

1.0 Features

- Generates all clocks required for single and two-way multi-processor (MP) platforms, including:
 - Four differential current-mode Host clock pairs
 - Four 66.67MHz 3.3V CK66 clock outputs
 - Ten 33.3MHz 3.3V PCI clock outputs
 - Two 3.3V Memory Reference clock outputs
 - Two 48MHz 3.3V CK48 clock outputs
 - Two buffered copies of the crystal reference
- Control of current-mode Host clocks via IREF current programming pin and ISEL_0:1 current multiplier pins
- Host clock frequency selection via the SEL_A, SEL_B, and SEL133/100# pins
- Active-low PWR_DWN# signal allows one complete clock cycle on each clock outputs and then shuts down the crystal oscillator, PLLs, and outputs
- Spread-spectrum modulation (-0.5% at 31.5kHz) of SSCG PLL clocks, enabled via SS_EN# input
- Supports test mode and tristate output control to facilitate board testing
- Available in a 56-pin SSOP and TSSOP

Table 1: Clock Parameters

CLOCK GROUP	# PINS	SUPPLY VOLTAGE	SUPPLY GROUP	FREQ. (MHz)	PHASE	SKEW (MAX)	
HOST_P	4			133.33	0°	150ps	
HOST_N	4	3.3V	VDD_H	100.00	180°	Pair to Pair	
MREF_P	1	3.3V	VDD_M	66.67 50.00	0°		
MREF_N	1	3.34			180°	-	
CK66	4	3.3V	VDD_66	66.67	0°	250ps	
PCI	10	3.3V	VDD_P	33.33	0°	300ps	
CK48	2	3.3V	VDD_48	48.008	0°	-	
REF	2	3.3V	VDD_R	14.318	0°	-	

Table 2: Clock Offsets

RELATION	PHASE	MIN	TYP	MAX
CK66 leads PCI	0°	1.5ns		3.5ns

Figure 1: Block Diagram

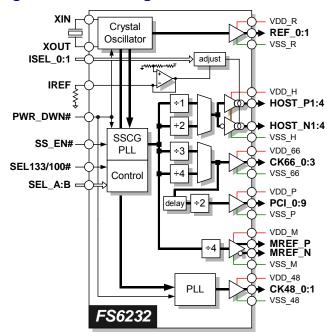
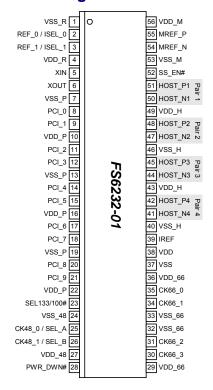


Figure 2: Pin Configuration



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Table 3: Pin Descriptions

Key: Al = Analog Input; AO = Analog Output; DI = Digital Input; DI = Input with Internal Pull-Up; DI_D = Input with Internal Pull-Down; DIO = Digital Input/Output; DI = Three-Level Digital Input, DO = Digital Output; P = Power/Ground; # = Active-low pin

