

#### **General Description**

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E are 3V-powered EIA/TIA-232 and V.28/V.24 communications interfaces with low power requirements, high datarate capabilities, and enhanced electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection. All transmitter outputs and receiver inputs are protected to ±15kV using IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge, ±8kV using IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge, and ±15kV using the Human Body Model. The MAX3237E's logic and receiver I/O pins are protected to the above standards, while the transmitter output pins are protected to ±15kV using the Human Body Model.

The transceivers have a proprietary low-dropout transmitter output stage, delivering true RS-232 performance from a +3.0V to +5.5V supply with a dual charge pump. The charge pump requires only four small 0.1µF capacitors for operation from a +3.3V supply. Each device is guaranteed to run at data rates of 250kbps while maintaining RS-232 output levels. The MAX3237E is guaranteed to run at data rates of 250kbps in the normal operating mode and 1Mbps in the MegaBaud™ operating mode while maintaining RS-232-compliant output levels.

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E have two receivers and two drivers. The MAX3222E features a 1µA shutdown mode that reduces power consumption and extends battery life in portable systems. Its receivers can remain active in shutdown mode, allowing external devices such as modems to be monitored using only 1µA supply current. Both the MAX3222E and MAX3232E are pin, package, and functionally compatible with the industry-standard MAX242 and MAX232, respectively.

The MAX3241E is a complete serial port (three drivers/five receivers) designed for notebook and subnotebook computers. The MAX3237E (five drivers/three receivers) is ideal for peripheral applications that require fast data transfer. Both devices feature a shutdown mode in which all receivers can remain active while using a supply current of only 1µA (MAX3241E) or 10nA (MAX3237E). The MAX3237E/MAX3241E have additional receiver outputs that always remain active.

The MAX3222E and MAX3232E are available in spacesaving SO, SSOP, and TSSOP packages. The MAX3241E is available in SO and SSOP packages. The MAX3237E is available in an SSOP package.

### **Applications**

Notebooks, Subnotebooks, and Palmtop Computers

Battery-Powered Equipment Cell-Phone Data Cables

Cell Phones

**Smart Phones XDSL Modems Printers** 

#### Features

- ♦ ESD Protection for RS-232 I/O Pins (MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E) ±15kV—Human Body Model ±8kV—IEC 1000-4-2, Contact Discharge ±15kV—IEC 1000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge
- ♦ ESD Protection for All Logic and Receiver I/O Pins (MAX3237E)

±15kV—Human Body Model ±8kV—IEC 1000-4-2, Contact Discharge ±15kV—IEC 1000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge

**♦ ESD Protection for Transmitter Output Pins** (MAX3237E)

±15kV—Human Body Model

- Guaranteed Data Rate 250kbps (MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E and MAX3237E, normal operation) 1Mbps (MAX3237E, MegaBaud operation)
- ♦ Latchup Free
- **♦ Low-Power Shutdown with Receivers Active** 1µA (MAX3222E/MAX3241E) 10nA (MAX3237E)
- **♦ Flow-Through Pinout (MAX3237E)**
- **Guaranteed Mouse Driveability (MAX3241E)**
- Meets EIA/TIA-232 Specifications Down to 3.0V

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3222ECUP	0°C to +70°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3222ECAP	0°C to +70°C	20 SSOP

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

#### **Selector Guide**

PART	NO. OF DRIVERS/	LOW- POWER	GUARANTEED DATA RATE
	RECEIVERS	SHUTDOWN	(kbps)
MAX3222E	2/2	~	250
MAX3232E	2/2		250
MAX3237E (Normal)	5/3	~	250
MAX3237E (MegaBaud)	5/3	~	1M
MAX3241E	3/5	~	250

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet. Typical Operating Circuits appear at end of data sheet.

MegaBaud is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.

†Covered by U.S. Patent numbers 4,636,930; 4,679,134; 4,777,577; 4,797,899; 4,809,152; 4,897,774; 4,999,761; and other patents pending.

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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub> to GND0	
V+ to GND (Note 1)0	.3V to +7V
V- to GND (Note 1)+0	).3V to -7V
V+ + IV-I (Note 1)	+13V
Input Voltages	
T_IN, EN, SHDN, MBAUD to GND0	.3V to +6V
R_IN to GND	±25V
Output Voltages	
T_OUT to GND	
R_OUT, R_OUTB (MAX3241E)0.3V to (Vo	CC + 0.3V
Short-Circuit Duration, T_OUT to GNDC	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
16-Pin SSOP (derate 7.14mW/°C above +70°C)	571mW

