

September 1990 Revised August 2000

100390

Low Power Single Supply Hex PECL-to-TTL Translator

General Description

The 100390 is a hex translator for converting F100K logic levels to TTL logic levels. Unlike other level translators, the 100390 operates using only one +5V supply. Differential inputs allow each circuit to be used as an inverting, noninverting, or differential receiver. An internal reference generator provides V_{BB} for single-ended operation. The standard FAST® 3-STATE outputs are enabled by a common active low TTL compatible $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input. Partitioned V_{CC} s on chip are brought out on separate power pins, allowing the noisy TTL V_{CC} power plane to be isolated from the relatively quiet ECL V_{CC} . The 100390 is ideal for applications limited to a single +5V supply, allowing for easy ECL to TTL Interfacing.

Features

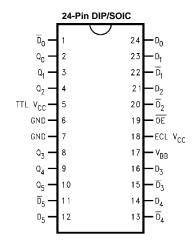
- Operates from a single +5V supply
- 3-STATE outputs
- 2000V ESD protection
- V_{BB} supplied for single-ended operation

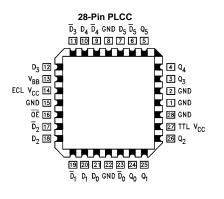
Ordering Code:

| Order Number | Package Number | Package Description |
|--------------|----------------|--|
| 100390SC | M24B | 24-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300 Wide |
| 100390PC | N24E | 24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-010, 0.400 Wide |
| 100390QC | V28A | 28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square |
| 100390QI | | 28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square Industrial Temperature Range (–40°C to +85°C) |

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

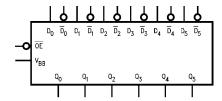
Connection Diagrams





FAST® is a registered trademark of Fairchild Semiconductor.

Logic Symbol



Pin Descriptions

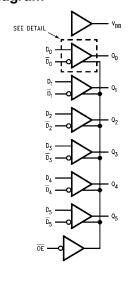
| Description |
|------------------------------|
| Data Inputs (PECL) |
| Inverting Data Inputs (PECL) |
| Data Outputs (TTL) |
| Output Enable (TTL) |
| Reference Voltage (PECL) |
| |

Truth Table

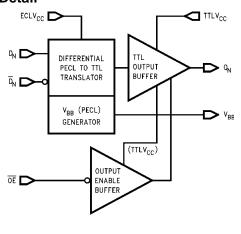
| Data | | Control | TTL | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------|---------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Inputs | | Input | Outputs | | | | |
| (PECL) | | (TTL) | | Comments | | | |
| D _n | D _n | OE | Qn | | | | |
| Х | Х | Н | Z | Outputs Disable | | | |
| L | Н | L | L | Differential Operation | | | |
| Н | L | L | Н | Differential Operation | | | |
| L | L | L | U | Invalid Input States | | | |
| Н | Н | L | U | Invalid Input States | | | |
| OPEN | OPEN | L | U | Invalid Input States | | | |
| L | V_{BB} | L | L | Single Ended Operation | | | |
| Н | V_{BB} | L | Н | Single Ended Operation | | | |
| V_{BB} | L | L | Н | Single Ended Operation | | | |
| V_{BB} | Н | L | L | Single Ended Operation | | | |
| V_{BB} | OPEN | L | Н | Single Ended Operation | | | |
| OPEN | V_{BB} | L | L | Single Ended Operation | | | |

- H = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level Z = HIGH Impedance U = Undefined

Logic Diagram



Detail



Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C Maximum Junction Temperature +150°C V_{CC} Pin Potential to Ground Pin -0.5V to +7.0V

TTL Input Voltage (Note 2) -0.5V to +7.0V TTL Input Current (Note 2) -30 mA to +5.0 mA V_{BB} Output Current -5.0 mA to +1.0 mA **ECL Input Potential** GND to ECL $\ensuremath{V_{CC}} + 0.5\ensuremath{\text{V}}$

