CS52843

Current Mode PWM Control Circuit

Description

The CS52843 provides all the necessary features to implement off-line fixed frequency current-mode control with a minimum number of external components.

The CS52843 incorporates a new precision temperature-controlled oscillator to minimize variations in frequency. An undervoltage lockout ensures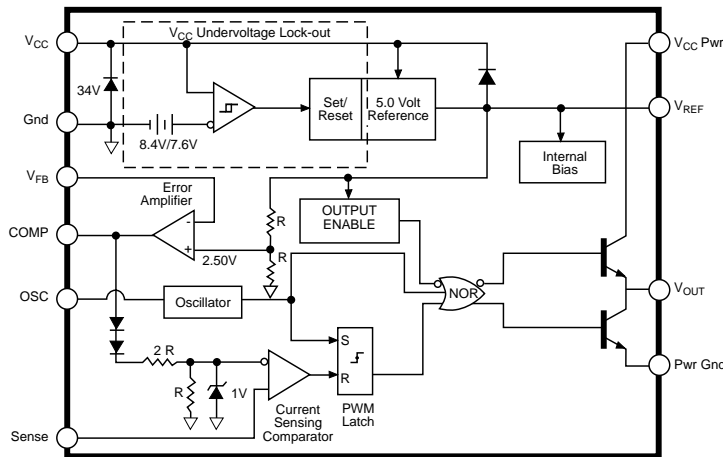 that V_{REF} is stabilized before the output stage is enabled. In the CS52843 turn on is at 8.4V and turn off at 7.6V.

Other features include low start-up current, pulse-by-pulse current limiting, and a high-current totem pole output for driving capacitive loads, such as gate of a power MOSFET. The output is low in the off state, consistent with N-channel devices.
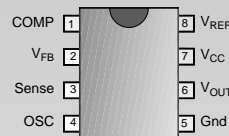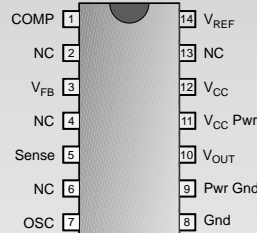
Features

- Optimized for Off-line Control
- Internally Temperature Compensated Oscillator
- V_{REF} Stabilized before Output Stage is Enabled
- Very Low Start-up Current 300 μA (typ)
- Pulse-by-pulse Current Limiting
- Improved Undervoltage Lockout
- Double Pulse Suppression
- 2% 5 Volt Reference
- High Current Totem Pole Output

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (I_{CC}<30mA) ....Self Limiting
Supply Voltage (Low Impedance Source)...30V
Output Current ....±1A
Output Energy (Capacitive Load) 5μJ
Analog Inputs (V_{FB}, V_{SENSE})...-0.3V to 5.5V
Error Amp Output Sink Current..10mA
Lead Temperature Soldering
     Reflow (SMD styles only)...........60 sec. max above 183°C, 230°C peak

