Spread Spectrum Desktop/Notebook System Frequency Generator

Features

- Maximized EMI suppression using Cypress's Spread Spectrum Technology
- Reduces measured EMI by as much as 10 dB
- I²C programmable to 133 MHz
- · Two skew-controlled copies of CPU output
- SEL100/66# selects CPU frequency (100 or 66.8 MHz)
- Seven copies of PCI output (synchronous w/CPU output)
- One copy of 14.31818-MHz IOAPIC output
- One copy of 48-MHz USB output
- Selectable 24-/48-MHz clock is determined by resistor straps on power-up
- One high-drive output buffer that produces a copy of the 14.318-MHz reference
- Isolated core VDD pin for noise reduction

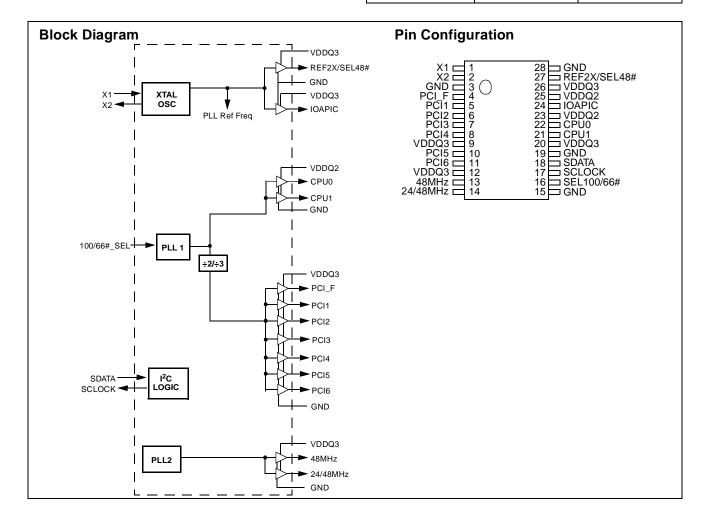
Key Specifications

Supply Voltages:	$V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ $V_{DDQ2} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$
CPU Cycle to Cycle Jitter:	200 ps
CPU, PCI Output Edge Rate:	≥1 V/ns
CPU0:1 Output Skew:	175 ps
PCI_F, PCI1:6 Output Skew:	500 ps
CPU to PCI Skew: 1.5 to 4	I.0 ns (CPU Leads)
REF2X/SEL48#, SCLOCK, SDATA:	250-k Ω pull-up

Note: Internal pull-up resistors should not be relied upon for setting I/O pins HIGH.

Table 1. Pin Selectable Frequency

SEL100/66#	CPU(0:1)	PCI		
1	100 MHz	33.3 MHz		
0	66.8 MHz	33.4 MHz		





Pin Definitions

Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Type	Pin Description
CPU0:1	22, 21	0	CPU Clock Outputs 0 through 1: These two CPU clocks run at a frequency set by SEL100/66#. Output voltage swing is set by the voltage applied to VDDQ2.
PCI1:6 PCI_F	5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 4	0	PCI Bus Clock Outputs 1 through 6 and PCI_F: These seven PCI clock outputs run synchronously to the CPU clock. Voltage swing is set by the power connection to VDDQ3.
IOAPIC	24	0	I/O APIC Clock Output: Provides 14.318-MHz fixed frequency. The output voltage swing is set by the power connection to VDDQ2.
48MHz	13	0	48-MHz Output: Fixed 48-MHz USB clock. Output voltage swing is controlled by voltage applied to VDDQ3.
24/48MHz	14	0	24-MHz or 48-MHz Output: Frequency is set by the state of pin 27 on power-up.
REF2X/SEL48#	27	I/O	I/O Dual-Function REF2X and SEL48# pin: Upon power-up, the state of SEL48# is latched. The initial state is set by either a 10K resistor to GND or to V _{DD} . A 10K resistor to GND causes pin 14 to output 48 MHz. If the pin is strapped to V _{DD} pin 14 will output 24 MHz. After 2 ms, the pin becomes a high-drive output that produces a copy of 14.318 MHz.
SEL100/66#	16	I	Frequency Selection Input: Selects CPU clock frequency as shown in Table 1 on page 1.
SDATA	18	I/O	$\it P^2C$ Data Pin: Data should be presented to this input as described in the $\it I^2C$ section of this data sheet. Internal 250-kΩ pull-up resistor.
SCLOCK	17	I	I ² C clock Pin: The I ² C data clock should be presented to this input as described in the I ² C section of this data sheet.
X1	1	I	Crystal Connection or External Reference Frequency Input: Connect to either a 14.318-MHz crystal or other reference signal.
X2	2	I	Crystal Connection: An input connection for an external 14.318-MHz crystal. If using an external reference, this pin must be left unconnected.
VDDQ3	9, 12, 20, 26	Р	Power Connection: Power supply for core logic and PLL circuitry, PCI, 48/24MHz, and Reference output buffers. Connect to 3.3V supply.
VDDQ2	23, 25	Р	Power Connection: Power supply for IOAPIC and CPU output buffers. Connect to 2.5V supply.
GND	3, 15, 19, 28	G	Ground Connections: Connect all ground pins to the common system ground plane.



