### March 2001 **Advance Information**



# AS7C256A AS7C3256A

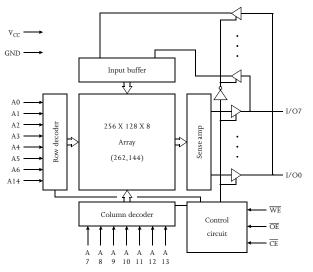
### 5V/3.3V 32K X 8 CMOS SRAM (Common I/O)

#### **Features**

- AS7C256A (5V version)
- AS7C3256A (3.3V version)
- Industrial and commercial temperature
- Organization: 32,768 words × 8 bits
- High speed
- 10/12/15/20 ns address access time
- 3/3/4/5 ns output enable access time
- Very low power consumption: ACTIVE
  - 495mW (AS7C256A) / max @ 10 ns
  - 216mW (AS7C3256A) / max @ 10 ns

- Very low power consumption: STANDBY
  - 11 mW (AS7C256A) / max CMOS I/O
  - 3.6 mW (AS7C3256A) / max CMOS I/O
- Latest 6T 0.25u CMOS technology
- 2.0V data retention
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  inputs
- TTL-compatible, three-state I/O
- 28-pin JEDEC standard packages
  - 300 mil SOJ
- 8 × 13.4 TSOP
- ESD protection  $\geq$  2000 volts
- Latch-up current  $\geq$  200 mA

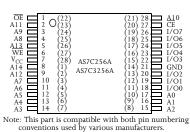
## Logic block diagram

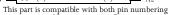


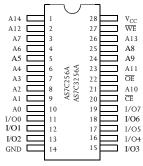
### Pin arrangement

28-pin TSOP I (8×13.4)

28-pin SOJ (300 mil)







### Selection guide

		AS7C256A-10 AS7C3256A-10	AS7C256A-12 AS7C3256A-12	AS7C256A-15 AS7C3256A-15	AS7C256A-20 AS7C3256A-20	Unit
Maximum address access time		10	12	15	20	ns
Maximum output enable access time		3	3	4	5	ns
Maximum operating current	AS7C256A	90	80	70	70	mA
Maximum operating current	AS7C3256A	60	50	45	45	mA
Maximum CMOS standby current	AS7C256A	2	2	2	5	mA
	AS7C3256A	1	1	1	2	mA

### Functional description

The AS7C(3)256A is a 5V/3.3V high-performance CMOS 262,144-bit Static Random-Access Memory (SRAM) device organized as 32,768 words × 8 bits. It is designed for memory applications requiring fast data access at low voltage, including Pentium<sup>TM</sup>, PowerPC<sup>TM</sup>, and portable computing. Alliance's advanced circuit design and process techniques permit 3.3V operation without sacrificing performance or operating margins.

The device enters standby mode when  $\overline{CE}$  is high. CMOS standby mode consumes  $\leq 3.6$  mW. Normal operation offers 75% power reduction after initial access, resulting in significant power savings during CPU idle, suspend, and stretch mode. Both versions of the AS7C256A offer 2.0V data retention.

Equal address access and cycle times ( $t_{AA}$ ,  $t_{RC}$ ,  $t_{WC}$ ) of 10/12/15/20 ns with output enable access times ( $t_{OE}$ ) of 3/3/4/5 ns are ideal for high-performance applications. The chip enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) input permits easy memory expansion with multiple-bank memory organizations.

A write cycle is accomplished by asserting chip enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) and write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) LOW. Data on the input pins I/O0-I/O7 is written on the rising edge of  $\overline{WE}$  (write cycle 1) or  $\overline{CE}$  (write cycle 2). To avoid bus contention, external devices should drive I/O pins only after outputs have been disabled with output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) or write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ).

A read cycle is accomplished by asserting chip enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) and output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW, with write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) high. The chip drives I/O pins with the data word referenced by the input address. When chip enable or output enable is high, or write enable is low, output drivers stay in high-impedance mode.