Block Diagram

Package Options

8L SO Narrow

14L SO Narrow

Electrical Characteristics: -40 ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C; V_{CC} = 15V (Note 1); R_T = 680Ω; C_T = .022μF for triangle mode, R_T = 10kΩ; C_T = 3.3nF sawtooth mode unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
■ Reference Section					
Output Voltage	T_J = 25°C, I_{REF} = 1mA	4.90	5.00	5.10	V
Line Regulation	12 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 25V		6	20	mV
Load Regulation	1 ≤ I_{REF} ≤ 20mA		6	25	mV
Temperature Stability	(Note 1)		0.2	0.4	mV/°C
Total Output Variation	Line, Load, Temp. (Note 1)	4.82		5.18	V
Output Noise Voltage	10Hz ≤ f ≤ 10kHz, T_J = 25°C (Note 1)		50		μV
Long Term Stability	T_A = 125°C, 1000 Hrs. (Note 1)		5	25	mV
Output Short Circuit	T_A = 25°C	-30	-100	-180	mA
■ Oscillator Section					
Initial Accuracy	Sawtooth Mode, T_J = 25°C (Note 1)	47	52	57	kHz
	Triangle Mode, T_J = 25°C	44	52	60	kHz
Voltage Stability	12 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 25V		0.2	1.0	%
Temperature Stability	Sawtooth Mode T_{MIN} ≤ T_A ≤ T_{MAX}		5		%
	Triangle Mode T_{MIN} ≤ T_A ≤ T_{MAX} (Note 1)		8		%
Amplitude	V_{OSC} (peak to peak)		1.7		V
Discharge Current	T_J = 25°C	7.3	8.3	9.3	mA
	T_{MIN} ≤ T_A ≤ T_{MAX}	6.8		9.8	mA
■ Error Amp Section					
Input Voltage	V_{COMP} = 2.5V	2.42	2.50	2.58	V
Input Bias Current	V_{FB} = 0V		-0.3	-2.0	μA
A_{VOL}	2 ≤ V_{OUT} ≤ 4V	65	90		dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	(Note 1)	0.7	1.0		MHz
PSRR	12 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 25V	60	70		dB
Output Sink Current	V_{FB} = 2.7V, V_{COMP} = 1.1V	2	6		mA
Output Source Current	V_{FB} = 2.3V, V_{COMP} = 5V	-0.5	-0.8		mA
V_{OUT} HIGH	V_{FB} = 2.3V, R_L = 15kΩ to Gnd	5	6		V
V_{OUT} LOW	V_{FB} = 2.7V, R_L = 15kΩ to V_{REF}		0.7	1.1	V
■ Current Sense Section					
Gain	(Notes 2 & 3)	2.85	3.00	3.15	V/V
Maximum Input Signal	V_{COMP} = 5V (Note 2)	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
PSRR	12 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 25V (Note 2)		70		dB
Input Bias Current	V_{Sense}=0V		-2	-10	μA
Delay to Output	T_J=25°C (Note 1)		150	300	ns
■ Output Section					
Output Low Level	I_{SINK} = 20mA		0.1	0.4	V
	I_{SINK} = 200mA		1.5	2.2	V
Output High Level	I_{SOURCE} = 20mA	13.0	13.5		V
	I_{SOURCE} = 200mA	12.0	13.5		V

Electrical Characteristics: -40 ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C; V_{CC} = 15V (Note 1); R_T = 680Ω; C_T = .022μF for triangle mode, R_T = 10kΩ; C_T = 3.3nF sawtooth mode unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Rise Time	T_J = 25°C, C_L = 1nF (Note 1)		50	150	ns
Fall Time	T_J=25°C, C_L=1nF (Note 1)		50	150	ns
Output Leakage	UVLO Active V_{OUT} = 0		-.01	-10.0	μA

■ **Total Standby Current**

Start-Up Current			300	500	μA
Operating Supply Current	V_{FB}=V_{Sense}=0V R_T=10kΩ, C_T=3.3nF		11	17	mA
V_{CC} Zener Voltage	I_{CC}=25mA		34		V

■ **Undervoltage Lockout Section**

Start Threshold		7.8	8.4	9.0	V
Min. Operating Voltage	After Turn On	7.0	7.6	8.2	V

Notes: 1. These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.
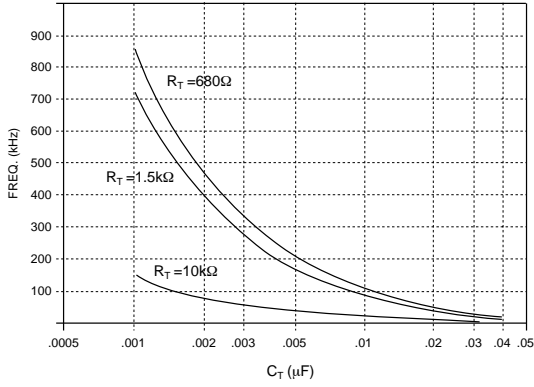
2. Parameter measured at trip point of latch with V_{FB}=0.

