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### Ultra-Low Output Voltage, Low-Quiescent-Current Linear Regulator for High-Temperature Applications

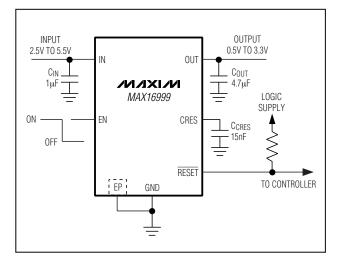
#### **General Description**

The MAX16999 linear regulator operates from a 2.5V to 5.5V input voltage and delivers 100mA continuous load current with a low quiescent current typically around 13 $\mu$ A. The output voltage is preset to internally trimmed voltages in the 0.5V to 3.3V range (see the *Selector Guide*). An active-low, open-drain reset output remains low for a programmable timeout delay after the output voltage reaches regulation. The reset timeout is programmed by an external capacitor connected to CRES.

This device also features logic-controlled shutdown, and short-circuit and thermal-overload protection. The typical applications are multimedia, telematics, and motor control microcontrollers ( $\mu$ Cs) with always-on requirements. The MAX16999 is used as a parallel, low-quiescent supply to power the core or interrupt section of  $\mu$ Cs during sleep mode. It can also be used to supply a timer or memory during  $\mu$ C shutoff. The adjustable POR delay assists with power-supply sequencing.

#### **Applications**

Industrial SDRAM Power Supplies Keep-Alive Timers Handheld/Portable Devices



#### **Typical Operating Circuit**

#### **Features**

- Preset 0.5V to 3.3V Output Voltage Range
- ♦ Up to 100mA Output Current at T<sub>A</sub> = +125°C
- ♦ 13µA Quiescent Current
- Logic-Controlled Enable
- Adjustable POR Delay Flag
- Short to GND Protection on Reset Timer
- Used in Parallel with High-Current Supply of Equal Voltages
- AEC-100 Qualification Request
- Thermal-Overload and Short-Circuit Protection
- ♦ Tiny 8-Pin µMAX<sup>®</sup> Package with Exposed Pad

#### **Ordering Information**

PART*	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX16999AUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX-EP**

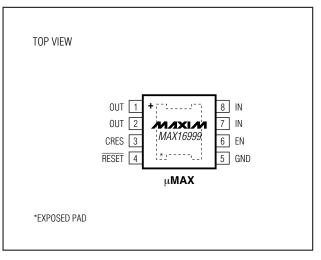
\*Insert the desired two-digit suffix (see the Selector Guide) into the blanks to complete the part number. Contact the factory for other output voltages or other package options.

+Denotes a lead-free package and RoHS compliant. \*\*EP = Exposed pad.

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#### Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.





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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

# MAX16999

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN, RESET to GND	0.3V to +6.0V
OUT, CRES, EN to GND	0.3V to (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V)
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C	) (Note 1)
(derate 10.3mW/°C above +70°C)	
8-Pin µMAX (single-layer PCB)	824.7mW
(derate 12.9mW/°C above +70°C)	
8-Pin µMAX (multilayer PCB)	1030.9mW
Package Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistar	nce (θ <sub>JC</sub> )4.8°C/W

Package Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resis	tance (θJA)
(single-layer PCB)	97°C/W
Package Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resis	tance (θJA)
(multilayer PCB)	77.6°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	60°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specifications. For detailed information on packaging thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial</u>.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(For devices with V<sub>OUT</sub>  $\leq$  1.5V, V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V. For devices with V<sub>OUT</sub> > 1.5V, V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V. EN = IN, T<sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, C<sub>IN</sub> = 1µF, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 4.7µF, C<sub>CRES</sub> = 1000pF, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CC	ONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
IN Operating Voltage	VIN			2.5		5.5	V	
IN Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO) Threshold	VUVLO	V <sub>IN</sub> rising			1.94	2.2	V	
IN UVLO Hysteresis					45		mV	
		Ic	$V_{OUT} \le 1.5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 1mA$ to 80mA	-2.5		+2.5		
Output-Voltage Accuracy		$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2V$	$V_{OUT} > 1.5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA to 100mA	-2.5 +2.5				
Current Limit	ILIM	OUT = GND		105	150		mA	
Crewed Current	1-	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100μA			13	20		
Ground Current	lq	$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{mA}$			23		μA	
Dropout Voltage	Vin - Vout	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 80mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3V (Note 2)			0.035	0.1	V	
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 1$ mA to 80	ImA		0.1		mV/mA	
ing Deputation			V <sub>OUT</sub> < 1V, 2.5V < V <sub>IN</sub> < 5.5V		0.4		m)////	
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 80mA	$V_{OUT} \ge 1V$ , ( $V_{OUT} + 1.5V$ ) < $V_{IN} < 5.5V$		1.8		mV/V	
	PSRR 5	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA, 500mV <sub>P-P</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub> > 1.5V	f = 100Hz		70			
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio			f = 100kHz		40		dB	

