4-Pin µP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

Features

- Precision Monitoring of +3V, +3.3V, and +5V
 Power-Supply Voltages
- **■** Fully Specified Over Temperature
- Available in Three Output Configurations
 Push-Pull RESET Output (G692L)
 Push-Pull RESET Output (G692H)
 Open-Drain RESET Output (G693L)
- 140ms min Power-On Reset Pulse Width
- 5µA Supply Current
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to V_{cc} = +1V
- Power Supply Transient Immunity
- No External Components
- Manual Reset Input
- 4-Pin SOT143 Package

Applications

- **■** Computers
- Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical µP and µC Power Monitoring
- Portable / Battery-Powered Equipment
- Automotive

General Description

The G692/G693 are microprocessor (μP) supervisory circuits used to monitor the power supplies in μP and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with +5V, +3.3V, +3.0V- powered circuits. The G692/G693 also provide a debounced manual reset input.

These circuits perform a single function: they assert a reset signal whenever the $V_{\rm CC}$ supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 140ms after $V_{\rm CC}$ has risen above the reset threshold. Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available.

The G693L has an open-drain output stage, while the G692 have push-pull outputs. The G693L's open-drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output requires a pull-up resistor that can be connected to a voltage higher than $V_{\text{CC}}.$ The G692L have an active-low $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output, while the G692H has an active-high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on $V_{\text{CC}},$ and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for V_{CC} down to 1V.

Low supply current makes the G692/G693 ideal for use in portable equipment. The G692/G693 are available in a 4-pin SOT143 packages.

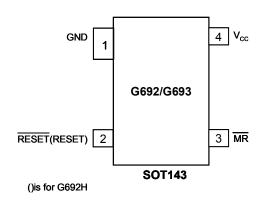
Ordering Information

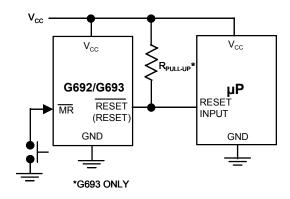
Typical Operating Circuit

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
G692H(L)xxxTC	-40°C ~ +105°C	SOT143
G693LxxxTC	-40°C ~ +105°C	SOT143

^{*} xxx specifies the threshold voltage.

Pin Configuration





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e.g. 263 denotes the 2.63V threshold voltage.



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G692/G693

Absolute Maximum Ratings	Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70$ °C)		
Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)	SOT 143 (derate 4mW/°C above +70°C)320mW		
V _{CC} 0.3V to +6.0V	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +105°C		
RESET, RESET (push-pull)0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C		
RESET (open drain)0.3V to +6.0V	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C		
Input Current, V _{CC} 20mA			
Output Current, RESET, RESET20mA			

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause p'ermanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{CC}$ = full range, T_A = -40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = 5V for 463/438/400 versions, V_{CC} = 3.3V for 308/293 versions, and V_{CC} = 3V for 263 version.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION			TYP	MAX	UNITS
V Dance		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C + 70^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C + 105^{\circ}C$		1.0		5.5	V
V _{cc} Range				1.2		5.5	
Cumply Cumpent		T _A = -40°C +105°C	V _{CC} <5.5V, G69463/438/400_		5.5	9	μA
Supply Current	Icc		V _{CC} <3.6V, G69308/293/263_		5	8	
Reset Threshold		G69463_	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	4.537	4.63	4.722	
		G69438_	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	4.292	4.38	4.467	
		G69400_	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	3.92	4.00	4.08	V
	V_{TH}	G69308_	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	3.018	3.08	3.141	V
		G69293_	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.871	2.93	2.988	
		G69263_	T _A = +25°C	2.577	2.63	2.682	



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Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $(V_{CC} = \text{full range}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ for 463/438/400 versions, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ for 308/293 versions, and $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ for 263 version.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Reset Threshold Tempco				70		ppm/°C	
V _{CC} to Reset Delay (Note 2)		$V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ to $(V_{TH} - 100 \text{mV})$		15			
Reset Active Timeout Period		V _{CC} = V _{TH} max, G69 463/438/400	250	510	720	ms	
		V _{CC} = V _{TH} max, G69308/293/263	140	310	520		
MR Minima Pulse Width	t_{MR}			10		μs	
MR Glitch Immunity (Note 3)				100		ns	
MR to Reset Propagation Delay (Note 2)	t _{MD}			0.5		μs	
MD land Threehold	V_{IH}	V > V	$0.6 x V_{CC}$			V	
MR Input Threshold	V_{IL}	V _{CC} > V _{TH(max)}			0.25 x V _{CC}	o V	
MR Pull-up Resistance			10	20	30	ΚΩ	
RESET Output Current Low (push-pull active low, and opendrain active-low, G692L and G693L)	I _{OL}	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $V_{RESET} = 0.5V$	8			mA	
DECET Outside Comment High		V _{CC} = 5V, V _{RESET} = 4.5V, G692L463/438/400	4.5				
RESET Output Current High	Іон	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{RESET} = 2.8V, G692L308/293$	3			mA	
(push-pull active low, G692L)		$V_{CC} = 3V, V_{RESET} = 2.5V, G692L263$	2				
RESET Output Current Low		V _{CC} = 5V, V _{RESET} = 0.5V, G692H463/438/400	16				
(push-pull active high, G692H)	I_{OL}	V _{CC} = 3.3V, V _{RESET} = 0.5V, G692H308/293	12			mA	
(pasir pair active riight, Goozh)		V _{CC} = 3V, V _{RESET} = 0.5V, G692H263	10				
RESET Output Current High (push-pull active high, G692H)	I _{OH}	V_{CC} = 2.5V, V_{RESET} = 2V	2			mA	
RESET Open-Drain Output Leakage Current (G693L)		V _{CC} > V _{TH} , RESET deasserted			1	μA	

