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100397

Quad Differential ECL/TTL Translating Transceiver with Latch

General Description

The 100397 is a quad latched transceiver designed to convert TTL logic levels to differential F100K ECL logic levels and vice versa. This device was designed with the capability of driving a differential 25Ω ECL load with cutoff capability, and will sink a 64 mA TTL load. The 100397 is ideal for mixed technology applications utilizing either an ECL or TTL backplane.

The direction of translation is set by the direction control pin (DIR). The DIR pin on the 100397 accepts F100K ECL logic levels. An ECL LOW on DIR sets up the ECL pins as inputs and TTL pins as outputs. An ECL HIGH on DIR sets up the TTL pins as inputs and ECL pins as outputs.

A LOW on the output enable input pin (OE) holds the ECL output in a cut-off state and the TTL outputs at a high impedance level. A HIGH on the latch enable input (LE) latches the data at both inputs even though only one output is enabled at the time. A LOW on LE makes the latch transparent.

The cut-off state is designed to be more negative than a normal ECL LOW level. This allows the output emitterfollowers to turn off when the termination supply is −2.0V, presenting a high impedance to the data bus. This high impedance reduces termination power and prevents loss of low state noise margin when several loads share the bus.

The 100397 is designed with FAST® TTL output buffers, featuring optimal DC drive and capable of quickly charging and discharging highly capacitive loads. All inputs have 50 KΩ pull-down resistors.

Features

- Differential ECL input/output structure
- 64 mA FAST TTL outputs
- 25Ω differential ECL outputs with cut-off
- Bi-directional translation
- 2000V ESD protection
- Latched outputs
- 3-STATE outputs
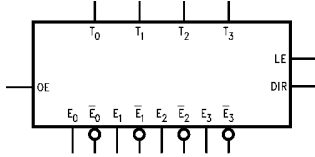- Voltage compensated operating range = −4.2V to −5.7V

Ordering Code:

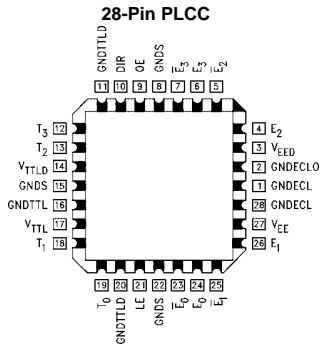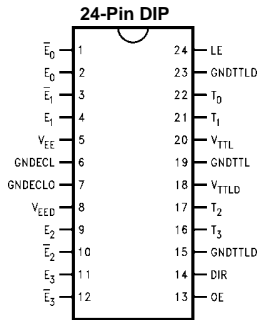| Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
100397PC	N24E	24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-010, 0.400 Wide
100397QC	V28A	28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square
100397QI	V28A	28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square Industrial Temperature Range (−40°C to +85°C)

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

FAST® is a registered trademark of Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation.

Logic Symbol

Connection Diagrams

24-Pin DIP

28-Pin PLCC

Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
E_0–E_3	ECL Data I/O
$\overline{E}_0$–$\overline{E}_3$	Complementary ECL Data I/O
T_0–T_3	TTL Data I/O
OE	Output Enable Input (ECL Levels)
LE	Latch Enable Input (ECL Levels)
DIR	Direction Control Input (ECL levels)
GNDECL	ECL Ground
GNDECLO	ECL Output Ground
GNDS	ECL Ground-to-Substrate
V_{EE}	ECL Quiescent Power Supply
V_{EED}	ECL Dynamic Power Supply
GNDTTL	TTL Quiescent Ground
GNDTTLD	TTL Dynamic Ground
V_{TTL}	TTL Quiescent Power Supply
V_{TTLD}	TTL Dynamic Power Supply

All pins function at 100K ECL levels except for T_0–T_3.

