

## CY7C1012AV33

# 512K x 24 Static RAM

#### Features

- High speed
  - —t<sub>AA</sub> = 8, 10, 12 ns
- Low active power
  - -1080 mW (max.)
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3V
- 2.0V data retention
- · Automatic power-down when deselected
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{\text{CE}}_0, \overline{\text{CE}}_1$  and  $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$  features

#### **Functional Description**

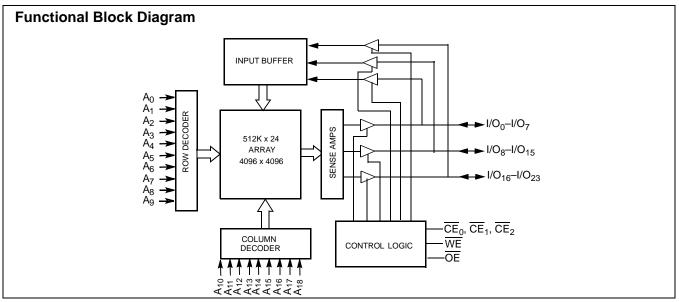
The CY7C1012AV33 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 512K words by 24 bits. Each data byte is separately controlled by the individual chip selects (CE<sub>0</sub>, CE<sub>1</sub>, CE<sub>2</sub>). CE<sub>0</sub> controls the data on the I/O<sub>0</sub>–I/O<sub>7</sub>, while CE<sub>1</sub> controls the data on I/O<sub>8</sub>–I/O<sub>15</sub>, and CE<sub>2</sub> controls the data on the data on the data pins I/O<sub>16</sub>–I/O<sub>23</sub>. This device has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when deselected.

Writing the data bytes into the SRAM is accomplished when the chip select controlling that byte is LOW and the write enable input ( $\overline{WE}$ ) input is LOW. Data on the respective input/output (I/O) pins is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$ – $A_{18}$ ). Asserting all of the chip selects LOW and write enable LOW will write all 24 bits of data into the SRAM. Output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) is ignored while in WRITE mode.

Data bytes can also be individually read from the device. Reading a byte is accomplished when <u>the</u> chip select controlling that <u>byte</u> is LOW and write enable (WE) HIGH while output enable (OE) remains LOW. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified on the address pins will appear on the specified data input/output (I/O) pins. Asserting all the chip selects LOW will read all 24 bits of data from the SRAM.

The 24 I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub>–I/O<sub>23</sub>) are placed in a high-impedance state wh<u>en</u> all the chip selects are HIGH or when the output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) is HIGH during a READ mode. For further details, refer to the truth table of this data sheet.

The CY7C1012AV33 is available in a standard 119-ball BGA.



#### Selection Guide

		-8	-10	-12	Unit
Maximum Access Time		8	10	12	ns
Maximum Operating Current	Commercial	300	275	260	mA
	Industrial	300	275	260	
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	Commercial/Industrial	50	50	50	mA

## CY7C1012AV33



119 BGA Top View

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	NC	А	A	A	A	А	NC
В	NC	А	A	CE0	A	А	NC
С	I/O <sub>12</sub>	NC	CE1	NC	CE2	NC	I/O <sub>0</sub>
D	I/O <sub>13</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	I/O <sub>1</sub>
E	I/O <sub>14</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	I/O <sub>2</sub>
F	I/O <sub>15</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	I/O <sub>3</sub>
G	I/O <sub>16</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{SS}$	I/O <sub>4</sub>
н	I/O <sub>17</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	I/O <sub>5</sub>
J	NC	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	DNU
К	I/O <sub>18</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	I/O <sub>6</sub>
L	I/O <sub>19</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	I/O <sub>7</sub>
м	I/O <sub>20</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	I/O <sub>8</sub>
N	I/O <sub>21</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	I/O <sub>9</sub>
Р	I/O <sub>22</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	I/O <sub>10</sub>
R	I/O <sub>23</sub>	А	NC	NC	NC	А	I/O <sub>11</sub>
Т	NC	А	A	WE	A	А	NC
U	NC	А	А	OE	А	А	NC



## CY7C1012AV33

Maximum Ratings (Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guide- lines, not tested.)
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied55°C to +125°C
Supply Voltage on $V_{CC}$ to Relative $GND^{[1]}$ –0.5V to +4.6V
DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State $^{[1]}$ –0.5V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5V

DC Input Voltage <sup>[1]</sup> 0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V
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Current into Outputs (LOW)...... 20 mA

### **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	v <sub>cc</sub>
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	

#### DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

				-	-8		10			
Parameter	Description	Test Cor	ditions <sup>[2]</sup>	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 mA		2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA			0.4		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage				V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>[1]</sup>	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Load Current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$		-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{C}$	<sub>C</sub> , Output Disabled	-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating		Commercial		300		275		260	mA
	Supply Current	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	Industrial		300		275		260	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power-down Current —TTL Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max. } V_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq V \\ V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{IH}} \text{ or} \\ V_{\text{IN}} \leq V_{\text{IL}}, \ f = f_{\text{MAX}} \end{array}$		100		100		100	mA	
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power-down Current —CMOS Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{Max}}. \ \text{V}_{\text{CC}}, \\ \text{CE} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}, \\ \text{or} \ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3\text{V}, \text{f} = 0 \end{array}$			50		50		50	mA