16-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C)762mW 18-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C)762mW 18-Pin PDIP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C)889mW 20-Pin TSSOP (derate 7.0mW/°C above +70°C)559mW 20-Pin SSOP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C)640mW 28-Pin SSOP (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C)762mW
28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C)1W
Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX32EC0°C to +70°C
MAX32EE40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Note 1: V+ and V- can have maximum magnitudes of 7V, but their absolute difference cannot exceed 13V.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V}, C1-C4 = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C.})$  (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONI	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
DC CHARACTERISTICS (V <sub>CC</sub>	$= +3.3V \text{ or } +5.0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C)$						
Supply Current	SHDN = V <sub>CC</sub> , no load	MAX3222E, MAX3232E, MAX3241E		0.3	1	mA	
		MAX3237E		0.5	2.0	1	
Shutdown Supply Current	SHDN = GND			1	10	μΑ	
Shutdown Supply Current	SHDN = R_IN = GND, T_IN	I = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX3237E)		10	300	nA	
LOGIC INPUTS							
Input Logic Low	T_IN, EN, SHDN, MBAUD				0.8	V	
Input Logic High	T IN THE CLIDNE MOALID	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V	2.0			V	
input Logic High	T_IN, EN, SHDN, MBAUD	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	2.4			1 v	
Transmitter Input Hysteresis				0.5		V	
Input Leakage Current	T_IN, EN, SHDN	MAX3222E, MAX3232E, MAX3241E		±0.01	±1	μΑ	
	T_IN, SHDN, MBAUD	MAX3237E (Note 3)		9	18		
RECEIVER OUTPUTS							
Output Leakage Current	R_OUT (MAX3222E/MAX32 receivers disabled	37E/MAX3241E), $\overline{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{CC}}$ ,		±0.05	±10	μΑ	
Output Voltage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.6mA (MAX3222E/N	MAX3232E/MAX3241E)			0.4	V	
Output voitage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.0mA (MAX3237E)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.0mA (MAX3237E)			0.4	]	
Output Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0mA	Vcc - 0.6	Vcc - 0.1		V		
RECEIVER INPUTS	1		-				
Input Voltage Range			-25		+25	V	
Input Throphold Low	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V	0.6	1.1		V	
Input Threshold Low	1A = +23 C	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	0.8	1.5		1 V	

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### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V}, \text{C1-C4} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, \text{T}_A = \text{T}_{MIN} \text{ to } \text{T}_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RECEIVER INPUTS						•
Input Threshold High	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V		1.5	2.4	V
Input miesnoid riign	1A = +25 C	Vcc = 5.0V		2.0	2.4	]
Input Hysteresis				0.5		V
Input Resistance	$T_A = +25$ °C		3	5	7	kΩ
TRANSMITTER OUTPUTS						•
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter	outputs loaded with $3k\Omega$ to ground	±5	±5.4		V
Output Resistance	Vcc = 0, trans	smitter output = ±2V	300	50k		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current					±60	mA
Output Leakage Current		% to 5.5V, $V_{OUT} = \pm 12V$ , transmitters disabled MAX3232E/MAX3241E)			±25	μA
MOUSE DRIVEABILITY (MAX32	41E)					
Transmitter Output Voltage		T1IN = T2IN = GND, T3IN = $V_{CC}$ , T3OUT loaded with $3k\Omega$ to GND, T1OUT and T2OUT loaded with 2.5mA each				V
ESD PROTECTION						
	Human Body Model			±15		
R_IN, T_OUT	IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge (except MAX3237E)			±15		kV
	IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge (except MAX3237E)			±8		
TIN DIN DOUT EN OUT	Human Body Model			±15		
T_IN, R_IN, R_OUT, EN, SHDN, MBAUD	MAX3237E	IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge		±15		kV
INDAGD		IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge		±8		1

#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V}, C1-C4 = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C.})$  (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Maximum Data Rate		$R_L = 3k\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000pF$ , one transmitter switching		250			kbps	
Receiver Propagation Delay	t <sub>PHL</sub>	Receiver input to rec	Receiver input to receiver output,		0.15		110	
neceiver riopagation belay	tPLH	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF			0.15		μs	
Receiver Output Enable Time		Normal operation (except MAX3232E)			200		ns	
Receiver Output Disable Time		Normal operation (except MAX3232E)			200		ns	
Transmitter Skew	Itphl - tplh	(Note 4)			100		ns	
Receiver Skew	Itphl - tplh				50		ns	
Transition-Region Slew Rate		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , $R_1 = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ .	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF to 1000pF	6		30	V/µs	
Transition-negion siew hate	measured from +3V	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF to 2500pF	4		30	ν/μ5		

Note 2: MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E: C1–C4 = 0.1μF tested at 3.3V ±10%; C1 = 0.047μF, C2–C4 = 0.33μF tested at 5.0V ±10%. MAX3237E: C1–C4 = 0.1μF, tested at 3.3V ±5%; C1–C4 = 0.22μF tested at 3.3V ±10%; C1 = 0.047μF, C2–C4 = 0.33μF tested at 5.0V ±10%.

Note 3: The MAX3237E logic inputs have an active positive feedback resistor. The input current goes to zero when the inputs are at the supply rails.

Note 4: Transmitter skew is measured at the transmitter zero crosspoints.