Truth Table

LE	DIR	OE	ECL Port	TTL Port	Notes
0	0	0	LOW (Cut-Off)	Z	
0	0	1	Input	Output	(Note 1)(Note 4)
0	1	0	LOW (Cut-Off)	Z	
0	1	1	Output	Input	(Note 2)(Note 4)
1	0	0	Input	Z	(Note 1)(Note 3)
1	0	1	Latched	X	(Note 1)(Note 3)
1	1	0	LOW (Cut-Off)	Input	(Note 2)(Note 3)
1	1	1	Latched	X	(Note 2)(Note 3)

H = HIGH Voltage Level
L = LOW Voltage Level
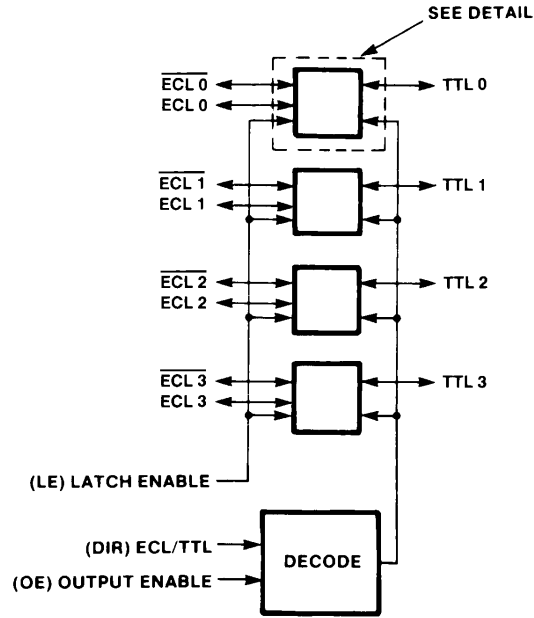X = Don't Care
Z = High Impedance

Note 1: ECL input to TTL output mode.

Note 2: TTL input to ECL output mode.

Note 3: Retains data present before LE set HIGH.

Note 4: Latch is transparent.

Functional Diagram

SEE DETAIL

$\overline{ECL\ 0}$ ◄— ► TTL 0
ECL 0 ◄— ►

$\overline{ECL\ 1}$ ◄— ► TTL 1
ECL 1 ◄— ►

$\overline{ECL\ 2}$ ◄— ► TTL 2
ECL 2 ◄— ►

$\overline{ECL\ 3}$ ◄— ► TTL 3
ECL 3 ◄— ►

(LE) LATCH ENABLE

(DIR) ECL/TTL —► DECODE
(OE) OUTPUT ENABLE —►

Note: LE, DIR, and OE use ECL logic levels

Detail

ECL-TTL TRANSLATOR
D LATCH
TTL OUTPUT BUFFER
D Q
E
ECL
$\overline{ECL}$
TTL
ECL OUTPUT BUFFER
Q D
E
TTL – ECL TRANSLATOR
LATCH ENABLE
DIRECTION
OUTPUT ENABLE

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Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 5)

Storage Temperature (T_{STG})	−65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	
(T_J)	+150°C
V_{EE} Pin Potential to Ground Pin	−7.0V to +0.5V
V_{TTL} Pin Potential to Ground Pin	−0.5V to +6.0V
ECL Input Voltage (DC)	V_{EE} to +0.5V
ECL Output Current	
(DC Output HIGH)	−50 mA
TTL Input Voltage (Note 7)	−0.5V to +7.0V
TTL Input Current (Note 7)	−30 mA to +5.0 mA
Voltage Applied to Output	
in HIGH State	
3-STATE Output	−0.5V to +5.5V
Current Applied to TTL	
Output in LOW State (Max)	twice the Rated I_{OL} (mA)
ESD (Note 6)	≥2000V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature (T_C)	
Commercial	0°C to +85°C
Industrial	−40°C to +85°C
ECL Supply Voltage (V_{EE})	−5.7V to −4.2V
TTL Supply Voltage (V_{TTL})	+4.5V to +5.5V

Note 5: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum rating. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 6: ESD testing conforms to MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.

