## Features

- Operating voltage: $2.2 \mathrm{~V} \sim 3.6 \mathrm{~V}$
- Low power consumption
- Few external parts


## Applications

- Television and video cassette recorder controllers
- Garage door controllers


## General Description

HT6240-002 is designed as infrared remote encoders, usually applied to TV systems. The $4 \times 8$ key matrix input and the extension bit in-

- 20-pin DIP/SOP package 24-pin SOP package
- Car door controllers
- Security systems
- Other remote control systems
put can transmit a max. of 256 instructions. HT6240-002 have three different packages: 20-pin DIP, 20-pin SOP and 24-pin SOP.


## Block Diagram



## Pin Assignment

| vSs | 1 | $\bigcirc 20$ | $\square \mathrm{VDD}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TEST | 2 | 19 | $\square C T$ |
| PRB | 3 | 18 | - OFO |
| OSCI | 4 | 17 | OF1 |
| OSCO $\square$ | 5 | 16 | $\square \mathrm{OF} 2$ |
| DATA | 6 | 15 | OF3 |
| IEO | 7 | 14 | - OF4 |
| IE1 | 8 | 13 | $\square \mathrm{OF5}$ |
| IE2 | 9 | 12 | OF6 |
| IE3 | 10 | 11 | OF7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { HT6240-002 } \\ & \text { - } 20 \text { DIP/SOP } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



## Pad Assignment



* The IC substrate should be connected to VDD in the PCB layout artwork.

Pad Coordinates
Unit: mil

| Pad No. | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | Pad No. | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | -40.88 | 16.11 | 11 | 40.12 | -48.32 |
| 2 | -40.88 | 9.48 | 12 | 40.12 | -39.74 |
| 3 | -40.88 | -11.56 | 13 | 40.12 | -24.57 |
| 4 | -40.88 | -24.78 | 14 | 40.12 | -15.98 |
| 5 | -40.88 | -34.04 | 15 | 40.12 | -0.81 |
| 6 | -40.88 | -41.18 | 16 | 40.12 | 7.78 |
| 7 | -13.77 | -52.78 | 17 | 34.47 | 53.59 |
| 8 | -7.14 | -52.78 | 18 | -8.97 | 53.59 |
| 9 | 9.22 | -53.55 | 19 | -15.60 | 53.59 |
| 10 | 24.40 | -53.55 | 20 | -22.23 | 52.02 |

## Pad Description

| Pad No. | Pad Name | I/O | Internal <br> Connection | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | PRB | I | CMOS <br> Pull-high | Power on reset |
| 2 | OSCI | I | CMOS | Oscillator input |
| 3 | OSCO | O | CMOS | Oscillator output |
| 4 | DATA | I/O | CMOS, NMOS <br> Pull-high | Detect custom code and extended code |
| $5 \sim 8$ | IE0~IE3 | I | CMOS <br> Pull-high | Detect input from key matrix |
| $9 \sim 16$ | OF7~OF0 | O | NMOS | Drive for key scan |
| 17 | CT | O | CMOS | Generates output transmission code |
| 18 | VDD | - | - | Positive power supply |
| 19 | VSS | - | - | Negative power supply |
| 20 | TEST | I | CMOS | TEST=Low normal mode <br> TEST=High test mode |

## Approximate internal connection circuits

Input terminal


Output terminal


## Bidirectional terminal



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Supply Voltage ...........................-0.3V to 5.2 | Input Voltage .................... $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}-0.3$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.3$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Output Voltage............................... $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Storage Temperature............... $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature.............. $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses mum Ratings" may cause substantial d vice at other conditions beyond those list exposure to extreme conditions may affe | ding the range specified under "Absolute Maxie to the device. Functional operation of this dein the specification is not implied and prolonged vice reliability. |

Recommended Operating Condition
$\mathrm{Ta}=-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{V}_{\text {DD }}$ | Conditions |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Voltage | - | - | 2.2 | - | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High-level Input Voltage IE0~IE3, DATA | 3 V | - | 2.4 V | 3 V | 3 V | V |
|  | High-level Voltage PRB | 3 V | - | 2.1 V | 3 V | 3 V |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low-level Input Voltage IE0~IE3, DATA | 3 V | - | 0 | 0 | 1.2V | V |
|  | Low-level Input Voltage PRB | 3 V | - | 0 | 0 | 0.9V |  |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {OSC }}$ | Clock Oscillating Frequency | 3 V | - | - | 455 | - | kHz |

Electric Characteristics
$\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise noted

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{V}_{\text {DD }}$ | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Voltage | - | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{OSC}}=455 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \mathrm{Ta}=-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 2.2 | - | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Current (during operation) | 3 V | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{OSC}}=455 \mathrm{kHz}$ | - | 0.1 | 0.3 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Current (while not in operation) | 3 V | - | - | - | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level Output Current CT | 3 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | -5 | -10 | - | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low-level Output Current CT | 3 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.3 | 0.8 | - | mA |
|  | Low-level Output Current DATA | 3 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | 4 | - |  |
|  | Low-level Output Current OF0~OF7 | 3 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | 4 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | Pull-up Resistance PRB | 3 V | - | - | 80 | - | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  | Pull-up Resistance DATA | 3 V | - | - | 70 | - |  |
|  | Pull-up Resistance E0~E3 | 3 V | - | - | 70 | - |  |

## Functional Description

## Key operation

The input pins (IE0~IE3) and the output pins (OF0~OF7) constitute a max. of $4 \times 8$ key matrix which is also called standard key. The extended key is formed by input pin DATA and the scan output (OF5~OF7). The $4 \times 8$ key matrix and the extended key can transmit a max. of 256 instruction.

