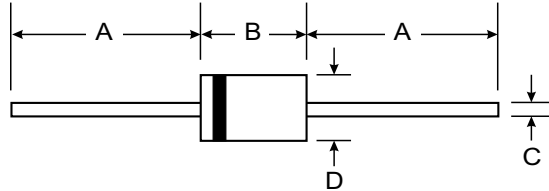


Features

- High Current Capability and Low Forward Drop
- High Surge Capacity
- Guard Ring for Transient Protection
- Low Power Loss, High Efficiency
- Plastic Package - UL Flammability Classification 94V-0



Mechanical Data

- Case: DO-201AD, Molded Plastic
- Leads: Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Polarity: Cathode band
- Approx. Weight: 1.1 grams
- Mounting Position: Any

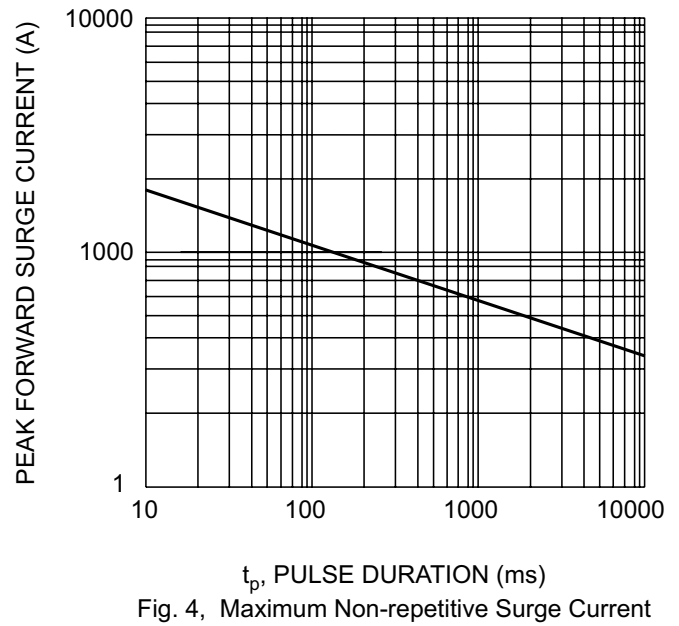
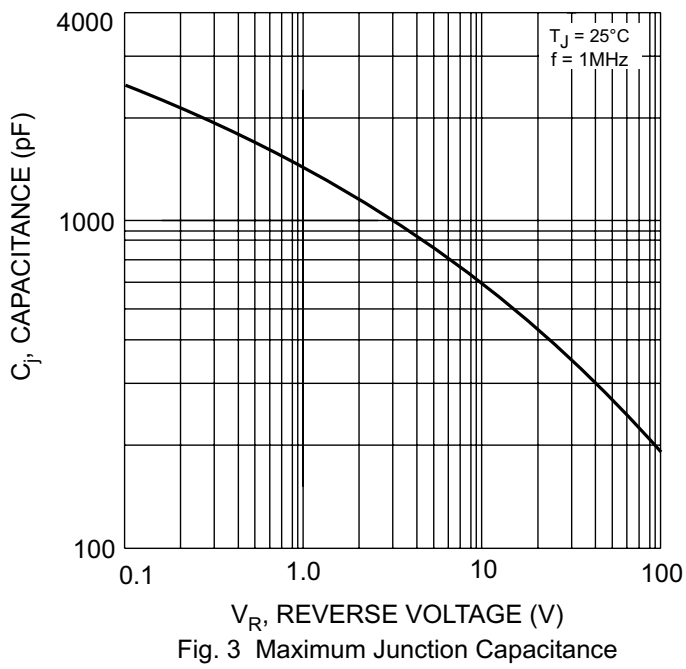
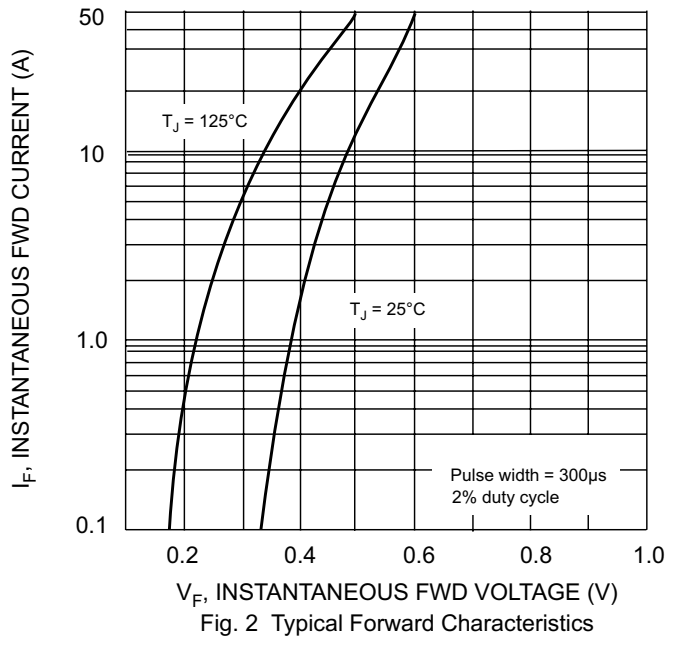
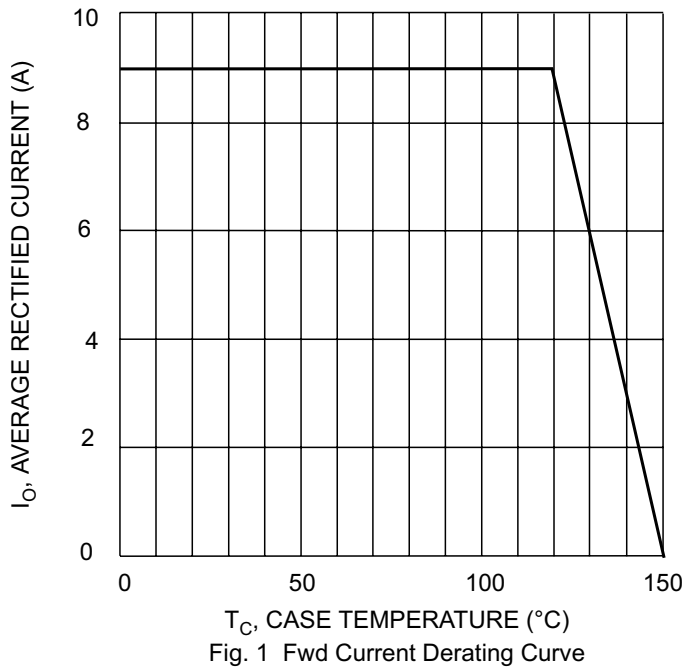
DO-201AD		
Dim	Min	Max
A	25.40	—
B	7.20	9.50
C	1.20	1.30
D	4.80	5.30
All Dimensions in mm		

