PRELIMINARY

MOSEL VITELIC

V53C808H HIGH PERFORMANCE 1M x 8 BIT EDO PAGE MODE CMOS DYNAMIC RAM OPTIONAL SELF REFRESH

HIGH PERFORMANCE	35	40	45	50
Max. \overline{RAS} Access Time, (t _{RAC})	35 ns	40 ns	45 ns	50 ns
Max. Column Address Access Time, (t _{CAA})	18 ns	20 ns	22 ns	24 ns
Min. Extended Data Out Mode Cycle Time, (t_{PC})	14 ns	15 ns	17 ns	19 ns
Min. Read/Write Cycle Time, (t _{RC})	70 ns	75 ns	80 ns	90 ns

Features

- 1M x 8-bit organization
- EDO Page Mode for a sustained data rate of 72 MHz
- RAS access time: 35, 40, 45, 50 ns
- Low power dissipation
- Read-Modify-Write, RAS-Only Refresh, CAS-Before-RAS Refresh capability
- Optional Self Refresh (V53C808SH)
- Refresh Interval: 1024 cycles/16 ms
- Available in 28-pin 400 mil SOJ package
- Single +5V ± 10% Power Supply
- TTL Interface

Description

The V53C808H is a ultra high speed 1,048,576 x 8 bit CMOS dynamic random access memory. The V53C808H offers a combination of features: Page Mode with Extended Data Output for high data bandwidth, and Low CMOS standby current.

All inputs and outputs are TTL compatible. Input and output capacitances are significantly lowered to allow increased system performance. Page Mode with Extended Data Output operation allows random access of up to 1024 x 8 bits within a row with cycle times as fast as 14 ns.

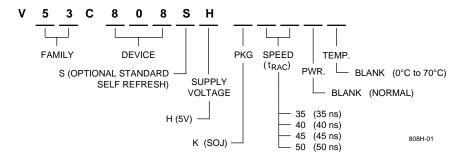
The V53C808H is ideally suited for graphics, digital signal processing and high-performance computing systems.

Device Usage Chart

Operating	Package	e Outline		Access	Time (ns)	Power	Tomoroturo	
Temperature Range	к	т	35	40	45	50	Std.	Temperature Mark
0°C to 70 °C	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Blank

V53C808H

Part Name	Self Refresh	Supply Voltage	Package	Speed
V53C808HKxx	No Self Refresh	5V	SOJ	35/40/45/50
V53C808HTxx	No Self Refresh	5V	TSOP	35/40/45/50
V53C808SHKxx	Optional Standard Self Refresh (16ms)	5V	SOJ	35/40/45/50
V53C808SHTxx	Optional Standard Self Refresh (16ms)	5V	TSOP	35/40/45/50



28-Pin Plastic SOJ PIN CONFIGURATION Top View

	1			-		
Vcc		1			28	□ Vss
I/O1		2			27	□ I/O8
I/O2		3			26	☐ I/O7
I/O3		4			25	☐ I/O6
I/O4		5			24	☐ I/O5
WE		6		=	23	
RAS		7	100 mil	Ξ	22	
NC		8	Ξ	3	21	🗌 A9
NC		9	7	F	20	🗌 A8
A0		10			19] A7
A1		11			18	🗌 A6
A2		12			17	🗌 A5
A3		13			16	🗌 A4
V_{CC}		14			15	□ V _{SS}
					808H-02	I

Pin Names

A ₀ -A ₉	Address Inputs
RAS	Row Address Strobe
CAS	Column Address Strobe
WE	Write Enable
ŌĒ	Output Enable
I/O ₁ –I/O ₈	Data Input, Output
V _{CC}	+5V Supply
V _{SS}	0V Supply
NC	No Connect

V53C808H

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Ambient Temperature

Under Bias –10°C to +80°C	;
Storage Temperature (plastic)55°C to +125°C	;
Voltage Relative to V _{SS} 1.0 V to +7.0 V	/
Data Output Current	١
Power Dissipation 1.4 W	I

*Note: Operation above Absolute Maximum Ratings can adversely affect device reliability.

