

March 1998 Revised April 1999

74VCX16500

Low Voltage 18-Bit Universal Bus Transceivers with 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

General Description

The VCX16500 is an 18-bit universal bus transceiver which combines D-type latches and D-type flip-flops to allow data flow in transparent, latched, and clocked modes.

Data flow in each direction is controlled by output-enable (OEAB and OEBA), latch-enable (LEAB and LEBA), and clock (CLKAB and CLKBA) inputs. For A-to-B data flow, the device operates in the transparent mode when LEAB is HIGH. When LEAB is LOW, the A data is latched if CLKAB is held at a HIGH or LOW logic level. If LEAB is LOW, the A bus data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the HIGH-to-LOW transition of CLKAB. When OEAB is HIGH, the outputs are active. When OEAB is LOW, the outputs are in a high-impedance state.

<u>Data flow for B to A is similar to that of A to B but uses OEBA, LEBA, and CLKBA.</u> The output enables are complementary (OEAB is active HIGH and <u>OEBA</u> is active LOW)

The VCX16500 is designed for low voltage (1.65V to 3.6V) $\rm V_{CC}$ applications with I/O capability up to 3.6V.

The 74VCX16500 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining low CMOS power dissipation.

Features

- 1.65V-3.6V V_{CC} supply operation
- 3.6V tolerant inputs and outputs
- t_{PD} (A to B, B to A)
 - 2.9 ns max for 3.0V to 3.6V $\rm V_{CC}$
 - 3.5 ns max for 2.3V to 2.7V V_{CC}
 - 7.0 ns max for 1.65V to 1.95V V_{CC}
- Power-down high impedance inputs and outputs
- Supports live insertion/withdrawal (Note 1)
- Static Drive (I_{OH}/I_{OL})
 - ±24 mA @ 3.0V V_{CC}
 - \pm 18 mA @ 2.3V V_{CC}
 - ±6 mA @ 1.65V V_{CC}
- Uses patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latchup performance exceeds 300 mA
- ESD performance:

Human body model > 2000V

Machine model >200V

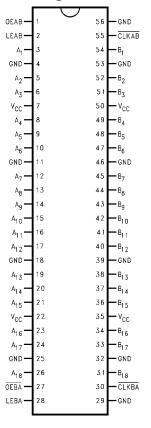
Note 1: To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ should be tied to V_{CC} through a pull-up resistor and $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$ should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistors; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74VCX16500MTD	MTD56	56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide

Devices also available on Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code

Connection Diagram



Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
OEAB	Output Enable Input for A to B Direction (Active HIGH)
OEBA	Output Enable Input for B to A Direction (Active LOW)
LEAB, LEBA	Latch Enable Inputs
CLKAB, CLKBA	Clock Inputs
A ₁ -A ₁₈	Side A Inputs or 3-STATE Outputs
B ₁ -B ₁₈	Side B Inputs or 3-STATE Outputs

Function Table (Note 2)

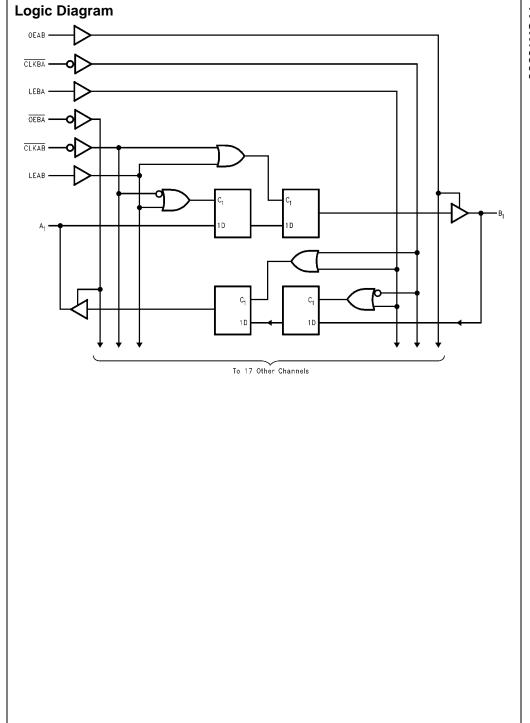
	Inp	Outputs		
OEAB	LEAB	CLKAB	A _n	B _n
L	Х	Х	Х	Z
Н	Н	X	L	L
Н	Н	X	Н	Н
Н	L	\downarrow	L	L
Н	L	\downarrow	Н	Н
Н	L	Н	Х	B ₀ (Note 3)
Н	L	L	Х	B ₀ (Note 4)

Note 2: A-to-B data flow is shown; B-to-A flow is similar but uses $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$, LEBA and $\overline{\text{CLKBA}}$. $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ is active LOW.

Note 3: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

Note 4: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLKAB was LOW before LEAB went LOW.