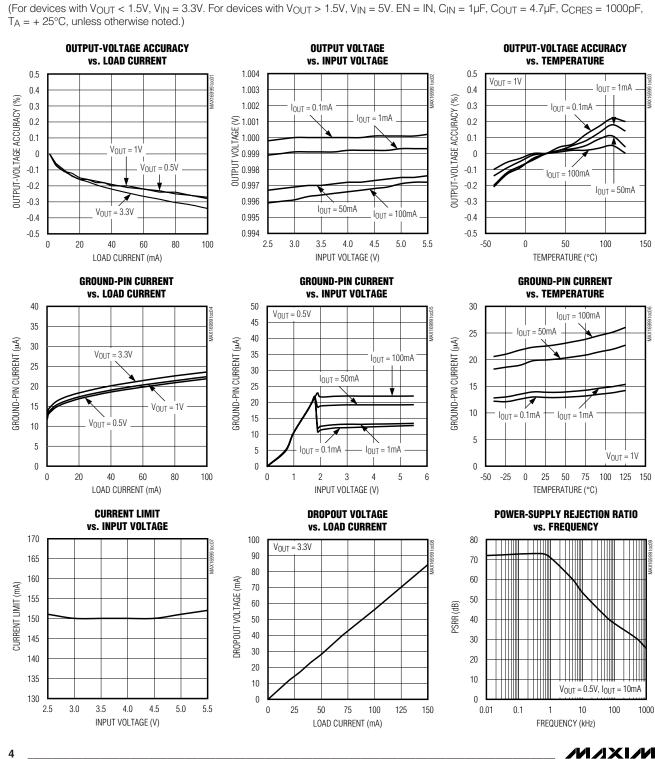
#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(For devices with V<sub>OUT</sub>  $\leq$  1.5V, V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V. For devices with V<sub>OUT</sub> > 1.5V, V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V. EN = IN, T<sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, C<sub>IN</sub> = 1µF, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 4.7µF, C<sub>CRES</sub> = 1000pF, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
EN		·					
Standby Current	ISTB	EN = GND		0.3	1	μA	
Turn-On Delay		From EN = high to $V_{OUT}$ = 100mV		10		μs	
	ENH	Circuit active	70			%V <sub>IN</sub>	
Logic Levels	ENL	Circuit inactive			30	%VIN	
Pullup Resistance	R <sub>EN-H</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> = 75% V <sub>IN</sub>		120		kΩ	
Pulldown Resistance	R <sub>EN-L</sub>	$V_{EN} = 25\% V_{IN}$		120		kΩ	
RESET							
Threshold Accuracy	V <sub>RES</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> falling	79.5	82.5	85.5	%Vout	
Threshold Hysteresis	VRES, HYST			2.5		%Vout	
RESET Open-Drain Leakage		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ = high impedance, $V_{\overline{\text{RESET}}}$ = 5mV			200	nA	
Output Low Voltage	VRES,OL	$I_{LOAD} = 250 \mu A$			100	mV	
RESET Timeout	<b>t</b> RSOFF	CRES = GND	30		80	ms	
Output Deglitch Time	<b>t</b> DEGLITCH	V <sub>OUT</sub> < V <sub>RES</sub>		30		μs	
CRES							
Charge Current	ICRES,UP		8	10	12	μA	
Discharge Current	ICRES,DN		1			mA	
Threshold	VCRES,THRS	RESET goes from low to high impedance	575	600	625	mV	
THERMAL PROTECTION							
Thermal-Shutdown Temperature	T <sub>SHDN</sub>			+165		°C	
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis	<b>Δ</b> T <sub>SHDN</sub>			15		°C	