All chip inputs and outputs are TTL-compatible and 5V tolerant. Operation is from a single  $3.3\pm0.3V$  supply. The AS7C(3)256A is packaged in high volume industry standard packages.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Voltage on V <sub>CC</sub> relative to GND	AS7C256A	V <sub>t1</sub>	-0.5	+7.0	V
voltage off V <sub>CC</sub> relative to Grub	AS7C3256A	V <sub>t1</sub>	-0.5	+5.0	V
Voltage on any pin relative to GND		V <sub>t2</sub>	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
Power dissipation		P <sub>D</sub>	-	1.0	W
Storage temperature (plastic)		T <sub>stg</sub>	-65	+150	°C
Ambient temperature with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ applied		T <sub>bias</sub>	-55	+125	°C
DC current into outputs (low)		I <sub>OUT</sub>	-	20	mA

### Absolute maximum ratings

Stresses greater than those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

### Truth table

CE	WE	OE	Data	Mode
Н	Х	Х	High Z	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> , I <sub>SB1</sub> )
L	Н	Н	High Z	Output disable (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	D <sub>OUT</sub>	Read (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Х	D <sub>IN</sub>	Write (I <sub>CC</sub> )

**Key:** X = Don't care, L = Low, H = High



## Recommended operating conditions

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	AS7C256A	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply voltage	AS7C3256A	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.0	3.3	3.6	v
	AS7C256A	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	v
Input voltage	AS7C3256A	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	v
		V <sub>IL</sub> *	-0.5*	-	0.8	v
A	commercial	T <sub>A</sub>	0	-	70	°C
Ambient operating temperature	industrial	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	-	85	°C

\*  $V_{IL}$  min = -2.0V for pulse width less than  $t_{RC}/2$ .

## DC operating characteristics (over the operating range) $^{I}$

				- 1	0	- 1	2	- 1	15	-20		
Parameter	Sym	Test conditions	Device	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	$V_{CC} = Max,$ $V_{in} = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	Both			_	1	_	1	_	1	μΑ
Output leakage current	$ I_{LO} $	$V_{CC} = Max,$ $V_{OUT} = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	Both			-	1	_	1	_	1	μΑ
Operating	$V_{aa} = Max (H \leq V_{aa})$		AS7C256A		90	_	80	_	70	_	70	
power supply current $I_{CC}$ $I_{CC}$ $f = f_{Max}, I_{OUT} = 0 \text{mA}$		AS7C3256A		60	-	50	-	45	-	45	mA	
т	т	CC = Max, CL = VIL	AS7C256A		30	-	25	-	20	_	20	mA
Standby power	<sup>1</sup> SB		AS7C3256A		30	_	25	_	20	_	20	
supply current		$V_{CC} = Max, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$	AS7C256A		2	_	2	_	2	_	5.0	
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	$V_{IN} \le GND + 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , f = 0	AS7C3256A		1	_	1	_	1	_	2.0	mA
Output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	Both			_	0.4	_	0.4	_	0.4	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	Both			2.4	_	2.4	_	2.4	_	V
Data retention current	I <sub>CCDR</sub>	$\begin{split} & V_{CC} = 2.0V \\ & \overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V \\ & V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq \\ & 0.2V \end{split}$	Both		.5		.5		.5		1	mA

# Capacitance (f = 1MHz, $T_a$ = room temperature, $V_{CC}$ = NOMINAL)<sup>2</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Signals	Test conditions	Max	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	A, $\overline{CE}$ , $\overline{WE}$ , $\overline{OE}$	$V_{in} = 0V$	5	pF
I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	I/O	$V_{in} = V_{out} = 0V$	7	pF



		- 1	10	- 1	2	- 1	5	-2	20		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	10	-	12	_	15	_	20	_	ns	
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	-	10	_	12	_	15	_	20	ns	3
Chip enable $(\overline{CE})$ access time	t <sub>ACE</sub>	-	10	_	12	_	15	_	20	ns	3
Output enable (OE) access time	t <sub>OE</sub>	-	3	_	3	—	4	_	5	ns	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>OH</sub>	2	-	3	_	3	_	3	_	ns	5
CE LOW to output in low Z	t <sub>CLZ</sub>	0	-	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	4,5
CE HIGH to output in high Z	t <sub>CHZ</sub>	-	3	_	3	_	4	_	5	ns	4,5
OE LOW to output in low Z	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	4,5
OE HIGH to output in high Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	-	3	_	3	-	4	-	5	ns	4,5
Power up time	t <sub>PU</sub>	0	-	0	-	0		0	_	ns	4,5
Power down time	t <sub>PD</sub>	-	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	ns	4,5

