



## 512K UVEPROM UV Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory

### AVAILABLE AS MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS

- SMD 5962-87648
- MIL-STD-883

### FEATURES

- Organized 65,536 x 8
- High-reliability MIL-PRF-38535 processing
- Single +5V ±10% power supply
- Pin-compatible with existing 512K read-only memories (ROMs) and electrically programmable ROMs (EPROMs)
- All inputs/outputs fully TTL compatible
- Power-saving CMOS technology
- Very high-speed SNAP! Pulse Programming
- 3-state output buffers
- 400mV minimum DC noise immunity with standard TTL loads
- Latchup immunity of 250mA on all input and output lines
- Low power dissipation (CMOS input levels)
  - ✓ Active - 193mW (MAX)
  - ✓ Standby - 1.7mW (MAX)

### OPTIONS

#### • Timing

|              |     |
|--------------|-----|
| 150ns access | -15 |
| 200ns access | -20 |
| 250ns access | -25 |

#### • Package(s)

|                       |   |         |
|-----------------------|---|---------|
| Ceramic DIP (600mils) | J | No. 110 |
|-----------------------|---|---------|

#### • Operating Temperature Ranges

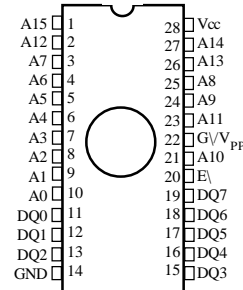
|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Military (-55°C to +125°C) | M |
|----------------------------|---|

### MARKING

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## PIN ASSIGNMENT (Top View)

28-Pin DIP (J) 600-Mils



| Pin Name            | Function                      |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| A0 - A15            | Address Inputs                |
| DA0-DQ7             | Inputs (programming)/Outputs  |
| E\                  | Chip Enable/Power Down        |
| GND                 | Ground                        |
| G\ /V <sub>pp</sub> | Output Enable/13V Programming |
| V <sub>CC</sub>     | 5V Power Supply               |

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SMJ27C512 is a set of 65536 by 8-bit (524,288-bit), ultraviolet (UV) light erasable, electrically programmable read-only memories. These devices are fabricated using power-saving CMOS technology for high speed and simple interface with MOS and bipolar circuits. All inputs (including program data inputs can be driven by Series 54 TTL circuits without the use of external pullup resistors. Each output can drive one Series 54 TTL circuit without external resistors. The data outputs are 3-state for connecting multiple devices to a common bus. The SMJ27C512 is pin-compatible with existing 28-pin 512K ROMs and EPROMs.

Because this EPROM operates from a single 5V supply (in the read mode), it is ideal for use in microprocessor-based systems. One other supply (13V) is needed for programming. All programming signals are TTL level. This device is programmable by the SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm. The SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm uses a V<sub>pp</sub> of 13V and a V<sub>CC</sub> of 6.5V for a nominal programming time of seven seconds. For programming outside the system, existing EPROM programmers can be used. Locations may be programmed singly, in blocks, or at random.





### **READ/OUTPUT DISABLE**

When the outputs of two or more SMJ27C512 are connected in parallel on the same bus, the output of any particular device in the circuit can be read with no interference from competing outputs of the other devices. To read the output of the selected SMJ27C512, a low-level signal is applied to the  $E\backslash$  and  $G\backslash/V_{pp}$ . All other devices in the circuit should have their outputs disabled by applying a high-level signal to one of these pins. Output data is accessed at pins DQ0 through DQ7.

### **LATCHUP IMMUNITY**

Latchup immunity on the SMJ27C512 is a minimum of 250mA on all inputs and outputs. This feature provides latchup immunity beyond any potential transients at the printed circuit board level when the EPROM is interfaced to industry-standard TTL or MOS logic devices. Input/output layout approach controls latchup without compromising performance or packing density.

### **POWER DOWN**

Active  $I_{CC}$  supply current can be reduced from 35mA to 500 $\mu$ A (TTL-level inputs) or 300 $\mu$ A (CMOS-level inputs) by applying a high TTL/CMOS signal to the  $E\backslash$  pin. In this mode all outputs are in the high-impedance state.

