

February 1994 Revised April 2000

### 74LCX16245

# **Low Voltage 16-Bit Bidirectional Transceiver with 5V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs**

### **General Description**

The LCX16245 contains sixteen non-inverting bidirectional buffers with 3-STATE outputs and is intended for bus oriented applications. The device is designed for low voltage (2.5V or 3.3V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with capability of interfacing to a 5V signal environment. The device is byte controlled. Each byte has separate control inputs which could be shorted together for full 16-bit operation. The  $T/\overline{R}$  inputs determine the direction of data flow through the device. The  $\overline{OE}$  inputs disable both the A and B ports by placing them in a high impedance state.

The LCX16245 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

### **Features**

- 5V tolerant inputs and outputs
- 2.3V-3.6V V<sub>CC</sub> specifications provided
- 4.5 ns  $t_{PD}$  max ( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ), 20  $\mu$ A  $I_{CC}$  max
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- Supports live insertion/withdrawal (Note 1)
- $\pm 24$  mA output drive ( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ )
- Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA
- ESD performance:

Human body model > 2000V Machine model > 200V

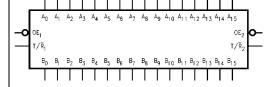
Note 1: To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or down,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pull-up resistor: the minimum value or the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

### **Ordering Code:**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description			
74LCX16245MEA	MS48A	48-Lead Small Shrink Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118, 0.300" Wide			
74LCX16245MTD	MTD48	48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6,1mm Wide			

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code

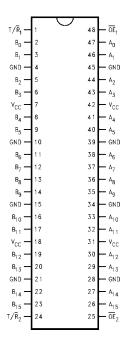
### **Logic Symbol**



### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Names	Description
	Output Enable Input
T/R <sub>n</sub>	Transmit/Receive Input
A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>15</sub> B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>15</sub>	Side A Inputs or 3-STATE Outputs
B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>15</sub>	Side B Inputs or 3-STATE Outputs

# **Connection Diagram**



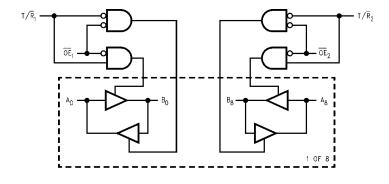
### **Truth Tables**

In	puts	Outputs
OE <sub>1</sub>	T/R <sub>1</sub>	Outputs
L	L	Bus B <sub>0</sub> –B <sub>7</sub> Data to Bus A <sub>0</sub> –A <sub>7</sub>
L	Н	Bus B <sub>0</sub> –B <sub>7</sub> Data to Bus A <sub>0</sub> –A <sub>7</sub> Bus A <sub>0</sub> –A <sub>7</sub> Data to Bus B <sub>0</sub> –B <sub>7</sub>
Н	Χ	HIGH Z State on A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>7</sub>

Inp	outs	Outputs
OE <sub>2</sub>	T/R <sub>2</sub>	Outputs
L	L	Bus B <sub>8</sub> -B <sub>15</sub> Data to Bus A <sub>8</sub> -A <sub>15</sub>
L	Н	Bus B <sub>8</sub> -B <sub>15</sub> Data to Bus A <sub>8</sub> -A <sub>15</sub> Bus A <sub>8</sub> -A <sub>15</sub> Data to Bus B <sub>8</sub> -B <sub>15</sub>
н х		HIGH Z State on A <sub>8</sub> -A <sub>15</sub> , B <sub>8</sub> -B <sub>15</sub>

- H = HIGH Voltage Level
  L = LOW Voltage Level
  X = Immaterial
  Z = High Impedance

# Logic Diagram



٥С

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 2) Symbol Parameter Value Conditions Units -0.5 to +7.0 ٧ $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CC}}$ Supply Voltage DC Input Voltage ٧ -0.5 to +7.0 $V_{I}$ ٧o DC Output Voltage -0.5 to +7.0 Output in 3-STATE Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 3) -0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ DC Input Diode Current V<sub>I</sub> < GND -50 mΑ $I_{IK}$ DC Output Diode Current -50 V<sub>O</sub> < GND I<sub>OK</sub> mΑ +50 $V_O > V_{CC}$ DC Output Source/Sink Current ±50 mΑ $I_O$ DC Supply Current per Supply Pin ±100 mΑ $I_{CC}$ DC Ground Current per Ground Pin ±100 mΑ $I_{GND}$

-65 to +150

### **Recommended Operating Conditions** (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	Operating	2.0	3.6	V
		Data Retention	1.5	3.6	V
VI	Input Voltage		0	5.5	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage	HIGH or LOW State	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		3-STATE	0	5.5	V
I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$		±24	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0V$		±12	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.7V$		±8	
T <sub>A</sub>	Free-Air Operating Temperature		-40	85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input Edge Rate, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.8V–2.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V		0	10	ns/V

Note 2: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 3: I<sub>O</sub> Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Storage Temperature

 $T_{STG}$ 

Note 4: Unused inputs or I/O's must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Cumbal	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub>	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		11
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	(V)	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7	1.7		V
			2.7 – 3.6	2.0		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7		0.7	V
			2.7 – 3.6		8.0	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 – 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	1.8		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	2.2		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 – 3.6		0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA	2.3		0.6	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	
l <sub>l</sub>	Input Leakage Current	0 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 5.5V	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	μΑ
l <sub>oz</sub>	3-STATE I/O Leakage	0 ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 5.5V	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	μА
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				μΑ
OFF	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5V$	0		10	μΑ

# DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +$		C to +85°C	Units	
	l alamoto.	Containent	(V)	Min	Max	•	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.3-3.6		20	μА	
		$3.6V \le V_I, V_O \le 5.5V \text{ (Note 5)}$	2.3-3.6		±20	μΑ	
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6V	2.3-3.6		500	μА	

Note 5: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, R_L = 500\Omega$						
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$ $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$		Units
Зушьог	Parameter							
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	4.5	1.5	5.2	1.5	5.4	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A <sub>n</sub> to B <sub>n</sub> or B <sub>n</sub> to A <sub>n</sub>	1.5	4.5	1.5	5.2	1.5	5.4	115
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.2	1.5	8.5	
t <sub>PZH</sub>		1.5	6.5	1.5	7.2	1.5	8.5	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.9	1.5	7.7	20
t <sub>PHZ</sub>		1.5	6.4	1.5	6.9	1.5	7.7	ns
toshl	Output to Output Skew (Note 6)		1.0					ns
t <sub>OSLH</sub>			1.0					115

Note 6: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>). Parameter guaranteed by design.