Functional Description

I/O Pin Operation

Pin 27 is a dual-purpose I/O pin. Upon power-up this pin acts as a logic input, allowing the determination of assigned device functions. A short time after power-up, the logic state of the pin is latched and the pin becomes a clock output. This feature reduces device pin count by combining clock outputs with input select pins.

An external 10-k Ω "strapping" resistor is connected between the I/O pin and ground or V_{DD}. Connection to ground sets a latch to "0," connection to V_{DD} sets a latch to "1." *Figure 1* and *Figure 2* show two suggested methods for strapping resistor connections.

Upon W48S111-14 power-up, the first 2 ms of operation is used for input logic selection. During this period, the Reference clock output buffer is three-stated, allowing the output strapping resistor on the I/O pin to pull the pin and its associated capacitive clock load to either a logic HIGH or LOW state. At the end of the 2-ms period, the established logic "0" or "1" condition of the I/O pin is then latched. Next the output buffer

is enabled, which converts the I/O pin into an operating clock output. The 2-ms timer is started when V_{DD} reaches 2.0V. The input bit can only be reset by turning V_{DD} off and then back on again.

It should be noted that the strapping resistor has no significant effect on clock output signal integrity. The drive impedance of clock output is 40Ω (nominal) which is minimally affected by the $10\text{-}k\Omega$ strap to ground or V_{DD} . As with the series termination resistor, the output strapping resistor should be placed as close to the I/O pin as possible in order to keep the interconnecting trace short. The trace from the resistor to ground or V_{DD} should be kept less than two inches in length to prevent system noise coupling during input logic sampling.

When the clock output is enabled following the 2-ms input period, a 14.318-MHz output frequency is delivered on the pin, assuming that V_{DD} has stabilized. If V_{DD} has not yet reached full value, output frequency initially may be below target but will increase to target once V_{DD} voltage has stabilized. In either case, a short output clock cycle may be produced from the CPU clock outputs when the outputs are enabled.

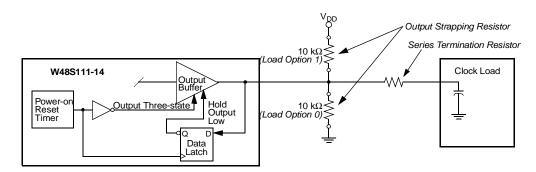


Figure 1. Input Logic Selection Through Resistor Load Option

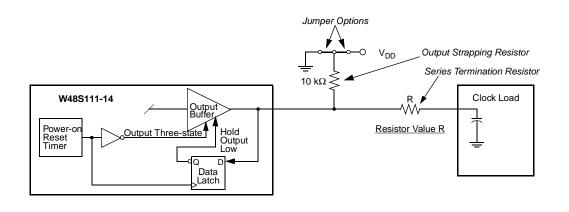


Figure 2. Input Logic Selection Through Jumper Option



Serial Data Interface

The W48S111-14 features a two-pin, serial data interface that can be used to configure internal register settings that control particular device functions. Upon power-up, the W48S111-14 initializes with default register settings. Therefore, the use of this serial data interface is optional. The serial interface is write-only (to the clock chip) and is the dedicated function of device pins SDATA and SCLOCK. In motherboard applications, SDATA and SCLOCK are typically driven by two logic

outputs of the chipset. Clock device register changes are normally made upon system initialization, if required. The interface can also be used during system operation for power management functions. *Table 2* summarizes the control functions of the serial data interface.