### **ERASURE**

Before programming, the SMJ27512 is erased by exposing the chip through the transparent lid to a high-intensity ultraviolet (UV) light (wavelength 2537 Å). EPROM erasure before programming is necessary to assure that all bits are in the logic-high state. Logic lows are programmed into the desired locations. A programmed logic low can be erased only by ultraviolet light. The recommended minimum exposure dose (UV intensity x exposure time) is 15 W·s/cm<sup>2</sup>. A typical 12mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, filterless UV lamp erases the device in 21 minutes. The lamp should be located about 2.5cm above the chip during erasure. After erasure, all bits are in the high state. It should be noted that normal ambient light contains the correct wavelength for erasure; therefore, when using the SMJ27C512, the window should be covered with an opaque label.

### **SNAP! PULSE PROGRAMMING**

The SMJ27C512 is programmed using the SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm as illustrated by the flowchart in Figure 1. This algorithm programs in a nominal time of seven seconds. Actual programming time varies as a function of the programmer used.

Data is presented in parallel (eight bits) on pins DQ0 to DQ7. Once addresses and data are stable,  $E\backslash$  is pulsed. The SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm uses an initial pulse of 100 $\mu$ s followed by a byte verification to determine when the addressed byte has been successfully programmed. Up to ten 100 $\mu$ s pulses per byte are provided before a failure is recognized.

The programming mode is achieved when  $G\backslash/V_{pp} = 13V$ ,  $V_{CC} = 6.5V$ , and  $E\backslash = V_{IL}$ . More than one device can be programmed when the devices are connected in parallel. Locations can be programmed in any order. When the SNAP! Pulse programming routine is complete, all bits are verified with  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $G\backslash/V_{pp} = V_{IL}$ , and  $E\backslash = V_{IL}$ .

### **PROGRAM INHIBIT**

Programming can be inhibited by maintaining high level input on  $E\backslash$ .

### **PROGRAM VERIFY**

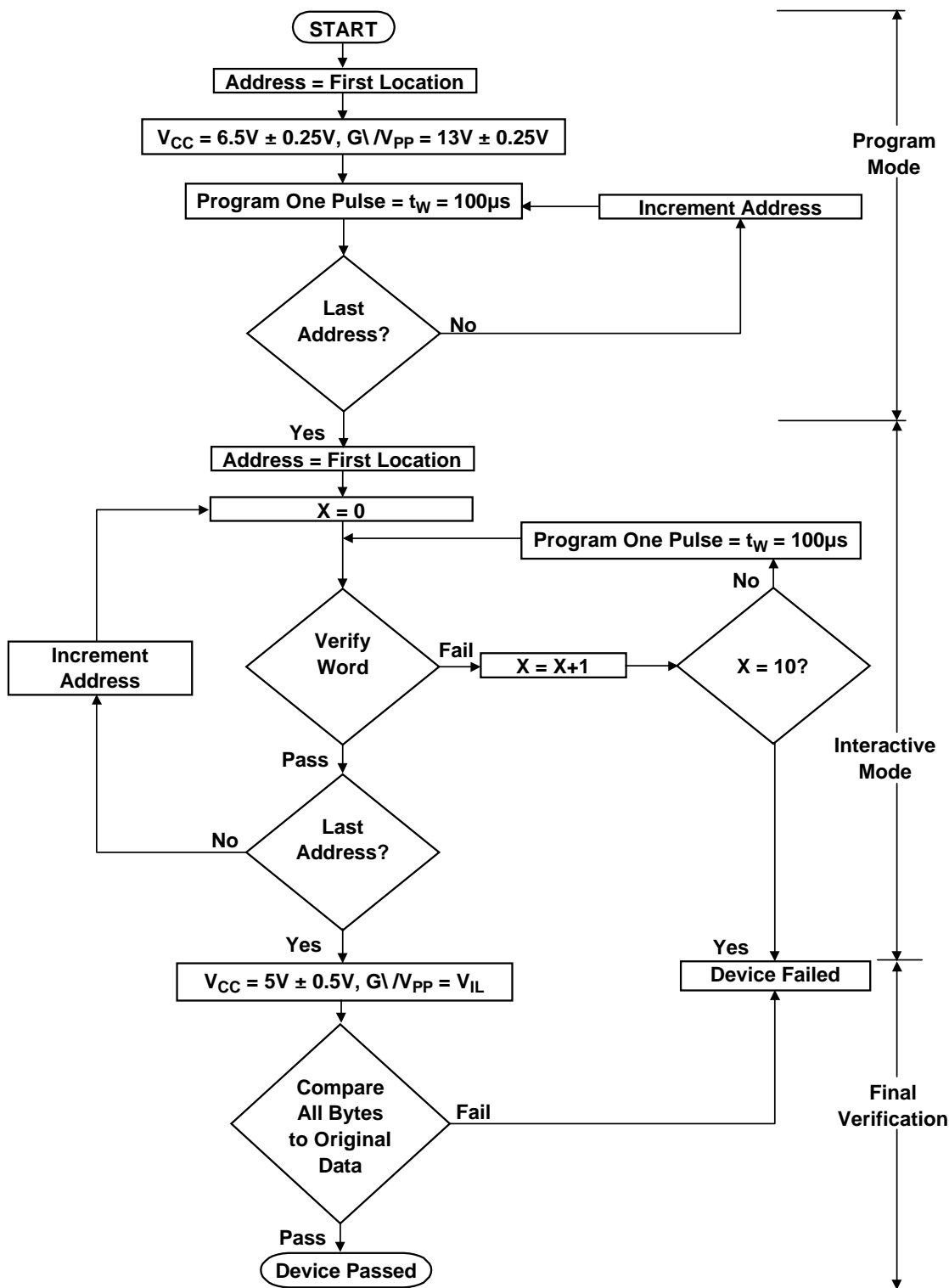
Programmed bits can be verified with  $G\backslash/V_{pp}$  and  $E\backslash = V_{IL}$ .