PIN	TYPE	NAME	DESCRIPTION	SUPPLY
25	DIO	CK48_0	One of two 3.3V 48MHz clock outputs, generated from the non-spread PLL	\/DD 40
25	DIO	SEL_A	One of two latched inputs that select the HOST and MREF output frequency	VDD_48
200	DIO	CK48_1	One of two 3.3V 48MHz clock outputs, generated from the non-spread PLL	\/DD 40
26	DIO	SEL_B	One of two latched inputs that select the HOST and MREF output frequency	VDD_48
35, 34, 31, 30	DO	CK66_0:3	Four 3.3V 66.67MHz clock outputs, generated from the spread spectrum PLL	VDD_66
50, 51	AO	HOST_P1 HOST_N1	Host clock pair #1; one of six pairs of current-steering differential current-mode outputs. The current is established via a reference current at IREF and a multiplying factor set by ISEL_0:1	VDD_H
47, 48	AO	HOST_P2 HOST_N2	Host clock pair #2; one of six pairs of current-steering differential current-mode outputs	VDD_H
44, 45	AO	HOST_P3 HOST_N3	Host clock pair #3; one of six pairs of current-steering differential current-mode outputs	VDD_H
41, 42	AO	HOST_P4 HOST_N4	Host clock pair #4; one of six pairs of current-steering differential current-mode outputs	VDD_H
39	AI	IREF	A fixed precision resistor from this pin to ground provides a reference current used for the dif- ferential current-mode HOST clock outputs	VDD
54	DO	MREF_N	One clock (180° out of phase with MREF_P) in a pair of outputs provided as a reference clock to a memory clock driver	VDD_M
55	DO	MREF_P	One clock in a pair of outputs provided as a reference clock to a memory clock driver	VDD_M
8, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20, 21	DO	PCI_0:9	Ten 3.3V 33.3MHz PCI clocks, lagging the CK66 clock by 1.5 to 3.5ns	VDD_P
28	DI	PWR_DWN#	Asynchronous active-low LVTTL power-down signal shuts down oscillator and PLL, puts all clocks in low state. Complete clock cycles on all outputs will occur before shut down begins.	VDD_48
		REF_0	One of two 3.3V buffered copies of the crystal reference frequency clock	
2	DIO	ISEL_0	One of two latched inputs that select the multiplying factor of the IREF reference current for the HOST pair outputs	VDD_R
		REF_1	One of two 3.3V buffered copies of the crystal reference frequency clock	
3	DIO	ISEL_1	One of two latched inputs that select the multiplying factor of the IREF reference current for the HOST pair outputs	VDD_R
23	DI	SEL133/100#	Selects 133MHz (logic high) or 100MHz (logic low) Host clock frequency	VDD_48
52	DI	SS_EN#	Active low spread-spectrum enable turns on spread spectrum modulation	VDD_M
38	Р	VDD	3.3V core power supply	-
27	Р	VDD_48	3.3V power supply for CK48 clock outputs	-
29, 36	Р	VDD_66	3.3V power supply for CK66 clock outputs	-
43, 49	Р	VDD_H	3.3V power supply for the differential HOST clock outputs	-
56	Р	VDD_M	3.3V power supply for MREF clock outputs	-
10, 16, 22	Р	VDD_P	3.3V power supply for PCI clock outputs	-
4	Р	VDD_R	3.3V power supply for the REF clock output and the crystal oscillator	-
37	Р	VSS	Core ground	-
24	Р	VSS_48	Ground for the CK48 clock outputs	-
32, 33	Р	VSS_66	Ground for the CK66 clock outputs	
40, 46	Р	VSS_H	Ground for the differential HOST clock outputs	-
53	Р	VSS_M	Ground for the MREF clock outputs	-
7, 13, 19	Р	VSS_P	Ground for the PCI clock outputs	-
1	Р	VSS_R	Ground for the REF clock outputs and the crystal oscillator	-
5	Al	XIN	14.318MHz crystal oscillator input	VDD_R
6	AO	XOUT	14.318MHz crystal oscillator output	VDD_R



2.0 Programming Information

Table 4: Function/Clock Enable Configuration

CONTROL INPUTS				CLOCK OUTPUTS (MHz)						
PWR_ DWN#	SEL 133/100#	SEL_A	SEL_B	HOST_P 1:4	HOST_N 1:4	MREF_P, MREF_N	CK66_ 0:3	PCI_ 0:9	CK48_ 0:1	REF
1	0	0	0	100.00	100.00	50.00	66.67	33.33	48.008	14.318
1	0	0	1	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved
1	0	1	0	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved
1	0	1	1	tristate	tristate	tristate	tristate	tristate	tristate	tristate
1	1	0	0	133.33	133.33	66.67	66.67	33.33	48.008	14.318
1	1	0	1	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved
1	1	1	0	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved
1	1	1	1	XIN ÷ 2	XIN ÷ 2	XIN ÷ 4	XIN ÷ 4	XIN ÷ 8	XIN ÷ 2	XIN
0	Х	Х	Х	2× IREF	tristate	low	low	low	low	low

Table 5: Synthesis Error

СГОСК	TARGET (MHz)	ACTUAL (MHz)	DEVIATION (ppm)	
HOST_P1:4,	100.0000	99.9963	-36.657	
HOST_N1:4	133.3333	133.3072	-195.924	
MREF_P,	50.0000	49.9982	-36.657	
MREF_N	66.6667	66.6536	-195.924	
CK66	66.6667	66.6642	-36.657	
PCI	33.3333	33.3321	-36.657	
CK48 (1)	48.000	48.008	+167	

^{. 48}MHz USB clock is required to be +167ppm off from 48.000MHz to conform to USB standards

3.0 HOST Buffer Current Control

The current supplied at the HOST outputs is controlled by two parameters:

- the value of the programming resistor from the IREF pin to ground (VSS), and
- the multiplier factor determined by the logic setting of the ISEL_0 and ISEL_1 pins.

3.1 Current Reference

The HOST output current is a mirrored and scaled copy of the reference current flowing through the programming resistor on the IREF pin. Conceptually, the circuit given in Figure 2 shows how the mirror current is generated.

The voltage that appears at the IREF pin is one-third of the voltage at the VDD I pin. The reference current is

$$I_{REF} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \text{VDD_I}\right)}{R_{IREF}}.$$

3.2 Current Scaling

The mirrored reference current can be increased by adding one or more copies of the mirror current together. The additional current is controlled by the logic settings on the ISEL_0 and ISEL_1 pins.

