

# System Reset (with battery back-up) Monolithic IC MM1026, 1245, 1080 ,1134

## Outline

These ICs protect S-RAM data in back-up mode (CS signal makes R-SAM CE pin low and  $\overline{CE}$  pin high) when power supply voltage goes below a certain set voltage (detection voltage 3.5V, 4.2V or 4.5V typ.). Further, it switches from main power supply to battery back-up when power supply voltage drops. Conversely, when power supply rises, it first switches the S-RAM from battery back-up to main power supply (switching voltage 3.3V typ.), then from back-up mode to normal mode (CS signal makes S-RAM CE pin high and CE pin low). These signal processes provide reliable protection against data damage.

## Features

### MM1026

- Power supply switching circuit (switching between main power supply and battery)
- CS control for S-RAM (normal mode : S-RAM can be accessed; back-up mode: S-RAM can not be accessed low current consumption mode)
- Reset output

### MM1245

- Power supply switching circuit
- CS control for S-RAM
- CS control signal delay, power supply line chattering removal approx. 1S max.
- Supply current from main power supply can be increased by external power transistor

### MM1080

- Power supply switching circuit
- CS control for S-RAM
- Low current consumption 60 $\mu$ A typ.

### MM1134

- Power supply switching circuit
- CS control for S-RAM
- Gate circuit with CS signal

## Characteristics

1. Battery back-up		
1. Low IC current consumption (loss current)		0.3 $\mu$ A typ.
2. Drop voltage inside IC (input/output voltage difference)	$I_o=100\mu A$	0.3V typ.
3. Reverse current (reverse leak current)		0.1 $\mu$ A max.
2. Normal operation		
1. Drop voltage inside IC (input/output voltage difference)	$I_o=50\mu A$	0.2V typ.
2. Output voltage $V_{CC}=5V$	$I_o=50mA$	4.8V typ.
3. Battery- $V_{CC}$ switching voltage		3.3V typ.
4. Detection voltage (CS, $\overline{CS}$ , reset output)	A : 3.5V typ. B : 4.2V typ. C : 4.5V typ.	

## Package

DIP-8B (MM××××□ D)

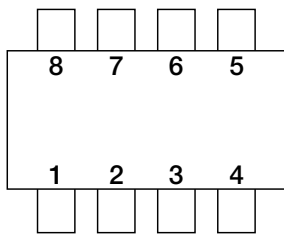
SOP-8C (MM××××□ F)

\*□ contains detection voltage rank.

## Applications

1. Memory cards (S-RAM cards)
2. PCs, word processors
3. Fax machines, photocopiers, other office equipment
4. Sequence controllers, other FA equipment
5. Video games and other equipment with S-RAMs