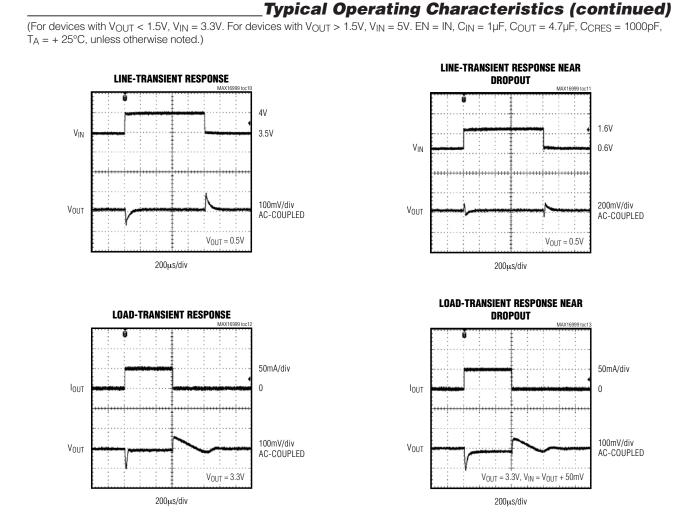
**Note 2:** Limits are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design. **Note 3:** Dropout voltage is defined as  $V_{IN}$  -  $V_{OUT}$  when  $V_{OUT}$  is 2% below its value for  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2V$ .

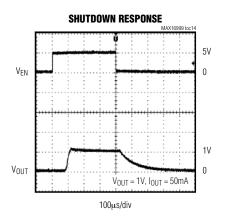
**Typical Operating Characteristics** 

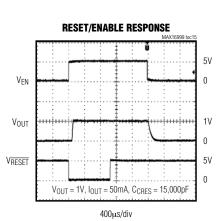


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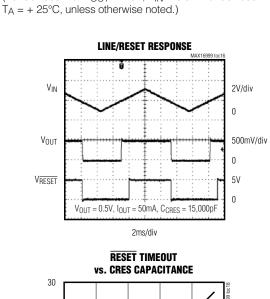


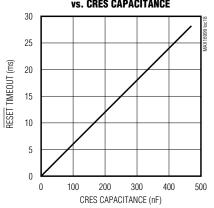


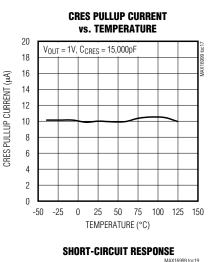
M/IXI/M

(For devices with V<sub>OUT</sub> < 1.5V, V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V. For devices with V<sub>OUT</sub> > 1.5V, V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V. EN = IN, C<sub>IN</sub> = 1µF, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 4.7µF, C<sub>CRES</sub> = 1000pF,

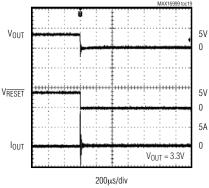








**Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)** 



#### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2	OUT	Regulator Output. Bypass OUT to GND with a $4.7\mu$ F ceramic capacitor. OUT becomes high impedance when EN is low.
3	CRES	POR Timer. Bypass CRES to GND with a ceramic capacitor to define POR timing (see the POR Timer section).
4	RESET	Open-Drain, Active-Low Reset Output. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is high impedance when output is in regulation or if the IC is in shutdown. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is pulled low when V <sub>OUT</sub> drops below 82.5% (typ) of its nominal voltage.
5	GND	Ground. Connect GND to a large circuit board ground plane and directly to the exposed paddle.
6	EN	Active-High Enable Input. Drive EN low to place the regulator in standby mode. Drive EN high or connect to IN for normal operation.
7, 8	IN	Regulator Input. Bypass IN to GND with at least a 1µF ceramic capacitor.
_	EP	Exposed Paddle. Connect EP to a large pad or circuit board ground plane to maximize power dissipation. EP serves as a heatsink.