### **SIGNATURE MODE**

The signature mode provides access to a binary code identifying the manufacturer and device type. This mode is activated when A9 (terminal 24) is forced to 12V  $\pm$  0.5V. Two identifier bytes are accessed by A0 (terminal 10); i.e.,  $A0 = V_{IL}$  accesses the manufacturer code, which is output on DQ0-DQ7;  $A0 = V_{IH}$  accesses the device code, which is also output on DQ0-DQ7. All other addresses must be held at  $V_{IL}$ . Each byte possesses odd parity on bit DQ7. The manufacturer code for these devices is 97h and the device code is 85h.



**FIGURE 1. SNAP! PULSE PROGRAMMING FLOW CHART**







**CAPACITANCE OVER RECOMMENDED RANGES OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND OPERATING CASE TEMPERATURE,  $f = 1\text{MHz}^*$**

| PARAMETER      |  | TEST CONDITIONS                  | TYP** | UNIT |
|----------------|--|----------------------------------|-------|------|
| $C_I$          | Input capacitance                      | $V_I = 0\text{V}$                | 6     | pF   |
| $C_O$          | Output capacitance                     | $V_O = 0\text{V}$                | 10    | pF   |
| $C_{G/V_{PP}}$ | $G \setminus V_{PP}$ input capacitance | $G \setminus V_{PP} = 0\text{V}$ | 20    | pF   |

\* Capacitance measurements are made on sample basis only.

\*\* All typical values are at  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and nominal voltages.

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OVER RECOMMENDED RANGES OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND OPERATING CASE TEMPERATURE**

| PARAMETER   |  | TEST CONDITIONS <sup>1,2</sup> | -15 |     | -20 |     | -25 |     | UNIT |
|-------------|--|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
|             |  |                                | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |      |
| $t_{a(A)}$  | Access time from address   | See Figure 2                   |     | 150 |     | 200 |     | 250 | ns   |
| $t_{a(E)}$  | Access time from E\  |                                |     | 150 |     | 200 |     | 250 | ns   |
| $t_{en(G)}$ | Output enable time from $G \setminus V_{PP}$   |                                |     | 70  |     | 75  |     | 100 | ns   |
| $t_{dis}$   | Output disable time from $G \setminus V_{PP}$ or E\, whichever occurs first <sup>3</sup>                   |                                | 0   | 50  | 0   | 60  | 0   | 60  | ns   |
| $t_{v(A)}$  | Output data valid time after change of address, E\, or $G \setminus$ , whichever occurs first <sup>3</sup> |                                | 0   |     | 0   |     | 0   |     | ns   |