### Read cycle (over the operating range)<sup>3,9</sup>

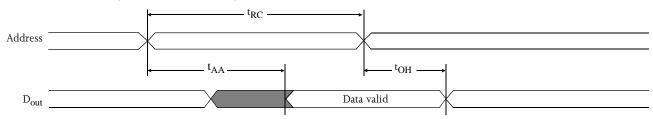
### Key to switching waveforms

Rising input

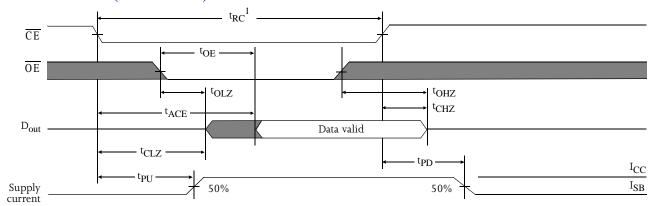
— Falling input

Undefined output/don't care

# Read waveform 1 (address controlled)<sup>3,6,7,9</sup>



# Read waveform 2 ( $\overline{CE}$ controlled)<sup>3,6,8,9</sup>



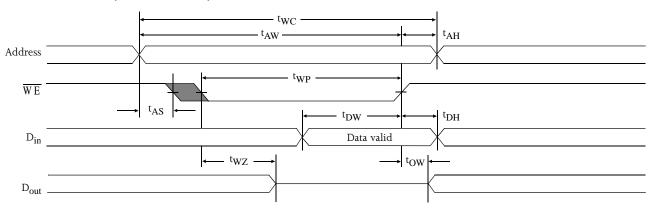


# Write cycle (over the operating range)<sup>11</sup>

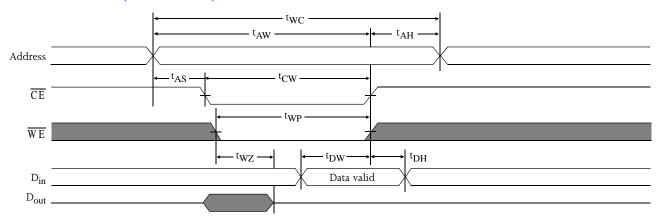
		- ]	10	- ]	2	-1	5	-2	20		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>WC</sub>	10	-	12	_	15	_	20	_	ns	
Chip enable to write end	t <sub>CW</sub>	8	-	10	—	12	—	12	_	ns	
Address setup to write end	t <sub>AW</sub>	8	-	9	—	10	—	12	-	ns	
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
Write pulse width	t <sub>WP</sub>	7	-	8	_	9	_	12	_	ns	
Address hold from end of write	t <sub>AH</sub>	0	-	0	—	0	—	0	-	ns	
Data valid to write end	t <sub>DW</sub>	5	-	6	_	8	_	10	_	ns	
Data hold time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	-	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	4,5
Write enable to output in high Z	t <sub>WZ</sub>	-	6	—	6	_	6	_	6	ns	4,5
Output active from write end	t <sub>OW</sub>	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	_	ns	4,5

Shaded areas contain advance information.

## Write waveform 1 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled)<sup>10,11</sup>



# Write waveform 2 $(\overline{CE} \text{ controlled})^{10,11}$

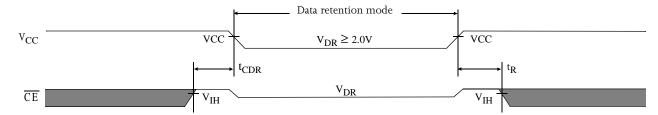




### Data retention characteristics (over the operating range)

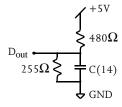
Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention	V <sub>DR</sub>	$V_{CC} = 2.0V$	2.0	-	V
Chip enable to data retention time	t <sub>CDR</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{V}$	0	-	ns
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	$V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$	t <sub>RC</sub>	-	ns
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	$_{\rm IN}^{\rm or} \leq 0.2 { m V}$	_	1	μΑ

### Data retention waveform

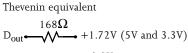


#### AC test conditions

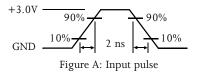
- Output load: see Figure B or Figure C.
- Input pulse level: GND to 3.0V. See Figure A.
- Input rise and fall times: 2 ns. See Figure A.
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5V.