Capacitance*

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10\%, f = 1 MHz$

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Unit
C _{IN1}	Address Input	3	4	pF
C _{IN2}	RAS, CAS, WE, OE	4	5	pF
C _{OUT}	Data Input/Output	5	7	pF

* Note: Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested

1M x 8 OE o-WE ~ CAS O RAS O CAS CLOCK RAS CLOCK WE CLOCK **OE** CLOCK GENERATOR GENERATOR GENERATOR GENERATOR V_{CC} ○→ VSS O---∽I/O1 DATA I/O BUS -0 I/O₂ -∘ I/O3 COLUMN DECODERS I/O -0 I/0₄ Y₀ -Y 9 BUFFER -0 I/O 5 SENSE AMPLIFIERS --0 I/O₆ REFRESH −º I/O₇ COUNTER -0 I/O₈ 1024 x 8] _ ₁₀ ADDRESS BUFFERS AND PREDECODERS A_{0 0} ROW DECODERS -x₉ A₁ ∽ X₀ 1024 MEMORY \land _Ւ ARRAY . 1024 x 1024 x8 . A_{7 0}-A_{9 0}-808H-04

Block Diagram

V53C808H

DC and Operating Characteristics

 T_A = 0°C to 70°C, V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, unless otherwise specified.

		A	<u>۱</u>	/53C808	H			
Symbol	Parameter	Access Time	Min. Typ.		Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
ILI	Input Leakage Current (any input pin)		-10		10	μΑ	$V_{SS} \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$	
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current (for High-Z State)		-10		10	μΑ	V _{SS} ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC} RAS, CAS at V _{IH}	
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Supply Current,	35			160	mA	$t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ (min.)	1, 2
	Operating	40			150			
		45			145			
		50			135			
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Supply Current, TTL Standby				2	mA	RAS, CAS at V _{IH} other inputs ≥ V _{SS}	
I _{CC3}	V _{CC} Supply Current,	35			160	mA	$t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ (min.)	2
	RAS-Only Refresh	40			150			
		45			145			
		50			135			
I _{CC4}	V _{CC} Supply Current,	35			95	mA	Minimum cycle	1, 2
	EDO Page Mode Operation	40			90			
		45			85			
		50			80			
I _{CC5}	V _{CC} Supply Current, Standby, Output Enabled				2.0	mA	$\overline{RAS} = V_{IH}, \overline{CAS} = V_{IL}$ other inputs $\ge V_{SS}$	1
I _{CC6}	V _{CC} Supply Current, CMOS Standby				2.0	mA	$\label{eq:RAS} \begin{split} \overline{RAS} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \; V, \\ \overline{CAS} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \; V, \\ \text{All other inputs} &\geq V_{SS} \end{split}$	
I _{CC7}	Self Refresh Current				400	μΑ	$\label{eq:cbs} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{CBR Cycle with } t_{RAS} \geq t_{RASS} \\ \mbox{(Min.) and } \overline{CAS} = V_{IL}; \\ \mbox{WE} = V_{CC} \mbox{-} 0.2V; \mbox{ A0-A8 and } \\ \mbox{D}_{IN} = V_{CC} \mbox{-} 0.2V \end{array}$	
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		4.5	5.0	5.5	V		
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-1		0.8	V		3
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.4		V _{CC} + 1	V		3
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage				0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2 mA	
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage		2.4			V	I _{OH} = -2 mA	

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AC Characteristics

$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to 70°C, $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$ unless otherwise noted
AC Test conditions, input pulse levels 0 to 3V