Note 7: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

Commercial Version

TTL-to-ECL DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 8)

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to −5.7V, GND = 0V, T_C = 0°C to +85°C, V_{TTL} = +4.5V to +5.5V

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	−1025	−955	−870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$ or $V_{IL(Min)}$
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	−1830	−1705	−1620	mV	Loading with 50Ω to − 2V
	Cutoff Voltage		−2000	−1950	mV	OE and LE Low, DIR High $V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$ or V_{IL}(Min), Loading with 50Ω to −2V
V_{OHC}	Output HIGH Voltage Corner Point High	−1035			mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Min)}$ or $V_{IL(Max)}$ Loading with 50Ω to −2V
V_{OLC}	Output LOW Voltage Corner Point Low			−1610	mV	
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0		5.0	V	Over V_{TTL}, V_{EE}, T_C Range
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	0		0.8	V	Over V_{TTL}, V_{EE}, T_C Range
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			5.0	μA	$V_{IN} = +2.7V$
I_{BVIT}	Input HIGH Current Breakdown (I/O)			0.5	mA	$V_{IN} = 5.5V$
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	−1.0			mA	$V_{IN} = +0.5V$
V_{FCD}	Input Clamp Diode Voltage	−1.2			V	$I_{IN} = -18$ mA
I_{EE}	V_{EE} Supply Current	−99		−50		LE Low, OE and DIR HIGH Inputs Open
I_{EEZ}	V_{EE} Supply Current	−159		−90		LE and OE Low, Dir HIGH Inputs Open

Note 8: The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

Commercial Version (Continued)
ECL-to-TTL DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 9)

V_{EE} = −4.2V to −5.7V, GND = 0V, T_C = 0°C to +85°C, C_L = 50 pF, V_{TTL} = +4.5V to +5.5V

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	2.7	3.1		V	I_{OH} = −3 mA, V_{TTL} = 4.75V
		2.4	2.9		V	I_{OH} = −3 mA, V_{TTL} = 4.50V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage		0.3	0.5	V	I_{OL} = 24 mA, V_{TTL} = 4.50V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	−1165		−870	mV	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	−1830		−1475	mV	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs
V_{DIFF}	Input Voltage Differential	150			mV	Required for Full Output Swing
V_{CM}	Common Mode Voltage	GNDECL − 2.0		GNDECL − 0.5	V	
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current E_0–E_3, $\overline{E}_0$–$\overline{E}_3$			240	μA	V_{IN} = $V_{IH(Max)}$
	OE, LE, DIR			35		
I_{CEX}	Output HIGH Leakage Current			50	μA	V_{OUT} = V_{TTL}
I_{ZZ}	Bus Drainage Test			500	μA	V_{OUT} = 5.25V V_{TTL} = 0.0V
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.50			μA	V_{IN} = $V_{IL(Min)}$
I_{OZHT}	3-STATE Current Output High			70	μA	V_{OUT} = +2.7V
I_{OZLT}	3-STATE Current Output Low	−650			μA	V_{OUT} = +0.5V
I_{OS}	Output Short-Circuit Current	−100		−225	mA	V_{OUT} = 0.0V, V_{TTL} = +5.5V
I_{TTL}	V_{TTL} Supply Current			39	mA	TTL Outputs LOW
				27	mA	TTL Outputs HIGH
				39	mA	TTL Outputs in 3-STATE

Note 9: The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

DIP and PCC TTL-to-ECL AC Electrical Characteristics

V_{EE} = −4.2V to −5.7V, V_{TTL} = +4.5V to +5.5V

Symbol	Parameter	T_C = 0°C		T_C = 25°C		T_C = 85°C		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	180		180		180		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	T_n to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (Transparent)	0.9	2.1	0.8	2.2	0.7	2.5	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	LE to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$	1.2	2.3	1.3	2.4	1.4	2.5	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PZH}	OE to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (Cutoff to HIGH)	2.5	4.5	2.5	4.5	2.5	4.6	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PHZ}	OE to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (HIGH to Cutoff)	2.1	3.8	2.3	4.0	2.5	4.5	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PHZ}	DIR to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (HIGH to Cutoff)	2.0	3.5	2.1	3.7	2.3	4.2	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_S	T_n to LE	0.8		0.8		0.8		ns	Figures 1, 3
t_H	T_n to LE	0.6		0.6		0.6		ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{TLH} t_{THL}	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.8	2.8	0.8	2.8	0.8	2.8	ns	Figures 1, 3