Table 6: Current Multiplier

ISEL_0	ISEL_1	MULTPLIER
0	0	$I_0 = 5 \times I_{REF}$
0	1	$I_0 = 6 \times I_{REF}$
1	0	$I_0 = 4 \times I_{REF}$
1	1	$I_0 = 7 \times I_{REF}$

^{2.} Spread spectrum is disabled



Figure 2: Current Reference Circuit

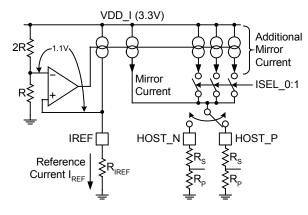


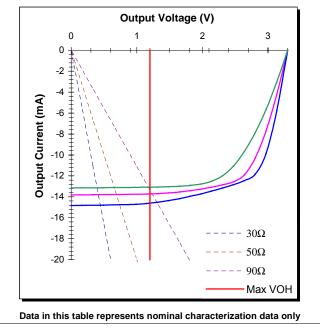
Table 7: HOST Current Selection

PROGRAM RESISTOR R _{IREF}	REFERENCE CURRENT I _{REF}	CURRENT MULTIPLIER	TRACE IMPEDANCE	OUTPUT VOLTAGE
475Ω (1%)	2.32mA	$I_0 = 5 \times I_{REF}$	60Ω	0.71V
47352 (170)	2.32IIIA	IO - 3 × IREF	50Ω	0.59V
475Ω (1%)	2.32mA	$I_0 = 6 \times I_{REF}$	60Ω	0.85V
47322 (170)	2.32IIIA	IO - UX IREF	50Ω	0.71V
475Ω (1%)	2.32mA	2.32mA $I_O = 4 \times I_{RFF}$		0.56V
47352 (170)	2.32IIIA	IO - 4 \ IREF	50Ω	0.47V
475Ω (1%)	2.32mA	$I_0 = 7 \times I_{REF}$	60Ω	0.99V
47352 (170)	2.32IIIA	IO - / A IREF	50Ω	0.82V
221Ω (1%)	5mA	$I_0 = 5 \times I_{REF}$	30Ω	0.75V
22 132 (170)	SIIIA	IO - 3 × IREF	25Ω	0.62V
221Ω (1%)	5mA	$I_0 = 6 \times I_{REF}$	30Ω	0.90V
22 132 (170)	SIIIA	IO - UX IREF	25Ω	0.75V
221Ω (1%)	5mA	$I_0 = 4 \times I_{REF}$	30Ω	0.60V
22132 (170)	SINA	IO - + X IREF	25Ω	0.50V
2210 (10/)	EmΛ	$I_0 = 7 \times I_{REF}$	30Ω	1.05V
221Ω (1%)	5mA	IO - / X IREF	25Ω	0.84V

NOTE: Shaded row indicates the Primary System Configuration

Table 8: HOST Buffer Clock Output

Output		DRIVE CURRENT XY SYSTEM CONF	
Voltage (V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
3.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.14	-3.03	-4.22	-5.76
2.97	-5.66	-7.68	-9.86
2.81	-7.87	-10.30	-11.85
2.64	-9.67	-11.91	-12.45
2.48	-11.05	-12.56	-12.84
2.31	-11.98	-12.85	-13.16
2.14	-12.52	-13.07	-13.45
1.98	-12.77	-13.26	-13.72
1.81	-12.91	-13.42	-13.96
1.65	-12.99	-13.54	-14.17
1.48	-13.04	-13.64	-14.36
1.32	-13.07	-13.70	-14.52
1.15	-13.08	-13.73	-14.64
0.99	-13.09	-13.75	-14.71
0.82	-13.11	-13.76	-14.74
0.66	-13.12	-13.78	-14.76
0.49	-13.13	-13.79	-14.78
0.33	-13.13	-13.80	-14.80
0.16	-13.14	-13.81	-14.82
0.00	-13.15	-13.82	-14.83





4.0 Power Management

The PWR_DWN# signal is an asynchronous, active-low LVTTL input that places the device in a low power inactive state without removing power from the device. All internal clocks are turned off, and all clock outputs are held low.

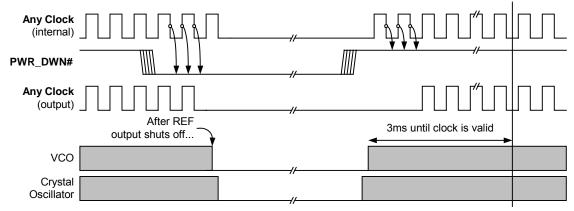
Since PWR_DWN# is asynchronous, the signal is synchronized internally to each individual clock. As shown in Figure 3, a falling-rising-falling edge sequence on any individual clock output is required before that clock output is disabled low. This edge sequence ensures that one complete clock cycle will occur before the clock stops.

Table 9: Latency Table

CICNAL	SIGNAL STATE		LATENCY			
SIGNAL				MIN.	MAX.	
	0	Power	Output:	2 clocks	3 clocks	
PWR_ DWN#		OFF	Device:	2× REF clocks	3× REF clocks	
DVVIN#	1	Power ON		3ms		

Upon the release of PWR_DWN# (power-up), external circuitry should allow a minimum of 3ms for the PLL to lock before enabling any clocks.