V_{CC} Differential

ECL V_{CC} to TTL V_{CC} -1.0V to +1.0V

Voltage Applied to Output in High State (with $V_{CC} = 0V$)

3-STATE Output -0.5V to +5.5V

Current Applied to Output

Twice the Rated I_{OL} (mA) in Low State (Max) 2000V

ESD Last Passing Voltage (Min)

Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature 0°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Supply Voltage +4.75V to +5.25V

Note 1: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum rating. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

DC Electrical Characteristics

ECL $V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 5\%$, TTL $V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 5\%$, GND = 0V

| Symbol | Parameter | | Min | Max | Units | Conditions | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|----|-----------|
| V _{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage | Data | ECL V _{CC} - 1.165 | ECL V _{CC} - 0.870 | V | Guaranteed HIGH Signal for ALL Inputs (with One Input Tied to V _{BB}) | | |
| | | ŌĒ | 2.0 | | V | Guaranteed HIGH Signal (TTL) | | |
| V _{IL} | Input LOW Voltage | Data | ECL V _{CC} – 1.830 | ECL V _{CC} – 1.475 | ٧ | Guaranteed LOW Signal for ALL Inputs (with One Input Tied to V _{BB}) | | |
| | | ŌE | | 0.8 | V | Guaranteed LOW Signal (TTL) | | |
| V _{BB} | Output Reference Voltage | • | ECL V _{CC} - 1.38 | ECL V _{CC} - 1.26 | V | I _{BB} = 0.0 mA or -1.0 mA | | |
| V _{OH} | Output HIGH Voltage (TTL) | | 2.7 | | V | I _{OH} = -3 mA | | |
| V _{OL} | Output LOW Voltage (TTL) | | | 0.5 | V | I _{OL} = 24 mA | | |
| I _{IH} | Input HIGH Current | Data | | 50 | μА | $V_{IN} = V_{IH}(Max), D_0-D_5 = V_{BB},$ $\overline{D}_0-\overline{D}_5 = V_{IL}(Min)$ | | |
| | | ŌĒ | | 20 | μΑ | V _{IN} = 2.7V (TTL) | | |
| I _{IL} | Input LOW Current | ŌĒ | | -200 | μΑ | V _{IN} = 0.5V (TTL) | | |
| I _{BVI} | Input Breakdown Current | ŌE | | 10 | μΑ | V _{IN} = 7.0V (TTL) | | |
| I _{CBO} | Input Leakage Current | | -10 | | μА | $V_{IN} = GND, D_0 - D_5 = V_{BB}$ $D_0 - D_5 = V_{IL}(Min)$ | | |
| I _{OZH} | 3-STATE Current Output HIGH | | | 50 | μА | V _{OUT} = +2.7V | | |
| I _{OZL} | 3-STATE Current Output LOW | | | -50 | μΑ | V _{OUT} = +0.5V | | |
| I _{CC} | ECL Supply Current | | 13 | 30 | mA | | | |
| I _{CCZ} | TTL Supply Current | | 10 | 20 | mA | 3-STATE | | |
| I _{CCL} | TTL Supply Current | | TL Supply Current | | 8 | 17 | mA | Low State |
| I _{CCH} | TTL Supply Current HIGH | | 0.4 | 2.0 | mA | HIGH State | | |
| Ios | Output Short-Circuit Current | | -150 | -60 | mA | $V_{OUT} = 0.0V, V_{CC} = +5.25$ | | |
| V _{Diff} | Differential Input Voltage | | 150 | | mV | Required for Full Output Swing | | |
| V _{CM} | Common Mode Voltage | | ECL V _{CC} - 2.0 | ECL V _{CC} - 0.5 | V | | | |
| V _{CD} | Clamp Diode Voltage | | | -1.2 | V | I _{IN} = -18 mA | | |

