



Powerline N-Channel Single Switch IGBT Module

Advance Information

DS5173-4.0 January 2000

Replaces October 1999 version, DS5173-3.0

The GP1600FSS12 is a single switch 1200V, robust n channel enhancement mode insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT) module. Designed for low power loss, the module is suitable for a variety of high voltage applications in motor drives and power conversion. The high impedance gate simplifies gate drive considerations enabling operation directly from low power control circuitry.

Fast switching times allow high frequency operation making the device suitable for the latest drive designs employing pwm and high frequency switching. The IGBT has a wide reverse bias safe operating area (RBSOA) for ultimate reliability in demanding applications.

These modules incorporate electrically isolated base plates and low inductance construction enabling circuit designers to optimise circuit layouts and utilise earthed heat sinks for safety.

The powerline range of high power modules includes dual and single switch configurations with a range of current and voltage capabilities to match customer system demands.

Typical applications include dc motor drives, ac pwm drives, main traction drives and auxiliaries, large ups systems and resonant inverters.

FEATURES

- n Channel
- Enhancement Mode
- High Input Impedance
- Optimised For High Power High Frequency Operation
- Isolated Base
- Full 1200V Capability
- 1600A Per Module

APPLICATIONS

- High Power Switching
- Motor Control
- Inverters
- Traction Systems

KEY PARAMETERS 1200V (typ) 2.7V

 $egin{array}{lll} V_{\text{CE(sat)}} & (\text{typ}) & 2.7V \\ I_{\text{C}} & (\text{max}) & 1600A \\ I_{\text{C(PK)}} & (\text{max}) & 3200A \\ \end{array}$

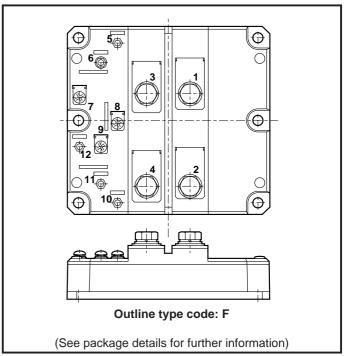


Fig. 1 Electrical connections - (not to scale)

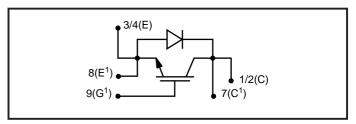


Fig.2 Single switch circuit diagram

ORDERING INFORMATION

Order As: GP1600FSS12

Note: When ordering, please use the whole part number.

Caution: This device is sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Users should follow ESD handling procedures.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses above those listed under 'Absolute Maximum Ratings' may cause permanent damage to the device. In extreme conditions, as with all semiconductors, this may inlcude potentially hazardous rupture of the package. Appropriate safety precautions should always be followed.

T_{case} = 25°C unless stated otherwise.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Max.	Units
V _{CES}	Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{GE} = 0V$	1200	V
V_{GES}	Gate-emitter voltage	-	±20	V
I _c	Collector current	DC, T _{case} = 25°C	2100	А
		DC, $T_{case} = 75^{\circ}C$	1600	А
I _{C(PK)}		1ms, $T_{case} = 75^{\circ}C$	3200	А
P _{max}	Maximum power dissipation	$T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ (Transistor)	11400	W
V _{isol}	Isolation voltage	Commoned terminals to base plate. AC RMS, 1 min, 50Hz	2500	V

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal resistance - transistor	DC junction to case	-	11	°C/kW
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal resistance - diode	DC junction to case -	-	20	°C/kW
$R_{\text{th(c-h)}}$	Thermal resistance - Case to heatsink (per module)	Mounting torque 5Nm (with mounting grease)	-	8	°C/kW
T _j	Junction temperature	Transistor	-	150	°C
		Diode	-	125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-	-40	125	°C
-	Screw torque	Mounting - M6	-	5	Nm
		Electrical connections - M4	-	2	Nm
		Electrical connections - M8	-	10	Nm

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

T_{case} = 25°C unless stated otherwise.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
I _{CES}	Collector cut-off current	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = V_{CES}$	-	-	2	mA
		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = V_{CES}, T_{case} = 125^{\circ}C$	-	-	75	mA
I _{GES}	Gate leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V, V_{CE} = 0V$	-	-	8	μΑ
$V_{\text{GE(TH)}}$	Gate threshold voltage	$I_{\rm C}$ = 120mA, $V_{\rm GE}$ = $V_{\rm CE}$	4	-	7.5	V
V	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{GE} = 15V, I _C =1600A	1	2.7	3.5	V
V _{CE(SAT)}		V _{GE} = 15V, I _C = 1600A, T _{case} = 125°C	-	3.2	4.0	V
I _F	Diode forward current	DC	-	-	1600	А
I _{FM}	Diode maximum forward current	t _p = 1ms	-	-	3200	А
V _F	Diode forward voltage	I _F =1600A	-	2.2	2.4	V
		I _F =1600A, T _{case} = 125°C	1	2.3	2.5	V
C _{ies}	Input capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$	-	180	-	nF
L _M	Module inductance	-	-	15	-	nH

INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

For definition of switching waveforms, refer to figure 3 and 4.