Operation

Data is written to the W48S111-14 in ten bytes of eight bits each. Bytes are written in the order shown in *Table 3*.

Table 2. Serial Data Interface Control Functions Summary

Control Function	Description	Common Application
Clock Output Disable	Any individual clock output(s) can be disabled. Disabled outputs are actively held LOW.	Unused outputs are disabled to reduce EMI and system power. Examples are clock outputs to unused PCI slots.
CPU Clock Frequency Selection	Provides CPU/PCI frequency selections beyond the 100- and 66.8-MHz selections that are provided by the SEL100/66# pin. Frequency is changed in a smooth and controlled fashion.	For alternate microprocessors and power management options. Smooth frequency transition allows CPU frequency change under normal system operation.
Output Three-state	Puts all clock outputs into a high-impedance state.	Production PCB testing.
Test Mode	All clock outputs toggle in relation to X1 input, internal PLL is bypassed. Refer to <i>Table 4</i> .	Production PCB testing.
(Reserved)	Reserved function for future device revision or production device testing.	No user application. Register bit must be written as 0.

Table 3. Byte Writing Sequence

Byte Sequence	Byte Name	Bit Sequence	Byte Description
1	Slave Address	11010010	Commands the W48S111-14 to accept the bits in Data Bytes 3–6 for internal register configuration. Since other devices may exist on the same common serial data bus, it is necessary to have a specific slave address for each potential receiver. The slave receiver address for the W48S111-14 is 11010010. Register setting will not be made if the Slave Address is not correct (or is for an alternate slave receiver).
2	Command Code	Don't Care	Unused by the W48S111-14, therefore bit values are ignored ("don't care"). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Command Code Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.
3	Byte Count	Don't Care	Unused by the W48S111-14, therefore bit values are ignored ("don't care"). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Byte Count Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.
4	Data Byte 0	Don't Care	Refer to Cypress SDRAM drivers.
5	Data Byte 1		
6	Data Byte 2		
7	Data Byte 3	Refer to Table 4	The data bits in these bytes set internal W48S111-14 registers that con-
8	Data Byte 4		trol device operation. The data bits are only accepted when the Address Byte bit sequence is 11010010, as noted above. For description of bit
9	Data Byte 5		control functions, refer to <i>Table 4</i> , Data Byte Serial Configuration Map.
10	Data Byte 6		



Writing Data Bytes

Each bit in the data bytes control a particular device function except for the "reserved" bits which must be written as a logic 0. Bits are written MSB (most significant bit) first, which is bit 7. *Table 4* gives the bit formats for registers located in Data Bytes 3–6.

Table 5 details additional frequency selections that are available through the serial data interface.

Table 6 details the select functions for Byte 3, bits 1 and 0.

