

# AZ10EP16VS AZ100EP16VS

## ECL/PECL Differential Receiver with Variable Output Swing

### FEATURES

- Silicon-Germanium for High Speed Operation
- 150ps Typical Propagation Delay
- AZ100EP16VS Functionally Equivalent to ON Semiconductor MC100EP16VS at 3.3V
- Available in a 3x3mm MLP Package

### PACKAGE AVAILABILITY

PACKAGE	PART NO.	MARKING
MLP 8	AZ10EP16VSL	AZM16E
MLP 8 T&R	AZ10EP16VSLR1	AZM16E
MLP 8 T&R	AZ10EP16VSLR2	AZM16E
MLP 8	AZ100EP16VSL	AZM16F
MLP 8 T&R	AZ100EP16VSLR1	AZM16F
MLP 8 T&R	AZ100EP16VSLR2	AZM16F
SOIC 8	AZ10EP16VSD	AZM10EP16VS
SOIC 8 T&R	AZ10EP16VSDR1	AZM10EP16VS
SOIC 8 T&R	AZ10EP16VSDR2	AZM10EP16VS
SOIC 8	AZ100EP16VSD	AZM100EP16VS
SOIC 8 T&R	AZ100EP16VSDR1	AZM100EP16VS
SOIC 8 T&R	AZ100EP16VSDR2	AZM100EP16VS
TSSOP 8	AZ10EP16VST	AZTP16VS
TSSOP 8 T&R	AZ10EP16VSTR1	AZTP16VS
TSSOP 8 T&R	AZ10EP16VSTR2	AZTP16VS
TSSOP 8	AZ100EP16VST	AZHP16VS
TSSOP 8 T&R	AZ100EP16VSTR1	AZHP16VS
TSSOP 8 T&R	AZ100EP16VSTR2	AZHP16VS

### DESCRIPTION

The AZ10/100EP16VS is a Silicon-Germanium (SiGe) differential receiver with variable output swing. The EP16VS has functionality and output transition times similar to the EP16, with an input that controls the amplitude of the Q/ $\bar{Q}$  outputs.

The operational range of the EP16VS control input,  $V_{CTRL}$ , is from  $V_{REF}$  (full swing) to  $V_{CC}$  (min. swing). Maximum swing is achieved by leaving the  $V_{CTRL}$  pin open or tied to  $V_{EE}$ . Simple control of the output swing can be obtained by a variable resistor between the  $V_{REF}$  and  $V_{CC}$  pins, with the wiper driving  $V_{CTRL}$ . Typical application circuits and results are described in this Data Sheet.

The EP16VS provides a  $V_{REF}$  output for a DC bias for AC coupling to the device. The  $V_{REF}$  pin should be used only as a bias for the EP16VS as its current sink/source capability is limited. Whenever used, the  $V_{REF}$  pin should be bypassed to ground via a 0.01 $\mu$ F capacitor.

Under open input conditions for D/ $\bar{D}$ , the Q/ $\bar{Q}$  outputs are not guaranteed.

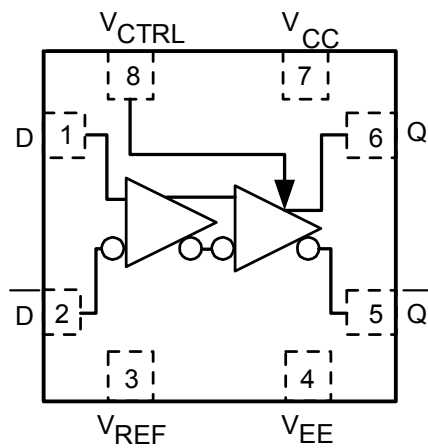
NOTE: Specifications in ECL/PECL tables are valid when thermal equilibrium is established.