### Capacitance<sup>[3]</sup>

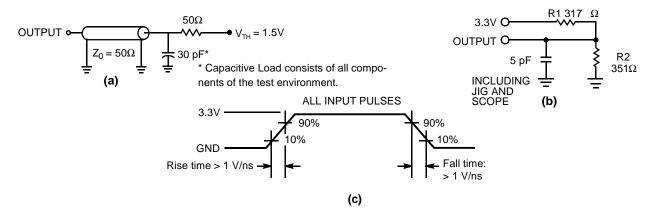
Parameter	Description	Description Test Conditions			
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V}$	8	pF	
C <sub>OUT</sub>	I/O Capacitance		10	pF	

Notes:

1.  $V_{\parallel}$  (min.) = -2.0V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns. 2. CE refers to a combination of  $\overline{CE}_0$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1$ , and  $\overline{CE}_2$ .  $\overline{CE}$  is active LOW when all three of these signals are active LOW at the same time. 3. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



#### AC Test Loads and Waveforms<sup>[4]</sup>



#### AC Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range <sup>[5]</sup>

		-	-8		10			
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
Read Cycle			•					
t <sub>power</sub> [6]	V <sub>CC</sub> (typical) to the first access	1		1		1		ms
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	8		10		12		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		8		10		12	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ , $\overline{CE}_2$ , and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW to Data Valid		8		10		12	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		5		5		6	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low-Z <sup>[7]</sup>	1		1		1		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High-Z <sup>[7]</sup>		5		5		6	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ , $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ , and $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ LOW to Low-Z <sup>[7]</sup>	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1, \overline{\text{CE}}_2$ , or $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ HIGH to High-Z <sup>[7]</sup>		5		5		6	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1, \overline{\text{CE}}_2$ , and $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ LOW to Power-up <sup>[8]</sup>	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1, \overline{\text{CE}}_2$ , or $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ HIGH to Power-down <sup>[8]</sup>		8		10		12	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	Byte Enable to Data Valid		5		5		6	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	Byte Enable to Low-Z <sup>[7]</sup>	1		1		1		ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	Byte Disable to High-Z <sup>[7]</sup>		5		5		6	ns
Write Cycle <sup>[9, 2</sup>	10]				•			
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	8		10		12		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ , $\overline{CE}_2$ , and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW to Write End	6		7		8		ns

Notes:

Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V<sub>DD</sub> (3.0V). As soon as 1 ms (T<sub>power</sub>) after reaching 4. the minimum operating V<sub>DD</sub> , normal SRAM operation can begin including reduction in V<sub>DD</sub> to the data retention (V<sub>CCDR</sub>, 2.0V) voltage.

Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified 5. IoL/IOH and transmission line loads. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading as shown in part a) of the AC test loads, unless specified otherwise. 6. This part has a voltage regulator which steps down the voltage from 3V to 2V internally. tpower time has to be provided initially before a read/write operation is started.

t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZWE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub>, and t<sub>LZOE</sub>, t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>LZWE</sub>, t<sub>LZBE</sub> are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured 7

8

These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{CE}_2$ , and  $\overline{CE}_3$  LOW and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW. The chip enables must be active and  $\overline{WE}$  must 9 be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW) is the sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.

10.

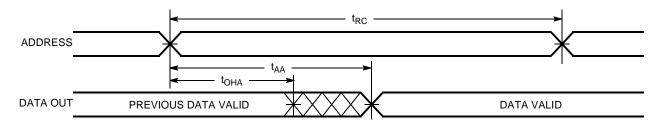


#### AC Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range (continued)<sup>[5]</sup>

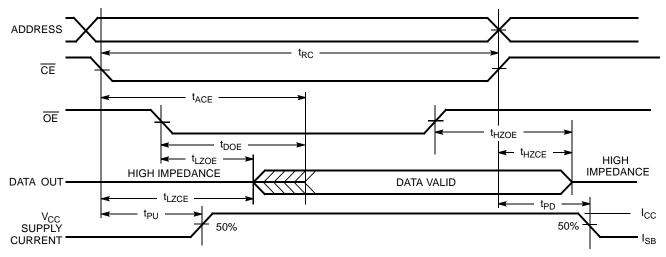
		-	-8		-10		-12	
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-up to Write End	6		7		8		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-up to Write Start	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	6		7		8		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-up to Write End	5		5.5		6		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low-Z <sup>[7]</sup>	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High-Z <sup>[7]</sup>		5		5		6	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	Byte Enable to End of Write	6		7		8		ns

#### **Switching Waveforms**

Read Cycle No. 1<sup>[11, 12]</sup>



### Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled)<sup>[2, 12, 13]</sup>

