



## Frequency Timing Generator for PENTIUM II Systems

### Recommended Application:

Camino chipset

### Output Features:

- 3 - CPUs @ 2.5V, up to 180MHz.
- 3 - IOAPIC @ 2.5V, PCI/2
- 3 - 3V66MHz @ 3.3V.
- 11 - PCIs @ 3.3V
- 1 - 48MHz, @ 3.3V fixed
- 1 - 24/48MHz, @ 3.3V
- 1 - CPU/2, @ 2.5V.

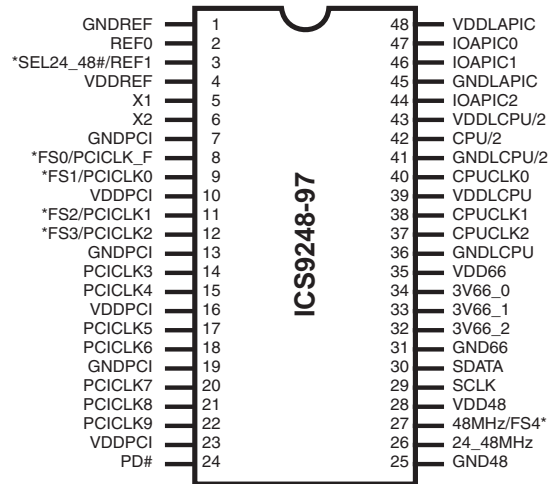
### Features:

- Up to 180MHz frequency support
- Support power management: Power down Mode from I<sup>2</sup>C programming.
- Spread spectrum for EMI control  $\pm 0.25\%$  center spread).
- Uses external 14.318MHz crystal
- FS pins for frequency select

### Key Specifications:

- CPU Output Jitter: <250ps
- CPU/2 Output Jitter: <250ps
- IOAPIC Output Jitter: <500ps
- 48MHz, 3V66, PCI Output Jitter: <500ps
- Ref Output Jitter: <1000ps
- CPU Output Skew: <175ps
- IOAPIC Output Skew <250ps
- 3V66 Output Skew <250ps
- CPU to 3V66 Output Offset: 0.0 - 1.5ns (CPU leads)
- 3V66 to PCI Output Offset: 1.5 - 4.0ns (3V66 leads)
- CPU to IOAPIC Output Offset 1.5 - 4.0ns (CPU leads)

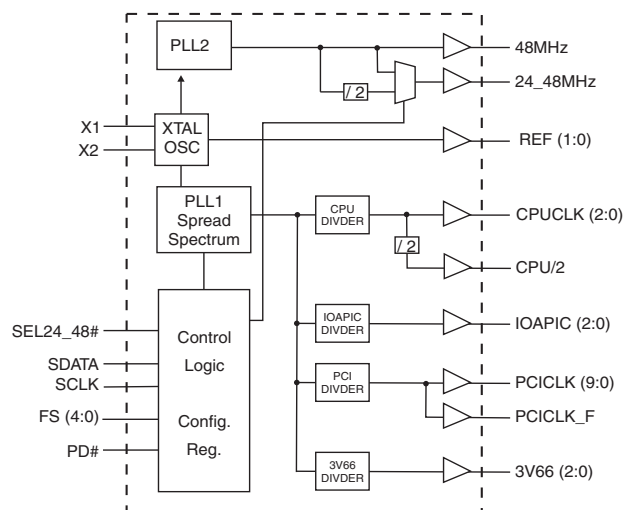
### Pin Configuration



### 48-pin SSOP

\* 120K ohm pull-up to VDD on indicated inputs.

### Block Diagram



# ICS9248-97



## General Description

The ICS9248-97 is a main clock synthesizer chip for Pentium II based systems using Rambus Interface DRAMs. This chip provides all the clocks required for such a system when used with a Direct Rambus Clock Generator(DRCG) chip such as the ICS9212-01.

Spread Spectrum may be enabled by driving the SPREAD# pin active. Spread spectrum typically reduces system EMI by 8dB to 10dB. This simplifies EMI qualification without resorting to board design iterations or costly shielding. The ICS9248-97 employs a proprietary closed loop design, which tightly controls the percentage of spreading over process and temperature variations.

The CPU/2 clocks are inputs to the DRCG.