#### M/IXI/M

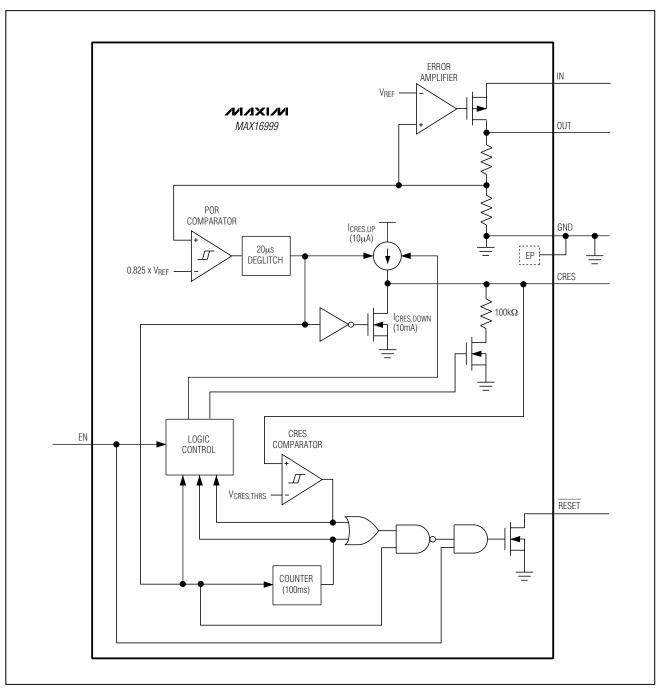


Figure 1. Block Diagram

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MAX16999

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX16999 is a low-quiescent-current linear regulator designed for applications requiring high reliability, such as automotive applications. This device can supply loads up to 100mA and is available in factory-preset output voltages from 0.5V to 3.3V (see the *Selector Guide*). As illustrated in Figure 1, the MAX16999 linear regulator consists of a reference, an error amplifier, a p-channel MOSFET pass transistor, and an internal feedback voltage-divider. A power-on reset section signals if the output voltage has come out of regulation. The reset signal timeout is defined by the charging time of an external capacitor attached to CRES.

To increase system reliability, the MAX16999 features a POR reset timeout along with overcurrent and overtemperature protection. A power-on reset timeout guarantees startup even with a faulty timing capacitor. Parameters are guaranteed up to +125°C junction temperature. The EN signal is latched in its last state even if the signal line becomes disconnected.

#### **Logic-Controlled Enable**

The MAX16999 provides a logic-enable input (EN). For normal operation drive EN to logic-high. When EN is driven high, the linear regulator starts to regulate by increasing the output voltage up to the preset value. To disable the device, drive EN low to set OUT to high impedance—this enables a pulldown current from CRES to discharge the capacitor. Once the device is disabled, the input supply current reduces to less than  $0.3\mu$ A. The EN input is latched into its last state by a  $120k\Omega$  internal resistor. To change state, the latch needs to be overridden. When EN is low, the RESET output is high impedance.

**POR Timer** Once the output voltage rises above the threshold V<sub>RES</sub>, two internal timers are simultaneously activated. The reset timer is realized by means of a pullup current ICRES,UP that charges the capacitor connected to CRES. As soon as the voltage on C<sub>RES</sub> rises above the threshold of 600mV (typ), RESET goes high impedance. The internal reset timer is set by the value of the external capacitance (C<sub>CRES</sub>). Calculate the reset time using the following formula:

$$t_{POR_DELAY} = C_{CRES} \times 60 \times 10^3 \frac{V}{A}$$

where CCRES is in Farads and the delay to GND is given in seconds.

The second timer is an internal fault timer and ensures the regulator does not stay off indefinitely because of a fault on CRES such as a short. The fault timer runs for a maximum of 100ms. A logic block monitors both internal timers to determine the shortest timeout. If the first timeout is the fault timer, the pullup current is switched off in order to avoid unnecessary current consumption and a resistive pulldown is also activated. If tPOR\_DELAY exceeds 100ms (typ) the fault timer defines the timeout behavior.