			3	5	4	0	4	5	5	0		
#	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
1	t _{RAS}	RAS Pulse Width	35	75K	40	75K	45	75K	50	75K	ns	
2	t _{RC}	Read or Write Cycle Time			75		80		90		ns	
3	t _{RP}	RAS Precharge Time	25		25		25		30		ns	
4	t _{CSH}	CAS Hold Time	35		40		45		50		ns	
5	t _{CAS}	CAS Pulse Width	7		8		9		9		ns	
6	t _{RCD}	RAS to CAS Delay	16	23	17	28	18	32	19	36	ns	
7	t _{RCS}	Read Command Setup Time	0		0		0		0		ns	4
8	t _{ASR}	Row Address Setup Time	0		0		0		0		ns	
9	t _{RAH}	Row Address Hold Time	6		7		8		9		ns	
10	t _{ASC}	Column Address Setup Time	0		0		0		0		ns	
11	t _{CAH}	Column Address Hold Time	4		5		6		7		ns	
12	t _{RSH (R)}	RAS Hold Time (Read Cycle)	14		14		15		15		ns	
13	t _{CRP}	CAS to RAS Precharge Time	5		5		5		5		ns	
14	t _{RCH}	Read Command Hold Time Referenced to CAS	0		0		0		0		ns	5
15	t _{RRH}	Read Command Hold Time Referenced to RAS	0		0		0		0		ns	5
16	t _{ROH}	RAS Hold Time Referenced to OE	8		8		9		10		ns	
17	t _{OAC}	Access Time from OE		12		12		13		14	ns	
18	t _{CAC}	Access Time from \overline{CAS} (EDO)		12		12		13		14	ns	6, 7
19	t _{RAC}	Access Time from RAS		35		40		45		50	ns	6, 8, 9
20	t _{CAA}	Access Time from Column Address		18		20		22		24	ns	6, 7, 10
21	t _{LZ}	CAS to Low-Z Output	0		0		0		0		ns	16
22	t _{HZ}	Output buffer turn-off delay time	0	6	0	6	0	7	0	8	ns	16
23	t _{AR}	Column Address Hold Time from RAS	28		30		35		40		ns	
24	t _{RAD}	RAS to Column Address Delay Time	11	17	12	20	13	23	14	26	ns	11
25	t _{RSH (W)}	RAS or CAS Hold Time in Write Cycle	12		12		13		14		ns	
26	t _{CWL}	Write Command to CAS Lead Time	12		12		13		14		ns	
27	t _{WCS}	Write Command Setup Time	0		0		0		0		ns	12, 13
28	t _{WCH}	Write Command Hold Time	5		5		6		7		ns	
29	t _{WP}	Write Pulse Width	5		5		6		7		ns	
30	t _{WCR}	Write Command Hold Time from RAS	28		30		35		40		ns	
31	t _{RWL}	Write Command to RAS Lead Time	12		12		13		14		ns	

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AC Characteristics (Cont'd)

			3	5	4	0	4	5	5	i0		
#	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
32	t _{DS}	Data in Setup Time	0		0		0		0		ns	14
33	t _{DH}	Data in Hold Time	4		5		6		7		ns	14
34	t _{WOH}	Write to OE Hold Time	5		6		7		8		ns	14
35	t _{OED}	OE to Data Delay Time	5		6		7		8		ns	14
36	t _{RWC}	Read-Modify-Write Cycle Time	105		110		115		130		ns	
37	t _{RRW}	Read-Modify-Write Cycle RAS Pulse Width	70		75		80		87		ns	
38	t _{CWD}	CAS to WE Delay	28		30		32		34		ns	12
39	t _{RWD}	RAS to WE Delay in	54		58		62		68		ns	12
40	t _{CRW}	CAS Pulse Width (RMW)	46		48		50		52		ns	
41	t _{AWD}	Col. Address to WE Delay	35		38		41		42		ns	12
42	t _{PC}	EDO Page Mode Read or Write Cycle Time	14		15		17		19		ns	
43	t _{CP}	CAS Precharge Time	4		5		6		7		ns	
44	t _{CAR}	Column Address to RAS Setup Time	18		20		22		24		ns	
45	t _{CAP}	Access Time from Column Precharge		21		23		25		27	ns	7
46	t _{DHR}	Data in Hold Time Referenced to RAS	28		30		35		40		ns	
47	t _{CSR}	CAS Setup Time CAS-before-RAS Refresh	10		10		10		10		ns	
48	t _{RPC}	RAS to CAS Precharge Time	0		0		0		0		ns	
49	t _{CHR}	CAS Hold Time CAS-before-RAS Refresh	8		8		10		12		ns	
50	t _{PCM}	EDO Page Mode Read-Modify-Write Cycle Time	58		60		65		70		ns	
51	t _T	Transition Time (Rise and Fall)	3	50	3	50	3	50	3	50	ns	15
52	t _{REF}	Refresh Interval (1024 Cycles)		16		16		16		16	ms	
53	t _{COH}	Output Hold After CAS Low		5		5		5		5	ns	
Opt	ional Self	Refresh										
54	t _{RASS}	RAS Pulse Width During Self Refresh	100		100		100		100		μS	18
55	t _{RPS}	RAS Precharge Time During Self Refresh	100		100		100		100		ns	18
56	t _{CHS}	CAS Hold Time Width During Self Refresh	100		100		100		100		ns	18
57	t _{CHD}	CAS Low Time During Self Refresh	100		100		100		100		μS	18