 $[\]begin{split} &H=\text{HIGH Voltage Level}\\ &L=\text{LOW Voltage Level}\\ &X=\text{Immaterial (HIGH or LOW, inputs may not float)}\\ &Z=\text{High Impedance} \end{split}$



Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 5)

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	-0.5V to +4.6V
DC Input Voltage (V _I)	-0.5V to +4.6V
Output Voltage (V _O)	
Outputs 3-STATE	-0.5V to $+4.6V$
Outputs Active (Note 6)	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
DC Input Diode Current (I_{IK}) $V_I < 0V$	−50 mA

DC Output Diode Current (I_{OK})

 $V_{O} < 0V$ -50 mA $V_O > V_{CC}$ +50 mA

DC Output Source/Sink Current

 (I_{OH}/I_{OL}) ±50 mA

DC V_{CC} or Ground Current per

±100 mA Supply Pin (I_{CC} or Ground)

Storage Temperature Range (T_{STG}) -65°C to +150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 7)

Power Supply

Operating 1.65V to 3.6V Data Retention Only 1.2V to 3.6V Input Voltage -0.3V to 3.6V

Output Voltage (V_O)

0V to $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}}$ Output in Active States Output in 3-STATE 0.0V to 3.6V

Output Current in I_{OH}/I_{OL}

 $V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ to } 3.6V$ ±24 mA $V_{CC} = 2.3V$ to 2.7V $\pm 18~\text{mA}$

 $V_{CC} = 1.65V \text{ to } 2.3V$ $\pm 6~\text{mA}$ -40°C to +85°C Free Air Operating Temperature (T_A)

Minimum Input Edge Rate ($\Delta t/\Delta V$)

 $V_{IN} = 0.8V$ to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ 10 ns/V

Note 5: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The Recommended Operating Conditions tables will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 6: I_O Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 7: Floating or unused pin (inputs or I/O's) must be held HIGH or LOW.

DC Electrical Characteristics (2.7V < $V_{CC} \le 3.6V)$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Units
V _{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.7-3.6	2.0		V
V _{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.7-3.6		0.8	V
V _{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I _{OH} = -100 μA	2.7-3.6	V _{CC} - 0.2		
		$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2		V
		$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4		V
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		
V _{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.7-3.6		0.2	
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	V
		I _{OL} = 18 mA	3.0		0.4	V
		I _{OL} = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	
I _I	Input Leakage Current	0V ≤ V _I ≤ 3.6V	2.7-3.6		±5.0	μΑ
I _{OZ}	3-STATE Output Leakage	0V ≤ V _O ≤ 3.6V	2.7-3.6		±10	
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				μΑ
I _{OFF}	Power Off Leakage Current	$0V \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$	0		10	μΑ
I _{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	2.7-3.6		20	
		$V_{CC} \le (V_1, V_0) \le 3.6V \text{ (Note 8)}$	2.7-3.6		±20	μΑ
ΔI_{CC}	Increase in I _{CC} per Input	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.7-3.6		750	μΑ

Note 8: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

DC Electrical Characteristics (2.3V \leq $V_{CC} \leq$ 2.7V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Units
V _{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3–2.7	1.6		V
V _{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3–2.7		0.7	V
V _{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	2.3-2.7	V _{CC} - 0.2		
		$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	2.3	2.0		V
		$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.8		V
		$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.7		
V _{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.3–2.7		0.2	
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.3		0.4	V
		I _{OL} = 18 mA	2.3		0.6	
I	Input Leakage Current	$0 \le V_I \le 3.6V$	2.3–2.7		±5.0	μА
I _{OZ}	3-STATE Output Leakage	0 ≤ V _O ≤ 3.6V	2.3–2.7		±10	
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	2.3–2.7		±10	μΑ
I _{OFF}	Power Off Leakage Current	$0 \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$	0		10	μА
I _{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	2.3–2.7		20	μА
		$V_{CC} \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V \text{ (Note 9)}$	2.3-2.7		±20	μΑ

Note 9: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

DC Electrical Characteristics (1.65V \leq V_{CC} < 2.3V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{cc} (V)	Min	Max	Units
V _{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage		1.65 - 2.3	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$		V
V _{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage		1.65 - 2.3		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
V _{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I _{OH} = -100 μA	1.65 - 2.3	V _{CC} - 0.2		V
		I _{OH} = -6 mA	1.65	1.25		V
V _{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	I _{OL} = 100 μA	1.65 - 2.3		0.2	V
		I _{OL} = 6 mA	1.65		0.3	V
I _I	Input Leakage Current	0 ≤ V _I ≤ 3.6V	1.65 - 2.3		±5.0	μΑ
I _{OZ}	3-STATE Output Leakage	$0 \le V_0 \le 3.6V$ $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	1.65 - 2.3		±10	μА
I _{OFF}	Power Off Leakage Current	$0 \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$	0		10	μΑ
I _{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	1.65 - 2.3		20	μА
		$V_{CC} \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V \text{ (Note 10)}$	1.65 - 2.3		±20	μА

