PDU17F

# 7-BIT PROGRAMMABLE **DELAY LINE** SERIES PDU17F)

## FEATURES

- Digitally programmable in 128 delay steps
- Monotonic delay-versus-address variation
- Two separate outputs: inverting & non-inverting
- Precise and stable delays
- Input & outputs fully TTL interfaced & buffered •
- 10 T<sup>2</sup>L fan-out capability
- Fits standard 40-pin DIP socket •
- Auto-insertable

					PAC
N/C	1	 $\bigcirc$	40	þ	VCC
OUT/	2		39	Þ	N/C
OUT	3		38	Þ	A0
EN/	4		37	Þ	A1
GND	5		36	Þ	A2
N/C	6		35	Þ	VCC
N/C	7		34	Þ	N/C
N/C	8		33		A3
GND	9		32	Þ	A4
N/C	10		31	Þ	A5
N/C	11		30	Þ	VCC
N/C	12		29	Þ	N/C
N/C	13		28	Þ	N/C
GND	14		27	Þ	N/C
N/C	15		26	Þ	N/C
EN/	16		25	Þ	VCC
N/C	17		24	Þ	N/C
IN	18		23	Þ	A6
N/C	19		22	Þ	N/C
GND	20		21	Þ	N/C

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## KAGES

IN

OUT

EN/

VCC

PDU17F-xx DIP PDU17F-xxC5 Gull-Wing PDU17F-xxM Military DIP PDU17F-xxMC5 Military Gull-Wing

**PIN DESCRIPTIONS** 

OUT/ Inverted Output

+5 Volts GND Ground

A0-A6 Address Bits

**Delay Line Input** 

**Output Enable** 

Non-inverted Output

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The PDU17F-series device is a 7-bit digitally programmable delay line. The delay, TD<sub>A</sub>, from the input pin (IN) to the output pins (OUT, OUT/) depends on the address code (A6-A0) according to the following formula:

$$TD_A = TD_0 + T_{INC} * A$$

where A is the address code,  $T_{\mbox{\scriptsize INC}}$  is the incremental delay of the device, and TD<sub>0</sub> is the inherent delay of the device. The incremental delay is

specified by the dash number of the device and can range from 0.5ns through 10ns, inclusively. The enable pins (EN/) are held LOW during normal operation. These pins must always be in the same state and may be tied together externally. When these signals are brought HIGH, OUT and OUT/ are forced into LOW and HIGH states, respectively. The address is not latched and must remain asserted during normal operation.

### SERIES SPECIFICATIONS

- Programmed delay tolerance: 5% or 2ns, whichever is greater
- Inherent delay (TD<sub>0</sub>): 13ns typical (OUT) 12ns typical (OUT/)
- Setup time and propagation delay: • Address to input setup (T<sub>AIS</sub>): 10ns Disable to output delay (T<sub>DISO</sub>): 6ns typ. (OUT)
- Operating temperature: 0° to 70° C
- Temperature coefficient: 100PPM/°C (excludes TD<sub>0</sub>)
- Supply voltage V<sub>cc</sub>:  $5VDC \pm 5\%$
- Supply current: I<sub>CCH</sub> = 68ma
  - $I_{CCL} = 86ma$
- Minimum pulse width: 8% of total delay

### DASH NUMBER SPECIFICATIONS

Part Number	Incremental Delay Per Step (ns)	Total Delay Change (ns)
PDU17F5	.5 ± .3	$63.5\pm3.2$
PDU17F-1	1 ± .5	$127\pm6.4$
PDU17F-2	2 ± .5	$254 \pm 12.7$
PDU17F-3	3 ± 1.0	381 ± 19.1
PDU17F-4	4 ± 1.0	$508\pm25.4$
PDU17F-5	5 ± 1.5	$635\pm31.8$
PDU17F-6	6 ± 1.5	$762\pm38.1$
PDU17F-8	8 ± 2.0	$1,016 \pm 50.8$
PDU17F-10	$10\pm2.0$	$1,270 \pm 63.5$

NOTE: Any dash number between .5 and 10 not shown is also available.

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## **APPLICATION NOTES**

#### ADDRESS UPDATE

The PDU17F is a memory device. As such, special precautions must be taken when changing the delay address in order to prevent spurious output signals. The timing restrictions are shown in Figure 1.