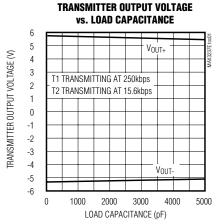
#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3237E

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V}, \text{C1-C4} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, \text{T}_A = \text{T}_{MIN} \text{ to T}_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T}_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C.})$  (Note 2)

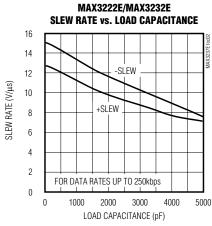
PARAMETER	CONDIT	TIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	$R_L = 3k\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000pF$ , one MBAUD = GND	ching,	250					
Maximum Data Rate	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{V to } 4.5 \text{V},  \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 3 \text{k} \Omega$ one transmitter switching, MB				1000			kbps
	$V_{CC} = 4.5V$ to 5.5V, $R_L = 3k\Omega$ one transmitter switching, MB	1000						
Receiver Propagation Delay	Dalam D NA D OUT O 450 E		L		0.15		110	
neceiver Fropagation Delay	R_IN to R_OUT, $C_L = 150pF$ tplh				0.15		μs	
Receiver Output Enable Time	Normal operation					2.6		μs
Receiver Output Disable Time	Normal operation					2.4		μs
Transmitter Skew	I tPHL - tPLH I, MBAUD = GND	I tPHL - tPLH I, MBAUD = GND				100		ns
Transmitter Skew	I tPHL - tPLH I, MBAUD = VCC					100		ns
Receiver Skew	l tphl - tplh l					50		ns
Transition-Region Slew Rate	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $R_L = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ , $+3V$ to $-3V$ or $-3V$ to	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 <sub>l</sub>		MBAUD = GND	6		30	
		to 1000pF	=	MBAUD = V <sub>CC</sub>	24		150	V/µs
	+3V, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF to 2500pF, MBAUD = GND		4		30		

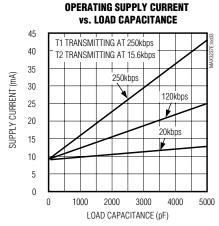
#### Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, 250kbps data rate, 0.1\mu F capacitors, all transmitters loaded with <math>3k\Omega$  and  $C_L$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



MAX3222E/MAX3232E

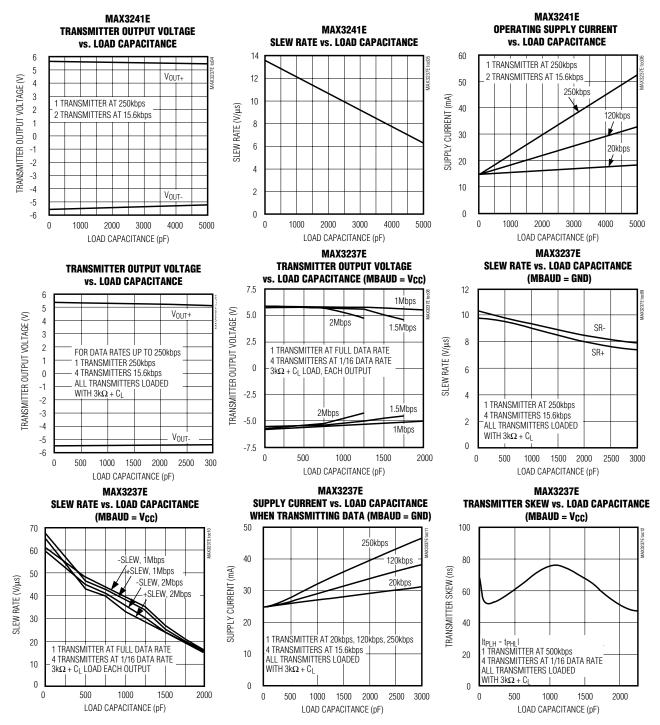




MAX3222E/MAX3232E

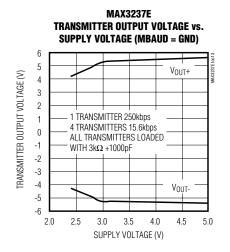
## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

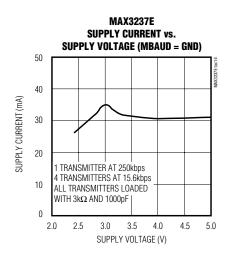
 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, 250 \text{kbps})$  data rate,  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  capacitors, all transmitters loaded with  $3 \text{k}\Omega$  and  $C_L$ ,  $T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)



### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, 250 \text{kbps})$  data rate,  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  capacitors, all transmitters loaded with  $3 \text{k}\Omega$  and  $C_L$ ,  $T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)