Note 10: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 11)

	l Parameter		$T_A = -40$ °C to +85 °C, $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500\Omega$					
Symbol		$\textrm{V}_{\textrm{CC}}=\textrm{3.3V}\pm\textrm{0.3V}$		$V_{CC}=2.5\pm0.2V$		$V_{CC}=1.8\pm0.15V$		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	250		200		100		MHz
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay	0.6	2.0	0.8	3.5	1.5	7.0	
t _{PLH}	Bus to Bus	0.6	2.9	0.8	3.5	1.5	7.0	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay	0.6	4.0	0.8	F 2	4.5	0.0	
t _{PLH}	Clock to Bus	0.6	4.2	0.8	5.3	1.5	9.8	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay	0.6	3.8	0.8	4.9	1.5	9.8	ns
t _{PLH}	LE to Bus	0.6	3.0	0.6	4.9	1.5	9.0	115
t _{PZL}	Output Enable Time	0.6	3.8	0.8	4.9	1.5	9.8	ns
t_{PZH}		0.6	3.0	0.6	4.9	1.5	9.0	115
t _{PLZ}	Output Disable Time	0.6	3.7	0.8	4.2	1.5	7.6	ns
t _{PHZ}		0.0	3.1	0.0	4.2	1.5	7.0	115
t _S	Setup Time	1.5		1.5		2.5		ns
t _H	Hold Time	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _W	Pulse Width	1.5		1.5		4.0		ns
t _{OSHL}	Output to Output		0.5		0.5		0.75	ns
toslh	Skew (Note 12)		0.5		0.5		0.75	ns

Note 11: For $C_L = 50 \, \text{pF}$, add approximately 300ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 12: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW-to-HIGH (t_{OSLH}).

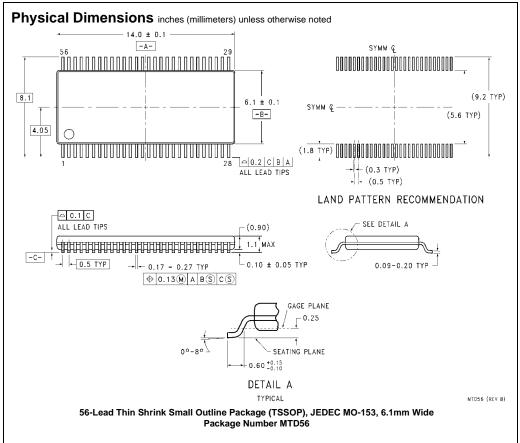
Dynamic Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC}	T _A = +25°C	Units
V _{OLP}	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V _{OL}	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$	1.8 2.5 3.3	0.25 0.6 0.8	V
V _{OLV}	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V _{OL}	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$	1.8 2.5 3.3	-0.25 -0.6 -0.8	V
V _{OHV}	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V _{OH}	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$	1.8 2.5 3.3	1.5 1.9 2.2	V

Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC} $V_{CC} = 1.8V$, 2.5V, or 3.3V,	6	pF
C _{I/O}	1	$V_I = 0V$, or V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = 1.8V$, 2.5V or 3.3V	7	pF
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_1 = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}, f = 10 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CC} = 1.8V, 2.5V \text{ or } 3.3V$	20	pF

AC Loading and Waveforms - OPEN t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} 500Ω GND $t_{\rm PZH},\,t_{\rm PHZ}$ SIGNAL * 2 t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} 500Ω FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit TEST SWITCH Open t_{PLH}, t_{PHL} 6V at $V_{CC}=3.3\pm0.3V;$ V_{CC} x 2 at $V_{CC}=2.5\pm0.2V;$ 1.8 \pm 0.15V t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} GND $t_{PZH},\,t_{PHZ}$ v_{cc} OUTPUT CONTROL t_{PZL} DATA OUT OUT FIGURE 4. 3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic FIGURE 2. Waveform for Inverting and Non-inverting Functions v_{cc} CONTROL OUTPUT CONTROL GND GND t_{PHZ} DATA CLOCK FIGURE 3. 3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic OUTPUT FIGURE 5. Propagation Delay, Pulse Width and t_{rec} Waveforms ${\rm v}_{\rm cc}$ DATA - GND $v_{\rm CC}$ CONTROL INPUT FIGURE 6. Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Low Voltage Logic v_{cc} Symbol $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ $2.5V \pm 0.2V$ $1.8 \pm 0.15 V$ 1.5V V_{CC}/2 V_{CC}/2 1.5V V_{CC}/2 V_{CC}/2 V_{X} V_{OL} + 0.3V V_{OL} + 0.15V V_{OL} + 0.15V $V_{OH} - 0.3V$ V_{OH} – 0.15V V_{OH} – 0.15V



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