 $T_{case} = 25$ °C unless stated otherwise

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time	$I_{C} = 1600A$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15V$ $V_{CE} = 600$ $R_{G(ON)} = R_{G(OFF)} = 3.3\Omega$ $L \sim 100nH$	-	1650	1800	ns
t _f	Fall time		-	200	250	ns
E _{OFF}	Turn-off energy loss		-	350	450	mJ
t _{d(on)}	Turn-on delay time		-	1600	1750	ns
t _r	Rise time		-	450	550	ns
E _{on}	Turn-on energy loss		-	160	200	mJ
Q _{rr}	Diode reverse recovery charge	$I_F = 1600A$ $V_R = 50\%V_{CES}$, $dI_F/dt = 2000A/\mu s$	-	100	130	μС

$T_{case} = 125$ °C unless stated otherwise.

t _{d(off)}	Turn-off delay time	$I_{c} = 1600A$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15V$ $V_{CE} = 600$ $R_{G(ON)} = R_{G(OFF)} = 3.3\Omega$ $L \sim 100nH$	-	1900	2100	ns
t _f	Fall time		-	250	300	ns
E _{OFF}	Turn-off energy loss		-	400	500	mJ
t _{d(on)}	Turn-on delay time		-	1750	2000	ns
t _r	Rise time		-	500	550	ns
E _{on}	Turn-on energy loss		-	250	350	mJ
Q _{rr}	Diode reverse recovery charge	$I_F = 1600A$ $V_R = 50\%V_{CES}$ $dI_F/dt = 2000A/\mu s$	-	250	350	μС

SWITCHING DEFINITIONS

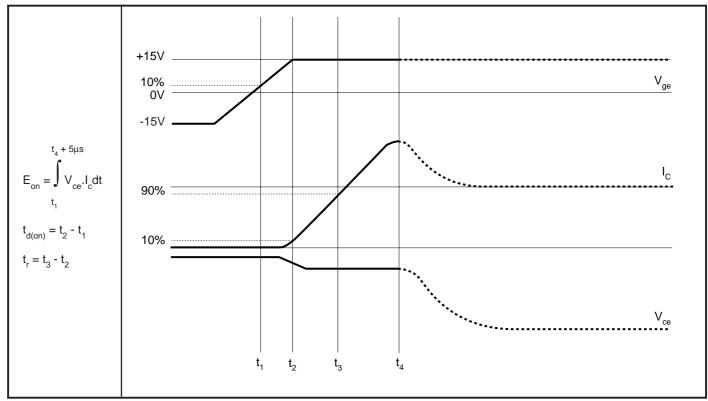


Fig.3 Definition of turn-on switching times

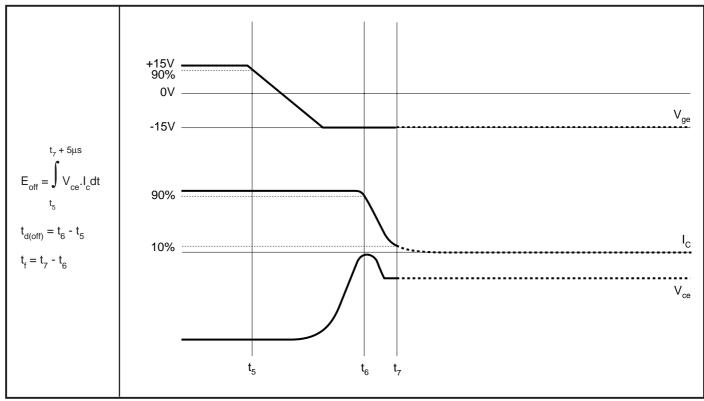
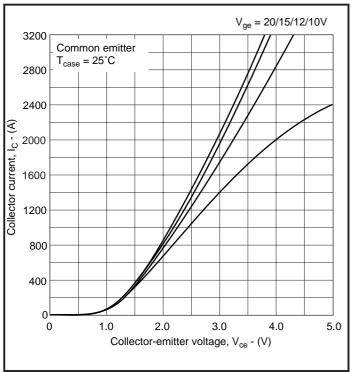