Figure 3: PWR_DWN# Timing



Shaded regions in the Crystal Oscillator and VCO waveforms indicate that the clock is valid and the Crystal Oscillator and VCO are active.

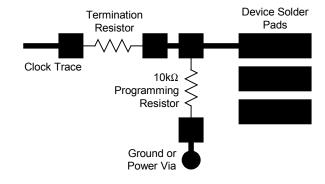
5.0 Dual Function I/O Pins

Several pins on this device serve as dual function input/output pins. During the initial application of VDD to the device, this type of pin functions as an input pin. Upon completion of power-up, the logic state present on the pin is latched internally, and the pin is converted to an output driver.

An external $10k\Omega$ pull-down resistor to ground is required for a logic low and a $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to the clock output VDD is required for a logic high. The $10k\Omega$ resistor presents an insignificant load to the output driver that should not affect the output clock.

Note that the latching of the logic state occurs only on the application of the chip supply voltage (VDD). The logic state on the pin is not latched if the PWR_DWN# signal is used to power-down the device with VDD still applied.

Figure 4: I/O Pin Programming



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6.0 Electrical Specifications

Table 10: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These conditions represent a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above the operational limits noted in this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended conditions may affect device performance, functionality, and reliability.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
Supply Voltage (V _{SS} = ground)	V_{DD}	V _{SS} -0.5	7	V
Input Voltage, dc	Vı	V _{SS} -0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Output Voltage, dc	Vo	V _{SS} -0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Input Clamp Current, dc (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD})	I _{IK}	-50	50	mA
Output Clamp Current, dc (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD})	I _{OK}	-50	50	mA
Storage Temperature Range (non-condensing)	Ts	-65	150	°C
Ambient Temperature Range, Under Bias	T _A	-55	125	°C
Junction Temperature	TJ		125	°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)			260	°C
Input Static Discharge Voltage Protection (MIL-STD 883E, Method 3015.7)			2	kV



CAUTION: ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE

Permanent damage resulting in a loss of functionality or performance may occur if this device is subjected to a high-energy electrostatic discharge.

Table 11: Operating Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
		Core (VDD)	3.135	3.3	3.465		
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	Clock Buffers (VDD_48, VDD_66, VDD_H, VDD_M, VDD_P, VDD_R)	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Operating Temperature Range	T _A		0		70	°C	
Crystal Resonator Frequency	f _{XTAL}		14.316	14.318	14.32	MHz	
Crystal Resonator Load Capacitance	C _{XL}	XIN, XOUT pins	13.5	18	22.5	pF	
		MREF_P, MREF_N	10		30		
		PCI_0:9	10		30	pF	
Load Capacitance	C_L	CK66_0:3	10		30		
		CK48_0:1	10		20		
		REF_0:1	10		20	1	
Load Resistance	R_L	HOST_P1 to HOST_P4, HOST_N1 to HOST_N4	20		105	Ω	
Maximum High-Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	HOST_P1 to HOST_P4, HOST_N1 to HOST_N4			1.20	V	





Table 12: DC Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise stated, all power supplies = $3.3V \pm 5\%$, no load on any output, and ambient temperature range $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$. Parameters denoted with an asterisk (*) represent nominal characterization data and are not currently production tested to any specific limits. MIN and MAX characterization data are $\pm 3\sigma$ from typical. Negative currents indicate current flows out of the device.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Overall	•		•		1	
Supply Current, Dynamic, with Loaded		f_{HOST} =133MHz; V_{DD} =3.465V, R_{IREF} =475 Ω , I_{OH} =6 I_{REF}		260		
Outputs	I _{DD}	f_{HOST} =100MHz; V_{DD} =3.465V, R_{IREF} =475 Ω , I_{OH} =6 I_{REF}		250		mA
Supply Current, Static	I _{DDs}	PWR_DWN# low, all supplies = 3.465V, R_{IREF} = 475 Ω , I_{OH} = 6 × I_{REF}				μА
Digital Inputs (PWR_DWN#, SEL133/100)#, SS_EN#)		1		1	
High-Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2.0		V _{DD} +0.3	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		V _{SS} -0.3		0.8	V
Input Leakage Current	I _{IL}		-5		+5	μА
Crystal Oscillator Feedback (XIN)						
Threshold Bias Voltage	V_{TH}			1.5		V
High-Level Input Current	I _{IH}	V _{IH} = 3.3V		32		μΑ
Low-Level Input Current	I _{IL}	V _{IL} = 0V		-32		μΑ
Crystal Loading Capacitance *	$C_{L(xtal)}$	As seen by an external crystal connected to XIN and XOUT	13.5	18	22.5	pF
Input Loading Capacitance *	C _{L(XIN)}	As seen by an external clock driver on XOUT; XIN unconnected		36		pF
Crystal Oscillator Drive (XOUT)	1				1	
High Level Output Source Current	I _{OH}	$V_{1 (XIN)} = 3.3V, V_{O} = 0V$		-8.0		mA
Low Level Output Sink Current	I _{OL}	$V_{1 (XIN)} = 0V, V_{O} = 3.3V$		8.7		mA
Current Reference (IREF)					1	
Bias Voltage	V _{OH}	no load		1.1		V
Short Circuit Output Source Current	I _{OH}	V _O = 0V				mA
MREF_P, MREF_N, CK66_0:3, PCI_0:9 (Clock Outputs	(Type 5 Clock Driver)	T.		1	l
	I _{OH min}	VDD_M, VDD_66, VDD_P = 3.135V, V _O = 1.0V	-33			
High Level Output Source Current	I _{OH max}	VDD_M, VDD_66, VDD_P = 3.465V, V _O = 3.135V			-33	mA .
	I _{OL min}	VDD_M, VDD_66, VDD_P = 3.135V, V _O = 1.95V	30			
Low Level Output Sink Current	I _{OL max}	VDD_M, VDD_66, VDD_P = 3.465V, V _O = 0.4V			38	mA
Output Impedance	Z _{OL}	Measured at 1.65V, output driving low	12		55	Ω
Output Impedance	Z _{OH}	Measured at 1.65V, output driving high	12		55	32
Tristate Output Current	l _{oz}		-10	-	10	μΑ
Short Circuit Output Source Current	I _{OSH}	V _O = 0V; shorted for 30s, max.		-51		mA
Short Circuit Output Sink Current	I _{OSL}	V _O = 3.3V; shorted for 30s, max.		62		mA