## Pin Descriptions

Pin number	Pin name	Type	Description
1, 7, 13, 19, 25, 31	GND	PWR	Ground pins
2	REF0	OUT	14.318MHz reference clock outputs at 3.3V
3	REF1	OUT	14.318MHz reference clock outputs at 3.3V
	SEL24_48	IN	Logic input to select 24 or 48MHz for pin 26 output
4, 10, 16, 23, 28, 35	VDD	PWR	Power pins 3.3V
5	X1	IN	XTAL_IN 14.318MHz crystal input
6	X2	OUT	XTAL_OUT Crystal output
8	PCICLK_F	OUT	Free running PCI clock at 3.3V. Synchronous to CPU clocks. Not affected by the PCI_STOP# input.
	FS0	IN	Logic - input for frequency selection
9	PCICLK0	OUT	PCI clock output at 3.3V. Synchronous to CPU clocks.
	FS1	IN	Logic - input for frequency selection
11	PCICLK1	OUT	PCI clock output at 3.3V. Synchronous to CPU clocks.
	FS2	IN	Logic - input for frequency selection
12	PCICLK2	OUT	PCI clock output at 3.3V. Synchronous to CPU clocks.
	FS3	IN	Logic - input for frequency selection
22, 21, 20, 18, 17, 15, 14	PCICLK (9:3)	OUT	PCI clock outputs at 3.3V. Synchronous to CPU clocks.
24	PD#	IN	This asynchronous input powers down the chip when drive active(Low). The internal PLLs are disabled and all the output clocks are held at a Low state.
26	24_48MHz	OUT	24 or 48MHz output selectable by SEL24_48# (0=48MHz 1=24MHz)
27	48MHz	OUT/IN	Fixed 48MHz clock output. 3.3V
	FS4	IN	Logic - input for frequency selection
29	SCLK	IN	Clock input of I <sup>2</sup> C input
30	SDATA	IN	Data input for I <sup>2</sup> C serial input.
32, 33, 34	3V66 (2:0)	OUT	3.3V clock outputs. These outputs are stopped when CPU_STOP# is driven active..
36	GNDLCPU	PWR	Ground pin for the CPUCLKs
37, 38, 40	CPUCLK (2:0)	OUT	Host bus clock output at 2.5V.
39	VDDLCPU	PWR	Power pin for the CPUCLKs. 2.5V
41	GNDLCPU/2	PWR	Ground pin for the CPU/2 clocks.
42	CPU/2	OUT	2.5V clock outputs at 1/2 CPU frequency.
43	VDDLCPU/2	PWR	Power pin for the CPU/2 clocks. 2.5V
45	GNDLAPIC	PWR	Ground pin for the IOAPIC outputs.
44, 46, 47	IOAPIC (2:0)	OUT	IOAPIC clocks at 2.5V. Synchronous with CPUCLKs.
48	VDDLAPIC	PWR	Power pin for the IOAPIC outputs. 2.5V.



**Functionality**

FS4	FS3	FS2	FS1	FS0	CPU	CPU/2	PCI	3V66	IOAPIC
0	0	0	0	0	103.0	51.50	34.33	68.67	17.17
0	0	0	0	1	105.0	52.50	35.00	70.00	17.50
0	0	0	1	0	100.3	50.15	33.43	66.87	16.72
0	0	0	1	1	100.9	50.45	33.63	67.27	16.82
0	0	1	0	0	107.0	53.50	35.67	71.33	17.83
0	0	1	0	1	109.0	54.50	36.33	72.67	18.17
0	0	1	1	0	112.0	56.00	37.33	74.67	18.67
0	0	1	1	1	114.0	57.00	38.00	76.00	19.00
0	1	0	0	0	116.1	58.50	38.70	77.40	19.35
0	1	0	0	1	118.0	59.00	39.33	78.67	19.67
0	1	0	1	0	133.3	66.65	33.33	66.65	16.66
0	1	0	1	1	120.0	60.00	40.00	80.00	20.00
0	1	1	0	0	122.0	61.00	40.67	81.33	20.33
0	1	1	0	1	125.1	62.55	41.70	83.40	20.85
0	1	1	1	0	128.2	64.10	42.73	85.47	21.37
0	1	1	1	1	130.0	65.00	43.33	86.67	21.67
1	0	0	0	0	133	66.5	44.33	88.67	22.17
1	0	0	0	1	133.9	66.95	33.48	66.95	16.74
1	0	0	1	0	138	69	34.5	69	17.25
1	0	0	1	1	142	71	35.5	71	17.75
1	0	1	0	0	146	73	36.5	73	18.25
1	0	1	0	1	150	75	37.5	75	18.75
1	0	1	1	0	153	76.5	38.25	76.5	19.13
1	0	1	1	1	156	78	39	78	19.5
1	1	0	0	0	159.1	79.55	39.78	79.55	19.89
1	1	0	0	1	162	81	40.5	81	20.25
1	1	0	1	0	165	82.5	41.25	82.5	20.63
1	1	0	1	1	168	84	42	84	21
1	1	1	0	0	171	85.5	42.75	85.5	21.38
1	1	1	0	1	174	87	43.5	87	21.75
1	1	1	1	0	177	88.5	44.25	88.5	22.13
1	1	1	1	1	180	90	45	90	22.5