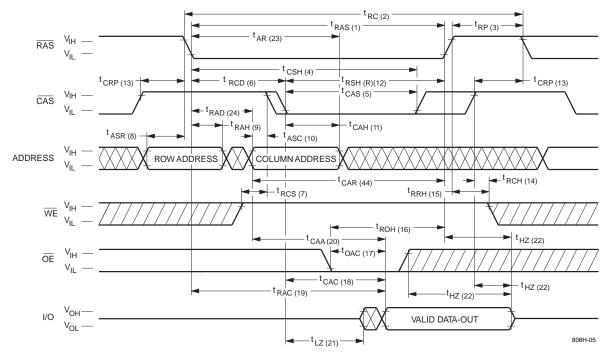
V53C808H

Notes:

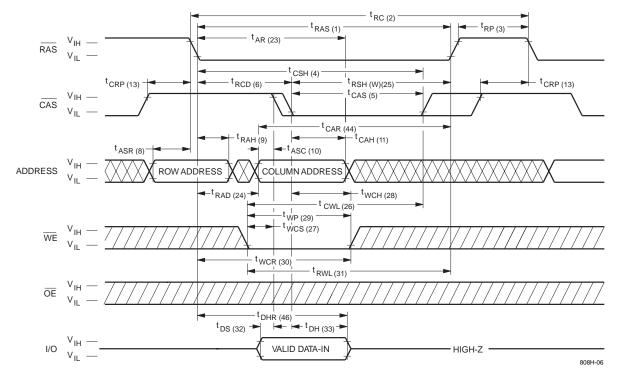
- 1. I_{CC} is dependent on output loading when the device output is selected. Specified I_{CC} (max.) is measured with the output open.
- I_{CC} is dependent upon the number of address transitions. Specified I_{DD} (max.) is measured with a maximum of two transitions per address cycle in EDO Page Mode.
- Specified V_{IL} (min.) is steady state operating. During transitions, V_{IL} (min.) may undershoot to −1.0 V for a period not to exceed 20 ns. All AC parameters are measured with V_{IL} (min.) ≥ V_{SS} and V_{IH} (max.) ≤ V_{DD}.
- 4. t_{RCD} (max.) is specified for reference only. Operation within t_{RCD} (max.) limits insures that t_{RAC} (max.) and t_{CAA} (max.) can be met. If t_{RCD} is greater than the specified t_{RCD} (max.), the access time is controlled by t_{CAA} and t_{CAC} .
- 5. Either t_{RRH} or t_{RCH} must be satisified for a Read Cycle to occur.
- 6. Measured with a load equivalent to one TTL input and 50 pF.
- 7. Access time is determined by the longest of t_{CAA} , t_{CAC} and t_{CAP} .
- Assumes that t_{RAD} ≤ t_{RAD} (max.). If t_{RAD} is greater than t_{RAD} (max.), t_{RAC} will increase by the amount that t_{RAD} exceeds t_{RAD} (max.).
- Assumes that t_{RCD} ≤ t_{RCD} (max.). If t_{RCD} is greater than t_{RCD} (max.), t_{RAC} will increase by the amount that t_{RCD} exceeds t_{RCD} (max.).
- 10. Assumes that $t_{RAD} \ge t_{RAD}$ (max.).
- 11. Operation within the t_{RAD} (max.) limit ensures that t_{RAC} (max.) can be met. t_{RAD} (max.) is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RAD} is greater than the specified t_{RAD} (max.) limit, the access time is controlled by t_{CAA} and t_{CAC}.
- 12. t_{WCS} , t_{RWD} , t_{AWD} and t_{CWD} are not restrictive operating parameters.
- 13. t_{WCS} (min.) must be satisfied in an Early Write Cycle.
- 14. t_{DS} and t_{DH} are referenced to the latter occurrence of \overline{CAS} or \overline{WE} .
- 15. t_T is measured between V_{IH} (min.) and V_{IL} (max.). AC-measurements assume t_T = 3 ns.
- 16. Assumes a three-state test load (5 pF and a 500 Ohm Thevenin equivalent).
- 17. An initial 200 μs pause and 8 RAS-containing cycles are required when exiting an extended period of bias without clocks. An extended period of time without clocks is defined as one that exceeds the specified Refresh Interval.
- 18. Once CBR refresh or complete set of row refresh cycles must be completed upon exiting Self Refresh Mode.