Commercial Version (Continued)
DIP and PCC ECL-to-TTL AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to $-5.7V$, $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$, $C_L = 50$ pF

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = 0°C$		$T_C = 25°C$		$T_C = 85°C$		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	75		75		75		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ to T_n (Transparent)	1.7	4.9	1.7	5.1	1.8	5.8	ns	Figures 2, 4
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	LE to T_n	2.2 3.3	4.0 5.2	2.2 3.4	4.0 5.4	2.3 3.8	4.1 6.1	ns	Figures 2, 4
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	OE to T_n (Enable Time)	3.2 4.9	5.6 8.3	3.3 5.1	5.7 8.5	3.6 5.6	6.3 9.2	ns	Figures 2, 5
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	OE to T_n (Disable Time)	3.6 3.4	8.6 6.9	3.5 3.5	8.3 6.7	3.5 3.6	7.5 6.7	ns	Figures 2, 5
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	DIR to T_n (Disable Time)	3.5 3.4	8.1 6.8	3.5 3.4	8.1 6.7	3.5 3.6	7.6 6.7	ns	Figures 2, 6
t_S	E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ to LE	0.6		0.6		0.6		ns	Figures 2, 4
t_H	E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ to LE	0.7		0.7		0.7		ns	Figures 2, 4
$t_{PW}(L)$	Pulse Width LE	2.0		2.0		2.0		ns	Figures 2, 4

Industrial Version

TTL-to-ECL DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 10)

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to $-5.7V$, GND = 0V, $T_C = -40°C$ to $+85°C$, $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	−1085	−955	−870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$ or $V_{IL(Min)}$
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	−1830	−1705	−1575	mV	Loading with 50Ω to −2V
	Cutoff Voltage		−2000	−1900	mV	OE and LE LOW, DIR HIGH $V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$ or $V_{IL(Min)}$, Loading with 50Ω to −2V
V_{OHC}	Output HIGH Voltage Corner Point HIGH	−1095			mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Min)}$ or $V_{IL(Max)}$ Loading with 50Ω to −2V
V_{OLC}	Output LOW Voltage Corner Point LOW			−1565	mV	
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0		5.0	V	Over V_{TTL}, V_{EE}, T_C Range
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	0		0.8	V	Over V_{TTL}, V_{EE}, T_C Range
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			5.0	μA	$V_{IN} = +2.7V$
I_{BVIT}	Input HIGH Current Breakdown (I/O)			0.5	mA	$V_{IN} = 5.5V$
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	−1.0			mA	$V_{IN} = +0.5V$
V_{FCD}	Input Clamp Diode Voltage	−1.2			V	$I_{IN} = -18$ mA
I_{EE}	V_{EE} Supply Current	−99		−40		LE Low, OE and DIR HIGH Inputs Open
I_{EEZ}	V_{EE} Supply Current	−159		−90		LE and OE LOW, Dir HIGH Inputs Open

Note 10: The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.
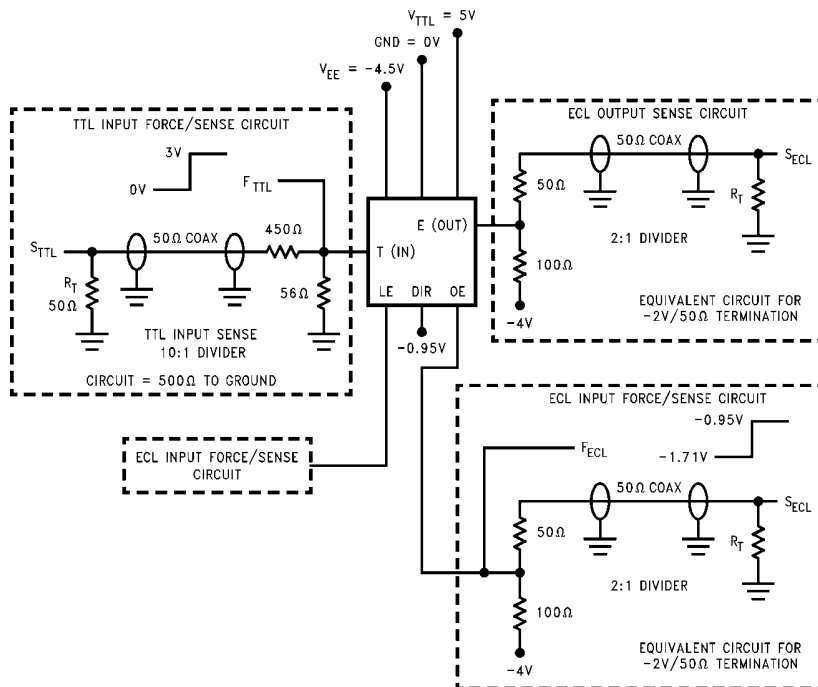
Industrial Version (Continued)
ECL-to-TTL DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 11)