Note 1: Production testing done at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; limits over temperature guaranteed by design.

Selector Guide

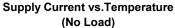
PART/SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD (V)	OUTPUT TYPE	TOP MARK
G693L463T_	4.63	Open-Drain RESET	693Fx
G693L438T_	4.38	Open-Drain RESET	693Ex
G693L400T_	4.00	Open-Drain RESET	693Dx
G693L308T_	3.08	Open-Drain RESET	693Cx
G693L293T_	2.93	Open-Drain RESET	693Bx
G693L263T_	2.63	Open-Drain RESET	693Ax
G692H463T	4.63	Push-Pull RESET	692Lx
G692H438T	4.38	Push-Pull RESET	692Kx
G692H400T	4.00	Push-Pull RESET	692Jx
G692H308T	3.08	Push-Pull RESET	692lx
G692H293T_	2.93	Push-Pull RESET	692Hx
G692H263T_	2.63	Push-Pull RESET	692Gx
G692L463T_	4.63	Push-Pull RESET	692Fx
G692L438T_	4.38	Push-Pull RESET	692Ex
G692L400T_	4.00	Push-Pull RESET	692Dx
G692L308T_	3.08	Push-Pull RESET	692Cx
G692L293T_	2.93	Push-Pull RESET	692Bx
G692L263T_	2.63	Push-Pull RESET	692Ax

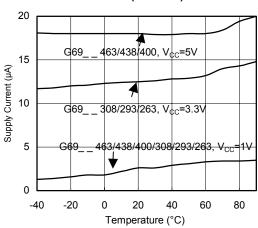
Note 2: RESET output is for G692L/G693L; While RESET output is for G692H.

Note 3: "Glitches" of 100ns or less typically will not generate a reset pulse.

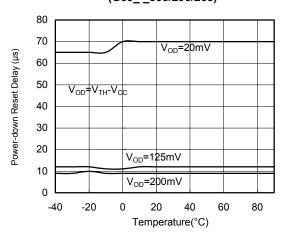
Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = \text{full range}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 5V \text{ for } 463/438/400 \text{ versions}, V_{CC} = 3.3V \text{ for } 308/293 \text{ versions}, \text{ and } V_{CC} = 3V \text{ for } 263 \text{ version.})$

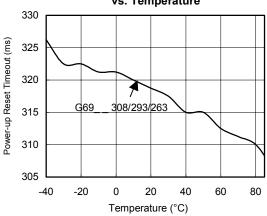




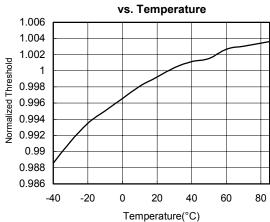
Power-down Reset Delay vs. Temperature (G69__308/293/263)



Power-up Reset Timeout vs. Temperature



Normalized Reset Threshold





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Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	Ground
2	RESET (G693L/G692L)	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output remains low while V_{CC} is below the reset threshold, and for at least 140ms after V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold.
_	RESET (G692H)	RESET Output remains high while V_{CC} is below the reset threshold, and for at least 140ms after V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold.
3	MR	Manual Reset Input. A logic low on \overline{MR} asserts reset. Reset remains asserted as long as \overline{MR} is low and for \overline{at} least 140ms after \overline{MR} returns high, This active-low input has an internal 20k Ω pullup resistor. It can be driven from a TTL or CMOS-logic line, or shorted to ground with a switch. Leave open if unused.
4	V_{CC}	Supply Voltage (+5V, +3.3V, +3.0V)

Detailed Description

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts the μ P in a known state. The G693L/G692L/G692H assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 140ms after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. The G693L uses an open-drain output, and the G692L/G692H have a push-pull output stage. Connect a pull-up resistor on the G693L's RESET output to any supply between 0 and 5.5V.

The manual reset input (\overline{MR}) can also initiate a reset. See the Manual Reset Input Section.

Manual Reset Input

Many μP -based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. A logic low on \overline{MR} asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while \overline{MR} is low, and for the Reset Active Timeout Period (t_{RP}) after \overline{MR} returns high. This input has an internal $20k\Omega$ pull-up resistor, so it can be left open if it is not used. \overline{MR} can be driven with TTL or CMOS-logic levels, or with open-drain / collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from \overline{MR} to GND to create a manual-reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If \overline{MR} is driven from long cables or if the device is used in a noisy environment, connecting a 0.1 μ F capacitor from \overline{MR} to ground provides additional noise immunity.