**AZ10EP16VS**  
**AZ100EP16VS**

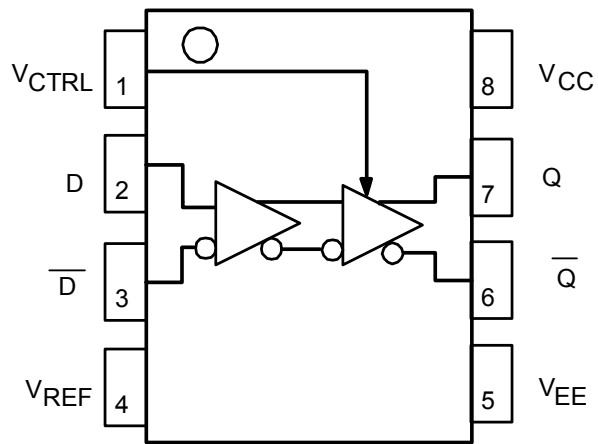
**PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN	FUNCTION
D, $\bar{D}$	Data Inputs
$V_{CTRL}$	Output Swing Control
Q, $\bar{Q}$	Data Outputs
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage Output
$V_{CC}$	Positive Supply
$V_{EE}$	Negative Supply

**LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PINOUT ASSIGNMENT**



MLP 8 (TOP VIEW)



8 SOIC & 8 TSSOP

**Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which device life may be impaired.**

Symbol	Characteristic	Rating	Unit
$V_{CC}$	PECL Power Supply ( $V_{EE} = 0V$ )	0 to +4.5	Vdc
$V_I$	PECL Input Voltage ( $V_{EE} = 0V$ )	0 to +4.5	Vdc
$V_{EE}$	ECL Power Supply ( $V_{CC} = 0V$ )	-4.5 to 0	Vdc
$V_I$	ECL Input Voltage ( $V_{CC} = 0V$ )	-4.5 to 0	Vdc
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current --- Continuous --- Surge	50 100	mA
$T_A$	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C

**10K ECL DC Characteristics ( $V_{EE} = -3.0V$  to  $-3.6V$ ,  $V_{CC} = GND$ )**

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage <sup>1</sup>	-1085		-835				-1020	-895	-770	-960		-710	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>1</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{REF}$	-2115		-1865				-2050	-1925	-1800	-1990		-1740	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>1</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{CC}$	-1330		-1080				-1265	-1140	-1015	-1205		-915	mV
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage	-1700	-1600	-1500	-1670	-1570	-1470	-1650	-1550	-1450	-1600	-1500	-1400	mV
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current D, $\bar{D}$ $V_{CTRL}$			80 400			80 400			80 400			80 400	μA
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			μA
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current	21	27	36	22	28	37	22	29	38	24	30	40	mA

1. Each output is terminated through a 50Ω resistor to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ .

**AZ10EP16VS**  
**AZ100EP16VS**

**10K LVPECL DC Characteristics ( $V_{EE} = \text{GND}$ ,  $V_{CC} = +3.3\text{V}$ )**

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage <sup>1,2</sup>	2215		2465				2280	2405	2530	2340		2590	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>2</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{REF}$	1185		1435				1250	1375	1500	1310		1560	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>2</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{CC}$	1970		2220				2035	2160	2285	2095		2385	mV
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage	1600	1700	1800	1630	1730	1830	1650	1750	1850	1700	1800	1900	mV
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current $D, \bar{D}$ $V_{CTRL}$			80 400			80 400			80 400			80 400	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current	21	27	36	22	28	37	22	29	38	24	30	40	mA

- For supply voltages other than 3.3V, use the ECL table values and ADD supply voltage value.
- Each output is terminated through a 50 $\Omega$  resistor to  $V_{CC} - 2\text{V}$ .