### **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Typical	Units
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3V, V_{IL} = 0V$	3.3	8.0	V
		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	0.6	V
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3V, V_{IL} = 0V$	3.3	-0.8	V
		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	-0.6	٧

# Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = Open, V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	7	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$	8	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_{I} = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$ , $f = 10$ MHz	20	pF

### AC LOADING and WAVEFORMS Generic for LCX Family

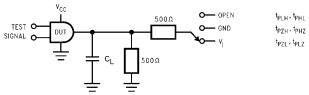
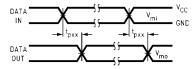
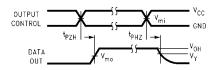


FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit ( $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance)

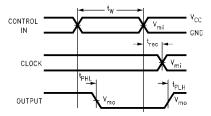
Test	Switch
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND



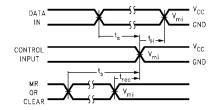
**Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions** 



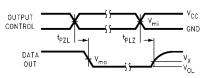
3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Logic



Propagation Delay. Pulse Width and  $t_{\text{rec}}$  Waveforms



Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Logic



3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Logic

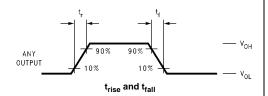
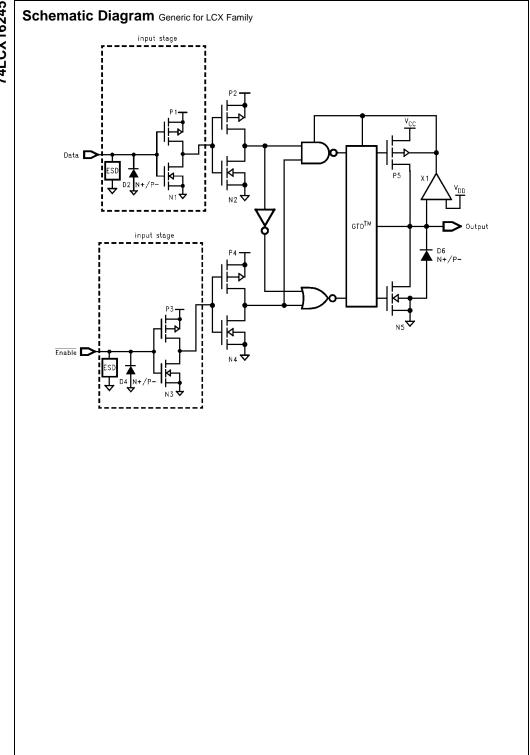
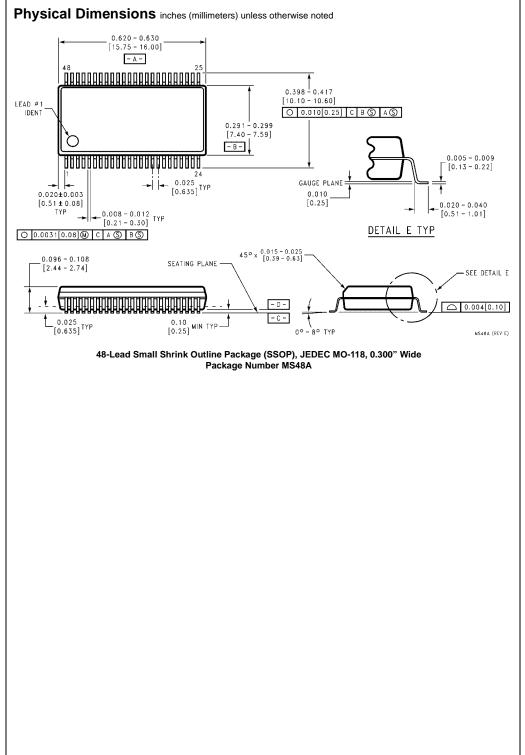
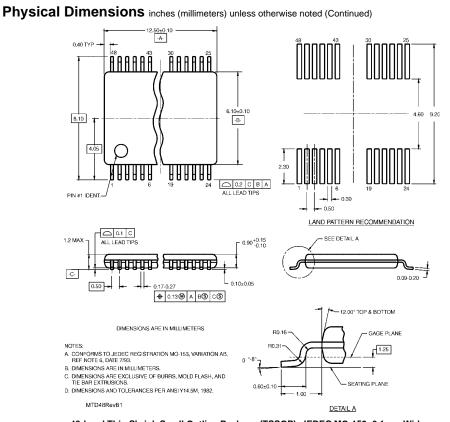


FIGURE 2. Waveforms (Input Characteristics; f =1MHz,  $t_R = t_F = 3ns$ )

Symbol		V <sub>CC</sub>	
Cymbol	$\textbf{3.3V} \pm \textbf{0.3V}$	2.7V	2.5V ± 0.2V
V <sub>mi</sub>	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
V <sub>mo</sub>	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
V <sub>x</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V
V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V







48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide Package Number MTD48

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