DIP AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 5\%; \, T_{C} = 0^{\circ} C \text{ to } +85^{\circ} C$

| Symbol | Parameter | $T_C = 0$ °C | | T _C = +25°C | | $T_C = +85^{\circ}C$ | | Units | Figure |
|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----|------------------------|-----|----------------------|-----|-------|------------|
| Syllibol | Parameter | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | | Number |
| f _{MAX} | Maximum Clock Frequency | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | | MHz | |
| t _{PLH} | Propagation Delay | 3.5 | 7.2 | 3.5 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 6.7 | ns | Figure 1 |
| t _{PHL} | Data to Output | 3.5 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 115 | i iguie i |
| t _{PZH} | Output Enable Time | 2.7 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 5.1 | | Fig. 120 0 |
| t_{PZL} | | 2.4 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 4.2 | ns | Figure 2 |
| t _{PHZ} | Output Disable Time | 2.9 | 5.8 | 2.9 | 5.4 | 2.7 | 5.1 | | Figure 2 |
| t _{PLZ} | | 2.3 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 3.9 | ns | Figure 2 |

SOIC and PLCC Package AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 5\%; T_C = 0$ °C to +85°C

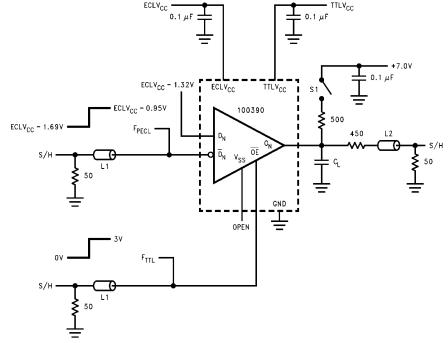
| Symbol | Parameter | $T_C = 0$ °C | | T _C = +25°C | | T _C = +85°C | | Units | Figure |
|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|--------|-----------|
| Symbol | raiametei | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Ullits | Number |
| f _{MAX} | Maximum Clock Frequency | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | | MHz | |
| t _{PLH} | Propagation Delay | 3.5 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 3.5 | 6.5 | ns | Figure 1 |
| t _{PHL} | Data to Output | 3.3 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 113 | i iguie i |
| t _{PZH} | Output Enable Time | 2.7 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 4.9 | ns | Figure 2 |
| t _{PZL} | | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 113 | i igule 2 |
| t _{PHZ} | Output Disable Time | 2.9 | 5.6 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 4.9 | ns | Figure 2 |
| t _{PLZ} | | 2.3 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 3.7 | | |

Switching Waveforms PECL INPUT TTL OUTPUT $^{\mathsf{t}}_{\mathsf{pZL}}$ TTL OUTPUT TTL OUTPUT V_{0L}+0.3V

FIGURE 1. Data to Output Propagation Delay

FIGURE 2. Enable/Disable Propagation Delay

Test Circuit



GND = 0V, ECL V_{CC} = +5V, TTL V_{CC} = +5V L1 and L2 = equal length 50Ω impedance lines

 50Ω terminators are internal to S/H measurement unit Decoupling 0.1 μF from GND to ECL V_{CC} and TTL V_{CC}

All unused outputs are loaded with 500Ω to GND

 C_L = Fixture and stray capacitance = 50 pF

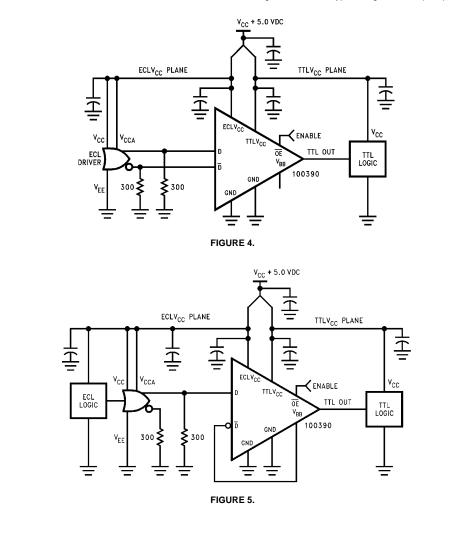
Switch S1 is open for $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize PLH}},\,t_{\mbox{\scriptsize PHL}},\,t_{\mbox{\scriptsize PHZ}}$ and $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize PZH}}$ tests