**100K ECL DC Characteristics ( $V_{EE} = -3.0\text{V}$  to  $-3.6\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = \text{GND}$ )**

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage <sup>1</sup>	-1095		-890	-1035		-890	-1035	-965	-890	-1035		-890	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>1</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{REF}$	-1925		-1835	-1965		-1775	-1965	-1870	-1775	-1965		-1775	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>1</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{CC}$	-1180		-1045	-1160		-970	-1160	-1065	-970	-1160		-970	mV
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage	-1650		-1450	-1650		-1450	-1650	-1550	-1450	-1650		-1450	mV
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current $D, \bar{D}$ $V_{CTRL}$			80 400			80 400			80 400			80 400	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current	20	26	35	21	27	36	22	28	38	25	31	41	mA

- Each output is terminated through a 50 $\Omega$  resistor to  $V_{CC} - 2\text{V}$ .

**100K LVPECL DC Characteristics ( $V_{EE} = \text{GND}$ ,  $V_{CC} = +3.3\text{V}$ )**

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage <sup>1,2</sup>	3905		4110	3965		4110	3965	4035	4110	3965		4110	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>2</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{REF}$	3075		3165	3035		3225	3035	3130	3225	3035		3225	mV
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage <sup>2</sup> $V_{CTRL} = V_{CC}$	3820		3955	3840		4030	3840	3935	4030	3840		4030	mV
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage	1650		1850	1650		1850	1650	1750	1850	1650		1850	mV
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current $D, \bar{D}$ $V_{CTRL}$			80 400			80 400			80 400			80 400	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current	20	26	35	21	27	36	22	28	38	25	31	41	mA

- For supply voltages other than 3.3V, use the ECL table values and ADD supply voltage value.
- Each output is terminated through a 50 $\Omega$  resistor to  $V_{CC} - 2\text{V}$ .

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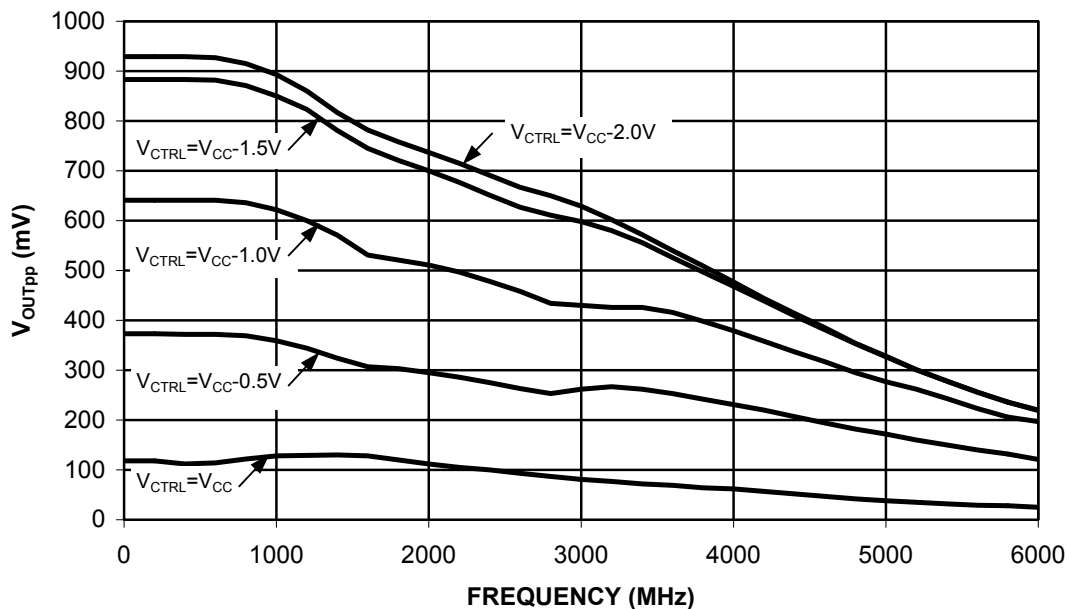
## AZ100EP16VS

AC Characteristics ( $V_{EE} = -3.0$  to  $-3.6V$ ,  $V_{CC} = GND$ ,  $V_{CTRL} = V_{REF}$  or  $V_{EE} = GND$ ,  $V_{CC} = +3.0V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $V_{CTRL} = V_{REF}$ )