# ICS9248-97



## Serial Configuration Command Bitmap

Byte 0: Functionality and frequency select register (Default = 0)

Bit	Description										PWD
	Bit 2 FS4	Bit 7 FS3	Bit 6 FS2	Bit 5 FS1	Bit 4 FS0	CPU	CPU/2	PCI	3V66	IOAPIC	
	0	0	0	0	0	103.0	51.50	34.33	68.67	17.17	
	0	0	0	0	1	105.0	52.50	35.00	70.00	17.50	
	0	0	0	1	0	100.45	50.23	33.48	66.97	16.74	
	0	0	0	1	1	100.9	50.45	33.63	67.27	16.82	
	0	0	1	0	0	107.1	53.55	35.70	71.40	17.85	
	0	0	1	0	1	109.0	54.50	36.33	72.67	18.17	
	0	0	1	1	0	112.0	56.00	37.33	74.67	18.67	
	0	0	1	1	1	114.0	57.00	38.00	76.00	19.00	
	0	1	0	0	0	116.1	58.50	38.70	77.40	19.35	
	0	1	0	0	1	118.0	59.00	39.33	78.67	19.67	
	0	1	0	1	0	133.3	66.65	33.33	66.65	16.66	
	0	1	0	1	1	120.0	60.00	40.00	80.00	20.00	
	0	1	1	0	0	122.0	61.00	40.67	81.33	20.33	
	0	1	1	0	1	125.1	62.55	41.70	83.40	20.85	
	0	1	1	1	0	128.21	64.11	42.74	85.47	21.37	
	0	1	1	1	1	130.0	65.00	43.33	86.67	21.67	
Bit (2, 7:4)	1	0	0	0	0	133.0	66.50	44.33	88.67	22.17	Reserved Note 1
	1	0	0	0	1	133.9	66.95	33.48	66.95	16.74	
	1	0	0	1	0	138.0	69.00	34.50	69.00	17.25	
	1	0	0	1	1	142.0	71.00	35.50	71.00	17.75	
	1	0	1	0	0	146.0	73.00	36.50	73.00	18.25	
	1	0	1	0	1	150.0	75.00	37.50	75.00	18.75	
	1	0	1	1	0	153.0	76.50	38.25	76.50	19.13	
	1	0	1	1	1	156.0	78.00	39.00	78.00	19.50	
	1	1	0	0	0	159.1	79.55	39.78	79.55	19.89	
	1	1	0	0	1	162.0	81.00	40.50	81.00	20.25	
	1	1	0	1	0	165.0	82.50	41.25	82.50	20.63	
	1	1	0	1	1	168.0	84.00	42.00	84.00	21.00	
	1	1	1	0	0	171.0	85.50	42.75	85.50	21.38	
	1	1	1	0	1	174.0	87.00	43.50	87.00	21.75	
	1	1	1	1	0	177.0	88.50	44.25	88.50	22.13	
	1	1	1	1	1	180.0	90.00	45.00	90.00	22.50	
Bit 3	0 - Frequency is selected by hardware select, latched inputs 1 - Frequency is selected by Bit 2, 7:4										0
Bit 1	0 - Normal 1 - Spread spectrum enabled										0
Bit 0	0 - Running 1 - Tristate all outputs										0

**Note 1:**

Default at power-up will be for latched logic inputs to define frequency.