## Pin Assignment

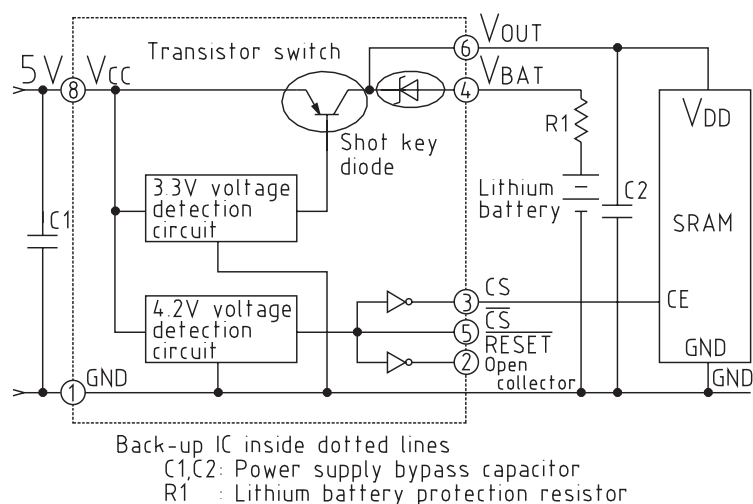


DIP-8P(C)/SOP-8P(C)/SOP-8P(C) Taping

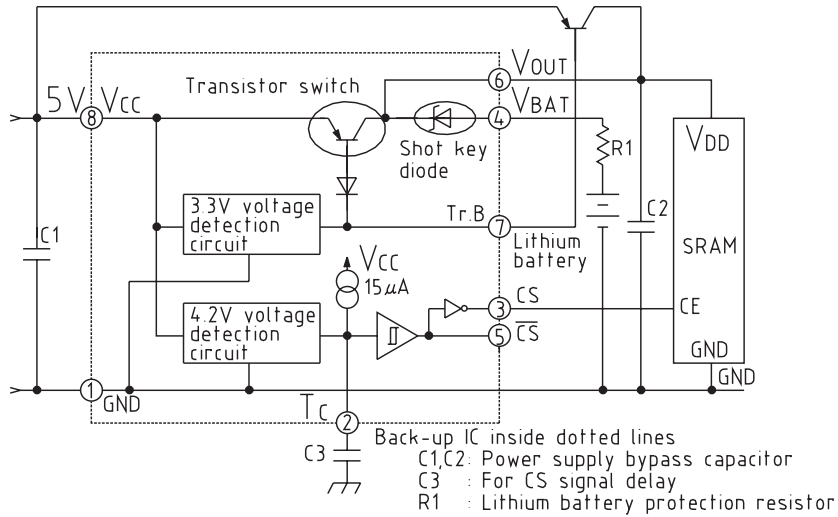
Pin no.	Pin name			
	MM1026	MM1245	MM1080	MM1134
1	GND	GND	GND	GND
2	RESET	Tc	NC	RESET
3	CS	CS	CS	CS
4	V <sub>BATT</sub>	V <sub>BATT</sub>	V <sub>BATT</sub>	V <sub>BATT</sub>
5	CS	CS	NC	CS
6	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub>
7	NC	Tr.B	NC	Y
8	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>