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Table 13: DC Electrical Specifications, continued

Unless otherwise stated, all power supplies = $3.3V \pm 5\%$, no load on any output, and ambient temperature range $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$. Parameters denoted with an asterisk (*) represent nominal characterization data and are not currently production tested to any specific limits. MIN and MAX characterization data are $\pm 3\sigma$ from typical. Negative currents indicate current flows out of the device.

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
HOST_P1:4, HOST_N1:4 Clock Output	ts (T	ype X1 Cloc	c Driver)					
Crossover Voltage		V _X	$R_S = 33.2\Omega, R_P = 49.9\Omega,$ $R_{IREF} = 475\Omega, I_{OH} = 6 \times I_{REF}$	45		55	%V _{OH}	
High Land Outset Occurs Occurs			$V_{O} = 0.65V$, $R_{IREF} = 475\Omega$, $I_{OH} = 6 \times I_{REF}$	12.9			0	
High-Level Output Source Current		I _{OH}	$V_0 = 0.74V$, $R_{IREF} = 475\Omega$, $I_{OH} = 6 \times I_{REF}$			14.9	- mA	
Output Source Current Telerance		Al	V _{DD} = 3.3V, over settings in Table 7	-7		+7	0/ 1	
Output Source Current Tolerance		ΔI_{OH}	VDD_I = 3.3V±5%, over settings in Table 7	-12		+12	%I _{он}	
Output Impedance		Z _{OH}	$\Delta V_O/\Delta I_O$, where V_{O1} = 1.0V, V_{O2} = V_{SS} , R_{IREF} = 475 Ω , I_{OH} = 6 × I_{REF}	3000			Ω	
Tristate Output Current		l _{oz}		-10		10	μΑ	
REF_0 / ISEL_0, REF_1 / ISEL_1 Clock CK48_0 / SEL_A, CK48_1 / SEL_B Clo		Driver I/O (Ty				1	Г	
High-Level Input Voltage		V _{IH}		2.0		V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Low-Level Input Voltage	Input	V _{IL}		V _{SS} -0.3		8.0	V	
High-Level Input Current	üţ	I _{IH}				5	μΑ	
Low-Level Input Current (pull-up)		I _{IL}	V _{IL} = 0.4V		-9		μΑ	
High Level Output Source Current		I _{OH}	VDD_R, VDD_48 = 3.465V, V ₀ = 2.4V		-32		mA	
Low Level Output Sink Current		I _{OL}	VDD_R , $VDD_48 = 3.465V$, $V_0 = 0.4V$		13		mA	
Output Impedance		Z _{OL}	Measured at 1.65V, output driving low	20		60	Ω	
Output Impedance Output Trietate Output Current		Z _{OH}	Measured at 1.65V, output driving high	20		60	52	
Tristate Output Current	Lt.	l _{oz}		-10		10	μΑ	
Short Circuit Output Source Current		I _{OSH}	V _O = 0V; shorted for 30s, max.		-41		mA	
Short Circuit Output Sink Current		I _{OSL}	V _O = 3.3V; shorted for 30s, max.		40		mA	