**Byte 1: CPU, Active/Inactive Register**  
(1 = enable, 0 = disable)

Bit	Pin #	PWD	Description
Bit 7	40	1	CPUCLK 0
Bit 6	38	1	CPUCLK 1
Bit 5	37	1	CPUCLK 2
Bit 4	42	1	CPU/2
Bit 3	47	1	IOAPIC0
Bit 2	46	1	IOAPIC1
Bit 1	44	1	IOAPIC2
Bit 0	-	X	(Reserved)

**Notes:**

1. Inactive means outputs are held LOW and are disabled from switching.

**Byte 2: PCI Active/Inactive Register**  
(1 = enable, 0 = disable)

Bit	Pin #	PWD	Description
Bit 7	18	1	PCICLK6
Bit 6	17	1	PCICLK5
Bit 5	15	1	PCICLK4
Bit 4	14	1	PCICLK3
Bit 3	12	1	PCICLK2
Bit 2	11	1	PCICLK1
Bit 1	9	1	PCICLK0
Bit 0	8	1	PCICLK_F

**Notes:**

1. Inactive means outputs are held LOW and are disabled from switching.

**Byte 3: 3V66 Active/Inactive Register**  
(1 = enable, 0 = disable)

Bit	Pin #	PWD	Description
Bit 7	34	1	3V66_0
Bit 6	33	1	3V66_1
Bit 5	32	1	3V66_2
Bit 4	-	X	FS1#
Bit 3	3	1	REF1
Bit 2	2	1	REF0
Bit 1	-	X	FS3#
Bit 0	-	X	FS2#

**Notes:**

1. Inactive means outputs are held LOW and are disabled from switching.

**Byte 4: PCI Active/Inactive Register**  
(1 = enable, 0 = disable)

Bit	Pin #	PWD	Description
Bit 7	26	1	24_48MHz
Bit 6	27	1	48MHz
Bit 5	-	X	FS0#
Bit 4	-	1	(Reserved)
Bit 3	22	1	PCICLK9
Bit 2	21	1	PCICLK8
Bit 1	20	1	PCICLK7
Bit 0	-	X	FS4#

**Notes:**

1. Inactive means outputs are held LOW and are disabled from switching.

**Byte 5: Active/Inactive Register**  
(1 = enable, 0 = disable)

Bit	Pin #	PWD	Description
Bit7	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit6	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit5	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit4	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit3	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit2	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit1	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit0	-	1	Reserved (Note)

**Notes:**

1. Inactive means outputs are held LOW and are disabled from switching.

**Byte6: Active/Inactive Register**  
(1 = enable, 0 = disable)

Bit	Pin #	PWD	Description
Bit7	-	0	Reserved (Note)
Bit6	-	0	Reserved (Note)
Bit5	-	0	Reserved (Note)
Bit4	-	0	Reserved (Note)
Bit3	-	0	Reserved (Note)
Bit2	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit1	-	1	Reserved (Note)
Bit0	-	0	Reserved (Note)

**Note:** Don't write into this register, writing into this register can cause malfunction



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage	5.5 V
Logic Inputs	GND-0.5 V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5 V
Ambient Operating Temperature	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Case Temperature	115°C

Stresses above those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

## Electrical Characteristics - Input/Supply/Common Output Parameters

T<sub>A</sub> = 0 - 70° C; V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V +/-5%; V<sub>DDL</sub> = 2.5 V +/-5% (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		2		V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3		0.8	V
Input High Current	I <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>		0.1	5	μA
Input Low Current	I <sub>IL1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; Inputs with no pull-up resistors	-5	2.0		μA
Input Low Current	I <sub>IL2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; Inputs with pull-up resistors	-200	-100		μA
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>DD3.3OP100</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 0 pF; Select @ 100 MHz		71	160	mA
	I <sub>DD3.3OP133</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 0 pF; Select @ 133 MHz		76	160	mA
Input frequency	F <sub>i</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V;	11	14.318	16	MHz
Input Capacitance <sup>1</sup>	C <sub>IN</sub>	Logic Inputs			5	pF
	C <sub>INX</sub>	X1 & X2 pins	27	36	45	pF
Transition Time <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>trans</sub>	To 1st crossing of target Freq.			3	ms
Settling Time <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>s</sub>	From 1st crossing to 1% target Freq.		5		ms
Clk Stabilization <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>STAB</sub>	From V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V to 1% target Freq.			3	ms

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

## Electrical Characteristics - Input/Supply/Common Output Parameters

T<sub>A</sub> = 0 - 70° C; V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V +/-5%; V<sub>DDL</sub> = 2.5 V +/-5% (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>DD2.5OP100</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 0 pF; Select @ 100 MHz		14.5	75	mA
	I <sub>DD2.5OP133</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 0 pF; Select @ 133 MHz		17.5	90	mA
Power Down Supply Current	I <sub>DD2.5PD</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 0 pF; PWRDWN# = 0		136	300	μA

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.