CT maintains " L " and no transmission code is generated when two or more keys in standard key are pressed.

Table 1 shows the relationship between the key matrix and the transmission code.

Table 1

| Transmission Code <br> Key Input | D1 | D0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IE0 | 0 | 0 |
| IE1 | 0 | 1 |
| IE2 | 1 | 0 |
| IE3 | 1 | 1 |


| Transmission Code <br> Scan Output | D4 | D3 | D2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OF1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| OF2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| OF3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| OF4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| OF5 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| OF6 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| OF7 | 1 | 1 | 1 |


| $\frac{\text { Transmission Code }}{\text { DATA Input }}$ | D7 | D6 | D5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF5 | - | - | 1 |
| OF6 | - | 1 | - |
| OF7 | 1 | - | - |

## Custom code

The custom code is made up of input pin DATA and scan output OF0~OF4. It has 8 bits (C0~C7); the lower 3 bits of the custom code (C5, C6 and C7) are fixed as " 0 ".

Fig. 1 shows an example of custom code selection.


Fig. 1

## Extended bit

The extended bit is formed by input pin DATA and the scan output (OF5~OF7). Fig. 2 shows an example of extended bit selection.


Fig. 2

## Clock oscillating circuit

HT6240 has built-in feedback resistor and CMOS inverter, so a ceramic resonator can connect between the oscillator circuit input pin (OSCI) and the output pin (OSCO), (see Fig. 3).
When the ceramic resonator is set to 455 kHz , the carrier can be set 38 kHz .

The oscillating circuit will stop when there is no key pressed to save power dissipation.


Note: These capacitors depend on the resonators. Use the values recommended by the resonator manufacturer.

## Transmission code

When the resonator is 455 kHz , the carrier of the transmission signal is 38 kHz . One pulse width is 0.53 ms . Therefore, twenty 38 kHz clocks are included in the 0.53 ms pulse width. (Fig. 4 shows the carrier)
HT6240-002 has two different formats. When the custom code is equal to zero, CT will send the 1 st format. Otherwise, it will send the 2 nd format.
If the custom code (C0~C7) is "0000 0000" then Fig. 5 shows the formation of the transmission code. Fig. 6 shows the transmission code " 0 " and " 1 " and pulse width. Fig. 7 shows the formation of the 1 -word transmission code. If a legal key is pressed, HT6240-002 will send at least five words (see Fig. 8).

Fig. 3


Fig. 4 Carrier

| D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data code |  |  |  |  |  |

Fig. 5 Formation of the transmission code


Fig. 6 Transmission code " 0 " and " 1 " and pulse width of HT6240-002

On table 2, the relationship between the key matrix and the transmission code is shown when custom code="0000 0000". The asterisks means that HT6240-002 can just send five words at a time even if a legal key is pressed for a long time. The others mean that HT6240-002 will send five or six words, even some more words if a legal key is still pressed.
Table 2

|  | OF0 | OF1 | OF2 | OF3 | OF4 | OF5 | OF6 | OF7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IE0 | 00 | 04 | 08 | 0 C | $10^{*}$ | $14^{*}$ | $18^{*}$ | $1 \mathrm{C}^{*}$ |
| IE1 | 01 | 05 | $09^{*}$ | $0 \mathrm{D}^{*}$ | $11^{*}$ | $15^{*}$ | $19^{*}$ | $1 \mathrm{D}^{*}$ |
| IE2 | 02 | 06 | $0 \mathrm{~A}^{*}$ | $0 \mathrm{E}^{*}$ | $12^{*}$ | $16^{*}$ | $1 \mathrm{~A}^{*}$ | $1 \mathrm{E}^{*}$ |
| IE3 | 03 | 07 | $0 \mathrm{~B}^{*}$ | $0 \mathrm{~F}^{*}$ | $13^{*}$ | $17^{*}$ | $1 \mathrm{~B}^{*}$ | $1 \mathrm{~F}^{*}$ |

There are 64 instructions when the custom code $=$ " 00000000 " in HT6240-002. The transmission output CT is still " L " and the transmission code will not be sent when two or more keys are pressed simultaneously.
If custom code $\neq " 00000000 "$ then Fig. 9 shows the formation of the transmission code. The transmission code consists of a head pulse, 8-bit custom code and 8 -bit data code. Fig. 10 shows bit " 0 " and bit " 1 ".
The formation of a 1-word transmission code without carrier is shown in detail in Fig.11. Output CT should combine with the carrier when CT is high.


Fig. 7 The formation of the 1-word transmission code


Fig. 8 A legal key will send at least five words


Fig. 9 The formation of the transmission code when custom code $\neq " 00000000^{\prime \prime}$

CT will send at least three words if we press a legal key. CT may send three or four words, or several words depending on the length of time the legal key is pressed. (see Fig. 12)

## Power on reset function (PRB)

The power on reset function can be activated by connecting a capacitor to PRB pin while power is applied. The time $\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{C}}\right)$ must be longer than 0.1 ms when the voltage in PRB pin ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$ ) becomes higher than $0.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ after the voltage in $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ pin exceeds 2.2 V .
When the power on reset function is activated, the standby state continues until an " L " is input to IE0~IE3.


Fig. 10


Fig. 11


Fig. 12


Fig. 13 Example of power-on reset function


Fig. 14 Relationship between the PRB pin and the voltage

## Application Circuits

Example (1)




## Example (2)






## haltek

## Example (3)



## Example (4)



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