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$f_{max}$	Maximum Toggle Frequency <sup>5</sup>		>4			>4			>4			>4		GHz
$t_{PLH} / t_{PHL}$	Input to Output (Diff) Delay (SE)	100	150 155	240	100	150 155	240	100	150 155	240	120	170 175	280	ps
$t_{SKEW}$	Duty Cycle Skew <sup>1</sup> (Diff)		4	20		4	15		4	15		4	15	ps
$V_{DP}$	Minimum Input Swing <sup>2</sup>	150			150			150			150			mV
$V_{CMR}$	Common Mode Range <sup>3</sup>	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		$V_{CC}$	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		$V_{CC}$	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		$V_{CC}$	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		$V_{CC}$	V
$A_v$	Small Signal Gain <sup>4</sup>							28						dB
$t_r / t_f$	Output Rise/Fall Times Q (20% - 80%)		120	70		120	180		120	180		120	200	ps

- Duty cycle skew is the difference between a  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  propagation delay through a device.
- $V_{PP}$  is the minimum peak-to-peak differential input swing for which AC parameters are guaranteed.
- The  $V_{CMR}$  range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained if the HIGH level falls within the specified range and the peak-to-peak voltage lies between  $V_{PP}(\min)$  and 1V.
- Differential input, differential output.  $240\Omega$  to  $V_{EE}$  on Q/ $\bar{Q}$  outputs and  $V_{CTRL} = \text{Open Circuit}$ .
- See graph below.

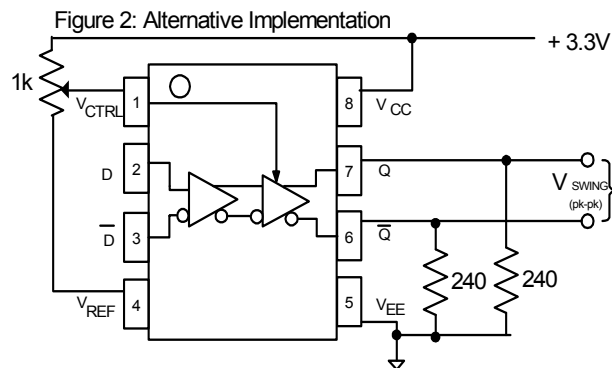
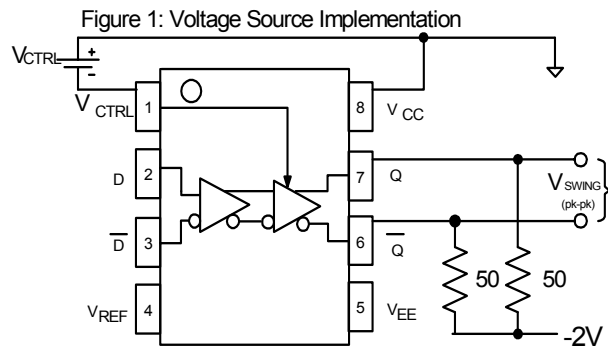
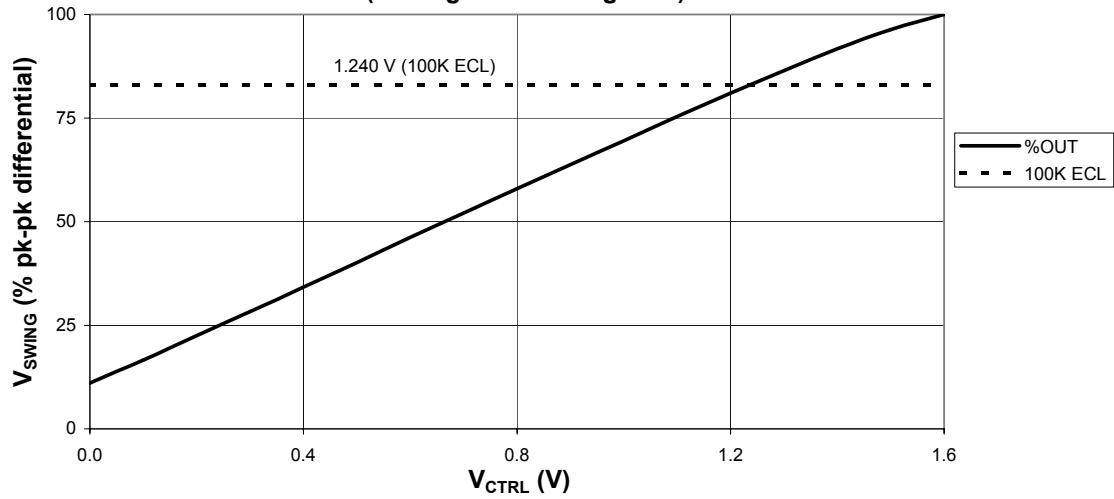
### Large Signal Performance\*