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Waveforms of Read Cycle

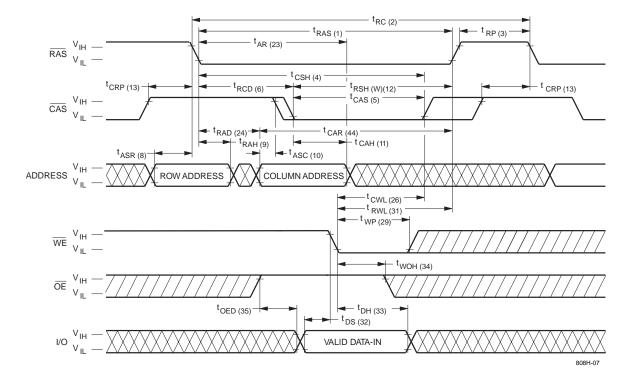


Waveforms of Early Write Cycle



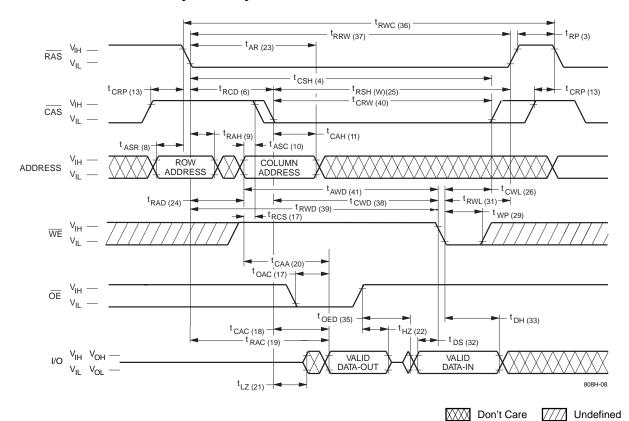
Don't Care //// Undefined

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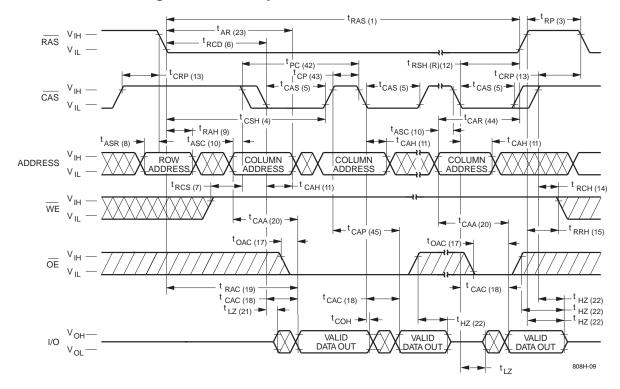


Waveforms of OE-Controlled Write Cycle

Waveforms of Read-Modify-Write Cycle

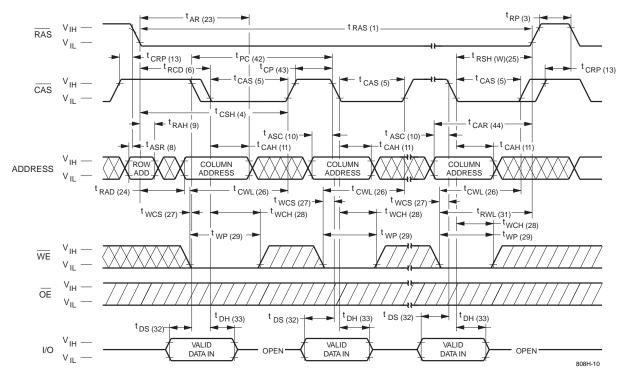


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Waveforms of EDO Page Mode Read Cycle