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to $-5.7V$, GND = 0V, $T_C = -40°C$ to $+85°C$, $C_L = 50$ pF, $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	2.7	3.1		V	$I_{OH} = -3$ mA, $V_{TTL} = 4.75V$
		2.4	2.9		V	$I_{OH} = -3$ mA, $V_{TTL} = 4.50V$
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage		0.3	0.5	V	$I_{OL} = 24$ mA, $V_{TTL} = 4.50V$
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	−1170		−870	mV	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	−1830		−1480	mV	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs
V_{DIFF}	Input Voltage Differential	150			mV	Required for Full Output Swing
V_{CM}	Common Mode Voltage	GNDECL − 2.0		GNDECL − 0.5	V	
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current				μA	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$
	E_0–E_3, $\overline{E}_0$–$\overline{E}_3$			300		
	OE, LE, DIR			35		
I_{CEX}	Output HIGH Leakage Current			50	μA	$V_{OUT} = V_{TTL}$
I_{ZZ}	Bus Drainage Test			500	μA	$V_{OUT} = 5.25V$ $V_{TTL} = 0.0V$
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.50			μA	$V_{IN} = V_{IL(Min)}$
I_{OZHT}	3-STATE Current Output HIGH			70	μA	$V_{OUT} = +2.7V$
I_{OZLT}	3-STATE Current Output LOW	−650			μA	$V_{OUT} = +0.5V$
I_{OS}	Output Short-Circuit Current	−100		−225	mA	$V_{OUT} = 0.0V$, $V_{TTL} = +5.5V$
I_{TTL}	V_{TTL} Supply Current			39	mA	TTL Outputs LOW
				27	mA	TTL Outputs HIGH
				39	mA	TTL Outputs in 3-STATE

Note 11: The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

PCC TTL-to-ECL AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to $-5.7V$, $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = -40°C$		$T_C = +25°C$		$T_C = +85°C$		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	180		180		180		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	T_n to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (Transparent)	0.9	2.4	0.8	2.2	0.7	2.5	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	LE to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$	1.2	2.3	1.3	2.4	1.4	2.5	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PZH}	OE to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (Cutoff to HIGH)	1.9	3.8	2.5	4.5	2.5	4.6	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PHZ}	OE to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (HIGH to Cutoff)	2.5	4.7	2.3	4.0	2.5	4.5	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{PHZ}	DIR to E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ (HIGH to Cutoff)	1.8	3.5	2.1	3.7	2.3	4.2	ns	Figures 1, 3
t_S	T_n to LE	0.8		0.8		0.8		ns	Figures 1, 3
t_H	T_n to LE	0.6		0.6		0.6		ns	Figures 1, 3
t_{TLH} t_{THL}	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.8	2.8	0.8	2.8	0.8	2.8	ns	Figures 1, 3

Industrial Version (Continued)
PCC ECL-to-TTL AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to $-5.7V$, $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$, $C_L = 50$ pF