\*Measured using a 750mV differential input source at 50% duty cycle.

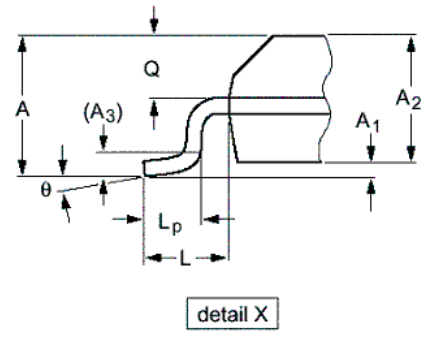
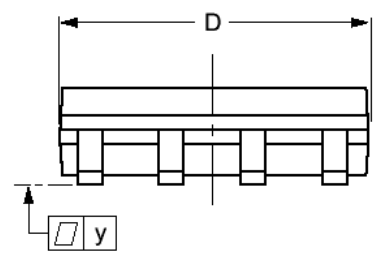
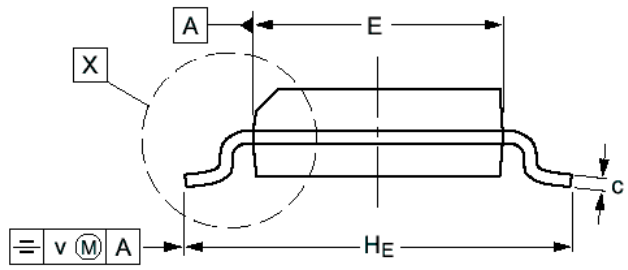
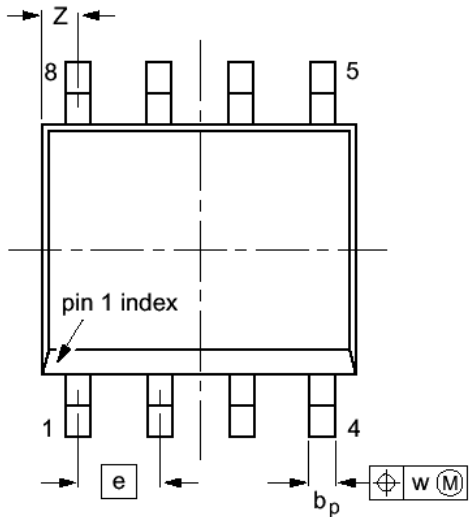
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**Typical AZ100EP16VS Voltage Output Swing at +25C,  $V_{EE}$  Nom**  
 (see Figure 1 and Figure 2)