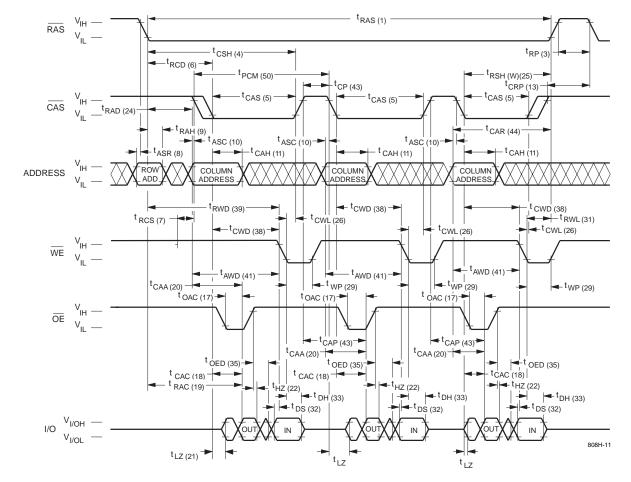
Waveforms of EDO Page Mode Write Cycle



Don't Care //// Undefined

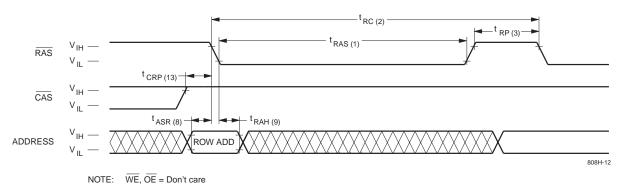
V53C808H Rev. 1.5 April 1998

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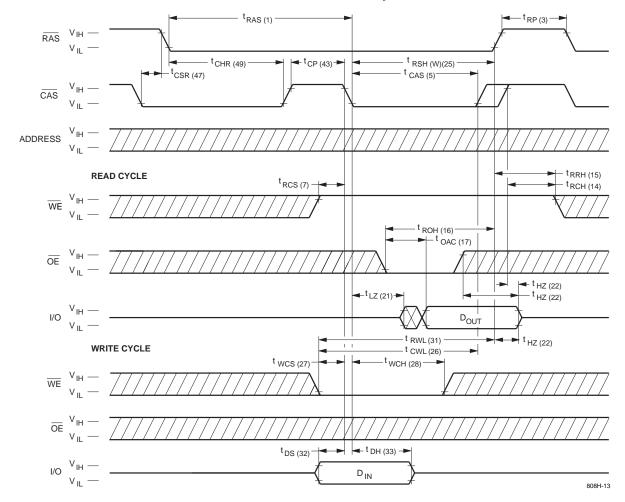


Waveforms of EDO Page Mode Read-Write Cycle



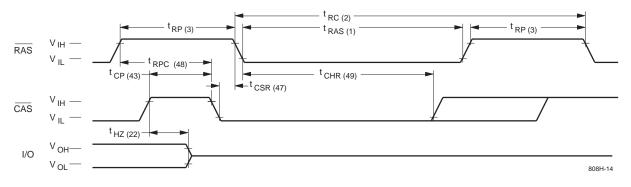


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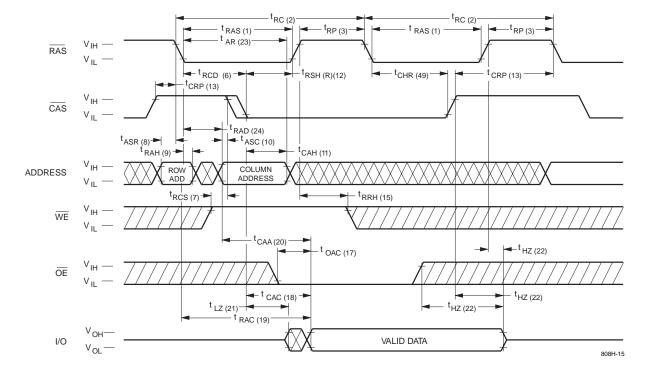
Waveforms of CAS-before-RAS Refresh Counter Test Cycle

Waveforms of CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle



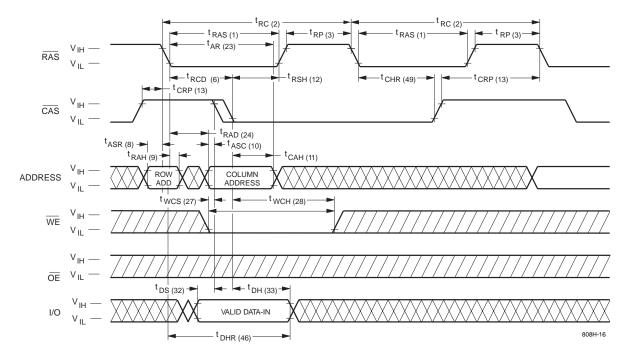
NOTE: \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , $A_0 - A_9 = Don't$ care