## Block Diagram

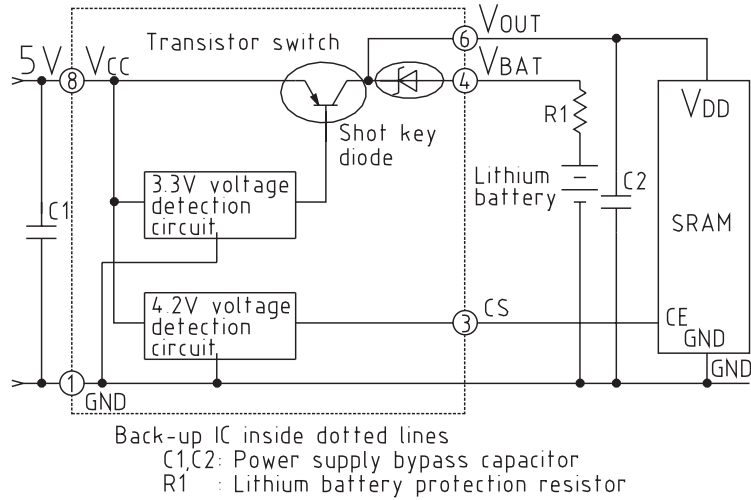
### MM1026



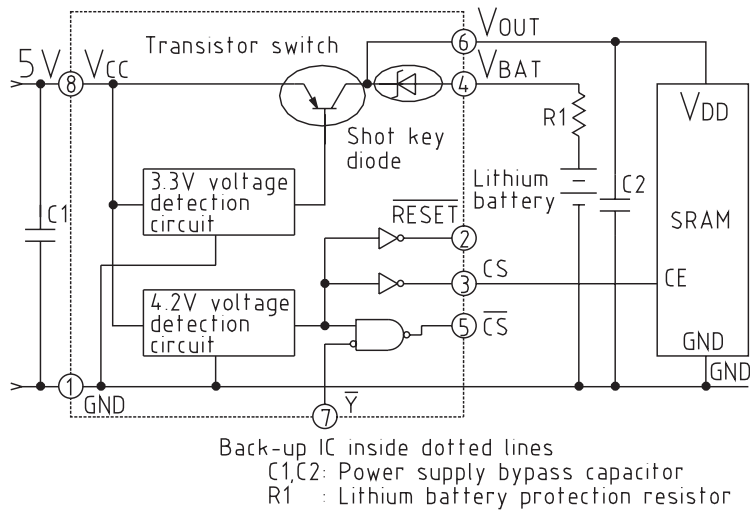
MM1245



MM1080

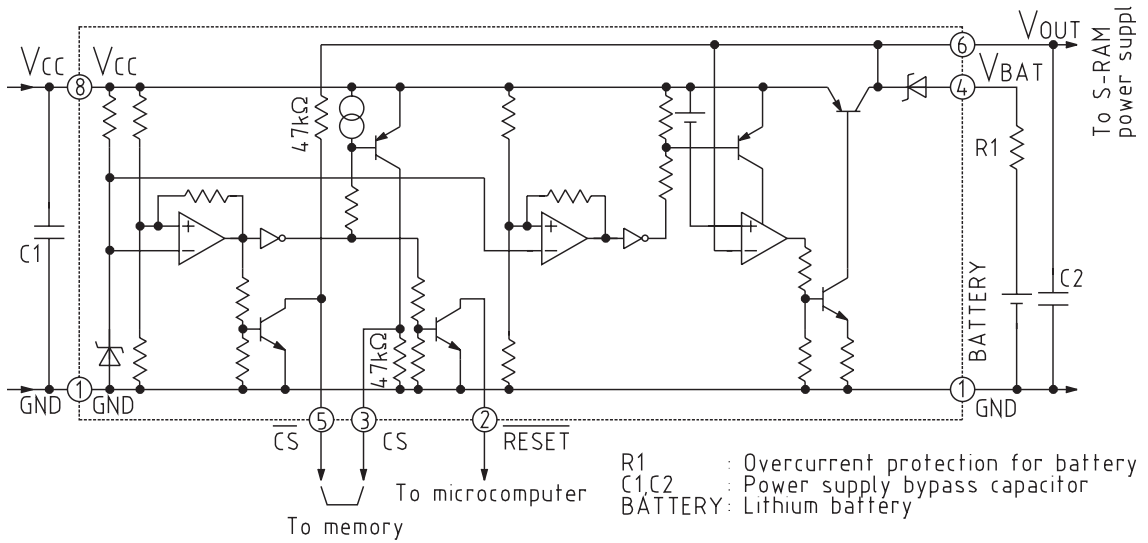


MM1134

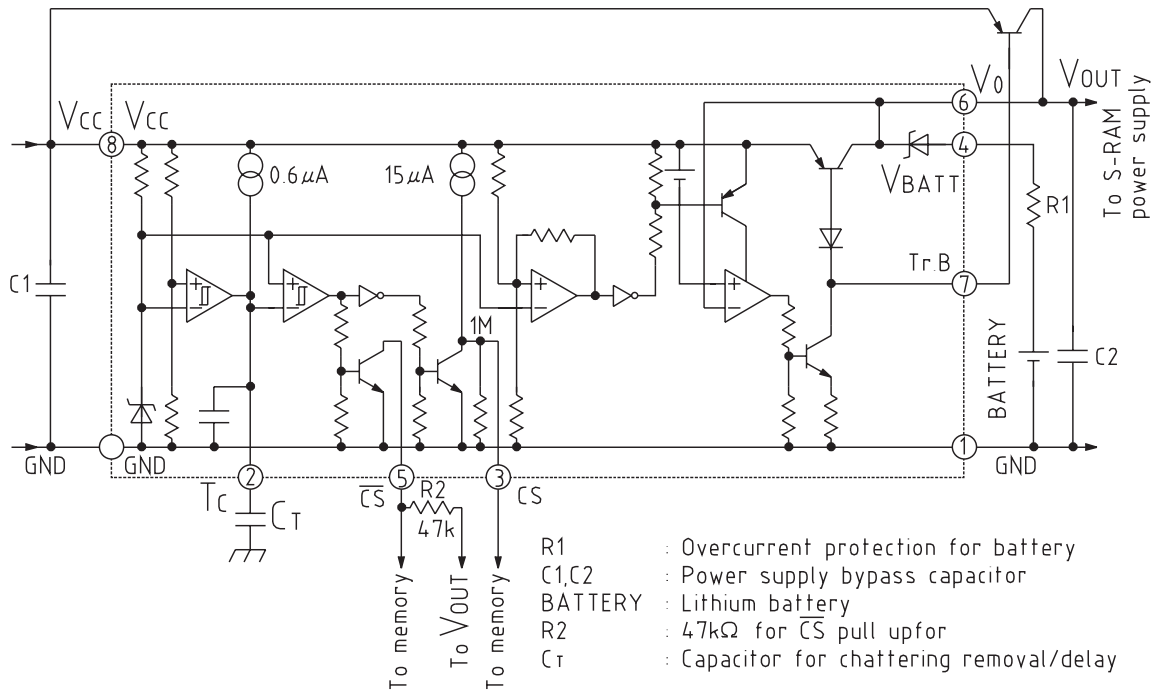


Equivalent Circuit Diagram

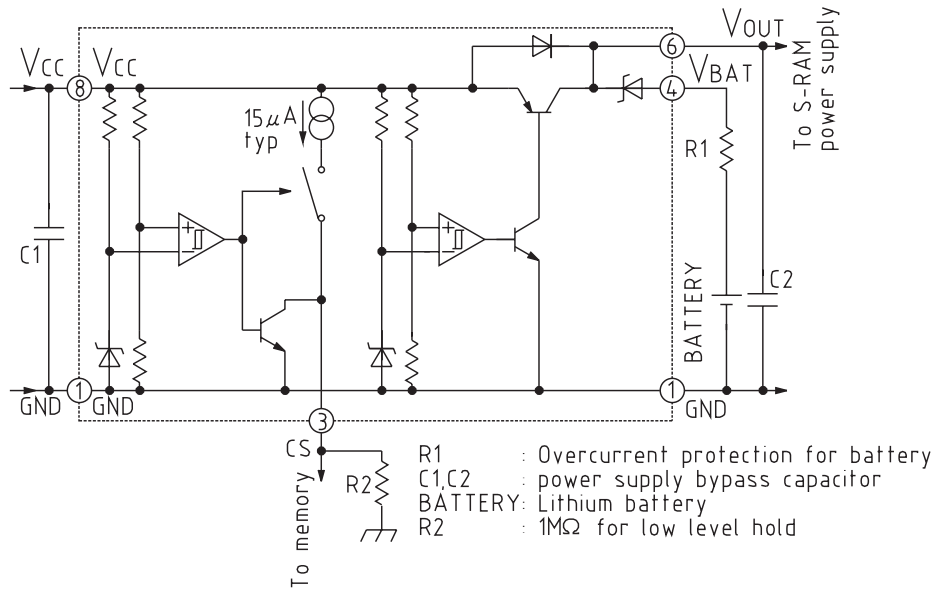
MM1026



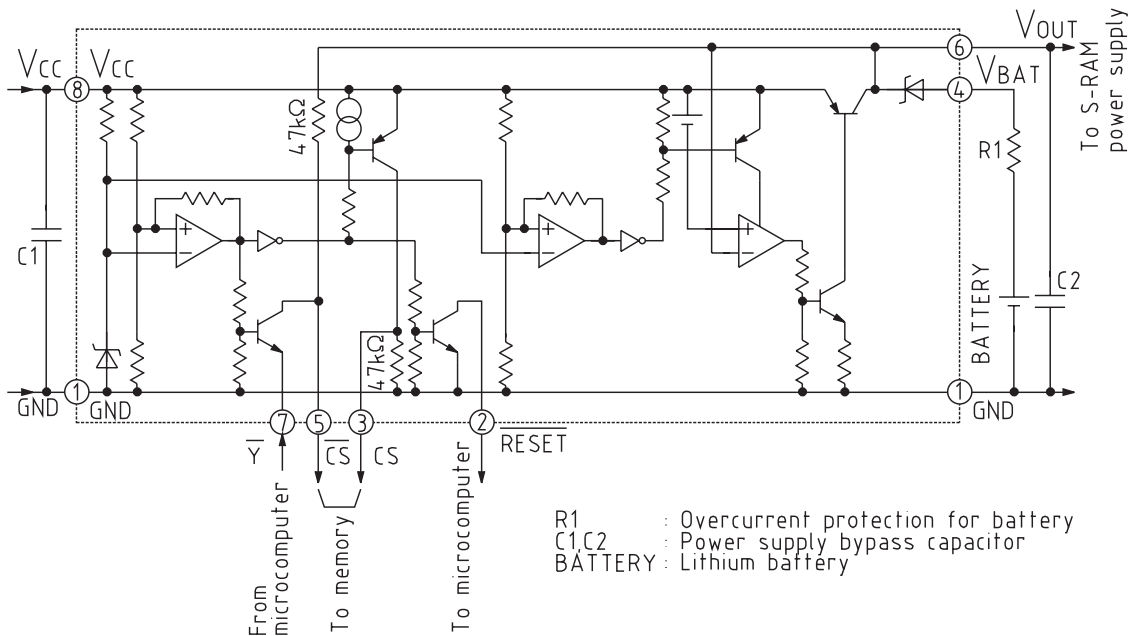
MM1245



MM1080



MM1134



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

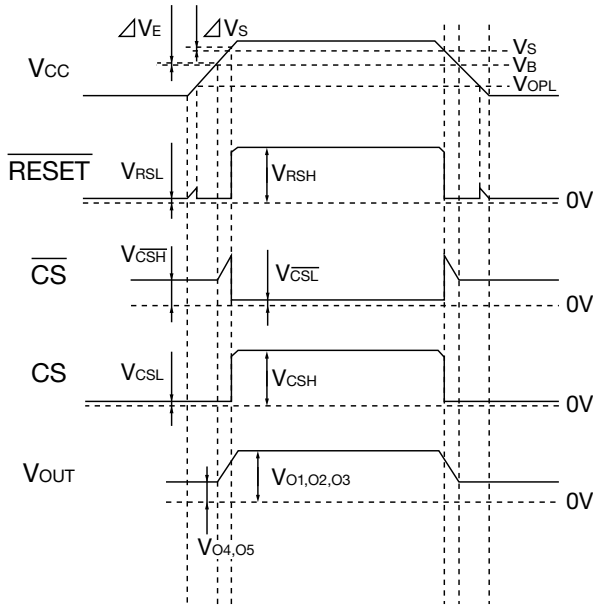
Item	Symbol	Rating	Units	
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40~+125	°C	
Operating temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-20~+75	°C	
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC max.</sub>	7	V	
Operating voltage	V <sub>CCOP</sub>	7	V	
Allowable loss	P <sub>d</sub>	300	mW	
Output current	MM1245	I <sub>o1</sub>	80	
	MM1026			
	MM1134			
Output current	MM1080	I <sub>o1</sub>	50	mA
Output current		I <sub>o2</sub>	200	µA

Note : I<sub>o1</sub> expresses V<sub>CC</sub> output current value, and I<sub>o2</sub> expresses V<sub>BATT</sub> output current value.