3. Gain defined as: $A = \dfrac{\Delta V_{COMP}}{\Delta V_{Sense}}$; $0 \leq V_{Sense} \leq 0.8V$.

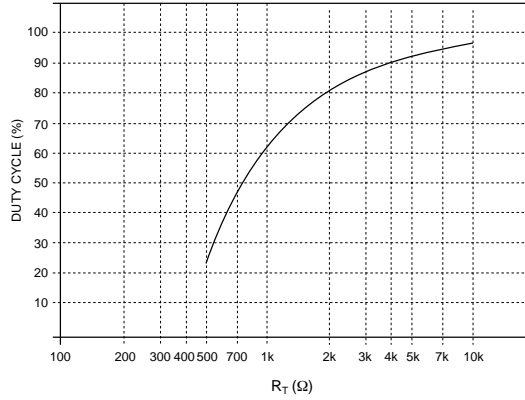| Package Pin Description			
PACKAGE PIN #		**PIN SYMBOL**	**FUNCTION**
8L SO Narrow	**14L SO Narrow**		
1	1	COMP	Error amp output, used to compensate error amplifier.
2	3	V_{FB}	Error amp inverting input.
3	5	Sense	Noninverting input to Current Sense Comparator.
4	7	OSC	Oscillator timing network with Capacitor to Ground, resistor to V_{REF}.
5	8	Gnd	Ground.
5	9	Pwr Gnd	Output driver Ground.
6	10	V_{OUT}	Output drive pin.
7	11	V_{CC}Pwr	Output driver positive supply.
7	12	V_{CC}	Positive power supply.
8	14	V_{REF}	Output of 5V internal reference.
	2,4,6,13	NC	No Connection.

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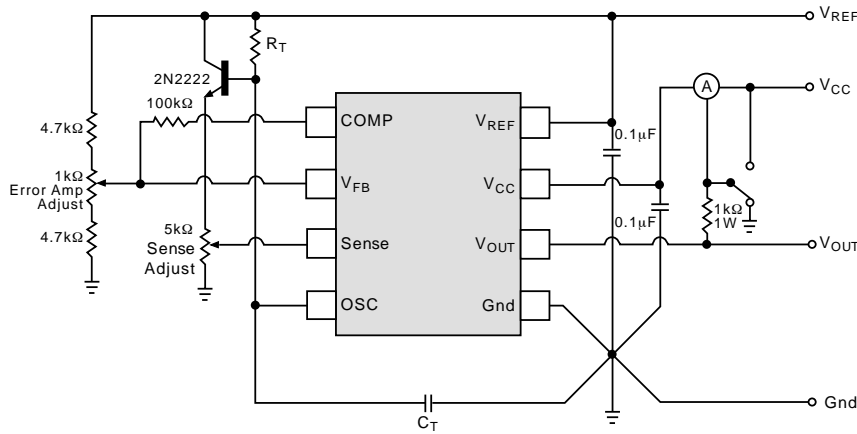
Typical Performance Characteristics

Oscillator Frequency vs C_T

Oscillator Duty Cycle vs R_T

Test Circuit Open Loop Laboratory Test Fixture
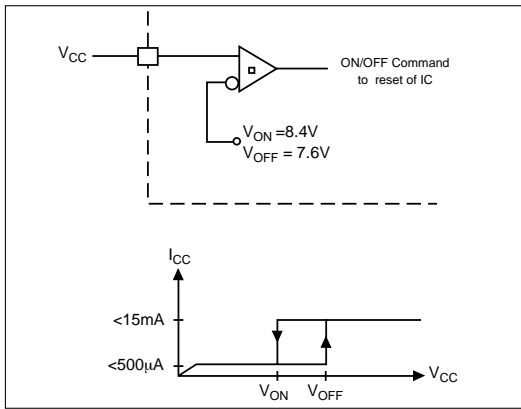

Circuit Description

Figure 1: Startup voltage for the CS52843.

Undervoltage Lockout

During Undervoltage Lockout (Figure 1), the output driver is biased to sink minor amounts of current. The output should be shunted to ground with a resistor to prevent activating the power switch with extraneous leakage currents.

PWM Waveform

To generate the PWM waveform, the control voltage from the error amplifier is compared to a current sense signal which represents the peak output inductor current (Figure 2). An increase in V_{CC} causes the inductor current slope to increase, thus reducing the duty cycle. This is an inherent feed-forward characteristic of current mode control, since the control voltage does not have to change during changes of input supply voltage.