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Waveforms of Hidden Refresh Cycle (Read)

Waveforms of Hidden Refresh Cycle (Write)



Don't Care //// Undefined

tRP (3) tRASS (54) tRPS (57) νн RAS tRPC (48) Vii tRPC (48) tCP (43) tCSR (47) tCHS (56) tCHD (57) Vін UCAS. LCAS Vıı Vін ADDRESS VIL Vон 1/0 OPEN VOL -٧н WE νн OE 808H-17

Waveforms of Self Refresh Cycle (Optional)

Functional Description

The V53C808H is a CMOS dynamic RAM optimized for high data bandwidth, low power applications. It is functionally similar to a traditional dynamic RAM. The V53C808H reads and writes data by multiplexing an 20-bit address into a 10-bit row and a 10-bit column address. The row address is latched by the Row Address Strobe (RAS). The column address "flows through" an internal address buffer and is latched by the Column Address Strobe (CAS). Because access time is primarily dependent on a valid column address rather than the precise time that the \overline{CAS} edge occurs, the delay time from RAS to CAS has little effect on the access time.

Memory Cycle

A memory cycle is initiated by bringing RAS low. Any memory cycle, once initiated, must not be ended or aborted before the minimum t_{RAS} time has expired. This ensures proper device operation and data integrity. A new cycle must not be initiated until the minimum precharge time t_{RP}/t_{CP} has elapsed.

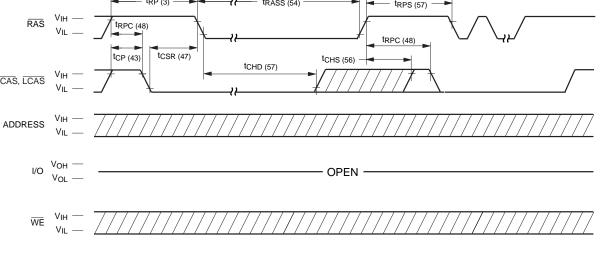
Read Cycle

A Read cycle is performed by holding the Write Enable (WE) signal High during a RAS/CAS operation. The column address must be held for a minimum specified by t_{AR}. Data Out becomes valid only when t_{OAC} , t_{RAC} , t_{CAA} and t_{CAC} are all satisifed. As a result, the access time is dependent on the timing relationships between these parameters. For example, the access time is limited by t_{CAA} when t_{RAC} , t_{CAC} and t_{OAC} are all satisfied.

Write Cycle

A Write Cycle is performed by taking WE and CAS low during a RAS operation. The column address is latched by \overline{CAS} . The Write Cycle can be WE controlled or CAS controlled depending on whether WE or CAS falls later. Consequently, the input data must be valid at or before the falling edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CAS} , whichever occurs last. In the \overline{CAS} controlled Write Cycle, when the leading edge of WE occurs prior to the CAS low transition, the I/O data pins will be in the High-Z state at the beginning of the Write function. Ending the Write with RAS or CAS will maintain the output in the High-Z state.

In the WE controlled Write Cycle, OE must be in the high state and t_{OED} must be satisfied.



Extended Data Output Page Mode

EDO Page operation permits all 1024 columns within a selected row of the device to be randomly accessed at a high data rate. Maintaining RAS low while performing successive CAS cycles retains the row address internally and eliminates the need to reapply it for each cycle. The column address buffer acts as a transparent or flow-through latch while CAS is high. Thus, access begins from the occurrence of a valid column address rather than from the falling edge of \overline{CAS} , eliminating t_{ASC} and t_T from the critical timing path. CAS latches the address into the column address buffer. During EDO operation, Read, Write, Read-Modify-Write or Read-Write-Read cycles are possible at random addresses within a row. Following the initial entry cycle into Hyper Page Mode, access is t_{CAA} or t_{CAP} controlled. If the column address is valid prior to the rising edge of CAS, the access time is referenced to the CAS rising edge and is specified by t_{CAP}. If the column address is valid after the rising \overline{CAS} edge, access is timed from the occurrence of a valid address and is specified by t_{CAA}. In both cases, the falling edge of CAS latches the address and enables the output.