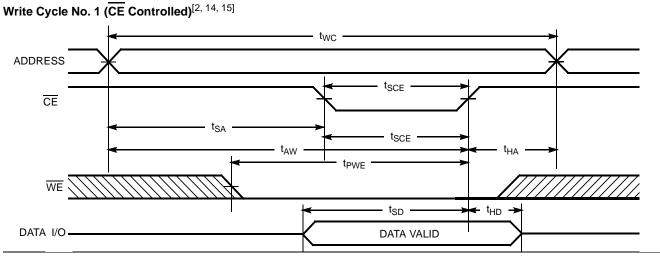


#### Notes:

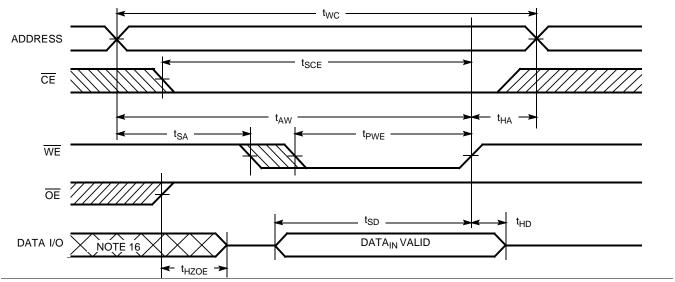
Device is continuously selected. OE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>.
 WE is HIGH for read cycle.
 Address valid prior to or coincident with CE transition LOW.



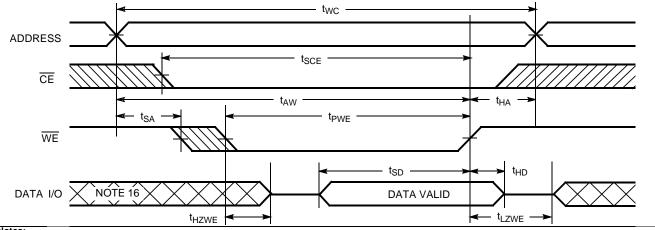
## Switching Waveforms (continued)



## Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ HIGH During Write)<sup>[14, 15]</sup>



Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW)<sup>[2, 15]</sup>



Notes:

14. Data I/O is high impedance if OE = <u>V</u><sub>IH</sub>.
15. If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
16. During this period the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.



## Truth Table

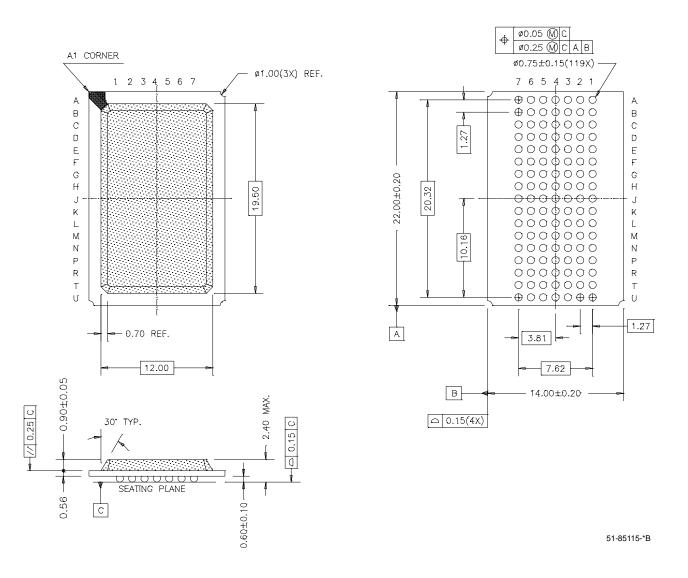
CE <sub>0</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	OE	WE	I/O <sub>0</sub> -I/O <sub>23</sub>	Mode	Power
н	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
н	L	Н	L	Н	I/O <sub>8</sub> -I/O <sub>15</sub> Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
н	Н	L	L	Н	I/O <sub>16</sub> -I/O <sub>23</sub> Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	L	L	Н	Full Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Х	L	I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
н	L	Н	Х	L	I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
Н	Н	L	Х	L	I/O <sub>16</sub> –I/O <sub>23</sub> Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	L	Х	L	Full Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	L	Н	Н	High-Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

## **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C1012AV33-8BGC	BG119	14 x 22 mm 119-ball BGA	Commercial
	CY7C1012AV33-8BGI			Industrial
10	CY7C1012AV33-10BGC			Commercial
	CY7C1012AV33-10BGI			Industrial
12	CY7C1012AV33-12BGC			Commercial
	CY7C1012AV33-12BGI			Industrial



### Package Diagram



119-ball PBGA (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BG119

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## **Document History Page**

	Document Title: CY7C1012AV33 512K x 24 Static RAM Document Number: 38-05254									
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change						
**	113711	03/11/02	NSL	New Data Sheet						
*A	117057	07/31/02	DFP	Removed 15-ns bin.						
*В	117988	09/03/02	DFP	Added 8-ns bin.						
*C	118992	09/19/02	DFP	Change Cin - input capacitance -from 6 pF to 8 pF. Change Cout -output capacitance from 8 pF to 10 pF.						
*D	120382	11/15/02	DFP	Final data sheet. Added note 4 to "AC Test Loads and Waveforms."						