Fig.4 Definition of turn-off switching times

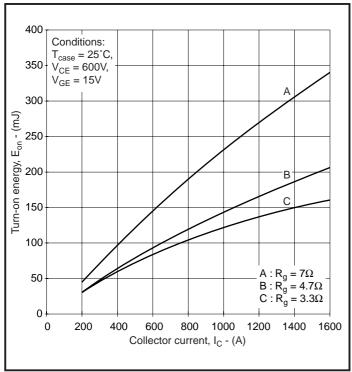
CURVES



| V_{ge} = 20/15/12/10V | 2800 | T_{case} = 125°C | 2400 | 2400 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2

Fig.5 Typical output characteristics

Fig.6 Typical output characteristics





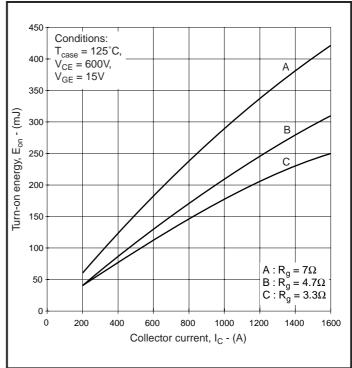
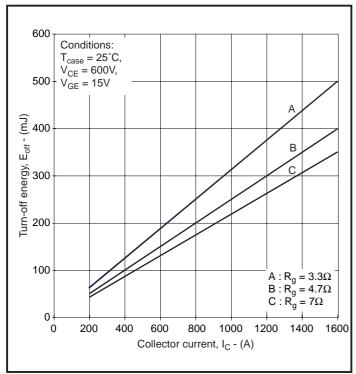


Fig.8 Typical turn-on energy vs collector current



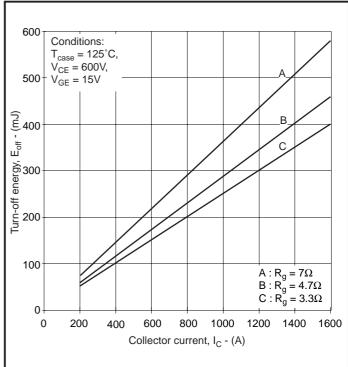
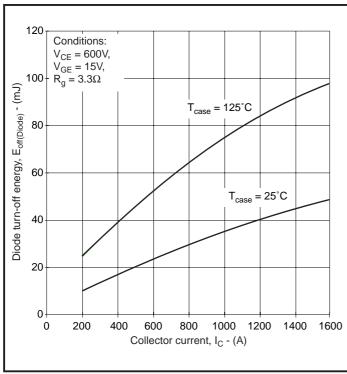