### Pin Description

			PIN				
MAX	3222E	MAX	3232E			NAME	FUNCTION
SO/DIP	TSSOP/ SSOP	SO/DIP	TSSOP/ SSOP	MAX3237E	MAX3241E		
1	1	_	_	13*	23	ĒN	Receiver Enable. Active low.
2	2	1	2	28	28	C1+	Positive Terminal of Voltage-Doubler Charge-Pump Capacitor
3	3	2	3	27	27	V+	+5.5V Generated by the Charge Pump
4	4	3	4	25	24	C1-	Negative Terminal of Voltage-Doubler Charge-Pump Capacitor
5	5	4	5	1	1	C2+	Positive Terminal of Inverting Charge- Pump Capacitor
6	6	5	6	3	2	C2-	Negative Terminal of Inverting Charge-Pump Capacitor
7	7	6	7	4	3	V-	-5.5V Generated by the Charge Pump
8, 15	8, 17	7, 14	8, 17	5, 6, 7, 10, 12	9, 10, 11	T_OUT	RS-232 Transmitter Outputs
9, 14	9, 16	8, 13	9, 16	8, 9, 11	4–8	R_IN	RS-232 Receiver Inputs
10, 13	10, 15	9, 12	12, 15	18, 20, 21	15–19	R_OUT	TTL/CMOS Receiver Outputs
11, 12	12, 13	10, 11	13, 14	17*, 19*, 22*, 23*, 24*	12, 13, 14	T_IN	TTL/CMOS Transmitter Inputs
16	18	15	18	2	25	GND	Ground

### Pin Description (continued)

			PIN						
MAX	3222E MAX		MAX3222E		3232E			NAME	FUNCTION
SO/DIP	TSSOP/ SSOP	SO/DIP	TSSOP/ SSOP	MAX3237E	MAX3241E				
17	19	16	19	26	26	Vcc	+3.0V to +5.5V Supply Voltage		
18	20	_	_	14*	22	SHDN	Shutdown Control. Active low.		
_	11, 14	_	1, 10, 11, 20	_	_	N.C.	No Connection		
_	_	_	_	15*	_	MBAUD	MegaBaud Control Input. Connect to GND for normal operation; connect to VCC for 1Mbps transmission rates.		
_	_	_	_	16	20, 21	R_OUTB	Noninverting Complementary Receiver Outputs. Always active.		

<sup>\*</sup>These pins have an active positive feedback resistor internal to the MAX3237E, allowing unused inputs to be left unconnected.

### **Detailed Description**

#### **Dual Charge-Pump Voltage Converter**

The MAX3222E/MAX323E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E's internal power supply consists of a regulated dual charge pump that provides output voltages of +5.5V (doubling charge pump) and -5.5V (inverting charge pump), over the 3.0V to 5.5V V<sub>CC</sub> range. The charge pump operates in discontinuous mode; if the output voltages are less than 5.5V, the charge pump is enabled, and if the output voltages exceed 5.5V, the charge pump is disabled. Each charge pump requires a flying capacitor (C1, C2) and a reservoir capacitor (C3, C4) to generate the V+ and V- supplies (Figure 1).

#### **RS-232 Transmitters**

The transmitters are inverting level translators that convert TTL/CMOS-logic levels to ±5.0V EIA/TIA-232-compliant levels.

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E transmitters guarantee a 250kbps data rate with worst-case loads of  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 1000pF, providing compatibility with PC-to-PC communication software (such as LapLink<sup>TM</sup>). Transmitters can be paralleled to drive multiple receivers or mice.

The MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E's transmitters are disabled and the outputs are forced into a high-imped-

ance state when the device is in shutdown mode ( $\overline{SHDN}=GND$ ). The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E permit the outputs to be driven up to  $\pm 12V$  in shutdown.

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E transmitter inputs do not have pull-up resistors. Connect unused inputs to GND or VCC. The MAX3237E transmitter inputs have a 400k $\Omega$  active positive feedback resistor, allowing unused inputs to be left unconnected.

#### MAX3237E MegaBaud Operation

For higher-speed serial communications, the MAX3237E features MegaBaud operation. In MegaBaud operating mode (MBAUD = V<sub>CC</sub>), the MAX3237E transmitters guarantee a 1Mbps data rate with worst-case loads of 3k $\Omega$  in parallel with 250pF for 3.0V < V<sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V. For 5V ±10% operation, the MAX3237E transmitters guarantee a 1Mbps data rate into worst-case loads of 3k $\Omega$  in parallel with 1000pF.

#### **RS-232 Receivers**

The receivers convert RS-232 signals to CMOS-logic output levels. The MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E receivers have inverting three-state outputs. Drive EN high to place the receiver(s) into a high-impedance state. Receivers can be either active or inactive in shutdown (Table 1).

LapLink is a trademark of Traveling Software.

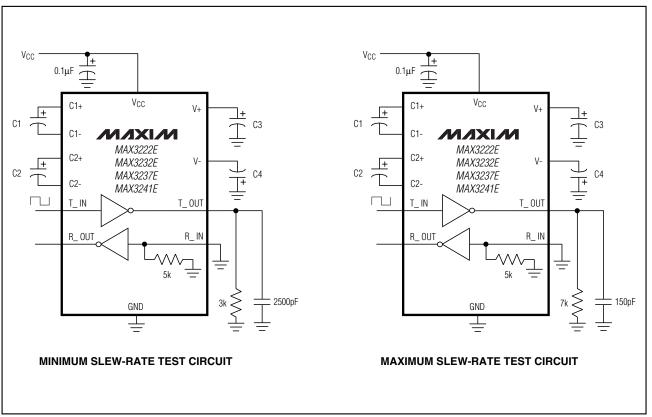


Figure 1. Slew-Rate Test Circuits

The complementary outputs on the MAX3237E/MAX3241E (R\_OUTB) are always active, regardless of the state of  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  or  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ . This allows the device to be used for ring indicator applications without forward biasing other devices connected to the receiver outputs. This is ideal for systems where VCC drops to 0 in shutdown to accommodate peripherals such as UARTs (Figure 2).

#### MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E Shutdown Mode

Supply current falls to less than 1 $\mu$ A in shutdown mode (SHDN = low). The MAX3237E's supply current falls to 10nA (typ) when all receiver inputs are in the invalid range (-0.3V < R\_IN < +0.3). When shut down, the device's charge pumps are shut off, V+ is pulled down to VCC, V- is pulled to ground, and the transmitter outputs are disabled (high impedance). The time required to recover from shutdown is typically 100 $\mu$ s, as shown in Figure 3. Connect SHDN to VCC if the shut-

down mode is not used. SHDN has no effect on R\_OUT or R\_OUTB (MAX3237E/MAX3241E).

#### ±15kV ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The driver outputs and receiver inputs of the

Table 1. MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E Shutdown and Enable Control Truth Table

SHDN	EN	T_OUT	R_OUT	R_OUTB (MAX3237E/ MAX3241E)
0	0	High-Z	Active	Active
0	1	High-Z	High-Z	Active
1	0	Active	Active	Active
1	1	Active	High-Z	Active

MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures to protect these pins against ESD of ±15kV without damage. The ESD structures withstand high ESD in all states: normal operation, shutdown, and powered down. After an ESD event, Maxim's E versions keep working without

 $V_{CC}$ **PREVIOUS PROTECTION** RS-232 PROTECT DIODE RX UART Τx GND SHDN = GND a) OLDER RS-232: POWERED-DOWN UART DRAWS CURRENT FROM ACTIVE RECEIVER OUTPUT IN SHUTDOWN  $V_{CC}$ LOGIC TRANSITION DETECTOR NIXIN MAX3237E/MAX3241E R10UTB Vcc PROTECTION ◆ DIODE R10UT R1IN THREE-STATED  $\overline{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{CC}}$ 5k UART T10UT T1IN Тх GND SHDN = GND b) NEW MAX3237E/MAX3241E: EN SHUTS DOWN RECEIVER OUTPUTS (EXCEPT FOR B OUTPUTS), SO NO CURRENT FLOWS TO UART IN SHUTDOWN. B OUTPUTS INDICATE RECEIVER ACTIVITY DURING SHUTDOWN WITH EN HIGH.

Figure 2. Detection of RS-232 Activity when the UART and Interface are Shut Down; Comparison of MAX3237E/ MAX3241E (b) with Previous Transceivers (a)

latchup, whereas competing RS-232 products can latch and must be powered down to remove latchup.

Furthermore, the MAX3237E logic I/O pins also have ±15kV ESD protection. Protecting the logic I/O pins to ±15kV makes the MAX3237E ideal for data cable applications.

ESD protection can be tested in various ways; the transmitter outputs and receiver inputs for the MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E are characterized for protection to the following limits:

- ±15kV using the Human Body Model
- ±8kV using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2
- ±15kV using IEC 1000-4-2's Air-Gap Discharge method

For the MAX3237E, all logic and RS-232 I/O pins are characterized for protection to  $\pm 15 \text{kV}$  per the Human Body Model.

#### ESD Test Conditions

ESD performance depends on a variety of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, test methodology, and test results.

#### Human Body Model

Figure 4a shows the Human Body Model, and Figure 4b shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a  $1.5k\Omega$  resistor.

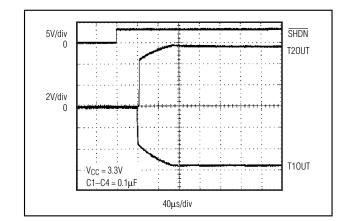


Figure 3. Transmitter Outputs Recovering from Shutdown or Powering Up

#### IEC 1000-4-2

The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/ MAX3237E/MAX3241E help you design equipment that meets Level 4 (the highest level) of IEC 1000-4-2, without the need for additional ESD-protection components.

The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2 because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 model. Hence, the ESD withstand voltage measured to IEC 1000-4-2 is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 5a shows the IEC 1000-4-2 model, and Figure 5b shows the current waveform for the ±8kV IEC 1000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Contact Discharge test.

method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized. Machine Model The Machine Model for ESD tests all pins using a

The Air-Gap Discharge test involves approaching the

device with a charged probe. The Contact Discharge

200pF storage capacitor and zero discharge resistance. Its objective is to emulate the stress caused by contact that occurs with handling and assembly during manufacturing. All pins require this protection during manufacturing, not just RS-232 inputs and outputs. Therefore, after PC board assembly, the Machine Model is less relevant to I/O ports.