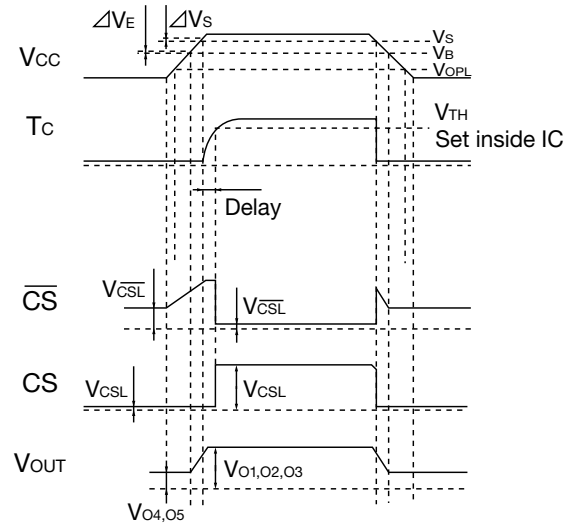


Timing Chart

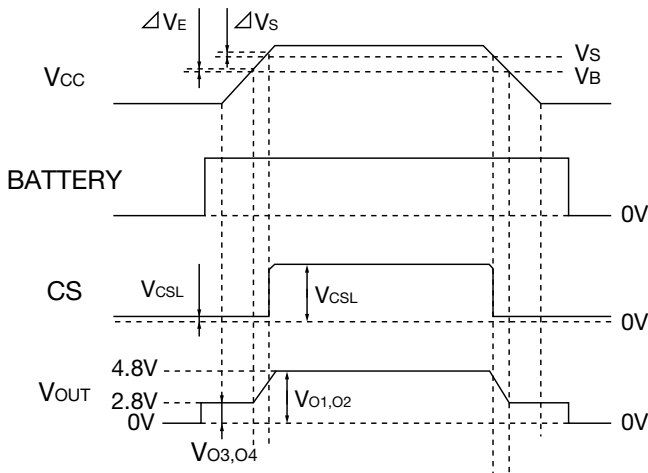
MM1026



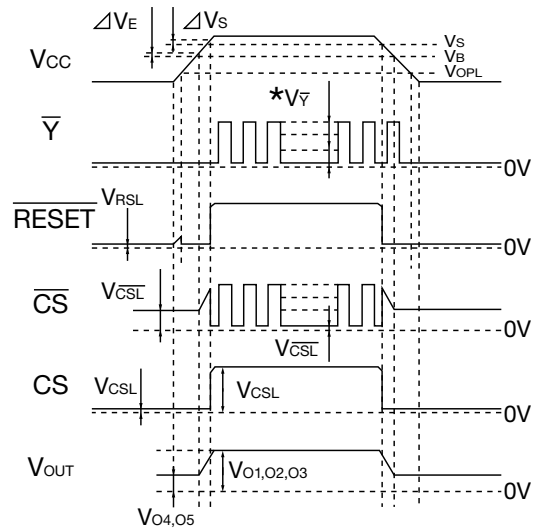
MM1245



MM1080



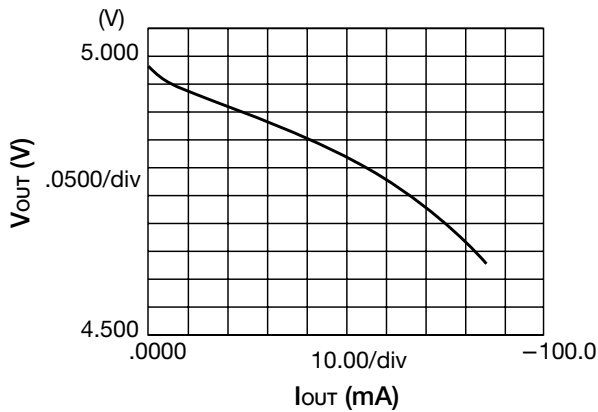
MM1134



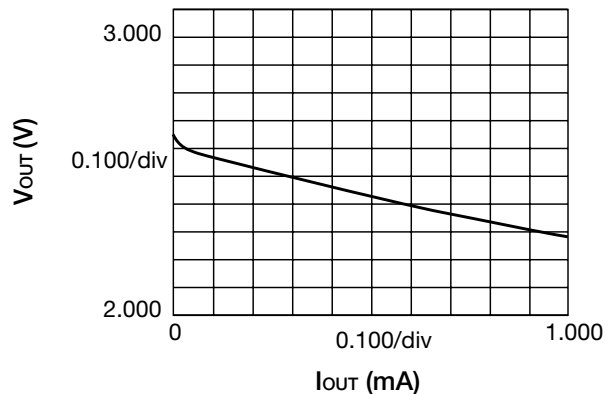
\* Use  $\bar{Y}$  pin input voltage at less than 5V when V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ V<sub>S</sub>.