Figure 5: DC Measurement Diagram

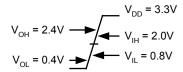


Figure 6: AC Measurement Diagram

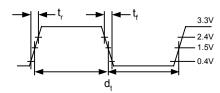


Figure 7: HOST Clock V_X Crossover Point

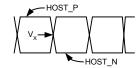


Figure 8: HOST Clock Test Circuit

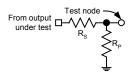






Table 14: AC Timing Specifications

Unless otherwise stated, all power supplies = 3.3V, no load on any output, and ambient temperature $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Parameters denoted with an asterisk (*) represent nominal characterization data and are not currently production tested to any specific limits. MIN and MAX characterization data are $\pm 3\sigma$ from typical. Spread spectrum modulation is disabled except for Rise/Fall time measurements.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Overall						
Spread Spectrum Modulation Frequency *	f _m	SS_EN# low			31.5	kHz
Spread Spectrum Modulation Index *	δ _m	SS_EN# low			-0.5	%
Clock Offset	t _{pd}	CK66 leads @ 1.5V, C _L =30pF to PCI @ 1.5V, C _L = 30pF (measured on rising edges)	1.5		3.5	ns
Output Tristate Enable Delay *	$t_{DZL,}t_{DZH}$	SEL_A:B = 00, SEL133/100# = 0	1.0		10	ns
Output Tristate Disable Delay *	$t_{DLZ,}t_{DHZ}$	SEL_A:B = 11, SEL133/100# = 0	1.0		10	ns
Power-up PLL Lock Time	t _L	via PWR_DWN#			3.0	ms
HOST_P1:4, HOST_N1:4 Clock Ou	ıtputs					
Clock Skew *	t _{sk(o)}	HOST pair to HOST pair @ V_X , R_{IREF} = 475Ω, I_{OH} = 6 × I_{REF} , R_S = 33.2Ω, R_P = 49.9Ω			150	ps
Duty Cycle *	d _t	Ratio of high pulse width to one clock period at $V_{X,}$ $R_{IREF} = 475\Omega$, $I_{OH} = 6 \times I_{REF,} R_S = 33.2\Omega$, $R_P = 49.9\Omega$			55	%
Jitter, Period (peak-peak) *	$t_{j(\DeltaP)}$	Rising edge to rising edge at V_X , R_{IREF} = 475 Ω , I_{OH} = 6 × I_{REF} R_S = 33.2 Ω , R_P = 49.9 Ω			200	ps
Rise Time *	t _r	Measured at 20% – 80% of V _{OH} ; R _{IREF} = 475 Ω , I _{OH} = $6 \times$ I _{REF} R _S = 33.2 Ω , R _P = 49.9 Ω	**** ' · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		450	ps
Rise/Fall Time Matching*		Measured at 20% – 80% of V_{OH} ; R_{IREF} = 475 Ω , I_{OH} = 6 × I_{REF} R_S = 33.2 Ω , R_P = 49.9 Ω			20	%
MREF_P, MREF_N Clock Outputs		,	1	1	l .	1
Duty Cycle *	d _t	Ratio of high pulse width to one clock period, measured at 1.5V 45			55	%
Jitter, Period (peak-peak) *	$t_{j(\DeltaP)}$	From rising edge to rising edge at 1.5V, C _L =30pF			250	ps
Rise Time *	t _{r min}	Measured @ 0.4V - 2.4V; C _L =10pF	0.4			200
Rise Tille	t _{r max}	Measured @ 0.4V - 2.4V; C _L =30pF			1.6	ns
Fall Time *	t _{f min}	Measured @ 2.4V - 0.4V; C _L =10pF	0.4			ne
ı alı tille	t _{f max}	Measured @ 2.4V - 0.4V; C _L =30pF			1.6	ns

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Table 15: AC Timing Specifications, continued