**Group Offset**

Group	Offset	Measurement Loads	Measure Points
CPU to 3V66	0.0-1.5ns CPU leads	CPU @ 20pF, 3V66 @ 30pF	CPU @ 1.25V, 3V66 @ 1.5V
3V66 to PCI	1.5-4.0ns 3V66 leads	3V66 @ 30pF, PCI @ 30pF	3V66 @ 1.5V, PCI @ 1.5V
CPU to IOAPIC	1.5-4.0ns CPU leads	CPU @ 20pF, IOAPIC @ 20pF	CPU @ 1.25V, IOAPIC @ 1.5V

Note: 1. All offsets are to be measured at rising edges.

**Electrical Characteristics - CPUCLK**

T<sub>A</sub> = 0 - 70° C; V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V +/-5%, V<sub>DDL</sub> = 2.5 V +/-5%; C<sub>L</sub> = 20 pF (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	R <sub>DSP2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	13.5	30	45	Ω
Output Impedance	R <sub>D5N2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	13.5	32	45	Ω
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH2B</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12.0 mA	2	2.24		V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL2B</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12.0 mA		0.31	0.4	V
Output High Current	I <sub>OH2B</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.7 V		-31	-19	mA
Output Low Current	I <sub>OL2B</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.7 V	19	25		mA
Rise Time	t <sub>r2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.0 V		1.47	1.8	ns
Fall Time	t <sub>f2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.0 V, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V		1.51	1.8	ns
Duty Cycle	d <sub>t2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.25 V CPU Frequencies: 100 to 159MHz	45	50.5	55	%
		V <sub>T</sub> = 1.25 V CPU Frequencies: 162 to 180MHz	41	47.5	51	
Skew	t <sub>sk2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.25 V		27	175	ps
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle	t <sub>jyc-cyc2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.25 V		218	300	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

**Electrical Characteristics - CPU/2**

T<sub>A</sub> = 0 - 70° C; V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V +/-5%, V<sub>DDL</sub> = 2.5 V +/-5%; C<sub>L</sub> = 20 pF (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	R <sub>DSP2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	13.5	30	45	Ω
Output Impedance	R <sub>D5N2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	13.5	31	45	Ω
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH2B</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12.0 mA	2	2.2		V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL2B</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12.0 mA		0.31	0.4	V
Output High Current	I <sub>OH2B</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 1.7 V		-31	-19	mA
Output Low Current	I <sub>OL2B</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.7 V	19	26		mA
Rise Time	t <sub>r2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.0 V		1.21	1.6	ns
Fall Time	t <sub>f2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.0 V, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V		1.17	1.6	ns
Duty Cycle	d <sub>t2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.25 V	45	48.6	55	%
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle	t <sub>jyc-cyc2B</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.25 V		227	250	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.



## Electrical Characteristics - 3V66

$T_A = 0 - 70^\circ \text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{DDL} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ;  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	$R_{DSP1}^1$	$V_O = V_{DD}^*(0.5)$	12	24.19	55	$\Omega$
Output Impedance	$R_{DSN1}^1$	$V_O = V_{DD}^*(0.5)$	12	23.08	55	$\Omega$
Output High Voltage	$V_{OH1}$	$I_{OH} = -11 \text{ mA}$	2.4	3.1		V
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL1}$	$I_{OL} = 9.4 \text{ mA}$		0.17	0.4	V
Output High Current	$I_{OH1}$	$V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		-51	-22	mA
Output Low Current	$I_{OL1}$	$V_{OL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	16	41		mA
Rise Time <sup>1</sup>	$t_{r1}$	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$		1.49	2	ns
Fall Time <sup>1</sup>	$t_{f1}$	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		1.52	2	ns
Duty Cycle <sup>1</sup>	$d_{t1}$	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$	45	49	55	%
Skew <sup>1</sup>	$t_{sk1}$	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$		92	250	ps
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle <sup>1</sup>	$T_{jyc-cyc1}$	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$		173	250	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