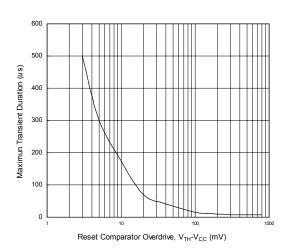


Figure 1.Maximum Transient Duration Without Causing a Reset Pulse vs. Reset Comparator Overdrive

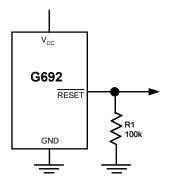


Figure 2. \overline{RESET} Valid to V_{cc} = Ground Circuit



Applications Information

Negative-Going V_{CC} Transients

In addition to issuing a reset to the µP during power-up. power-down. and brownout conditions. the G693L/G692H/G692L are relatively immune to shortduration negative-going V_{CC} transients (glitches).

Figure 1 shows typical transient duration vs. reset comparator overdrive, for which the G693L/G692H/ G692L do not generate a reset pulse. The graph was generated using a negative-going pulse applied to V_{CC}, starting 0.5V above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the maximum pulse width a negative-going V_{CC} transient can have without causing a reset pulse. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, for the G69_ _463 and G69_ _438, a V_{CC} transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 15µs or less will not cause a reset pulse. A 0.1µF bypass capacitor mounted as close as possible to the V_{CC} pin provides additional transient immunity.

Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to V_{cc} = 0

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the G692 RESET output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to RESET can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most µP and other circuitry is inoperative with VCC below 1V. However, in applications where RESET must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor to RESET causes any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding RESET low (Figure 2). R1's value is not critical; $100k\Omega$ is large enough not to load RESET and small enough to pull RESET to ground.

A 100k Ω pull-up resistor to VCC is also recommended for the G693L if RESET is required to remain valid for $V_{CC} < 1V$.

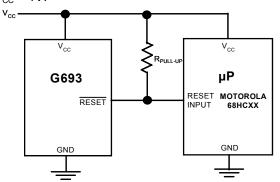


Figure 3. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

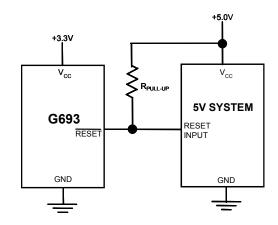


Figure 4. G693L Open-Drain RESET Output Allows **Use with Multiple Supplies**

Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Since the RESET output on the G693L is open drain, this device interfaces easily with µPs that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Connecting the µP supervisor's RESET output directly to the microcontroller's (µC's) RESET pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset (Figure 3).

G693L Open-Drain RESET Output Allows Use with **Multiple Supplies**

Generally, the pull-up connected to the G693L will connect to the supply voltage that is being monitored at the IC's V_{CC} pin. However, some systems may use the open-drain output to level-shift from the monitored supply to reset circuitry powered by some other supply (Figure 4). Note that as the G693L's V_{CC} decreases below 1V, so does the IC's ability to sink current at RESET. Also, with any pull-up, RESET will be pulled high as V_{CC} decays toward 0. The voltage where this occurs depends on the pull-up resistor value and the voltage to which it is connected.

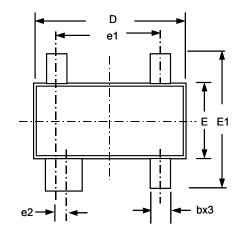
Benefits of Highly Accurate Reset Threshold

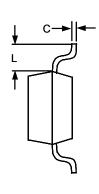
Most µP supervisor ICs have reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. This ensures a reset will not occur within 5% of the nominal supply, but will occur when the supply is 10% below nominal.

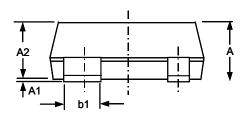
When using ICs rated at only the nominal supply ±5%, this leaves a zone of uncertainty where the supply is between 5% and 10% low, and where the reset may or may not be asserted.

The G69 463/G69 308 use highly accurate circuitry to ensure that reset is asserted close to the 5% limit, and long before the supply has declined to 10% below nominal.

Package Information



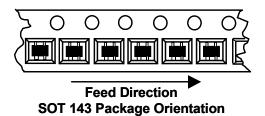




SOT 143 Package

SYMBOL	DIMENSION	IN MILIMETERS	DIMENSION IN INCHS		
STIVIBOL	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Α	0.95	1.20	0.037	0.047	
A1	0.05	0.10	0.002	0.004	
A2	0.90	1.10	0.035	0.043	
b	0.37	0.46	0.145	0.018	
b1	0.76	0.89	0.030	0.035	
С	0.10	0.18	0.004	0.007	
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120	
E	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055	
E1	2.30	2.50	0.091	0.098	
e1	1.92	2 BSC.	0.75 BSC.		
e2	0.20	D BSC.	0.078 BSC.		
L	0.69	9 REF.	0.27 REF.		

Package Orientation



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