EDO provides a sustained data rate of 72 MHz for applications that require high bandwidth such as bitmapped graphics or high-speed signal processing. The following equation can be used to calculate the maximum data rate:

Data Rate =
$$\frac{1024}{t_{RC} + 1023 \times t_{PC}}$$

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Self Refresh (Optional)

Self Refresh mode provides internal refresh control signals to the DRAM during extended periods of inactivity. Device operation in this mode provides additional power savings and design ease by elimination of external refresh control signals. Self Refresh mode is initialed with a CAS before RAS (CBR) Refresh cycle, holding both RAS low (t_{RASS}) and CAS low (t_{CHD}) for a specified period. Both of these parameters are specified with minimum values to guarantee entry into Self Refresh operation. Once the device has been placed in to Self Refresh mode the CAS clock is no longer required to maintain Self Refresh operation.

The Self Refresh mode is terminated by returning the \overline{RAS} clock to a high level for a specified (tRPS) minimum time. After termination of the Self Refresh cycle normal accesses to the device may be initiated immediately, poviding that subsequest refresh cycles utilize the \overline{CAS} before \overline{RAS} (CBR) mode of operation.

Data Output Operation

The V53C808H Input/Output is controlled by OE, CAS, WE and RAS. A RAS low transition enables the transfer of data to and from the selected row address in the Memory Array. A RAS high transition disables data transfer and latches the output data if the output is enabled. After a memory cycle is initiated with a RAS low transition, a CAS low transition or CAS low level enables the internal I/O path. A CAS high transition or a CAS high level disables the I/O path and the output driver if it is enabled. A CAS low transition while RAS is high has no effect on the I/O data path or on the output drivers. The output drivers, when otherwise enabled, can be disabled by holding \overline{OE} high. The OE signal has no effect on any data stored in the output latches. A WE low level can also disable the output drivers when \overline{CAS} is low. During a Write cycle, if WE goes low at a time in relationship to CAS that would normally cause the outputs to be active, it is necessary to use \overline{OE} to disable the output drivers prior to the \overline{WE} low transition to allow Data In Setup Time (t_{DS}) to be satisfied.

Power-On

After application of the V_{CC} supply, an initial pause of 200 μ s is required followed by a minimum of 8 initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a RAS clock). Eight initialization cycles are required after extended periods of bias without clocks (greater than the Refresh Interval).

During Power-On, the V_{CC} current requirement of the V53C808H is dependent on the input levels of RAS and CAS. If RAS is low during Power-On, the device will go into an active cycle and I_{CC} will exhibit current transients. It is recommended that RAS and CAS track with V_{CC} or be held at a valid V_{IH} during Power-On to avoid current surges.

V53C808H

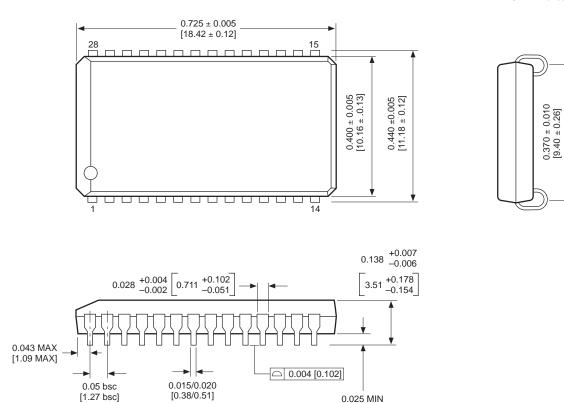
Table 1. V53C808H Data Output
Operation for Various Cycle Types

Cycle Type	I/O State
Read Cycles	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
CAS-Controlled Write Cycle (Early Write)	High-Z
WE-Controlled Write Cycle (Late Write)	\overline{OE} Controlled. High \overline{OE} = High-Z I/Os
Read-Modify-Write Cycles	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
EDO Read Cycle	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
EDO Write Cycle (Early Write)	High-Z
EDO Read-Modify- Write Cycle	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
RAS-only Refresh	High-Z
CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle	Data remains as in previous cycle
CAS-only Cycles	High-Z

V53C808H

Package Diagrams

28-Pin Plastic SOJ



0.025 MIN [.635 MIN]

Unit in inches [mm]

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