DESCRIPTION

The M54543L is a semiconductor IC capable of directly driving a smallsize bi-directional motor for forward/reverse rotation.

FEATURES

- Wide operating voltage range (Vcc = 4V to 16V)
- Direct drive capability by TTL, PMOS and CMOS IC outputs
- Low output saturation voltage (large voltage across motor)
- Built-in clamp diode
- Large output current drive (Io (max) = $\pm 1.2A$)
- With brake function

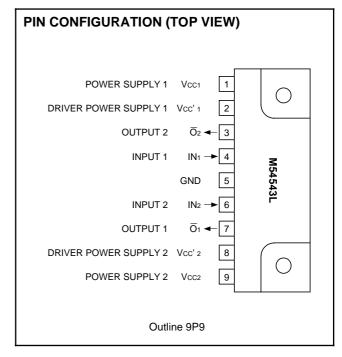
APPLICATION

Commercial-use equipment, audio such as tape recorder or radio cassette recorder, and VCR.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

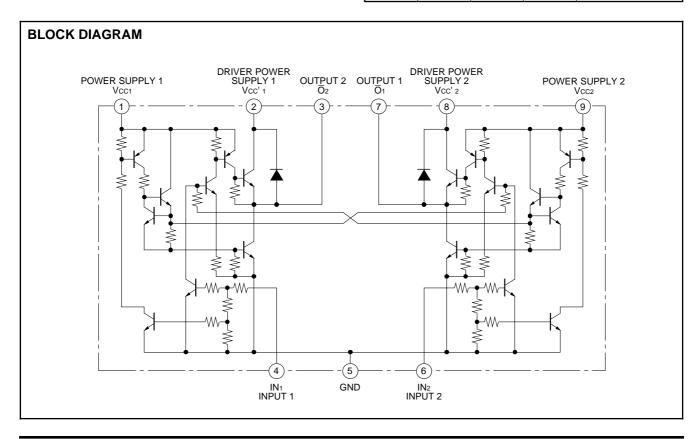
The M54543L is an IC for driving a smallsize bi-directional motor for forward/reverse rotation. When both of inputs 1 and 2 are "L", outputs 1 and 2 are "OFF". When input 1 is "H" and input 2 is "L", output 1 is "H" and output 2 is "L" (forward rotation). When input 1 is "L" and input 2 is "H", output 1 is "L" and output 2 is "H" (reverse rotation). When both of inputs 1 and 2 are "H", both of outputs 1 and 2 are "L" (braking).

The IC is provided with a control circuit power supply (Vcc) and an output power supply (Vcc') independently. The motor rotation speed can be changed by operating Vcc and Vcc' from a separate supply and varying the voltage of Vcc or Vcc'.



LOGIC TRUTH TABLE

INPUT		OUTPUT		NOTE
IN ₁	IN ₂	Ō1	\overline{O}_2	NOTE
L	L	"OFF" state	"OFF" state	Open
Н	L	Н	L	ex.Forward 🕠
L	Н	L	Н	ex.Reverse
Н	Н	L	L	Braking



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
VCC (1)	Supply voltage (1)		-0.5 to +16	V
VCC (2)	Supply voltage (2)	With an external heat sink (3000mm ² ×1.5mm)	-0.5 to +20	V
Vcc'	Driver supply voltage		-0.5 to +16	V
Vı	Input voltage		0 to Vcc	V
Vo	Output voltage		-0.5 to Vcc'+2.5	V
IO (max)	Peak output current	top=10mS : Repetitive cycle 0.2Hz max	±1.2	Α
IO (1)	Continuous output current (1)		±330	mA
lo (2)	Continuous output current (2)	With an external heat sink (3000mm ² ×1.5mm)	±600	mA
Pd	Power dissipation	Ta=75°C	1.15	W
Topr	Operating temperature		-10 to +75	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-55 to +125	°C

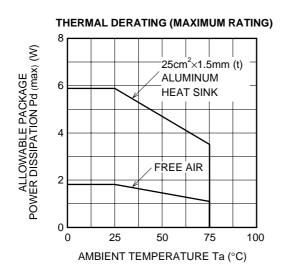
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