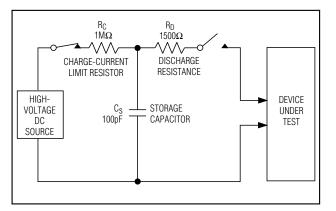


Figure 4a. Human Body ESD Test Model

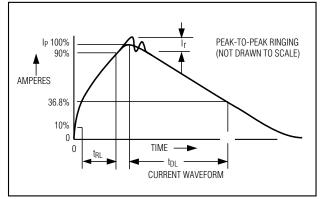


Figure 4b. Human Body Model Current Waveform

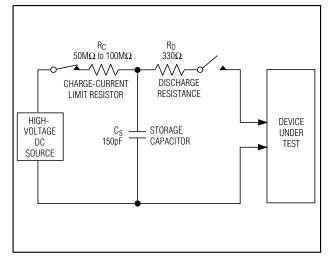


Figure 5a. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model

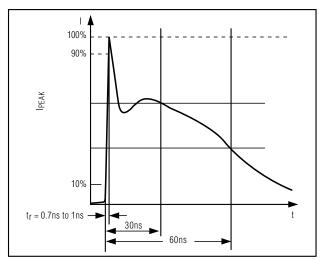


Figure 5b. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform

# Table 2. Required Minimum Capacitor Values

Vcc (V)	C1 (μF)	C2, C3, C4 (µF)						
MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E								
3.0 to 3.6	0.1	0.1						
4.5 to 5.5	0.047	0.33						
3.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.47						
MAX3237E								
3.0 to 3.6	0.22	0.22						
3.15 to 3.6	0.1	0.1						
4.5 to 5.5	0.047	0.33						
3.0 to 5.5	0.22	1.0						

### \_Applications Information

#### **Capacitor Selection**

The capacitor type used for C1–C4 is not critical for proper operation; polarized or nonpolarized capacitors can be used. The charge pump requires 0.1µF capacitors for 3.3V operation. For other supply voltages, see Table 2 for required capacitor values. Do not use values smaller than those listed in Table 2. Increasing the capacitor values (e.g., by a factor of 2) reduces ripple on the transmitter outputs and slightly reduces power consumption. C2, C3, and C4 can be increased without changing C1's value. However, do not increase C1 without also increasing the values of C2, C3, C4, and CBYPASS to maintain the proper ratios (C1 to the other capacitors).

When using the minimum required capacitor values, make sure the capacitor value does not degrade excessively with temperature. If in doubt, use capacitors with a larger nominal value. The capacitor's equivalent series resistance (ESR), which usually rises at low temperatures, influences the amount of ripple on V+ and V-.

#### **Power-Supply Decoupling**

In most circumstances, a  $0.1\mu F$  VCC bypass capacitor is adequate. In applications that are sensitive to power-supply noise, use a capacitor of the same value as charge-pump capacitor C1. Connect bypass capacitors as close to the IC as possible.

#### **Operation Down to 2.7V**

Transmitter outputs will meet EIA/TIA-562 levels of ±3.7V with supply voltages as low as 2.7V.

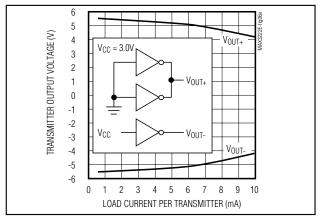


Figure 6a. MAX3241E Transmitter Output Voltage vs. Load Current per Transmitter

#### Transmitter Outputs when Recovering from Shutdown

Figure 3 shows two transmitter outputs when recovering from shutdown mode. As they become active, the two transmitter outputs are shown going to opposite RS-232 levels (one transmitter input is high, the other is low). Each transmitter is loaded with  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 2500pF. The transmitter outputs display no ringing or undesirable transients as they come out of shutdown. Note that the transmitters are enabled only when the magnitude of V- exceeds approximately -3V.

#### **Mouse Driveability**

The MAX3241E has been specifically designed to power serial mice while operating from low-voltage power supplies. It has been tested with leading mouse brands from manufacturers such as Microsoft and Logitech. The MAX3241E successfully drove all serial mice tested and met their respective current and voltage requirements. Figure 6a shows the transmitter output voltages under increasing load current at 3.0V. Figure 6b shows a typical mouse connection using the MAX3241E.

#### **High Data Rates**

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E maintain the RS-232 ±5.0V minimum transmitter output voltage even at high data rates. Figure 7 shows a transmitter loopback test circuit. Figure 8 shows a loopback test result at 120kbps, and Figure 9 shows the same test at 250kbps. For Figure 8, all transmitters were driven simultaneously at 120kbps into RS-232 loads in parallel with 1000pF. For Figure 9, a single transmitter was driven at 250kbps, and all transmitters were loaded with an RS-232 receiver in parallel with 1000pF.