Table 4. Data Bytes 3-6 Serial Configuration Map

Selection Best Selection Selection	Refer to Refer to Refer to Frequency Controlled by external SEL100/ 66# pin (Table 1) (See Table 6 for function Operation	Frequency Controlled by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active Active	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
7	Refer to Ref	Table 5 Table 5 Table 5 Table 5 Trequency Controlled by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 00
6 SEL_2 5 SEL_1 4 SEL_0 3 Frequency Table Selection Frequency Table Selection 2 (Reserved) 1-0 Bit 1 Bit 0 Function On Normal On On Spread Selection 1 0 Spread Selection 1 On Spread Selection 2 14 24/48MHz Clock output disable 3 (Reserved) 1 On Spread Selection 4 (Reserved)	Refer to Ref	Table 5 Table 5 Table 5 Table 5 Trequency Controlled by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 00
SEL_1	Refer to Refer to Refer to Refer to Frequency Controlled by external SEL100/ 66# pin (Table 1) (See Table 6 for function Deparation e pectrum on ts Three-stated Low Low Low	Table 5 Table 5 Frequency Controlled by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active	0 0 0 0 0 00 1
A	Refer to Frequency Controlled by external SEL100/ 66# pin (Table 1) (See Table 6 for function Deperation e Expectrum on ts Three-stated Low Low Low	Frequency Controlled by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active Active	0 0 0 00 00 1 0 0
3	Frequency Controlled by external SEL100/66# pin (Table 1) (See Table 6 for function of the control of the c	Frequency Controlled by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active	0 0 00 0 1 0 0 0
Selection Sele	by external SEL100/ 66# pin (<i>Table 1</i>) (See <i>Table 6</i> for function of the sector	by BYT3 SEL_(2:0) (Table 5) on details) Active Active Active	0 00 1 0 0 0
1-0	peration e spectrum on ts Three-stated Low Low Low	 Active Active	0 1 0 0 0 0
Data Byte 4 Test Mode 1	peration e spectrum on ts Three-stated Low Low Low	 Active Active	0 1 0 0 0
7 (Reserved) 6 14 24/48MHz Clock output disable 5 (Reserved) 4 (Reserved) 3 (Reserved) 2 21 CPU1 Clock Output Disable 1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	 Low 	 Active	1 0 0 0
6 14 24/48MHz Clock output disable 5 (Reserved) 4 (Reserved) 3 (Reserved) 2 21 CPU1 Clock Output Disable 1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	 Low 	 Active	1 0 0 0
5 (Reserved) 4 (Reserved) 3 (Reserved) 2 21 CPU1 Clock Output Disable 1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	 Low 	 Active	0 0 0 1
4 (Reserved) 3 (Reserved) 2 21 CPU1 Clock Output Disable 1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	 Low	 Active	0 0 1
3 (Reserved) 2 21 CPU1 Clock Output Disable 1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	Low	 Active	0 1
2 21 CPU1 Clock Output Disable 1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	Low 	Active	1
1 (Reserved) 0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable			
0 22 CPU0 Clock Output Disable Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable		A office	0
Data Byte 5 7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	Low	A ative	
7 4 PCI_F Clock Output Disable 6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable		Active	1
6 11 PCI6 Clock Output Disable 5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable			
5 10 PCI5 Clock Output Disable 4 - (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
4 (Reserved) 3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
3 8 PCI4 Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
·			0
2 7 PCI3 Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
	Low	Active	1
1 6 PCI2 Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
0 5 PCI1 Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
Data Byte 6			
7 (Reserved)			0
6 (Reserved)			0
5 24 IOAPIC Clock Output Disable	Low	Active	1
4 (Reserved)			0
3 (Reserved)			0
2 (Reserved)			0
1 27 REF2X Clock Output Disable		Active	1 ^[1]
0 27 REF2X Clock Output Disable	Low		1 ^[1]

Note:

^{1.} Bits 0 and 1 of Data byte 6 in *Table 4* MUST be programmed as the same value.



Table 5. Additional Frequency Selections through Serial Data Interface Data Bytes

	Input Conditions		Output Frequency		If Spread Is On
	Data Byte 3, Bit 3 = 1	1			
Bit 6 SEL_2	Bit 5 SEL_1	Bit 4 SEL_0	CPU, SDRAM Clocks (MHz)	PCI Clocks (MHz)	Spread Percentage
0	0	0	68.5	34.25	± 0.5% Center
0	0	1	75	37.5	± 0.5% Center
0	1	0	83.3	41.6	± 0.5% Center
0	1	1	66.8	33.4	± 0.5% Center
1	0	0	103	34.25	± 0.5% Center
1	0	1	112	37.3	± 0.5% Center
1	1	0	133.3	44.43	± 0.5% Center
1	1	1	100	33.3	± 0.5% Center

Table 6. Select Function for Data Byte 3, Bits 0:1

	Input Co	onditions	Output Conditions						
	Data Byte 3		Data Byte 3		Data Byte 3		REF2X,		
Function	Bit 1	Bit 0	CPU0:1	PCI_F, PCI1:6	IOAPIC	48MHZ	24MHZ		
Normal Operation	0	0	Note 2	Note 2	14.318 MHz	48 MHz	24 MHz		
Test Mode	0	1	X1/2	CPU/2, 3, or 4	X1	X1/2	X1/4		
Spread Spectrum On	1	0	±0.5%	±0.5%	14.318 MHz	48 MHz	24 MHz		
Three-state	1	1	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z		

Note:

^{2.} CPU and PCI frequency selections are listed in Table 1 and Table 5.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating only. Operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Parameter	Description	Rating	Unit
V_{DD} , V_{IN}	Voltage on any pin with respect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	V
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T _A	Operating Temperature	0 to +70	°C
T _B	Ambient Temperature under Bias	−55 to +125	°C
ESD _{PROT}	Input ESD Protection	2 (min.)	kV

DC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C, $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDQ2} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$

Parameter	Descrip	tion	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Curr	ent			•			
I _{DDQ3}	Combined 3.3V Supply Current		CPUCLK =100 MHz Outputs Loaded ^[3]		85		mA
I _{DDQ3}	Combined 2.5V Supp	ly Current	CPUCLK =100 MHz Outputs Loaded ^[3]		30		mA
Logic Inputs	5						
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage			GND - 0.3		0.8	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage			2.0		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
I _{IL}	Input Low Current ^[4]					-25	μΑ
I _{IH}	Input High Current ^[4]					10	μΑ
I _{IL}	Input Low Current (SEL100/66#)					-5	μΑ
I _{IH}	Input High Current (SEL100/66#)					5	μΑ
Clock Outpu	ıts						
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage		I _{OL} = 1 mA			50	mV
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage		$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	3.1			V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	CPU0:1, IOAPIC	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.2			V
I _{OL}	Output Low Current	CPU0:1	V _{OL} = 1.25V	50	70	100	mA
		PCI_F, PCI1:6	V _{OL} = 1.5V	60	80	120	mA
		IOAPIC	V _{OL} = 1.25V	40	85	140	mA
		REF2X	V _{OL} = 1.5V	100	130	152	mA
		48MHz, 24MHz	V _{OL} = 1.5V	40	50	76	mA
I _{OH}	Output High Current	CPU0:1	V _{OL} = 1.25V	50	70	100	mA
		PCI_F, PCI1:6	V _{OL} = 1.5V	60	70	120	mA
		IOAPIC	V _{OL} = 1.25V	40	87	155	mA
		REF2X	V _{OL} = 1.5V	100	130	150	mA
		48MHz, 24MHz	V _{OL} = 1.5V	40	50	94	mA

Notes:

All clock outputs loaded with maximum lump capacitance test load specified in the AC Electrical Characteristics section. W48S111-14 logic inputs have internal pull-up devices, except SEL100/66# (pull-ups not full CMOS level).



DC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C, $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDQ2} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ (continued)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Crystal Osc	illator		•	•	•	
V_{TH}	X1 Input Threshold Voltage ^[5]	V _{DDQ3} = 3.3V		1.65		V
C _{LOAD}	Load Capacitance, as seen by External Crystal ^[6]			14		pF
C _{IN,X1}	X1 Input Capacitance ^[7]	Pin X2 unconnected		28		pF
Pin Capacita	ance/Inductance					•
C _{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance	Except X1 and X2			5	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Pin Capacitance				6	pF
L _{IN}	Input Pin Inductance				7	nH

AC Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C, $V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDQ2} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $f_{XTL} = 14.31818$ MHz

AC clock parameters are tested and guaranteed over stated operating conditions using the stated lump capacitive load at the clock output; Spread Spectrum clocking is disabled.

CPU Clock Outputs, CPU0:1 (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

				= 66.8	MHz	CPU			
Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
tp	Period	Measured on rising edge at 1.25V	15		15.5	10		10.5	ns
t _H	High Time	Duration of clock cycle above 2.0V	5.2			3.0			ns
tL	Low Time	Duration of clock cycle below 0.4V	5.0			2.8			ns
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.0V	1		4	1		4	V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.0V to 0.4V	1		4	1		4	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.25V	45		55	45		55	%
t _{JC}	Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle	Measured on rising edge at 1.25V. Maximum difference of cycle time between two adjacent cycles.			200			200	ps
t _{SK}	Output Skew	Measured on rising edge at 1.25V			175			175	ps
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabiliza- tion from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3			3	ms
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		20			20		Ω

Notes:

X1 input threshold voltage (typical) is $V_{DD}/2$.

The W48S111-14 contains an internal crystal load capacitor between pin X1 and ground and another between pin X2 and ground. Total load placed on crystal is 14 pF; this includes typical stray capacitance of short PCB traces to crystal.
 X1 input capacitance is applicable when driving X1 with an external clock source (X2 is left unconnected).