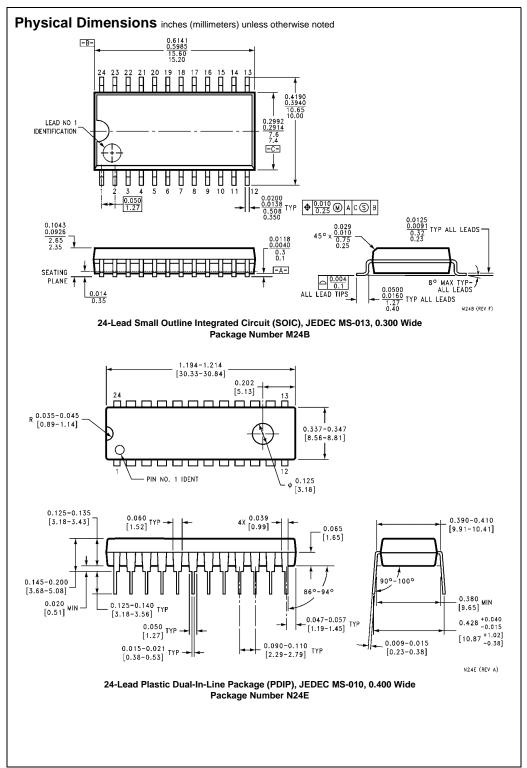
Switch S1 is closed only for $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize PLZ}}$ and $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize PZL}}$ tests

FIGURE 3. AC Test Circuit

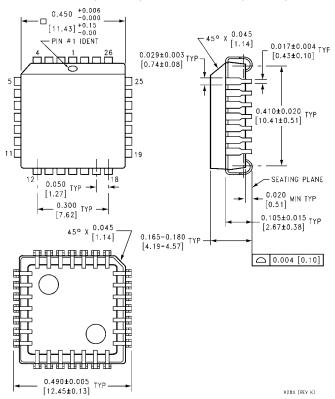
Application Notes

- 1. Device performance will be enhanced by the use of dual $V_{\rm CC}$ power planes as illustrated in the Application Figures 4, 5. This will minimize the coupling of TTL switching noise into the primary reference to the ECL circuitry and take full advantage of the 100390's on chip $V_{\rm CC}$ partitioning.
- The device's partitioned V_{CC} may be operated from two 5V, 5% tolerance, supplies provided that they are ramped up/down together so that the max differential is 1V. This is to prevent overstress to internal ESD diodes. If the ECL driver to the F390 is powered from a separate supply, it must obey this sequence rule also.
- 3. Glitch-free power up, independent of Data input levels, is achieved if TTL logic HIGH is held on the Output Enable pin during ramping up/down of the V_{CC} supply.
- 4. Undefined output states can occur for some invalid combinations. See Truth Table. This should be avoided to prevent possible oscillation or increased power consumption due to TTL outputs biased into a quasi state with both pullup and pulldown stages partially on. 3-STATEing the outputs will counteract the effects of invalid input states.
- 5. Pins 8, 15, and 22 on the 28-pin PLCC package are tied to the chip's substrate and are named GNDs. These pins are electrically common to the ground pins 1, 2, and 28. For best thermal performance, tie the GND pins to the circuit ground plane. They may be tied to an electrically isolated thermal dissipation plane or may float.
- 6. Figure 4 illustrates typical differential input operation.
- 7. Figure 5 illustrates typical single-ended input operation.





Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square Package Number V28A

Fairchild does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and Fairchild reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

www.fairchildsemi.com