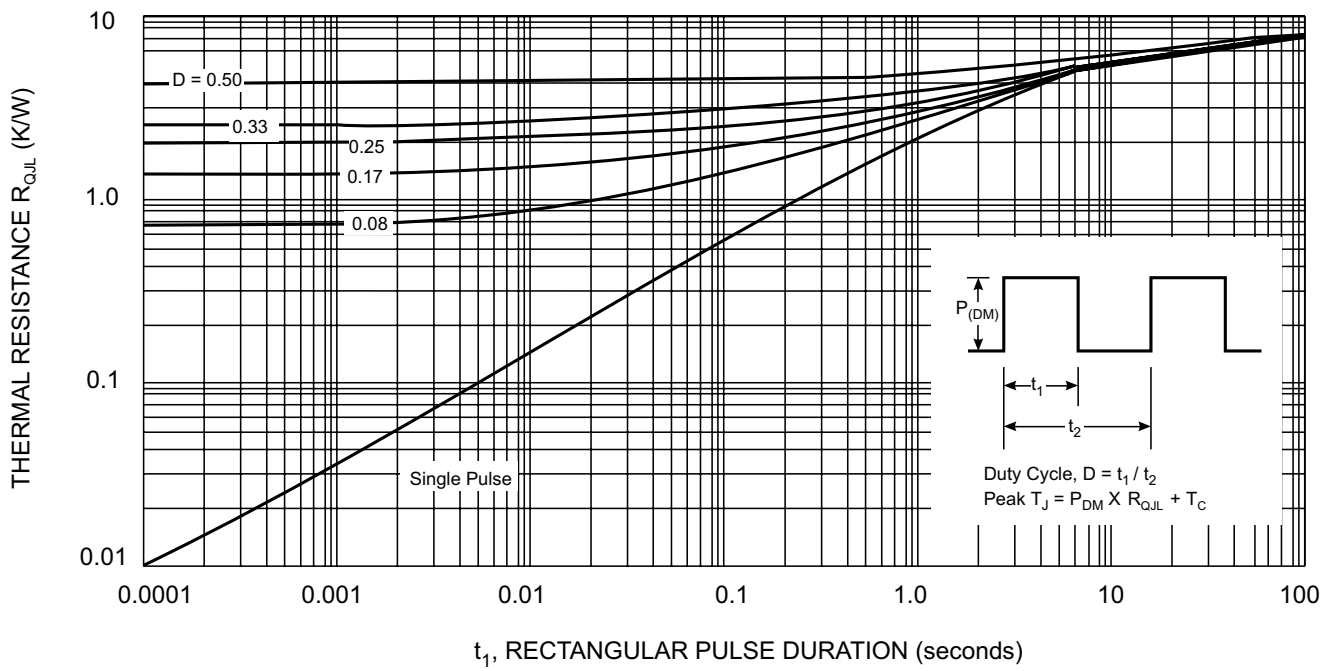
Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
 For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