After the last signal edge to be delayed has appeared on the OUT pin, a minimum time,  $T_{OAX}$ , is required before the address lines can change. This time is given by the following relation:

$$T_{OAX} = max \{ (A_i - A_{i-1}) * T_{INC}, 0 \}$$

where  $A_{i-1}$  and  $A_i$  are the old and new address codes, respectively. Violation of this constraint may, depending on the history of the input signal, cause spurious signals to appear on the OUT pin. The possibility of spurious signals persists until the required  $T_{OAX}$  has elapsed.

A similar situation occurs when using the EN/ signal to disable the output while IN is active. In this case, the unit must be held in the disabled state until the device is able to "clear" itself. This is achieved by holding the EN/ signal high and the IN signal low for a time given by:

 $T_{DISH} = A_i * T_{INC}$ 

Violation of this constraint may, depending on the history of the input signal, cause spurious signals to appear on the OUT pin. The possibility of spurious signals persists until the required  $T_{\text{DISH}}$  has elapsed.

#### INPUT RESTRICTIONS

There are three types of restrictions on input pulse width and period listed in the **AC Characteristics** table. The **recommended** conditions are those for which the delay tolerance specifications and monotonicity are guaranteed. The **suggested** conditions are those for which signals will propagate through the unit without significant distortion. The **absolute** conditions are those for which the unit will produce some type of output for a given input.

When operating the unit between the recommended and absolute conditions, the delays may deviate from their values at low frequency. However, these deviations will remain constant from pulse to pulse if the input pulse width and period remain fixed. In other words, the delay of the unit exhibits frequency and pulse width dependence when operated beyond the recommended conditions. Please consult the technical staff at Data Delay Devices if your application has specific high-frequency requirements.

Please note that the increment tolerances listed represent a design goal. Although most delay increments will fall within tolerance, they are not guaranteed throughout the address range of the unit. Monotonicity is, however, guaranteed over all addresses.

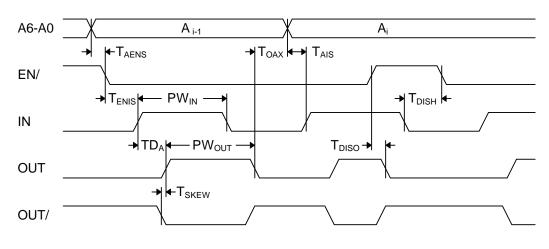


Figure 1: Timing Diagram

## **DEVICE SPECIFICATIONS**

PARAM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	UNITS	
Total Programmable	TD <sub>T</sub>		127	T <sub>INC</sub>	
Inherent Delay		TD <sub>0</sub>		13.0	ns
Output Skew		T <sub>SKEW</sub>		1.5	ns
Disable to Output Lo	ow Delay	T <sub>DISO</sub>		6.0	ns
Address to Enable S	Setup Time	T <sub>AENS</sub>	2.0		ns
Address to Input Se	tup Time	T <sub>AIS</sub>	10.0		ns
Enable to Input Setu	T <sub>ENIS</sub>	8.0		ns	
Output to Address C	Change	T <sub>OAX</sub>	See Text		
Disable Hold Time		T <sub>DISH</sub>	See Text		
	Absolute	PERIN	16		% of $TD_T$
Input Period	Suggested	PERIN	32		% of $TD_T$
	Recommended	PERIN	200		% of $TD_T$
	Absolute	PWIN	8		% of $TD_T$
Input Pulse Width	Suggested	PW <sub>IN</sub>	16		% of $TD_T$
	Recommended	PW <sub>IN</sub>	100		% of $TD_T$