**AZ10EP16VS**  
**AZ100EP16VS**

**PACKAGE DIAGRAM**  
**SOIC 8**

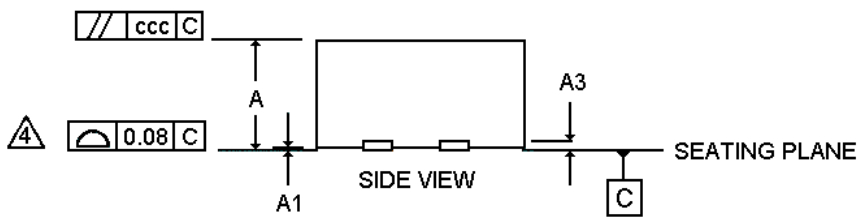
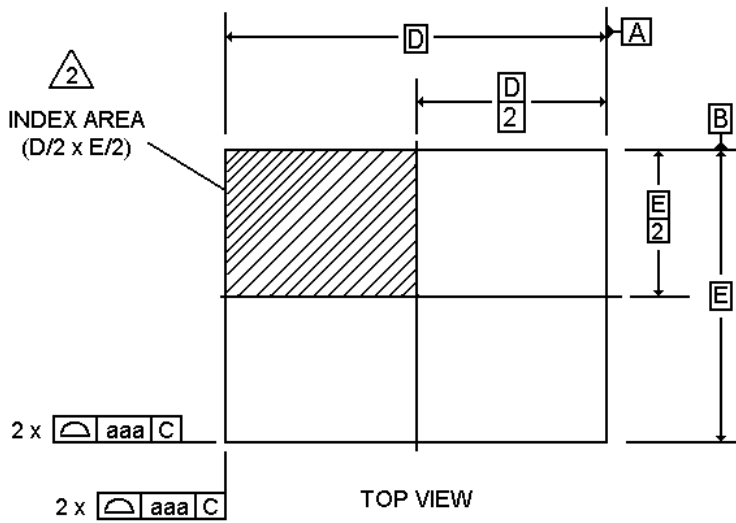


DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A		1.75	0.069	0.069
A <sub>1</sub>	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
A <sub>2</sub>	1.25	1.45	0.049	0.057
A <sub>3</sub>	0.25		0.01	
b <sub>p</sub>	0.36	0.49	0.014	0.019
c	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.0100
D	4.8	5.0	0.19	0.20
E	3.8	4.0	0.15	0.16
e	1.27		0.050	
H <sub>E</sub>	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
L	1.05		0.041	
L <sub>p</sub>	0.40	1.00	0.016	0.039
Q	0.60	0.70	0.024	0.028
v	0.25		0.01	
w	0.25		0.01	
y	0.10		0.004	
Z	0.30	0.70	0.012	0.028
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
  2. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION FOR D IS 0.15mm.
  3. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION FOR E IS 0.25mm.

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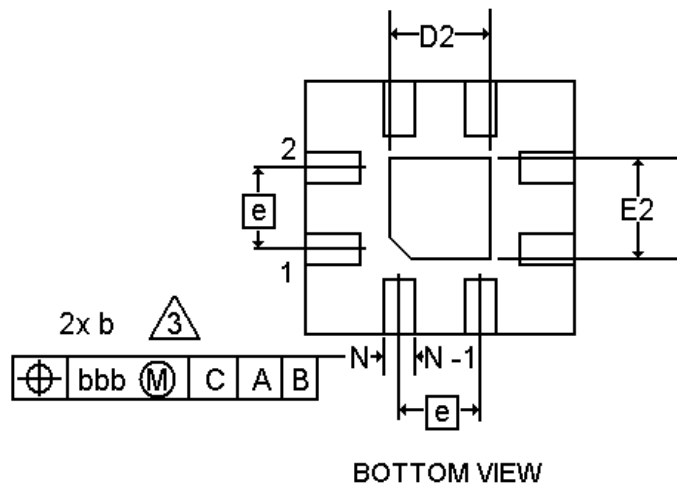
PACKAGE DIAGRAM  
MLP 8