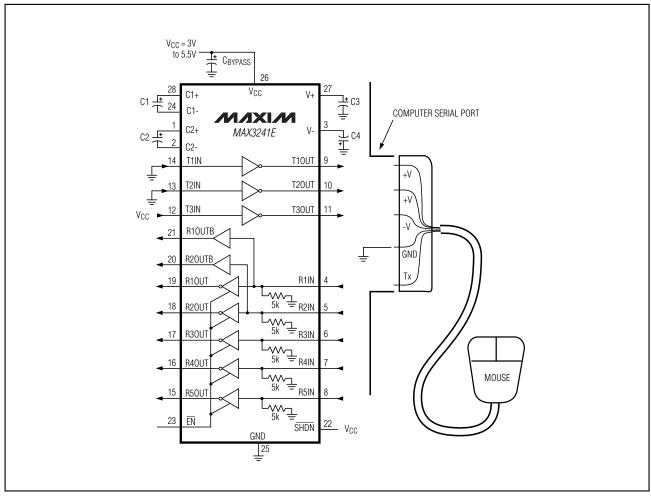


Figure 6b. Mouse Driver Test Circuit

The MAX3237E maintains the RS-232  $\pm 5.0$ V minimum transmitter output voltage at data rates up to 1Mbps. Figure 10 shows a loopback test result at 1Mbps with MBAUD = V<sub>CC</sub>. For Figure 10, all transmitters were loaded with an RS-232 receiver in parallel with 250pF.

#### Interconnection with 3V and 5V Logic

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E can directly interface with various 5V logic families, including ACT and HCT CMOS. See Table 3 for more information on possible combinations of interconnections.

# Table 3. Logic-Family Compatibility with Various Supply Voltages

SYSTEM POWER-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	V <sub>CC</sub> SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	COMPATIBILITY
3.3	3.3	Compatible with all CMOS families
5	5	Compatible with all TTL and CMOS families
5	3.3	Compatible with ACT and HCT CMOS, and with AC, HC, or CD4000 CMOS

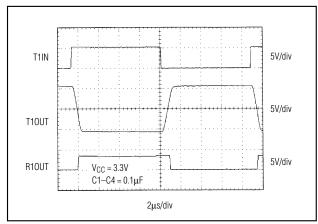


Figure 8. MAX3241E Loopback Test Result at 120kbps

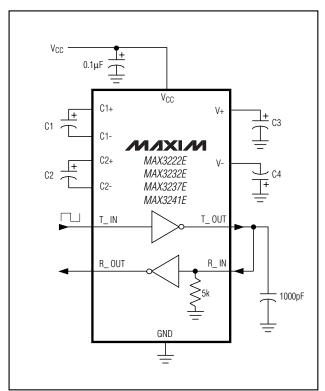


Figure 7. Loopback Test Circuit

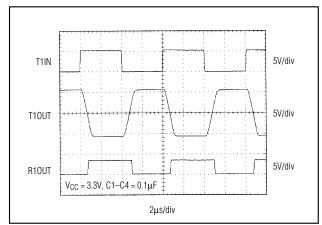


Figure 9. MAX3241E Loopback Test Result at 250kbps

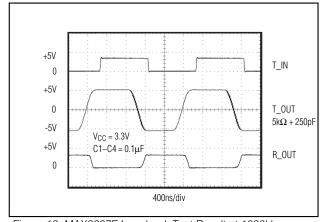
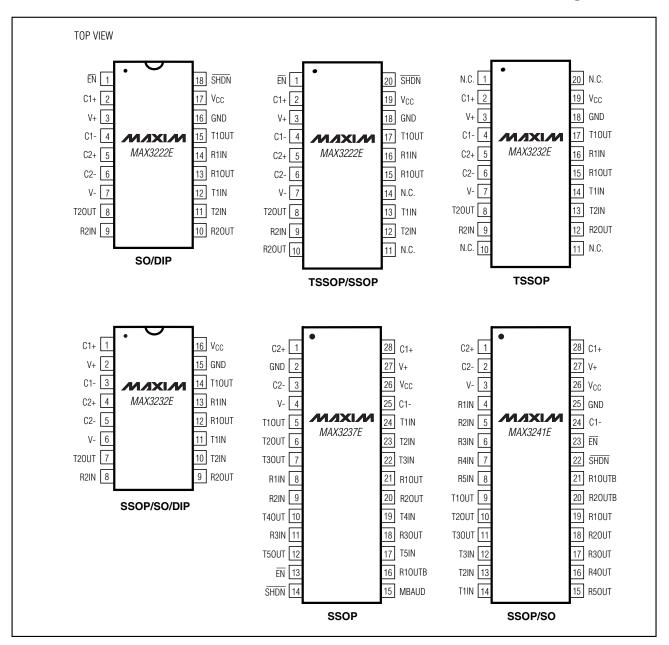
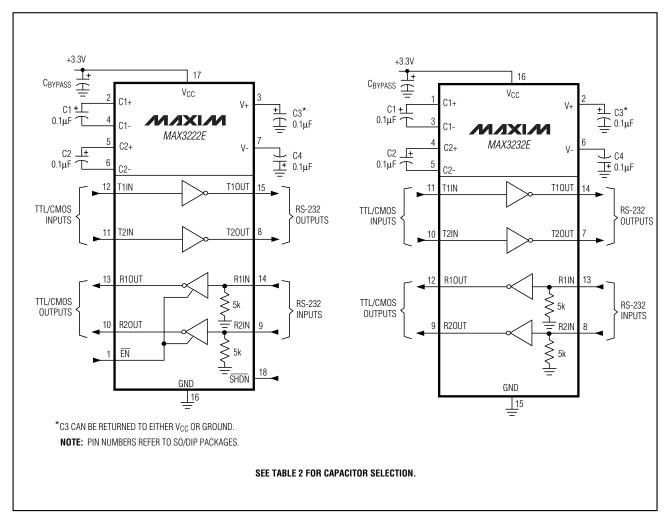