## Electrical Characteristics - PCICLK

$T_A = 0 - 70^\circ \text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{DDL} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ;  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	$R_{DSP1}^1$	$V_O = V_{DD}^*(0.5)$	12	24	55	$\Omega$
Output Impedance	$R_{DSN1}^1$	$V_O = V_{DD}^*(0.5)$	12	23	55	$\Omega$
Output High Voltage	$V_{OH1}$	$I_{OH} = -11 \text{ mA}$	2.4	3.1		V
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL1}$	$I_{OL} = 9.4 \text{ mA}$		0.16	0.4	V
Output High Current	$I_{OH1}$	$V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		-50	-22	mA
Output Low Current	$I_{OL1}$	$V_{OL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	16	42		mA
Rise Time <sup>1</sup>	$t_{r1}$	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$		1.87	2.5	ns
Fall Time <sup>1</sup>	$t_{f1}$	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		1.57	2.5	ns
Duty Cycle <sup>1</sup>	$d_{t1}$	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$	45	49.8	55	%
Skew <sup>1</sup>	$t_{sk1}$	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , PCICLK <sub>(5:All)</sub>		600	625	ps
		$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , PCICLK <sub>(5: 1, 3, 7)</sub>		102	200	
		$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , PCICLK <sub>(7: 2, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10)</sub>		179	500	
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle <sup>1</sup>	$T_{jyc-cyc1}$	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$		202	500	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.





**Electrical Characteristics - 48 MHz**

T<sub>A</sub> = 0 - 70°C; V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V +/-5%; V<sub>DDL</sub> = 2.5 V +/-5%; C<sub>L</sub> = 20 pF (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	R <sub>DSP5</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	20	47	60	Ω
Output Impedance	R <sub>DSN5</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	20	44	60	Ω
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH5</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -16 mA	2.4	2.62		V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL5</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 9 mA		0.3	0.4	V
Output High Current	I <sub>OH5</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.0 V		-27	-22	mA
Output Low Current	I <sub>OL5</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.8 V	16	22		mA
Rise Time <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>r5</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V		2.33	4	ns
Fall Time <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>f5</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V		2.42	4	ns
Duty Cycle <sup>1</sup>	d <sub>t5</sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.5 V	45	51	55	%
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>j<sub>cyc-cyc5</sub></sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.5 V		439	500	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

**Electrical Characteristics - REF**

T<sub>A</sub> = 0 - 70°C; V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V +/-5%, V<sub>DDL</sub> = 2.5 V +/-5%; C<sub>L</sub> = 20 pF (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	R <sub>DSP5</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	20	47.6	60	Ω
Output Impedance	R <sub>DSN5</sub> <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> *(0.5)	20	44	60	Ω
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH5</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -16 mA	2.4	2.6		V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL5</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 9 mA		0.3	0.4	V
Output High Current	I <sub>OH5</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.0 V		-26	-22	mA
Output Low Current	I <sub>OL5</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.8 V	16	22		mA
Rise Time <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>r5</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V		2.28	4	ns
Fall Time <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>f5</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V, V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V		2.24	4	ns
Duty Cycle <sup>1</sup>	d <sub>t5</sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.5 V	45	51.9	55	%
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>j<sub>cyc-cyc5</sub></sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 1.5 V		839	1000	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.



## Electrical Characteristics - IOAPIC

$T_A = 0 - 70^\circ \text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{DDL} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ ;  $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Impedance	$R_{DSP4B}^1$	$V_O = V_{DD} * (0.5)$	13.5	26	45	$\Omega$
Output Impedance	$R_{DSN4B}^1$	$V_O = V_{DD} * (0.5)$	13.5	31	45	$\Omega$
Output High Voltage	$V_{OH4B}$	$I_{OH} = -12.0 \text{ mA}$	2	2.24		V
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL4B}$	$I_{OL} = 12.0 \text{ mA}$		0.31	0.4	V
Output High Current	$I_{OH4B}$	$V_{OH} = 1.7 \text{ V}$		-31	-19	mA
Output Low Current	$I_{OL4B}$	$V_{OL} = 0.7 \text{ V}$	19	26		mA
Rise Time <sup>1</sup>	$T_{r4B}$	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		1.62	2	ns
Fall Time <sup>1</sup>	$T_{f4B}$	$V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		1.57	2	ns
Duty Cycle <sup>1</sup>	$D_{t4B}$	$V_T = 1.25 \text{ V}$	45	48.6	55	%
Skew <sup>1</sup>	$t_{sk4B}$	$V_T = 1.25 \text{ V}$		52	250	ps
Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle <sup>1</sup>	$T_{jyc-cyc4B}$	$V_T = 1.25 \text{ V}$		245	500	ps

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.