## TABLE 1: AC CHARACTERISTICS

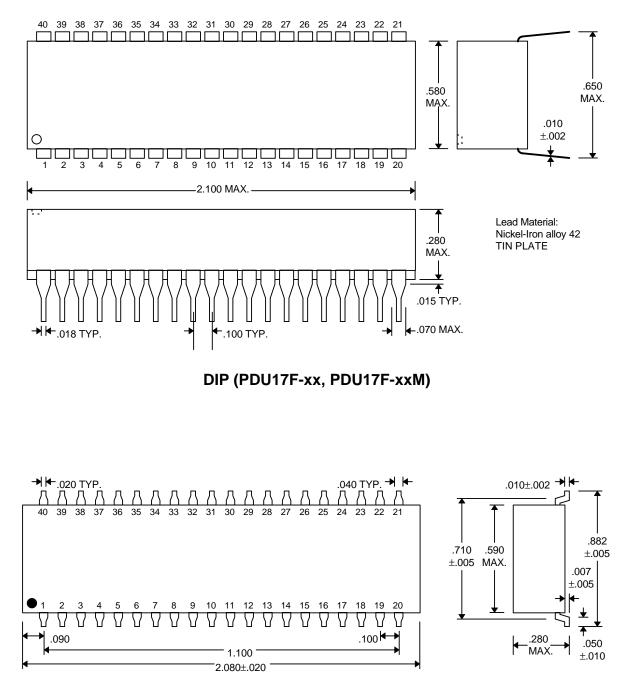
TABLE 2: ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
DC Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.3	7.0	V	
Input Pin Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STRG</sub>	-55	150	С	
Lead Temperature	T <sub>LEAD</sub>		300	С	10 sec

TABLE 3:	DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
	(0C to 70C, 4.75V to 5.25V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
High Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.5	3.4		V	$V_{CC} = MIN, I_{OH} = MAX$
						$V_{IH} = MIN, V_{IL} = MAX$
Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		0.35	0.5	V	$V_{CC} = MIN, I_{OL} = MAX$
						$V_{IH} = MIN, V_{IL} = MAX$
High Level Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub>			-1.0	mA	
Low Level Output Current	I <sub>OL</sub>			20.0	mA	
High Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0			V	
Low Level Input Voltage	VIL			0.8	V	
Input Clamp Voltage	V <sub>IK</sub>			-1.2	V	$V_{CC} = MIN, I_I = I_{IK}$
Input Current at Maximum	I <sub>IHH</sub>			0.1	mA	$V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 7.0V$
Input Voltage						
High Level Input Current	I <sub>IH</sub>			20	μΑ	$V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 2.7V$
Low Level Input Current	IIL			-0.6	mA	$V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 0.5V$
Short-circuit Output Current	l <sub>os</sub>	-60		-150	mA	$V_{CC} = MAX$
Output High Fan-out				25	Unit	
Output Low Fan-out				12.5	Load	

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



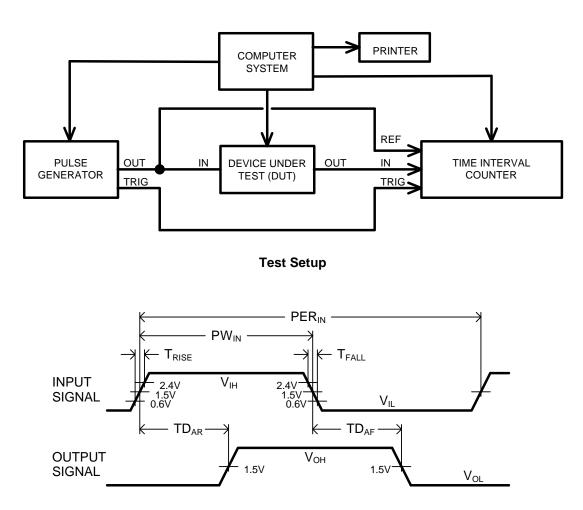


## **DELAY LINE AUTOMATED TESTING**

#### **TEST CONDITIONS**

	OUTPUT:	
$25^{\circ}C \pm 3^{\circ}C$	Load:	1 FAST-TTL Gate
$5.0V \pm 0.1V$	C <sub>load</sub> :	5pf ± 10%
High = $3.0V \pm 0.1V$	Threshold:	1.5V (Rising & Falling)
$Low = 0.0V \pm 0.1V$		
50Ω Max.		

**NOTE:** The above conditions are for test only and do not in any way restrict the operation of the device.



**Timing Diagram For Testing** 

**INPUT:** 

Input Pulse:

Source Impedance:

**Rise/Fall Time:** 

**Pulse Width:** 

Period:

**Ambient Temperature:**  $25^{\circ}C \pm 3^{\circ}C$ Supply Voltage (Vcc):  $5.0V \pm 0.1V$ 

3.0 ns Max. (measured between 0.6V and 2.4V)

 $PW_{IN} = 1.5 x$  Total Delay

PER<sub>IN</sub> = 4.5 x Total Delay