Figure 10. MAX3237E Loopback Test Result at 1000kbps (MBAUD = Vcc)

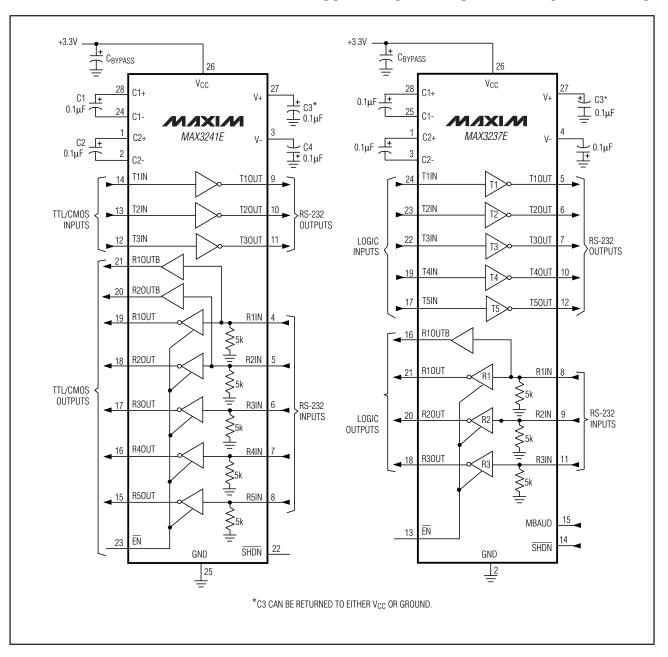
**Pin Configurations** 



## **Typical Operating Circuits**



## **Typical Operating Circuits (continued)**



## Ordering Information (continued)

TRANSISTOR	COUNTS:

MAX3222E/MAX3232E: 1129

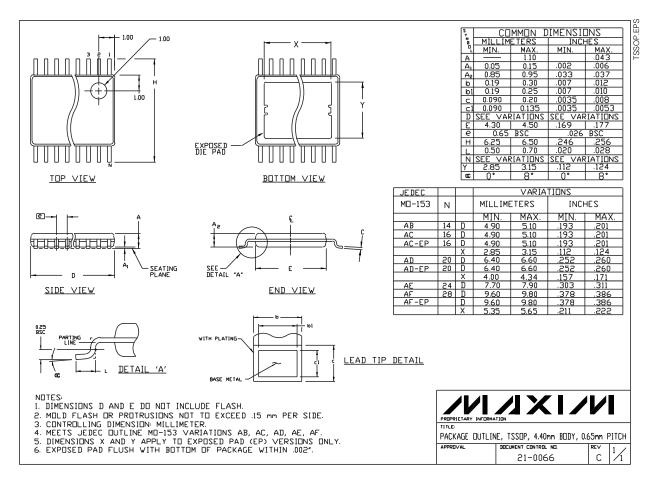
**Chip Information** 

MAX3237E: 2110 MAX3241E: 1335

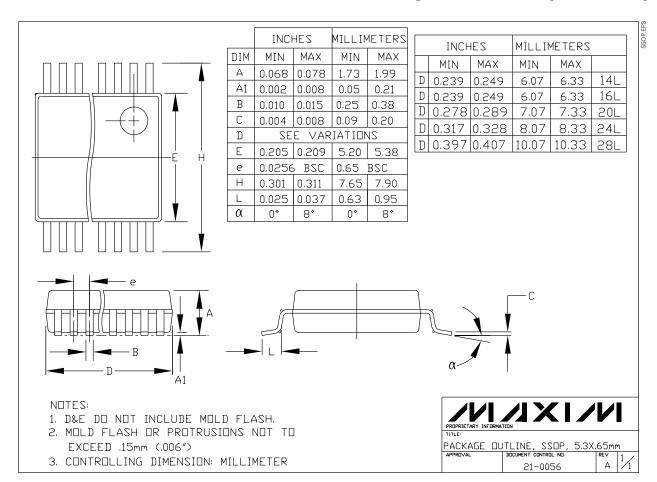
		•
PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3222ECWN	0°C to +70°C	18 Wide SO
MAX3222ECPN	0°C to +70°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX3222EC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX3222EEUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3222EEAP	-40°C to +85°C	20 SSOP
MAX3222EEWN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Wide SO
MAX3222EEPN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX3232ECUP	0°C to +70°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3232ECAE	0°C to +70°C	16 SSOP
MAX3232ECWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX3232ECPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX3232EEUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3232EEAE	-40°C to +85°C	16 SSOP
MAX3232EEWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX3232EEPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX3237ECAI	-0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX3237EEAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX3241ECAI	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX3241ECWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX3241EEAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX3241EEWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO

<sup>\*</sup>Dice are tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C, DC parameters only.

## Package Information



### Package Information (continued)



**NOTES** 

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