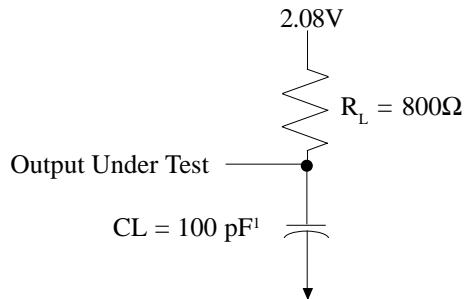
**NOTES:**

1. Timing measurements are made at 2V for logic high and 0.8V for logic low. (see Figure 2)
2. Common test conditions apply for  $t_{dis}$  except during programming.
3. Value calculated from 0.5V delta to measured output level. This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested.

**RECOMMENDED TIMING REQUIREMENTS FOR PROGRAMMING:  $V_{CC} = 6.5\text{V}$  and  $G \setminus V_{PP} = 13\text{V}$  (SNAP! Pulse),  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (see Figure 2)**

|                    |                                     | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT          |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| $t_{dis(E)}$       | Output disable time from E\         | 0   |     | 130 | ns            |
| $t_{h(A)}$         | Hold Time, address                  | 0   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{h(D)}$         | Hold time, address                  | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{h(V_{PP})}$    | Hold time, $G \setminus V_{PP}$     | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_w(\text{IPGM})$ | Pulse duration, initial program     | 95  | 100 | 105 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{rec(PG)}$      | Recovery time, $G \setminus V_{PP}$ | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{su(A)}$        | Setup Time, Address                 | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{su(D)}$        | Setup Time, Data                    | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{su(V_{pp})}$   | Setup Time, $G \setminus V_{PP}$    | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{su(V_{cc})}$   | Setup Time, $V_{CC}$                | 2   |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{v(ELD)}$       | Data valid from E\ low              |     |     | 1   | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_r(PG)$          | $G \setminus V_{PP}$ rise time      | 50  |     |     | ns            |

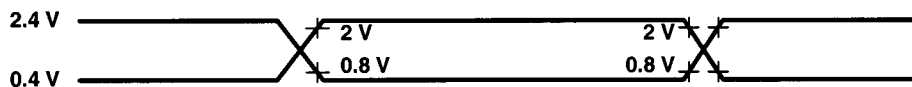
**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**



**NOTES:**

1.  $C_L$  includes probe and fixture capacitance.

**FIGURE 2. LOAD CIRCUIT AND VOLTAGE WAVEFORM**



AC testing inputs are driven at 2.4V for logic high and 0.4V for logic low. Timing measurements are made at 2V for logic high and 0.8V for logic low for both inputs and outputs.