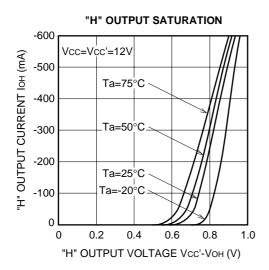
Symbol		T	Limits			11. %
	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage		4	12	15	V
lo	Continuous output current				±300	mA
ViH	"H" Input voltage		2		Vcc	V
VIL	"L" Input voltage		0		0.4	V
tв	Motor braking interval		10	100		ms

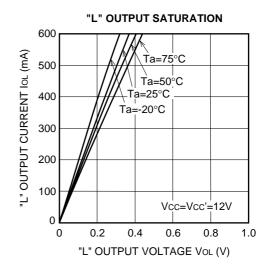
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

Courselle al	Descriptor	Took oon dikinga			Limits				
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
lo # 1)	Output leals sument			Vo=20V				100	μΑ
IO (leak)	Output leak current			Vo=0V				-100	
VOH (1)	"H" Output saturation voltage (1)	Vcc=Vcc'=12V	V11=2	V IOH (1)=-300mA		10.8	11.2		V
		VCC=VCC=12V	VI2=0V		Iон (1)=-500mA	10.7	11.1		
V011 (0)	"H" Output saturation voltage (2)	\/aa \/aa\ 12\/	VI1=0	1=0V IOH (2)=-300m/		10.8	11.2		V
VOH (2)		Vcc=Vcc'=12V	V12=2	V	Iон (2)=-500mA	10.7	11.1		, v
VOL (1)	"L" Output saturation voltage (1)	Vcc=Vcc'=12V	VI1=0	=0V IOL (1)=300mA			0.18	0.5	V
			Vı2=2V		las on Econol		0.3	0.65	
			VI1=V	12=2V	IOL (1)=500mA		0.3	0.65	
	"L" Output saturation voltage (2)	Vcc=Vcc'=12V	\/12=0\/		IOL (2)=300mA		0.18	0.5	
VOL (2)					IOL (2)=500mA		0.3	0.65	V
							0.3	0.65	
IIH (1)	"H" Input current (1)	Vcc=Vcc'=12V, VI1=2V, VI2=0V			70		200	μΑ	
IIH (2)	"H" Input current (2)	Vcc=Vcc'=12V, VI1=0V, VI2=2V			70		200	μΑ	
Icc		Vcc=Vcc' =16V VI1= Output open VI1=		VI1=2	V, VI2=0V				
	Supply current			VI1=0V, VI2=2V			40	mA	
				VI1=VI2=2V				60	
				VI1=VI2=0V			0		

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS







PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATION

(1) If the motor resistance is high (small output current: several tens of mA at a light load) and Vcc is greater than Vcc' in application examples 2) and 3), current may counter-flow from the Vcc pin to the Vcc' pin.

The motor can work at a light load even when the Vcc' pin is opened. For light-load applications, use the M54544L.

Through current of 2 to 4A flows from the power supply to GND for 2 to 4us when switching a mode. Remember to connect a capacitor of 10 to $100\mu F$ between the output power supply and the GND. If the motor has a large counter electromotive force at a braking time, etc., the internal parasitic Di may malfunction. If fly-back current of 1A or more flows, put a shottkey Di between the output and the GND.

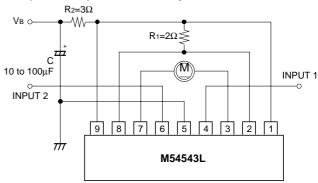
Remember that the IC has an about 10µs delay in output switching for high-speed applications such as PWM.

(2)As far as motor control and driver IC's are concerned, some possibilities are considered for these IC's to cause such unexpected cases as fire or smoke if they are used beyond its ratings in datasheet or used, even transiently, under the overload conditions. So your action will be highly appreciated to fully look into the rating limits and the using conditions before you use these IC's.

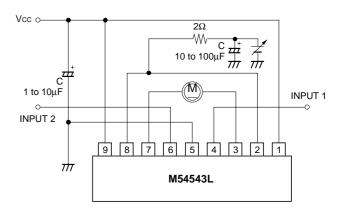
And if these IC's are to be used under the conditions out of our specifications, please never fail to give us a contact as to under what conditions they are used.

APPLICATION EXAMPLES

1) Motor speed control by Vcc and Vcc'



2) Motor speed control by the Vcc'



3) Motor speed control by the Vcc