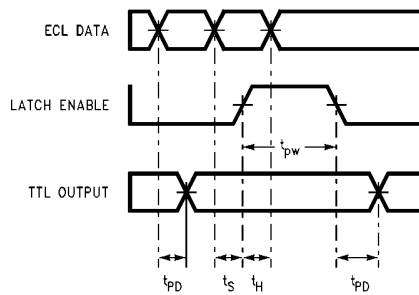| Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = -40°C$		$T_C = +25°C$		$T_C = +85°C$		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	75		75		75		MHz	
t_{PLH}	E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ to T_n	1.7	4.9	1.7	5.1	1.8	5.8	ns	Figures 2, 4
t_{PHL}	(Transparent)								
t_{PLH}	LE to T_n	2.2	4.3	2.2	4.0	2.3	4.1	ns	Figures 2, 4
t_{PHL}		3.3	5.2	3.4	5.4	3.8	6.1		
t_{PZH}	OE to T_n	3.1	5.6	3.3	5.7	3.6	6.3	ns	Figures 2, 5
t_{PZL}	(Enable Time)	4.8	8.3	5.1	8.5	5.6	9.2		
t_{PHZ}	OE to T_n	3.5	9.2	3.5	8.3	3.5	7.5	ns	Figures 2, 5
t_{PLZ}	(Disable Time)	3.2	7.3	3.5	6.7	3.6	6.7		
t_{PHZ}	DIR to T_n	3.5	8.8	3.5	8.1	3.5	7.6	ns	Figures 2, 6
t_{PLZ}	(Disable Time)	3.2	7.2	3.4	6.7	3.6	6.7		
t_S	E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ to LE	0.6		0.6		0.6		ns	Figures 2, 4
t_H	E_n, $\overline{E}_n$ to LE	0.7		0.7		0.7		ns	Figures 2, 4
$t_{PW}(L)$	Pulse Width LE	2.0		2.0		2.0		ns	Figures 2, 4

Test Circuitry (TTL-to-ECL)

Notes:

R_t = 50Ω termination. When an input or output is being monitored by a scope, R_t is supplied by the scope's 50Ω resistance. When an input or output is not being monitored, and external 50Ω resistance must be applied to serve as R_t.

TTL and ECL force signals are brought to the DUT via 50Ω coax lines.

V_{TTL} is decoupled to ground with 0.1 μF to ground, V_{EE} is decoupled to ground with 0.01 μF and GND is connected to ground.

For ECL input pins, the equivalent force/sense circuitry is optional.

FIGURE 1. TTL-to-ECL AC Test Circuit

Switching Waveforms (TTL-to-ECL)

FIGURE 2. TTL to ECL Transition—Propagation Delay and Transition Times

Test Circuitry (ECL-to-TTL)

Notes:

R_t = 50Ω termination. When an input or output is being monitored by a scope, R_t is supplied by the scope's 50Ω resistance. When an input or output is not being monitored, and external 50Ω resistance must be applied to serve as R_t.

The TTL 3-STATE pull up switch is connected to +7V only for ZL and LZ tests.

TTL and ECL force signals are brought to the DUT via 50Ω coax lines.

V_{TTL} is decoupled to ground with 0.1 μF to ground, V_{EE} is decoupled to ground with 0.01 μF and GND is connected to ground.
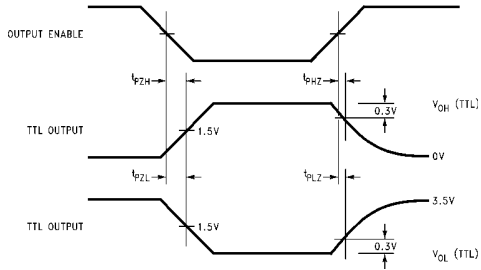
FIGURE 3. ECL-to-TTL AC Test Circuit

Note:
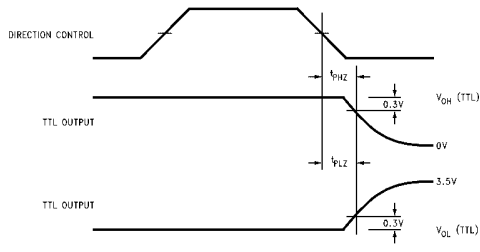
DIR is LOW, and OE is HIGH

FIGURE 4. ECL-to-TTL Transition—Propagation Delay and Transition Times

Test Circuitry (ECL-to-TTL) (Continued)

Note:

DIR is LOW, LE is HIGH

FIGURE 5. ECL-to-TTL Transition, OE to TTL Output, Enable and Disable Times

Note:

OE is HIGH, LE is HIGH

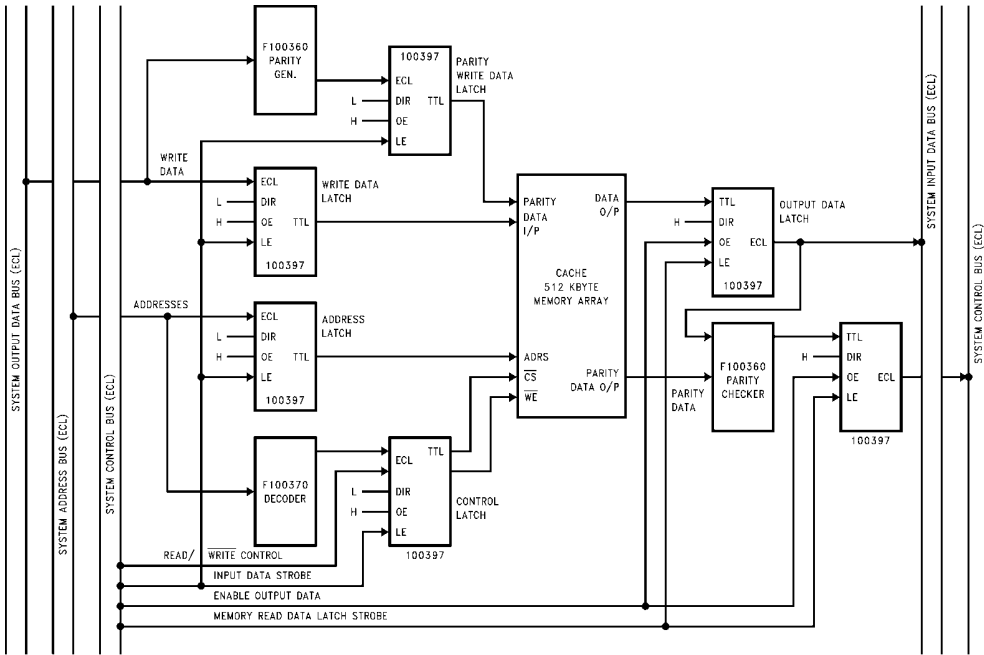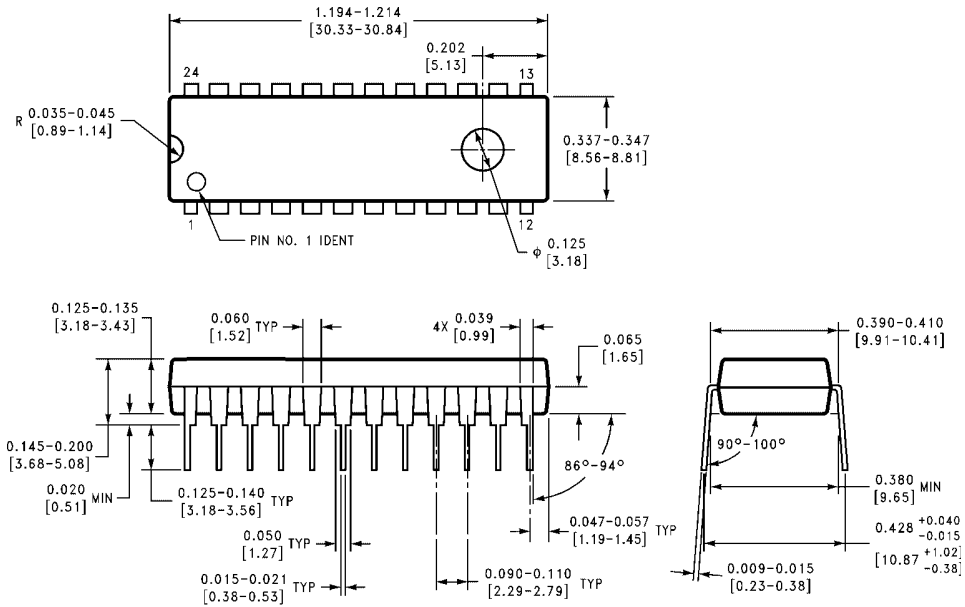**FIGURE 6. ECL-to-TTL Transition, DIR to TTL Output, Disable Time**