NOTES

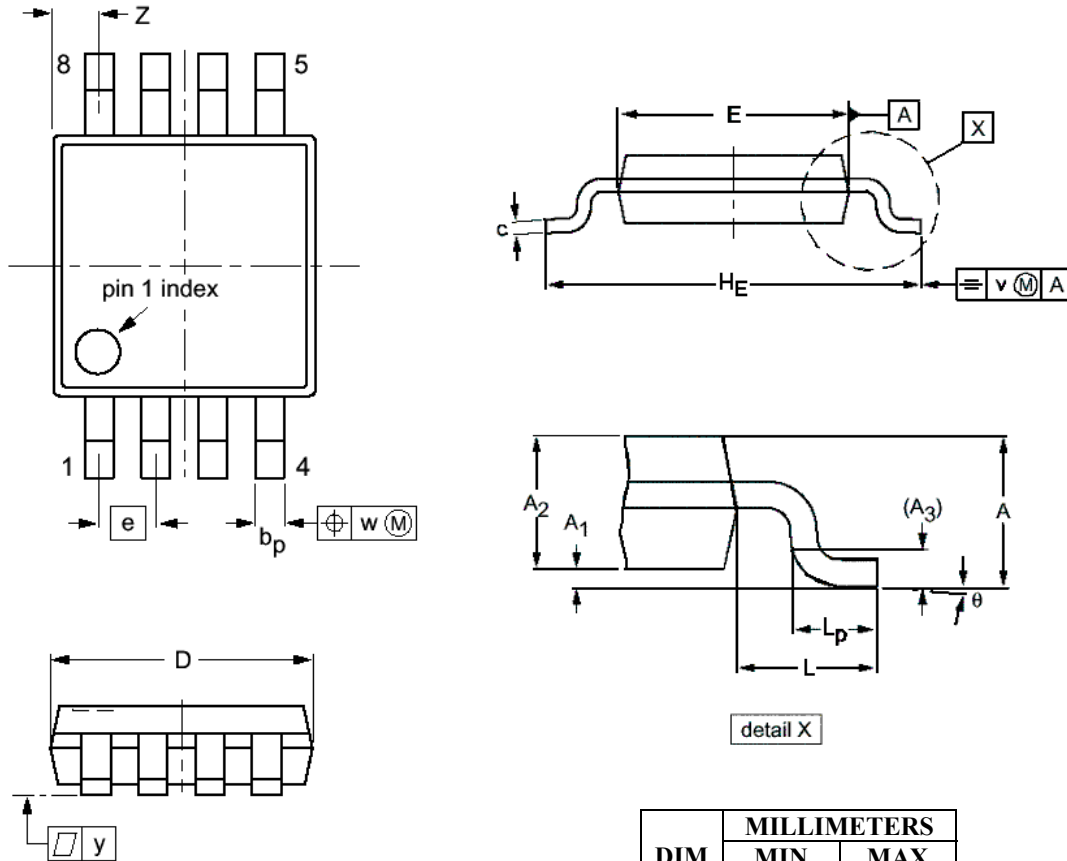
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME T14-1994.
2. THE TERMINAL #1 AND PAD NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012.
3. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED PAD AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 AND 0.30mm FROM PAD TIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	0.80	1.00
A1	0.00	0.05
A3	0.25 REF	
b	0.30	0.35
D	2.90	3.10
D2	1.65	1.95
E	2.90	3.10
E2	1.65	1.95
e	0.65 BSC	
L	0.35	0.45
aaa	0.25	
bbb	0.10	
ccc	0.10	



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**PACKAGE DIAGRAM**  
**TSSOP 8**



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
  2. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION FOR D IS 0.15mm.
  3. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION FOR E IS 0.25mm.

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
<b>A</b>		1.10
<b>A<sub>1</sub></b>	0.05	0.15
<b>A<sub>2</sub></b>	0.80	0.95
<b>A<sub>3</sub></b>	0.25	
<b>b<sub>p</sub></b>	0.25	0.45
<b>c</b>	0.15	0.28
<b>D</b>	2.90	3.10
<b>E</b>	2.90	3.10
<b>e</b>	0.65	
<b>H<sub>E</sub></b>	4.70	5.10
<b>L</b>	0.94	
<b>L<sub>p</sub></b>	0.40	0.70
<b>v</b>	0.10	
<b>w</b>	0.10	
<b>y</b>	0.10	
<b>Z</b>	0.35	0.70
<b>θ</b>	0°	6°



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