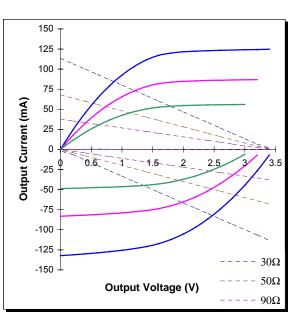
Unless otherwise stated, all power supplies = 3.3V, no load on any output, and ambient temperature $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Parameters denoted with an asterisk (*) represent nominal characterization data and are not currently production tested to any specific limits. MIN and MAX characterization data are $\pm 3\sigma$ from typical. Spread spectrum modulation is disabled except for Rise/Fall time measurements.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SYMBOL CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION		TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
PCI_0:9 Clock Outputs	"					
Duty Cycle *	d _t	Ratio of high pulse width to one clock period, measured at 1.5V	45		55	%
Clock Skew *	t _{sk(o)}	One clock output relative to another at 1.5V			500	ps
Jitter, Period (peak-peak) *	t _{j(∆P)}	From rising edge to rising edge at 1.5V, C _L = 30pF			500	ps
Diag Time *	t _{r min}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 10pF	0.5			
Rise Time *	t _{r max}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 30pF			2.0	ns
Fall Time *	t _{f min}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 10pF	0.5			
raii Iiiile	t _{f max}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 30pF			2.0	ns
CK66_0:3 Clock Outputs						
Duty Cycle *	dt	Ratio of high pulse width to one clock period, measured at 1.5V	45		55	%
Clock Skew *	t _{sk(o)}	One clock output relative to another at 1.5V			250	ps
Jitter, Period (peak-peak) *	t _{j(∆P)}	From rising edge to rising edge at 1.5V, C _L = 30pF			300	ps
Rise Time *	t _{r min}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 10pF				
	t _{r max}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 30pF			2.0	ns
Fall Times +	t _{f min}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 10pF	0.5			
Fall Time *	t _{f max}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 30pF			2.0	ns
REF_0:1 Clock Outputs						
Duty Cycle *	d _t	Ratio of high pulse width to one clock period, measured at 1.5V	45		55	%
Jitter, Period (peak-peak) *	$t_{j(\DeltaP)}$	From rising edge to rising edge at 1.5V, C _L = 20pF			1000	ps
Diag Time *	t _{r min}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 10pF	1.0			
Rise Time *	t _{r max}				4.0	ns
Fall Time *	t _{f min}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 10pF	1.0			ns
raii Time	t _{f max}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 20pF			4.0	
CK48_0:1 Clock Outputs						
Duty Cycle *	d _t	Ratio of high pulse width to one clock period, measured at 1.5V			55	%
Jitter, Period (peak-peak) *	t _{j(∆P)}	From rising edge to rising edge at 1.5V, C _L = 20pF			350	ps
Pigo Timo *	t _{r min}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 10pF	1.0			
Rise Time *	t _{r max}	Measured at 0.4V – 2.4V; C _L = 20pF			4.0	ns
Fall Time *	t _{f min}	Measured at 2.4V – 0.4V; C _L = 10pF	1.0			
Fall Time *	t _{f max}	Measured at 2.4V $-$ 0.4V; $C_L = 20pF$		4.0		ns



Table 16: MCLK_P, MCLK_N, PCI_0:9, CK66_0:3 Clock Outputs

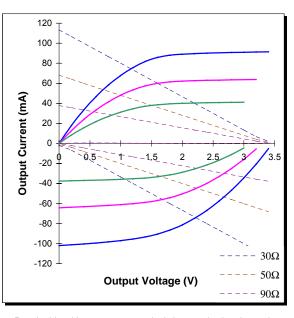
Voltage	High D	rive Curre	nt (mA)	Voltage	Low Dr	Low Drive Current (mA)		
(V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	(V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
0	0	0	0	0	-49	-83	-132	
0.2	11	17	24	0.2	-48	-83	-131	
0.4	21	32	45	0.4	-48	-82	-130	
0.6	30	45	64	0.6	-47	-81	-129	
0.8	37	56	79	0.8	-47	-80	-127	
1.0	43	65	92	1.0	-46	-79	-126	
1.2	47	73	103	1.2	-46	-78	-124	
1.4	50	78	112	1.4	-45	-76	-121	
1.6	53	82	117	1.6	-43	-74	-117	
1.8	54	84	120	1.8	-41	-70	-112	
2.0	55	85	121	2.0	-37	-65	-105	
2.2	55	85	122	2.2	-33	-59	-97	
2.4	55	86	123	2.4	-28	-52	-87	
2.6	56	86	123	2.6	-22	-43	-74	
2.8	56	86	124	2.8	-14	-32	-60	
3.0	56	87	124	3.0	-6	-20	-45	
3.2		87	124	3.2		-7	-27	
3.4			125	3.4			-7	



Data in this table represents nominal characterization data only

Table 17: REF_0:1, CK48_0:1 Clock Outputs

	1			1			
Voltage	High D	rive Curre	nt (mA)	Voltage	Low Dr	ive Curre	nt (mA)
(V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	(V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
0	0	0	0	0	-38	-64	-102
0.2	8	13	18	0.2	-37	-64	-101
0.4	15	24	33	0.4	-37	-63	-100
0.6	22	33	47	0.6	-37	-63	-99
0.8	27	41	58	0.8	-36	-62	-98
1.0	31	48	68	1.0	-36	-61	-97
1.2	35	53	76	1.2	-35	-60	-95
1.4	37	57	82	1.4	-34	-59	-93
1.6	39	60	86	1.6	-33	-57	-90
1.8	39	61	88	1.8	-31	-54	-87
2.0	40	62	89	2.0	-29	-50	-81
2.2	40	63	90	2.2	-25	-46	-75
2.4	41	63	90	2.4	-21	-40	-67
2.6	41	63	90	2.6	-17	-33	-57
2.8	41	63	91	2.8	-11	-25	-47
3.0	41	64	91	3.0	-5	-16	-34
3.2		64	91	3.2		-6	-21
3.4			91	3.4			-5