#### **Current Limit**

Once the output voltage reaches regulation, the output current is limited to 150mA (typ). If the output current exceeds the current limit, the output voltage begins to decrease.

#### **Thermal-Overload Protection**

Thermal-overload protection limits total power dissipation in the MAX16999. When the junction temperature exceeds +165°C, a thermal sensor turns off the pass transistor, allowing the IC to cool. The thermal sensor turns the pass transistor on again after the junction temperature cools by 15°C, resulting in a pulsed output during continuous thermal-overload conditions. Thermal-overload protection safeguards the MAX16999 in the event of fault conditions. For continuous operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction-temperature rating of +150°C. Table 1 lists maximum DC output currents (milliamps) that are allowed for operation at TA = +125°C without causing thermal shutdown of the MAX16999.

Vout	SINGLE-LAY	MULTILAYER BOARD	
(V)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V (mA)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V (mA)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V (mA)
0.5	92	57	72
0.6	95	59	73
0.7	99	60	75
0.8	100	61	77
0.9	100	63	79
1.0	100	64	81
1.1	100	66	83
1.2	100	68	85
1.5	100	74	92
1.8	100	81	100
2.5	100	100	100
3.3	100	100	100

Before the MAX16999 can operate, the input voltage

must exceed the UVLO threshold of 2.2V (max) with a 30mV hysteresis. If the input voltage is below the UVLO threshold, OUT becomes high impedance and EN is

ignored regardless if it is driven high or low.

**Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)** 

#### Table 1. Output Currents at TA = +125°C

#### **Applications Information**

#### **Capacitor Selection**

Capacitors are required at the MAX16999 input and output for stable operation over the full temperature range and with load currents up to 100mA. Connect a 1µF ceramic capacitor between IN and GND and a 4.7µF ceramic capacitor between OUT and GND. The input capacitor (CIN) lowers the source impedance of the input supply. Use larger output capacitors to reduce noise and improve stability and power-supply rejection. The output capacitor's equivalent series resistance (ESR) affects stability and output noise. Use output capacitors with an ESR of  $30m\Omega$  or less to ensure stability and optimize transient response. Surface-mount ceramic capacitors have very low ESR and are commonly available in values up to 10µF. Connect CIN and COUT as close to the MAX16999 as possible to minimize the impact of the PCB trace inductance.

#### Using MAX16999 in Parallel with Another Supply

The MAX16999 can be used in parallel with another supply of equal voltage (see Figure 2). The circuit shows a typical low-power solution for a  $\mu$ C.

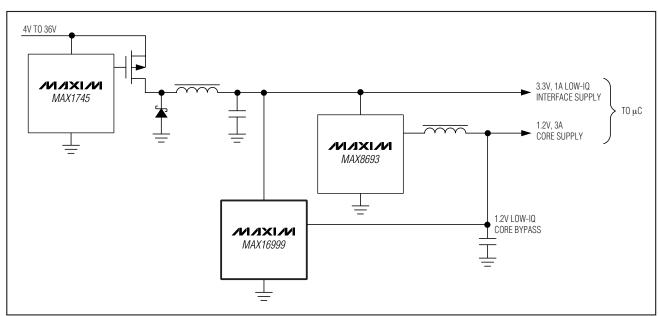


Figure 2. Low-Quiescent µC Supply Solution

	Sel	ector Guid
SUFFIX	Vout (V)	TOP MARK
05*	0.5	APM
06	0.6	APN
07	0.7	APO
08	0.8	APP
09	0.9	APQ
10*	1.0	APR
11	1.1	APS
12	1.2	APT
13	1.3	APU
15	1.5	APV
18	1.8	APW
25	2.5	APX
33*	3.3	APY

\*Bold indicates a standard value. For other values, contact factory for availability. (Nonstandard options require a 5k minimum quantity order). **Chip Information** 

PROCESS: BiCMOS

#### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
8 μΜΑΧ-ΕΡ	U8E+2	<u>21-0107</u>

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