Characteristic	Symbol	SD930	SD940	SD945	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V_{RRM} V_{RWM} V_R	30	40	45	V
Maximum Average Forward Current @ $T_C = 120^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 2)	I_O	9.0			A
Maximum Peak One-Cycle Surge Current @ 5 μs Sine Wave @ 10ms Sine Wave	I_{FSM}	2150 340			A
Forward Voltage (Note 1) @ $I_F = 9.0\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $I_F = 9.0\text{A}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ @ $I_F = 18\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $I_F = 18\text{A}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	V_{FM}	0.48 0.42 0.57 0.52			V
Voltage Rate of Change	dv/dt	10,000			V/ μs
Peak Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage (Note 1) @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{RM}	0.8 70			mA
Maximum Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	C_j	900			pF
Typical Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Note 4)	$R_{\theta JL}$	8.0			K/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_j, T_{STG}	-65 to +150			$^\circ\text{C}$

- Notes:
1. Pulse width $\leq \mu\text{s}$ - Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
 2. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V.
 3. Device mounted to heat sink with 1/8" lead length.
 4. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Lead Vertical PC Board Mounting, 9.5mm Lead Length.





t_1 , RECTANGULAR PULSE DURATION (seconds)
 Fig. 5, Typical Thermal Resistance R_{QJL}

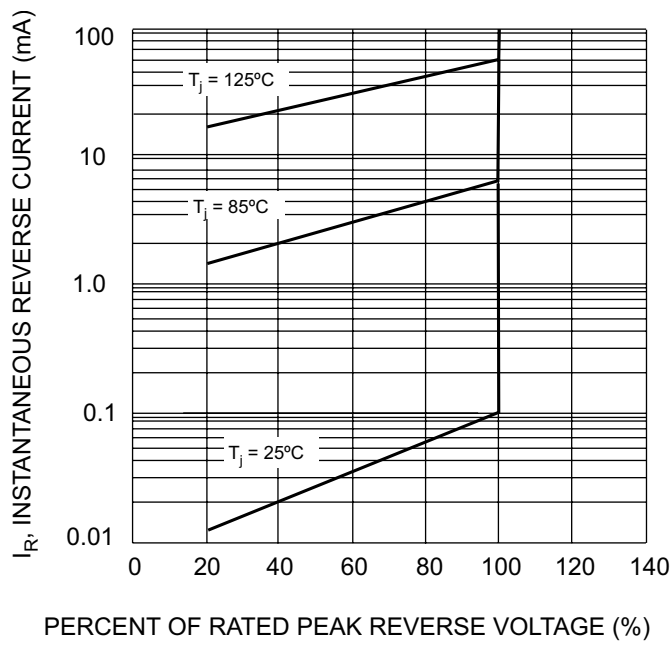


Fig. 6, Typical I_R vs. % of V_R