**FIGURE 3. READ-CYCLE TIMING**

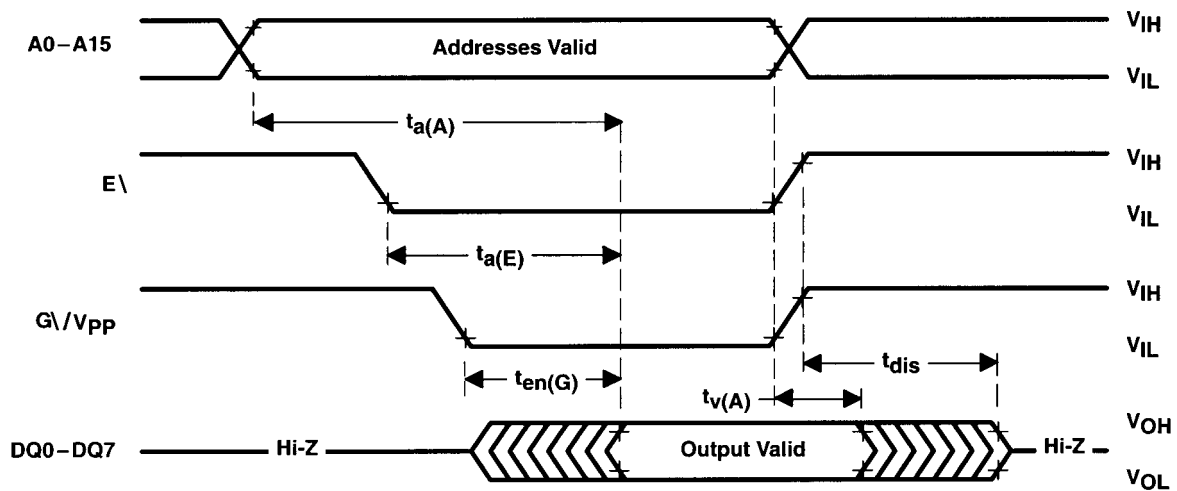
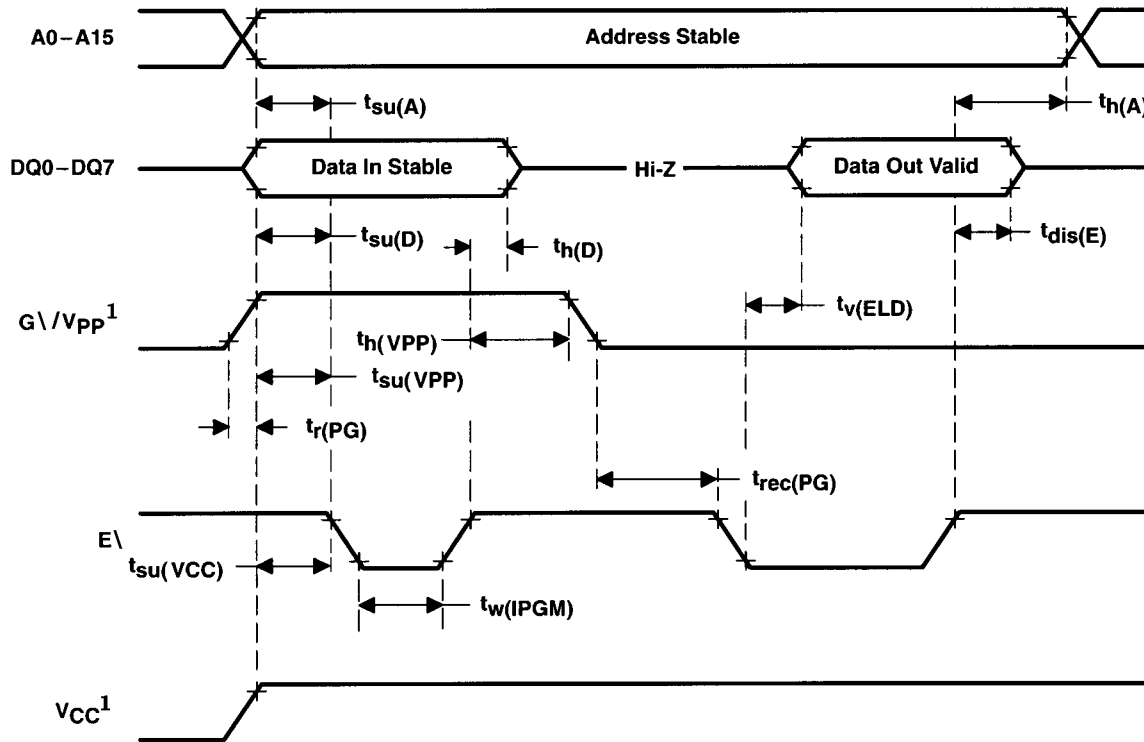




FIGURE 4. PROGRAM-CYCLE TIMING (SNAP! PULSE PROGRAMMING)



NOTES:

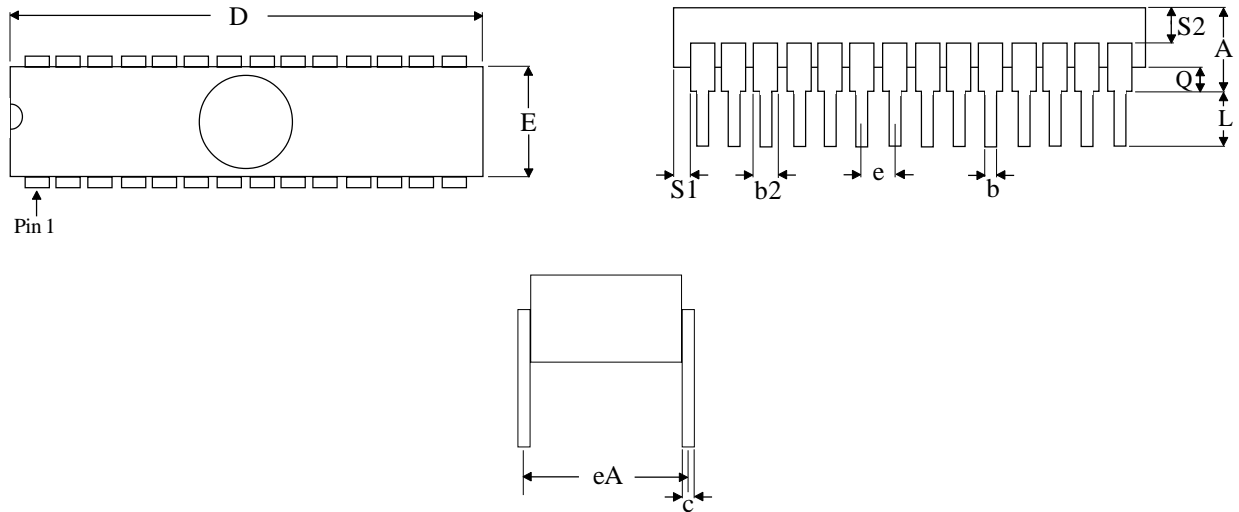
1.  $G/V_{pp} = 13V$  and  $V_{CC} = 6.5V$  for SNAP! Pulse programming.





**MECHANICAL DEFINITION\***

ASI Case #110 (Package Designator J)  
SMD 5962-87648, Case Outline X



| SYMBOL | SMD SPECIFICATIONS |       |
|--------|--------------------|-------|
|        | MIN                | MAX   |
| A      | ---                | 0.232 |
| b      | 0.014              | 0.026 |
| b2     | 0.045              | 0.065 |
| c      | 0.008              | 0.018 |
| D      | ---                | 1.490 |
| E      | 0.500              | 0.610 |
| eA     | 0.600 BSC          |       |
| e      | 0.100 BSC          |       |
| L      | 0.125              | 0.200 |
| Q      | 0.015              | 0.060 |
| S1     | 0.005              | ---   |
| S2     | 0.005              | ---   |

**NOTE:** These dimensions are per the SMD. ASI's package dimensional limits may differ, but they will be within the SMD limits.

\*All measurements are in inches.



## ORDERING INFORMATION

**EXAMPLE:** SMJ27C512-25JM

| Device Number | Speed<br>ns | Package<br>Type | Operating<br>Temp. |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| SMJ27C512     | -15         | J               | *                  |
| SMJ27C512     | -20         | J               | *                  |
| SMJ27C512     | -25         | J               | *                  |

### \*AVAILABLE PROCESSES

M = Extended Temperature Range

-55°C to +125°C



## **ASI TO DSCC PART NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE\***

### **ASI Package Designator J**

| <b>TI Part #**</b> | <b>SMD Part #</b> |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| SMJ27C512-15JM     | 5962-8764801XA    |
| SMJ27C512-20JM     | 5962-8764802XA    |
| SMJ27C512-25JM     | 5962-8764803XA    |

\* ASI part number is for reference only. Orders received referencing the SMD part number will be processed per the SMD.

\*\* Parts are listed on SMD under the old Texas Instruments part number. ASI purchased this product line in November of 1999.