**Power Management Features:**

PD#	CPUCLK	CPU/2	IOAPIC	3V66	PCI	PCI_F	REF. 48MHz	Osc	VCOs
0	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	OFF	OFF
1	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

**Note:**

- 1. LOW means outputs held static LOW as per latency requirement next page.
- 2. On means active.
- 3. PD# pulled Low, impacts all outputs including REF and 48 MHz outputs.

**Power Management Requirements:**

Signal	Signal State	Latency
		No. of rising edges of PCICLK
PD#	1 (normal operation)	3mS
	0 (power down)	2max.

**Note:**

- 1. Clock on/off latency is defined in the number of rising edges of free running PCICLKs between the clock disable goes low/high to the first valid clock comes out of the device.
- 2. Power up latency is when PWR\_DWN# goes inactive (high to when the first valid clocks are driven from the device).



## General I<sup>2</sup>C serial interface information

The information in this section assumes familiarity with I<sup>2</sup>C programming.  
For more information, contact ICS for an I<sup>2</sup>C programming application note.

### How to Write:

- Controller (host) sends a start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address D2<sub>(H)</sub>
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends a dummy command code
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends a dummy byte count
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending first byte (Byte 0) through byte 5
- ICS clock will **acknowledge** each byte *one at a time*.
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

How to Write:	
Controller (Host)	ICS (Slave/Receiver)
Start Bit	
Address D2 <sub>(H)</sub>	
	<b>ACK</b>
Dummy Command Code	
	<b>ACK</b>
Dummy Byte Count	
	<b>ACK</b>
Byte 0	
	<b>ACK</b>
Byte 1	
	<b>ACK</b>
Byte 2	
	<b>ACK</b>
Byte 3	
	<b>ACK</b>
Byte 4	
	<b>ACK</b>
Byte 5	
	<b>ACK</b>
Stop Bit	

### How to Read:

- Controller (host) will send start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the read address D3<sub>(H)</sub>
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- ICS clock will send the **byte count**
- Controller (host) acknowledges
- ICS clock sends first byte (**Byte 0**) through **byte 5**
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

How to Read:	
Controller (Host)	ICS (Slave/Receiver)
Start Bit	
Address D3 <sub>(H)</sub>	
	<b>ACK</b>
	<b>Byte Count</b>
ACK	
	<b>Byte 0</b>
ACK	
	<b>Byte 1</b>
ACK	
	<b>Byte 2</b>
ACK	
	<b>Byte 3</b>
ACK	
	<b>Byte 4</b>
ACK	
	<b>Byte 5</b>
ACK	
Stop Bit	

### Notes:

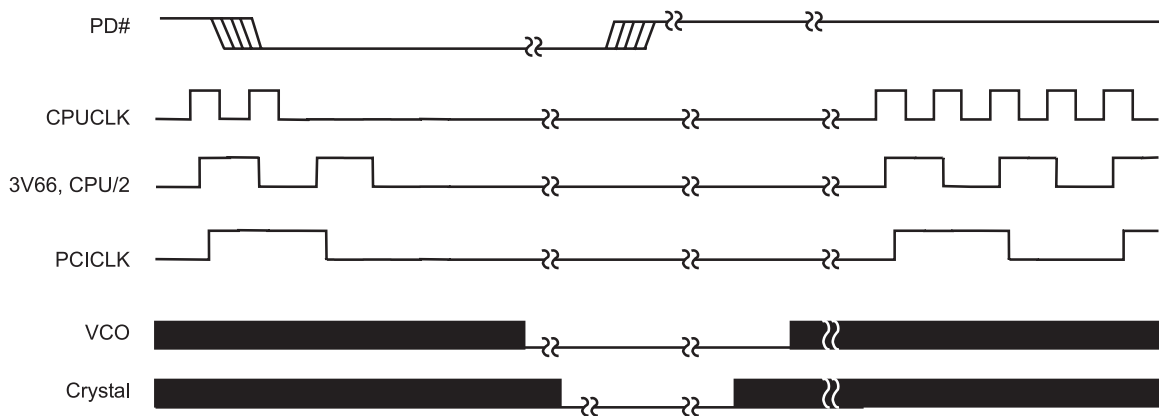
1. The ICS clock generator is a slave/receiver, I<sup>2</sup>C component. It can read back the data stored in the latches for verification. **Read-Back will support Intel PIIX4 "Block-Read" protocol.**
2. The data transfer rate supported by this clock generator is 100K bits/sec or less (standard mode)
3. The input is operating at 3.3V logic levels.
4. The data byte format is 8 bit bytes.
5. To simplify the clock generator I<sup>2</sup>C interface, the protocol is set to use only "**Block-Writes**" from the controller. The bytes must be accessed in sequential order from lowest to highest byte with the ability to stop after any complete byte has been transferred. The Command code and Byte count shown above must be sent, but the data is ignored for those two bytes. The data is loaded until a Stop sequence is issued.
6. At power-on, all registers are set to a default condition, as shown.