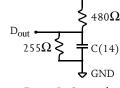






GND





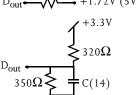
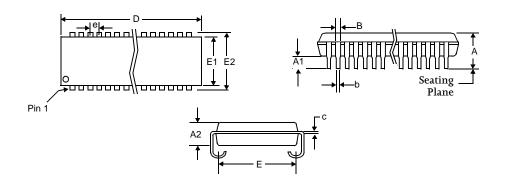


Figure C: Output load

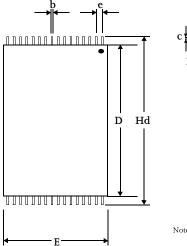
#### Notes

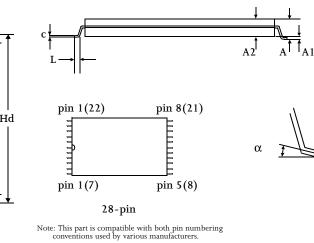
- 1 During  $V_{CC}$  power-up, a pull-up resistor to  $V_{CC}$  on  $\overline{CE}$  is required to meet  $I_{SB}$  specification.
- This parameter is sampled, but not 100% tested. 2
- For test conditions, see AC Test Conditions, Figures A, B, C. 3
- 4 These parameters are specified with CL = 5pF, as in Figures B or C. Transition is measured  $\pm 500mV$  from steady-state voltage.
- 5 This parameter is guaranteed, but not tested.
- $\overline{\text{WE}}$  is High for read cycle. 6
- 7  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  are Low for read cycle.
- 8 Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  transition Low.
- 9 All read cycle timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.
- 10 CE or WE must be High during address transitions. Either CE or WE asserting high terminates a write cycle.
- 11 All write cycle timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.
- 12 CE1 and CE2 have identical timing.
- 13 C=30pF, except on High Z and Low Z parameters, where C=5pF.

# Package diagrams



	28-pi	n SOJ				
	Min	Max				
Α	-	0.140				
A1	0.025	-				
A2	0.095	0.105				
B	0.028 TYP					
b	0.018 TYP					
С	0.010	) TYP				
D	-	0.730				
E	0.245	0.285				
E1	0.295	0.305				
<b>E2</b>	0.327	0.347				
e	0.05	0 BSC				





	28-pin TSOP 8×13.4					
	Min	Max				
Α	-	1.20				
A1	0.10 0.20					
A2	0.95	1.05				
b	0.15	0.25				
С	0.10	0.20				
D	11.60	11.80				
е	0.55 n	ominal				
Е	8.0 no	ominal				
Hd	13.30	13.50				
L	0.50	0.70				
α	0°	5°				



### Ordering information

Package / Access time	Volt/Temp	10 ns	12 ns	15 ns	20 ns
	5V commercial	AS7C256A-10JC	AS7C256A-12JC	AS7C256A-15JC	AS7C256A-20JC
Plastic SOJ, 300 mil	3.3V commercial	AS7C3256A-10JC	AS7C3256A-12JC	AS7C3256A-15JC	AS7C3256A-20JC
	5V industrial	AS7C256A-10JI	AS7C256A-12JI	AS7C256A-15JI	AS7C256A-20JI
	3.3V industrial	AS7C3256A-10JI	AS7C3256A-12JI	AS7C3256A-15JI	AS7C3256A-20JI
	5V commercial	AS7C256A-10TC	AS7C256A-12TC	AS7C256A-15TC	AS7C256A-20TC
TSOP 8x13.4	3.3V commercial	AS7C3256A-10TC	AS7C3256A-12TC	AS7C3256A-15TC	AS7C3256A-20TC
150F 8X15.4	5V industrial	AS7C256A-10TI	AS7C256A-12TI	AS7C256A-15TI	AS7C256A-20TI
	3.3V industrial	AS7C3256A-10TI	AS7C3256A-12TI	AS7C3256A-15TI	AS7C3256A-20TI

#### Part numbering system

AS7C	3	256A	-XX	Х	C or I
SRAM prefix	3 = 3.3V supply	Device number	Access time	Package: J = SOJ 300 mil T = TSOP 8x13.4	Commercial temperature range: 0 °C to 70 <sup>0</sup> C Industrial temperature range: -40C to 85C

#### 3/7/01; V.0.9.2

#### **Alliance Semiconductor**

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