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When the power supply sees a sudden large output current increase, the control voltage will increase allowing the duty cycle to momentarily increase. Since the duty cycle tends to exceed the maximum allowed to prevent transformer saturation in some power supplies, the internal oscillator waveform provides the maximum duty cycle clamp as programmed by the selection of oscillator timing components.
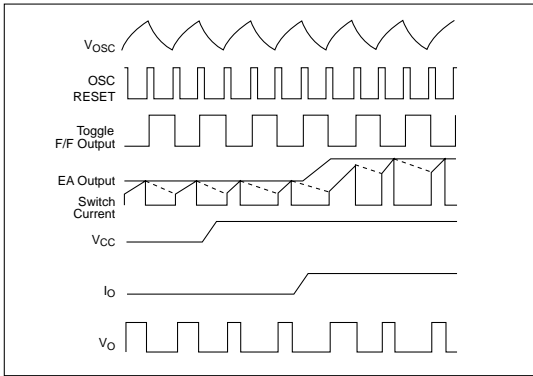

Figure 2: Timing Diagram

Figure 3: Oscillator Timing Network and Parameters

Setting the Oscillator

The times T_c and T_d can be determined as follows:

$$t_c = R_T C_T \ln\left(\frac{V_{REF} - V_{LOWER}}{V_{REF} - V_{UPPER}}\right)$$

$$t_d = R_T C_T \ln\left(\frac{V_{REF} - I_d R_T - V_{LOWER}}{V_{REF} - I_d R_T - V_{UPPER}}\right)$$

Substituting in typical values for the parameters in the above formulas:

$V_{REF} = 5.0V$, $V_{UPPER} = 2.7V$, $V_{LOWER} = 1.0V$, $I_d = 8.3mA$,

then

$$t_c \approx 0.5534 R_T C_T$$

$$t_d = R_T C_T \ \ln\left(\frac{2.3 - 0.0083\ R_T}{4.0 - 0.0083\ R_T}\right)$$

For better accuracy R_T should be $\geq 10k\Omega$.

Grounding

High peak currents associated with capacitive loads necessitate careful grounding techniques. Timing and bypass capacitors should be connected close to Gnd in a single point ground.

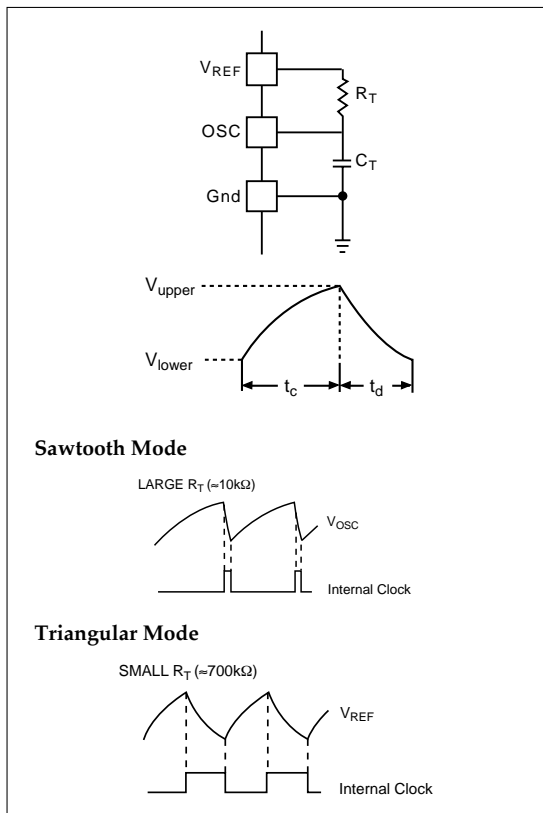The transistor and 5kΩ potentiometer are used to sample the oscillator waveform and apply an adjustable ramp to Sense.

Package Specification

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS IN mm (INCHES)

Lead Count	D			
	Metric		English	
	Max	Min	Max	Min
8L SO Narrow	5.00	4.80	.197	.189
14L SO Narrow	8.75	8.55	.344	.337

PACKAGE THERMAL DATA

Thermal Data		8L SO Narrow	14L SO Narrow	
$R_{\Theta JC}$	typ	45	30	˚C/W
$R_{\Theta JA}$	typ	165	125	˚C/W

Surface Mount Narrow Body (D); 150 mil wide

4.00 (.157) / 3.80 (.150)

6.20 (.244) / 5.80 (.228)

0.51 (.020) / 0.33 (.013)

1.27 (.050) BSC

1.75 (.069) MAX

1.57 (.062) / 1.37 (.054)

1.27 (.050) / 0.40 (.016)

0.25 (.010) / 0.19 (.008)

0.25 (0.10) / 0.10 (.004)

D

REF: JEDEC MS-012

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
CS52843ED8	8L SO Narrow
CS52843EDR8	8L SO Narrow *(tape & reel)*
CS52843ED14	14L SO Narrow
CS52843EDR14	14L SO Narrow *(tape & reel)*

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