Characteristics (MM1026, MM1134 series)

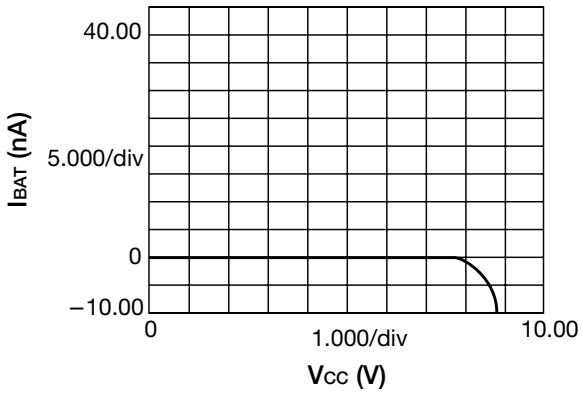
V<sub>OUT</sub>-I<sub>OUT</sub> (V<sub>CC</sub>=5.0V)



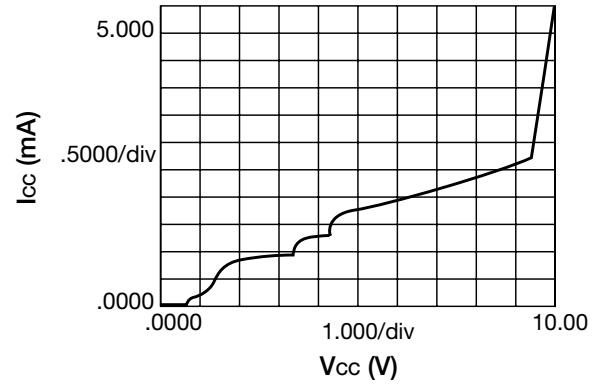
V<sub>OUT</sub>-I<sub>OUT</sub> (V<sub>BAT</sub>=3.0V)



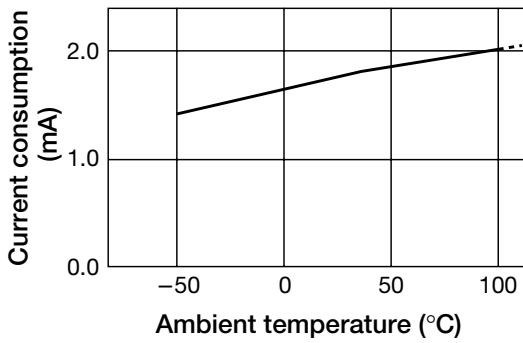
■ VCC-IBAT



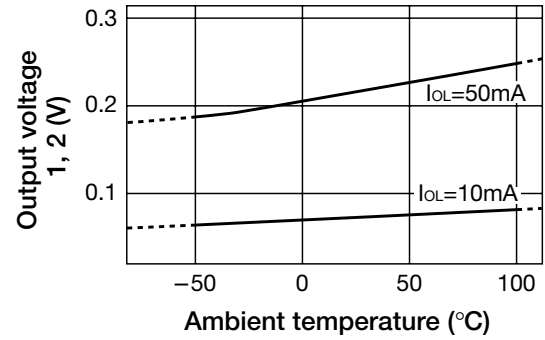
■ VCC-Icc



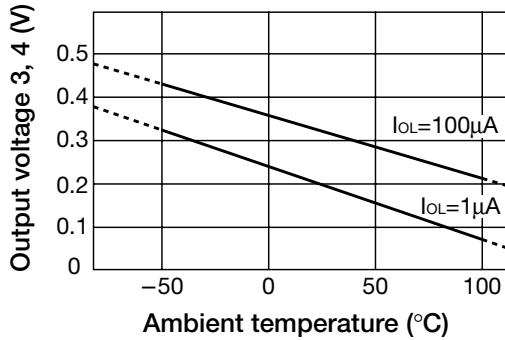
■ Current consumption-Temperature characteristics



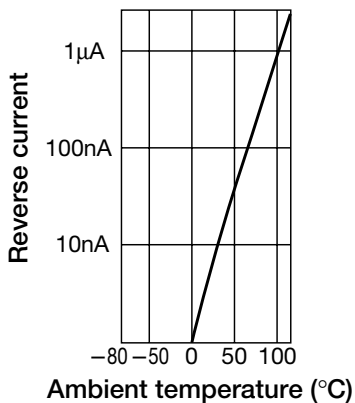
■ Output voltage 1, 2-Temperature characteristics