Applications

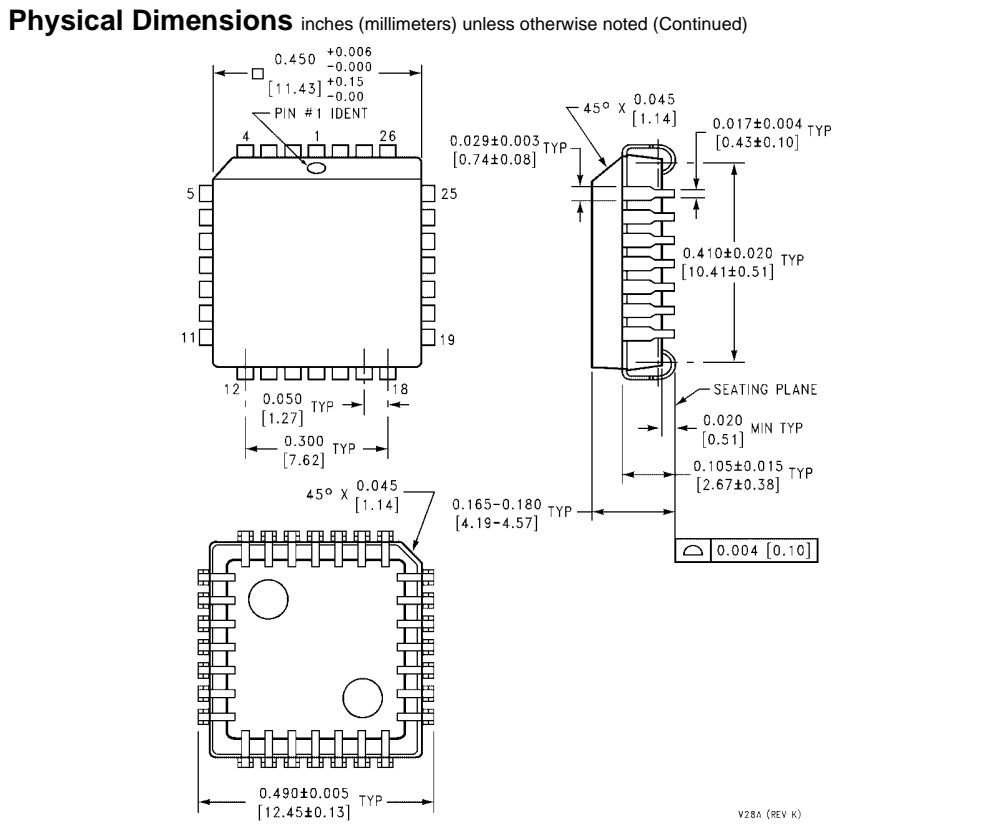**FIGURE 7. Applications Diagram—MOS/TTL SRAM Interface Using 100397 ECL–TTL Latched Translator**

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

1.194–1.214
[30.33–30.84]

0.202
[5.13]

24

13

R 0.035–0.045
[0.89–1.14]

0.337–0.347
[8.56–8.81]

1

12

PIN NO. 1 IDENT

φ 0.125
[3.18]

0.125–0.135
[3.18–3.43]

0.060
[1.52] TYP

4X 0.039
[0.99]

0.065
[1.65]

0.390–0.410
[9.91–10.41]

0.145–0.200
[3.68–5.08]

90°–100°

86°–94°

0.380 MIN
[9.65]

0.020 MIN
[0.51]

0.125–0.140
[3.18–3.56] TYP

0.428 +0.040
−0.015

[10.87 +1.02
−0.38]

0.050
[1.27] TYP

0.047–0.057
[1.19–1.45] TYP

0.015–0.021
[0.38–0.53] TYP

0.090–0.110
[2.29–2.79] TYP

0.009–0.015
[0.23–0.38]

N24E (REV A)

24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-010, 0.400 Wide
Package Number N24E

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square
Package Number V28A

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