Data in this table represents nominal characterization data only



7.0 Package Information

Table 18: 56-pin SSOP (0.300") Package Dimensions

	DIMENSIONS					
	INC	HES	MILLIM	ETERS		
	MIN.	MIN. MAX.		MAX.		
Α	0.095	0.110	2.41	2.79		
A ₁	0.008	0.016	0.20	0.41		
b	0.008	0.0135	0.20	0.34		
С	0.005	0.010	0.13	0.25		
D	0.720	0.730	18.29	18.54		
Е	0.395	0.420	10.03	10.67		
E ₁	0.291	0.299	7.39	7.59		
е	0.025	BSC	0.64	BSC		
h	0.015	0.025	0.38	0.64		
L	0.020	0.040	0.51	1.01		
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°		

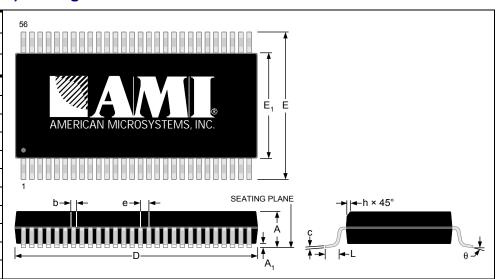


Table 19: 56-pin SSOP (0.300") Package Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SYMBOL CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION		UNITS
Thermal Impedance, Junction to Free-Air	Θ_{JA}	Air flow = 0 m/s	73	°C/W
Lead Inductance, Self		Longest trace + wire	6.41	nH
	L ₁₁	Shortest trace + wire	2.49	nn
Lead Inductance, Mutual		Longest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	3.65	
	L ₁₂	Shortest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	1.35	-11
	L ₁₃	Longest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	2.50	nH
		Shortest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	0.90	
Lond Conneitones Dully	C ₁₁	Longest trace + wire to V _{SS}	0.94	
Lead Capacitance, Bulk		Shortest trace + wire to V _{SS}	0.50	pF
	0	Longest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	0.48	
Lead Capacitance, Mutual	C ₁₂	Shortest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	0.20	_
		Longest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	0.07	pF
	C ₁₃	Shortest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	0.02	



Table 20: 56-pin TSSOP (6.1mm) Package Dimensions

	DIMENSIONS						
	INC	HES	MILLIMETERS				
	MIN. MAX.		MIN.	MAX.			
Α	-	0.047	-	1.20			
A ₁	0.002	0.006	0.05	0.15			
b	0.0067	0.011	0.17	0.27			
С	0.0035	0.008	0.09	0.20			
D	0.547	0.555	13.9	14.1			
Е	0.318	BSC	8.10 BSC				
E ₁	0.236	0.244	6.00	6.20			
е	0.019	BSC	0.50 BSC				
L	0.018	0.030	0.45	0.75			
S	0.008	-	0.20	-			
θ1	0°	8°	0°	8°			
θ_2	12°	REF	12°	REF			
θ_3	12°	REF	12°	REF			

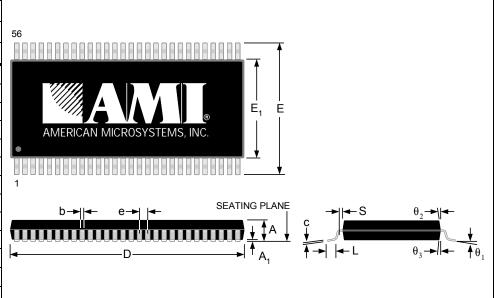


Table 21: 56-pin TSSOP (6.1mm) Package Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION	TYP.	UNITS
Thermal Impedance, Junction to Free-Air	$\Theta_{\sf JA}$	Air flow = 0 m/s	81	°C/W
Lead Inductance, Self		Longest trace + wire	4.04	nH
	L ₁₁	Shortest trace + wire	1.38	n n
Lead Inductance, Mutual		Longest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	2.20	
	L ₁₂	Shortest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	0.72	nH
	L ₁₃	Longest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	1.43	ПП
		Shortest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	0.48	
Lood Considered Dully	0	Longest trace + wire to V _{SS}	0.63	
Lead Capacitance, Bulk	C ₁₁	Shortest trace + wire to V _{SS}	0.21	pF
		Longest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	0.31	
Lead Capacitance, Mutual	C ₁₂	Shortest trace + wire to first adjacent trace	0.07	
		Longest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	0.04	pF
	C ₁₃	Shortest trace + wire to next adjacent trace	0.01	

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8.0 Ordering Information

Table 22: Device Ordering Codes

DEVICE NUMBER	ORDERING CODE	PACKAGE TYPE	OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	SHIPPING CONFIGURATION
	11995-801	FC min (0.200") CCOD		Tape and Reel
FS6232-01	11995-811	56-pin (0.300") SSOP	00.04.700.040	Tubes
	11995-201	50 min (0 4mm) T000D	0° C to 70° C (Commercial)	Tape and Reel
	11995-211	56-pin (6.1mm) TSSOP		Tubes

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