PCI Clock Outputs, PCI1:6 and PCI_F (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 30 pF

				CPU = 66.8/100 MHz		
Parameter Description		Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _P	Period	Measured on rising edge at 1.5V	30			ns
t _H	High Time	Duration of clock cycle above 2.4V	12			ns
t _L	Low Time	Duration of clock cycle below 0.4V	12			ns
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V	1		4	V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V			4	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V	45		55	%
t _{JC}	Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle	Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. Maximum difference of cycle time between two adjacent cycles.			250	ps
t _{SK}	Output Skew	Measured on rising edge at 1.5V			500	ps
t _O	CPU to PCI Clock Skew	Covers all CPU/PCI outputs. Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. CPU leads PCI output.	1.5		4	ns
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3	ms
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		20		Ω

IOAPIC Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

			CPU = 66.8/100 MHz				
Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
f	Frequency, Actual	Frequency generated by crystal oscillator	14.31818			MHz	
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.0V	1 4			V/ns	
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.0V to 0.4V	1		4	V/ns	
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.25V	45 55			%	
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			1.5	ms	
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		15		Ω	

REF2X Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

			CPU = 66.8/100 MHz				
Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
f	Frequency, Actual	Frequency generated by crystal oscillator	14.318			MHz	
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V	0.5 2			V/ns	
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	0.5		2	V/ns	
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V	45		55	%	
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3	ms	
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		20		Ω	



48-MHz and 24-MHz Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

			CPU = 66.8/100 MHz			
Parameter Description		Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f	Frequency, Actual	Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)	48.008 24.004			MHz
f _D	Deviation from 48 MHz	(48.008 – 48)/48	+167			ppm
m/n	PLL Ratio	(14.31818 MHz x 57/17 = 48.008 MHz)	57/17, 57/34			
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V	0.5 2			V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	0.5 2		2	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V	45 55			%
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.	3			ms
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		25		Ω

Ordering Information

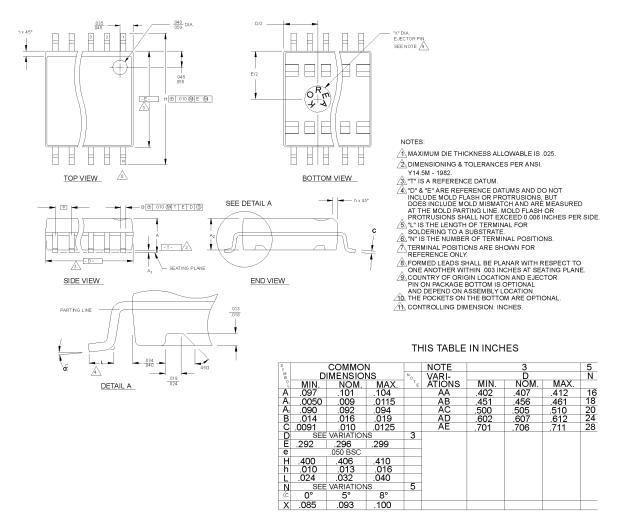
Ordering Code	Freq. Mask Code	Package Name	Package Type
W48S111	-04	G	28-pin SOIC (300 mils)

Document #: 38-00854



Package Diagram

28-Pin Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC, 300 mils)



THIS TABLE IN MILLIMETERS

S	COMMON				NOTE			5	
M B	DIMENSIONS			NOTE	VARI-	D			N
°L	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	TΕ	ATIONS	MIN. NOM. MAX.			
Α	2.46	2.56	2.64		AA	10.21	10.34	10.46	16
A	0.127	0.22	0.29		AB	11.46	11.58	11.71	18
A ₂	2.29	2.34	2.39		AC	12.70	12.83	12.95	20
В	0.35	0.41	0.48		AD	15.29	15.42	15.54	20 24 28
С	0.23	0.25	0.32		AE	17.81	17.93	18.06	28
D	D SEE VARIATIONS			3					
E	7.42	7.52	7.59						
е		1.27 BSC							
Н	10.16	10.31	10.41						
h	0.25	0.33	0.41						
L	0.61	0.81	1.02						
N ®	SEE VARIATIONS			5					
œ	0°	5°	8°						
Х	2.16	2.36	2.54						

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