mV |
| Short Circuit Limit | I_{SC} | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | ± 25 | ± 50 | | mA |
| | | | | ± 40 | | mA |
| Output Current | I_O | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | ± 30 | | mA |
| | | | | ± 15 | | mA |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | $V_S = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 120 | 130 | | dB |
| | | | 115 | 130 | | dB |
| Supply Current/Amplifier | I_{SY} | $V_O = 0V$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 1.3 | 1.5 | mA |
| | | | | 1.6 | 1.8 | mA |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Slew Rate | SR | $R_L = 10 k\Omega$ | | 0.8 | | $V/\mu s$ |
| Overload Recovery Time | | | | 0.05 | 0.2 | ms |
| Gain Bandwidth Product | GBP | | | 2.5 | | MHz |
| NOISE PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Voltage Noise | $e_{n p-p}$ | 0.1 to 10 Hz | | 0.5 | | μV_{p-p} |
| Voltage Noise | $e_{n p-p}$ | 0.1 to 1.0 Hz | | 0.16 | | μV_{p-p} |
| Voltage Noise Density | e_n | $f = 1 kHz$ | | 22 | | nV/\sqrt{Hz} |
| Current Noise Density | i_n | $f=10 Hz$ | | 5 | | fA/\sqrt{Hz} |

Note 1: Gain testing is highly dependent upon test bandwidth.

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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (@ $V_S=+2.7V$, $V_{CM} = +1.35 V$, $V_O=1.4V$, $T_A=+25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.)

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------|----------|-----|-----------------|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Offset Voltage | AD8628 V_{OS} | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 1 | 5 | μV |
| Input Bias Current | I_B | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 30 | 100 | pA |
| Input Offset Current | I_{OS} | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 1.0 | 1.5 | nA |
| Input Voltage Range | | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 50 | 200 | pA |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | $V_{CM} = 0$ to 2.9V $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 0 115 | 130 | 5 | V dB |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain | A_{VO} | $R_L = 10 k\Omega$, $V_O=0.3$ to 4.7V $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 110 | 120 | | dB |
| Offset Voltage Drift | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$ | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 105 | 130 | dB |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage High | V_{OH} | $R_L = 100k\Omega$ to Ground $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 2.68 | 2.695 | | V |
| | | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to Ground $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 2.68 | 2.695 | | V |
| | | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to Ground $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 2.67 | 2.68 | | V |
| | | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to Ground $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 2.67 | 2.675 | | V |
| Output Voltage Low | V_{OL} | $R_L = 100k\Omega$ to V+ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 1 | 10 | mV |
| | | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to V+ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 2 | 10 | mV |
| | | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to V+ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | 10 | 20 | mV |
| Short Circuit Limit | I_{SC} | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | ± 10 | ± 15 | 20 | mV |
| Output Current | I_O | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | ± 10 | | mA |
| | | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | ± 10 | | mA |
| | | $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | | ± 5 | | mA |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | $V_S = 2.7V$ to 5.5 V $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 120 | 130 | | dB |
| Supply Current/Amplifier | I_{SY} | $V_O = 0V$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ | 115 | 130 | | dB |
| | | | | 1.1 | 1.4 | mA |
| | | | | 1.3 | 1.6 | mA |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Slew Rate | SR | $R_L = 10 k\Omega$ | | 1 | | V/ μs |
| Overload Recovery Time | | | | 0.05 | | ms |
| Gain Bandwidth Product | GBP | | | 2 | | MHz |
| NOISE PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Voltage Noise | $e_{n p-p}$ | 0.1 to 10 Hz | | 0.75 | | μV_{p-p} |
| Voltage Noise Density | e_n | $f = 1 kHz$ | | 33 | | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Current Noise Density | i_n | $f=10 Hz$ | | 5 | | fA/ \sqrt{Hz} |

PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL DATA

AD8628

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Supply Voltage | +6V |
| Input Voltage | GND to $V_s + 0.3V$ |
| Differential Input Voltage ¹ | $\pm 5.0V$ |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration to Gnd | Indefinite |
| Storage Temperature Range | |
| RT, R Package | -65°C to +150°C |
| Operating Temperature Range | |
| AD8628 | -40°C to +125°C |
| Junction Temperature Range | |
| RT, R Package | -65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature Range (Soldering, 10 sec) | +300°C |

| Package Type | θ_{JA} ² | θ_{JC} | Units |
|------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------|
| 5-Pin SOT23 (RT) | | | °C/W |
| 8-Pin SOIC (R) | 158 | 43 | °C/W |

NOTES

- ¹ Differential input voltage is limited to ± 5.0 volts or the supply voltage, whichever is less.
- ² θ_{JA} is specified for the worst case conditions, i.e., θ_{JA} is specified for device in socket for P-DIP packages; θ_{JA} is specified for device soldered in circuit board for SOIC and TSSOP packages.

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| AD8628ART | -40°C to +125°C | 5-Pin SOT23 | RT-5 |
| AD8628AR | -40°C to +125°C | 8-Pin SOIC | SO-8 |