### PD# Timing Diagram

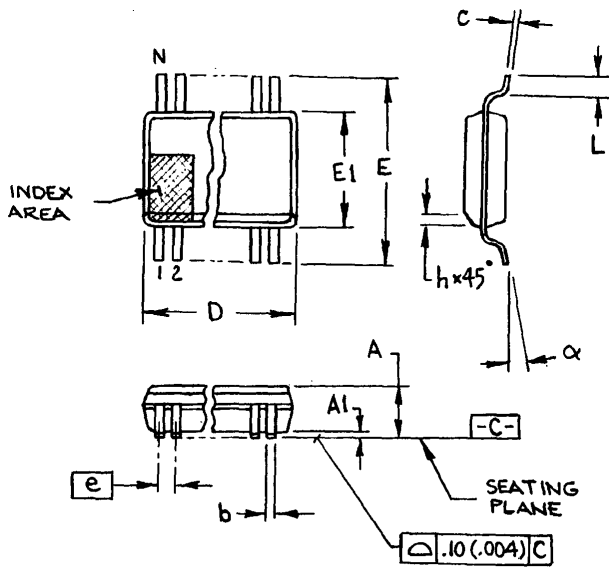
The power down selection is used to put the part into a very low power state without turning off the power to the part. PD# is an asynchronous active low input. This signal needs to be synchronized internal to the device prior to powering down the clock synthesizer.

Internal clocks are not running after the device is put in power down. When PD# is active low all clocks need to be driven to a low value and held prior to turning off the VCOs and crystal. The power up latency needs to be less than 3 mS. The power down latency should be as short as possible but conforming to the sequence requirements shown below. The REF and 48MHz clocks are expected to be stopped in the LOW state as soon as possible. Due to the state of the internal logic, stopping and holding the REF clock outputs in the LOW state may require more than one clock cycle to complete.



**Notes:**

- 1. All timing is referenced to the Internal CPUCLK (defined as inside the ICS9248 device).
- 2. As shown, the outputs Stop Low on the next falling edge after PD# goes low.
- 3. PD# is an asynchronous input and metastable conditions may exist. This signal is synchronized inside this part.
- 4. The shaded sections on the VCO and the Crystal signals indicate an active clock.
- 5. Diagrams shown with respect to 133MHz. Similar operation when CPU is 100MHz.



300 mil SSOP

SYMBOL	In Millimeters		In Inches	
	COMMON DIMENSIONS		COMMON DIMENSIONS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.413	2.794	.095	.110
A1	0.203	0.406	.008	.016
b	0.203	0.343	.008	.0135
c	0.127	0.254	.005	.010
D	SEE VARIATIONS		SEE VARIATIONS	
E	10.033	10.668	.395	.420
E1	7.391	7.595	.291	.299
e	0.635 BASIC		0.025 BASIC	
h	0.381	0.635	.015	.025
L	0.508	1.016	.020	.040
N	SEE VARIATIONS		SEE VARIATIONS	
$\alpha$	0°	8°	0°	8°

VARIATIONS

N	D mm.		D (inch)	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
28	9.398	9.652	.370	.380
34	11.303	11.557	.445	.455
48	15.748	16.002	.620	.630
56	18.288	18.542	.720	.730
64	20.828	21.082	.820	.830

JEDEC MO-118 6/1/00  
DOC# 10-0034 REVB

## Ordering Information

ICS9248yF-97-T

Example:

ICS XXXX y F - PPP - T

- Designation for tape and reel packaging
- Pattern Number (2 or 3 digit number for parts with ROM code patterns)
- Package Type  
F=SSOP
- Revision Designator (will not correlate with datasheet revision)
- Device Type (consists of 3 or 4 digit numbers)
- Prefix  
ICS, AV = Standard Device

ICS reserves the right to make changes in the device data identified in this publication without further notice. ICS advises its customers to obtain the latest version of all device data to verify that any information being relied upon by the customer is current and accurate.