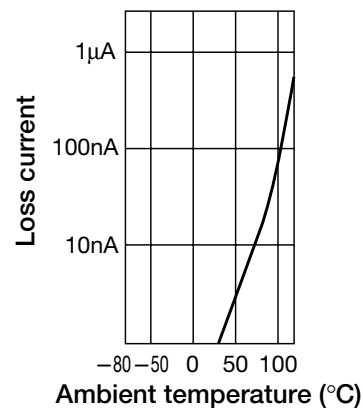
■ Output voltage 3, 4-Temperature



■ Reverse current-Temperature



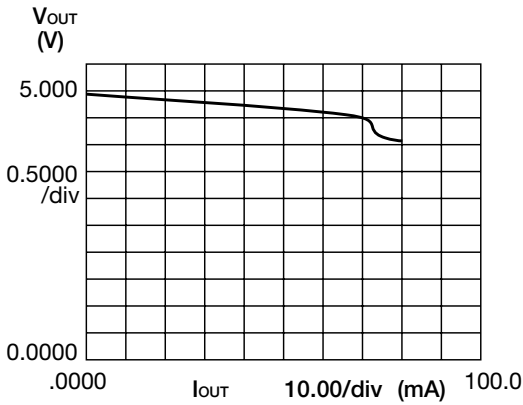
■ Loss current-Temperature



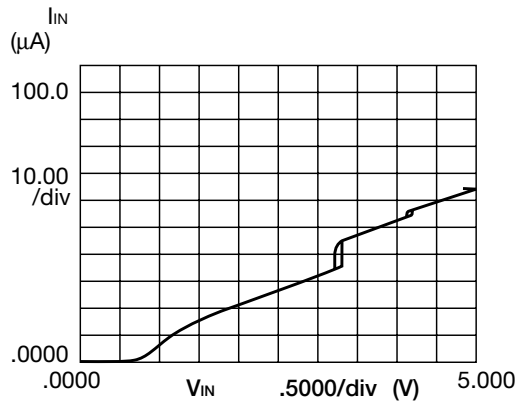


**Characteristics** (MM1080 series)

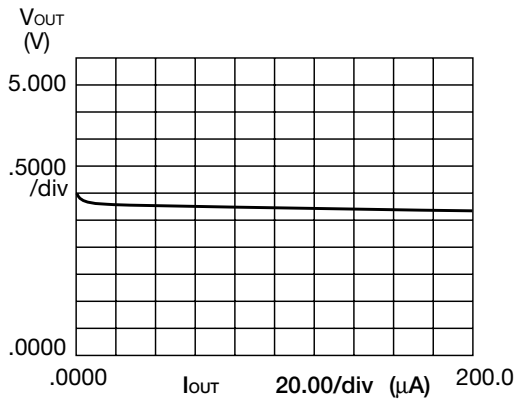
**Current consumption-Temperature (Vcc=5V)**