Fig.9 Typical turn-off energy vs collector current

Fig.10 Typical turn-off energy vs collector current





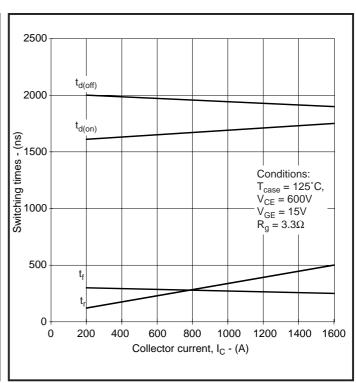


Fig.12 Typical switching times

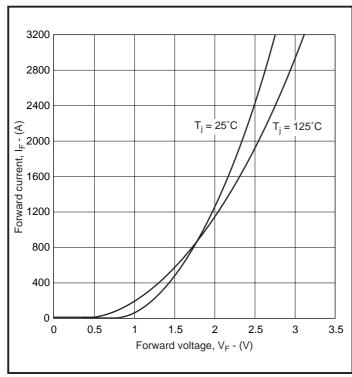


Fig.13 Diode typical forward characteristics

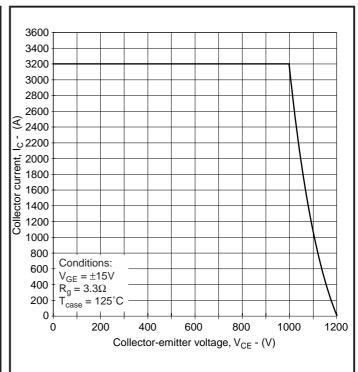


Fig.14 Reverse bias safe operating area

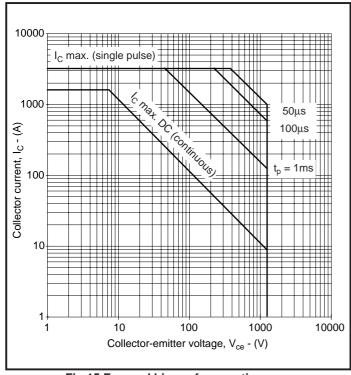


Fig.15 Forward bias safe operating area

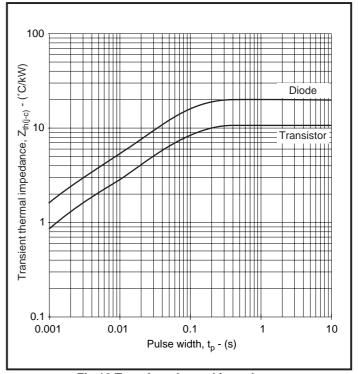
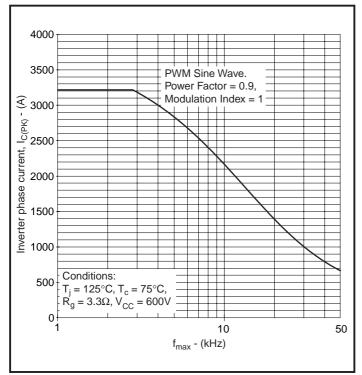


Fig.16 Transient thermal impedance



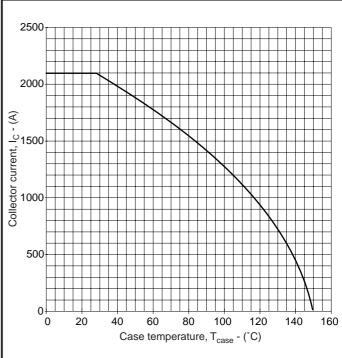
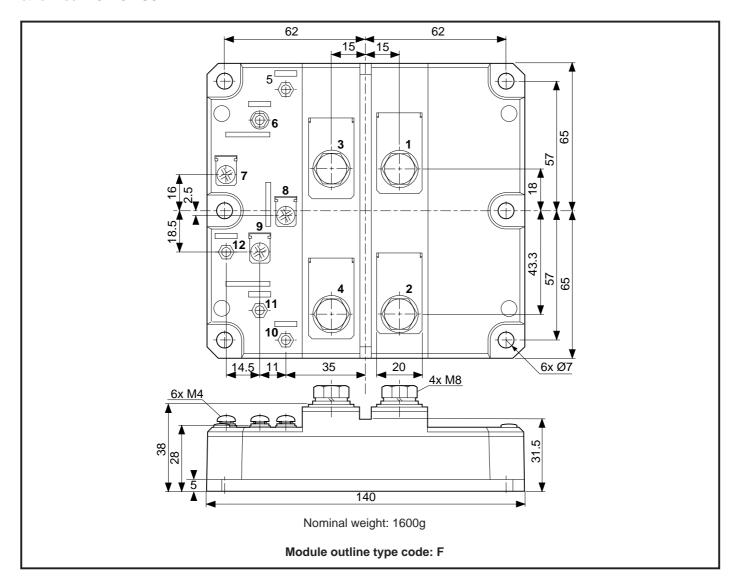


Fig.17 3-Phase inverter operating frequency

Fig.18 DC current rating vs case temperature

PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact your local Customer Service Centre. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.



ASSOCIATED PUBLICATIONS

Title	Application Note	
	Number	
Electrostatic handling precautions	AN4502	
An introduction to IGBTs	AN4503	
IGBT ratings and characteristics	AN4504	
Heatsink requirements for IGBT modules	AN4505	
Calculating the junction temperature of power semiconductors	AN4506	
Gate drive considerations to maximise IGBT efficiency	AN4507	
Parallel operation of IGBTs – punch through vs non-punch through characteristics	AN4508	
Guidance notes for formulating technical enquiries	AN4869	
Principle of rating parallel connected IGBT modules	AN5000	
Short circuit withstand capability in IGBTs	AN5167	
Driving high power IGBTs with concept gate drivers	AN5190	

Caution: This device is sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Users should follow ESD handling procedures.

POWER ASSEMBLY CAPABILITY

The Power Assembly group was set up to provide a support service for those customers requiring more than the basic semiconductor, and has developed a flexible range of heatsink / clamping systems in line with advances in device types and the voltage and current capability of our semiconductors.

We offer an extensive range of air and liquid cooled assemblies covering the full range of circuit designs in general use today. The Assembly group continues to offer high quality engineering support dedicated to designing new units to satisfy the growing needs of our customers.

Using the up to date CAD methods our team of design and applications engineers aim to provide the Power Assembly Complete solution (PACs).

HEATSINKS

Power Assembly has it's own proprietary range of extruded aluminium heatsinks. They have been designed to optimise the performance or our semiconductors. Data with respect to air natural, forced air and liquid cooling (with flow rates) is available on

For further information on device clamps, heatsinks and assemblies, please contact your nearest Sales Representative or the factory.



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