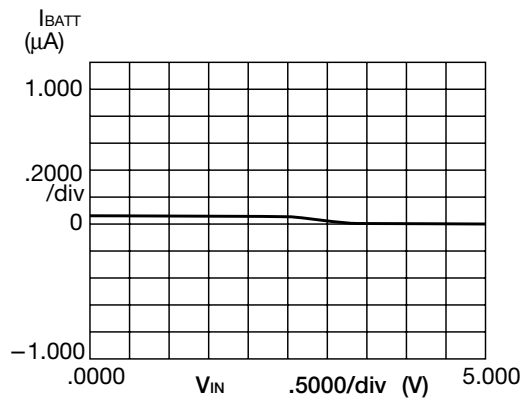
**VIN-IIN**



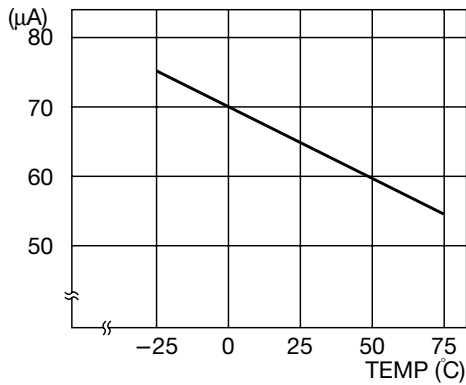
**VOUT-IOUT (VBAT=3.0V)**



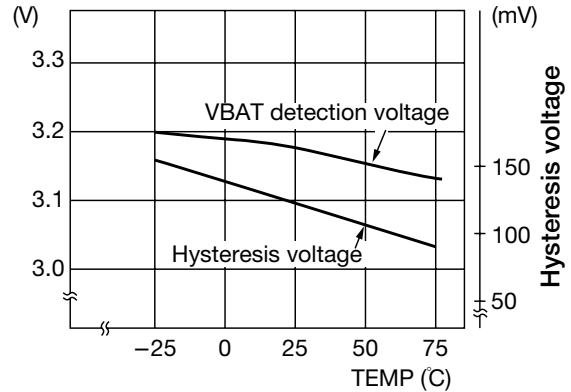
**VIN-IBATT**



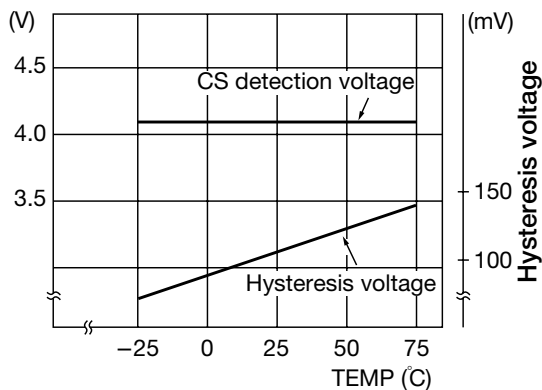
**Current consumption-Temperature (Vcc=5V)**



**V<sub>BAT</sub> detection voltage-Temperature**

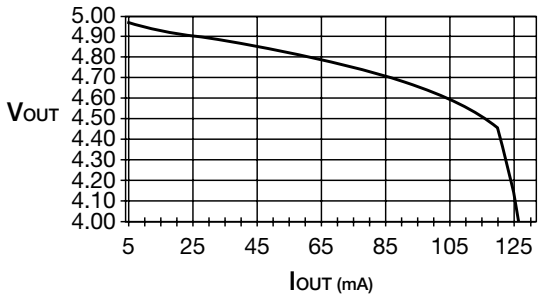


**CS detection voltage-Temperature**

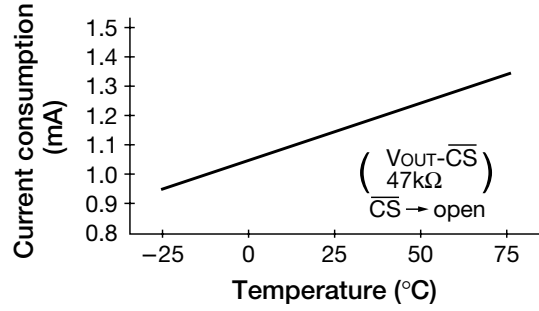


**Characteristics** (MM1245 series)

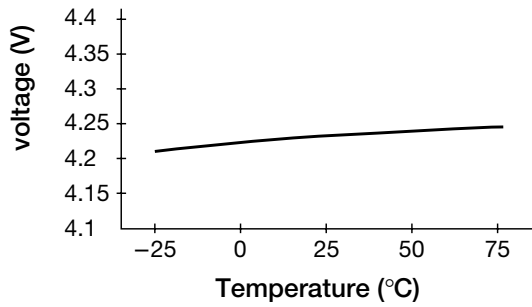
**I<sub>OUT</sub>-V<sub>OUT</sub>**



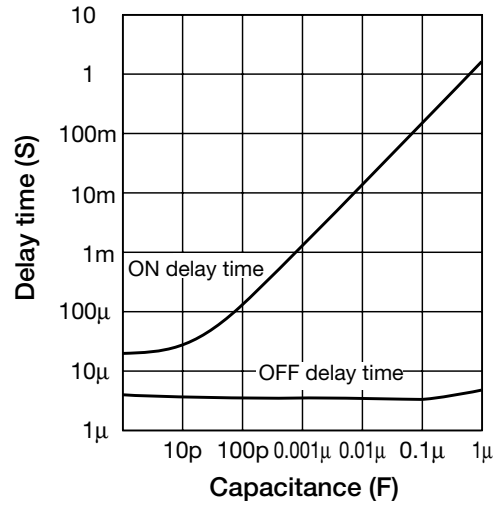
**Current consumption-Temperature**



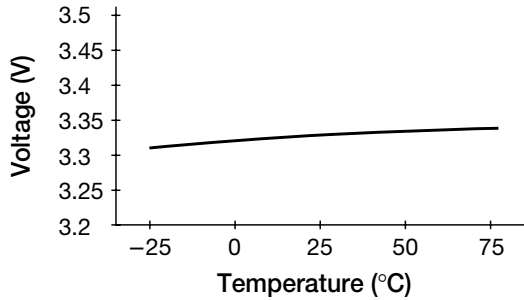
**CS detection voltage-Temperature**



**CS-CS pin ON/OFF delay time vs. capacitance TC**



**V<sub>BAT</sub> detection voltage-Temperature**



Use 1S max. for CS- $\overline{CS}$  pin ON delay time.