V53C8125H ULTRA-HIGH PERFORMANCE, 128K X 8 FAST PAGE MODE CMOS DYNAMIC RAM

PRELIMINARY

HIGH PERFORMANCE	30	35	40	45	50
Max. $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Access Time, (t_{RAC})	30 ns	35 ns	40 ns	45 ns	50 ns
Max. Column Address Access Time, (t_{CAA})	16 ns	18 ns	20 ns	22 ns	24 ns
Min. Fast Page Mode Cycle Time, (t _{PC})	19 ns	21 ns	23 ns	25 ns	28 ns
Min. Read/Write Cycle Time, (t _{RC})	65 ns	70 ns	75 ns	80 ns	90 ns

Features

- 128K x 8-bit organization
- RAS access time: 30, 35, 40, 45, 50 ns
- Fast Page Mode supports sustained data rates up to 53 MHz
- Read-Modify-Write, RAS-Only Refresh, CAS-Before-RAS Refresh capability
- Refresh Interval: 256 cycles/8 ms

TSOP-I packages

Description

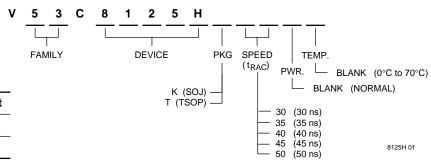
The V53C8125H is a high speed 131,072 x 8 bit CMOS dynamic random access memory. The V53C8125H offers a combination of features: Fast Page Mode for high data bandwidth, fast usable speed, CMOS standby current.

All inputs and outputs are TTL compatible. Input and output capacitances are significantly lowered to allow increased system performance. Fast Page Mode operation allows random access of up to 512 columns (x9) bits within a row with cycle times as short as 19 ns. Because of static circuitry, the CAS clock is not in the critical timing path. The flowthrough column address latches allow address pipelining while relaxing many critical system timing requirements for fast usable speed. These features make the V53C8125H ideally suited for graphics, digital signal processing and high performance peripherals.

Device Usage Chart

Operating	Package	Outline		Access	Time (ns)			Power	Tommorotuno		
Temperature Range	к	т	30	35	40	45	50	Std.	Temperature Mark		
0°C to 70 °C				•	•				Blank		

V53C8125H

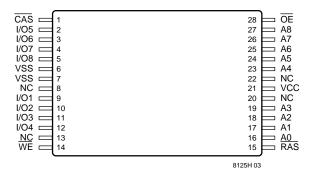


Description	Pkg.	Pin Count
SOJ	к	26/24
TSOP-II	Т	28

26/24 Lead SOJ PIN CONFIGURATION Top View

					-	
VSS	d	1	\mathbf{O}	26	þ	Vss
1/0 ₁		2		25	Þ	I/0 ₈
1/0 ₂	d	3		24	Þ	1/0 ₇
1/0 ₃	d	4		23	Þ	I/0 ₆
1/0 ₄	d	5		22	Þ	1/0 ₅
WE		6	-	21	þ	CAS
			Ш			
RAS	q	8	300	19	þ	ŌĒ
A ₀	q	9	ო	18	Þ	А ₈
A ₁		10		17	þ	A7
A2	q	11		16	Þ	A ₆
	q	12		15	Þ	A ₅
Vcc	q	13		14	þ	Α4
			81	25H 02		

28 Lead TSOP-I PIN CONFIGURATION Top View



Pin Names

A ₀ -A ₈	Address Inputs (A8: Column Address only)
RAS	Row Address Strobe
CAS	Column Address Strobe
WE	Write Enable
ŌĒ	Output Enable
I/O ₁ - I/O ₈	Data Input, Output
V _{CC}	+5V Supply
V _{SS}	0V Supply
NC	No Connect

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Ambient Temperature

Under Bias	ñ10°C to +80°C
Storage Temperature (plastic)	ñ55°C to +125°C
Voltage Relative to V _{SS}	ñ1.0 V to +7.0 V
Data Output Current	50 mA
Power Dissipation	

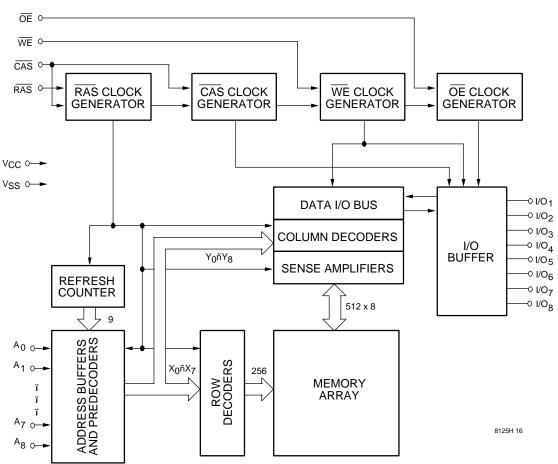
*Note: Operation above Absolute Maximum Ratings can adversely affect device reliability.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Capacitance}^{*} \\ T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{CC} = 5 \ \text{V} \pm 10\%, \ V_{SS} = 0 \ \text{V} \end{array}$

Symbol	Parameter Typ.	Max.	Unit	
C _{IN1}	Address Input	3	4	pF
C _{IN2}	$\overline{RAS}, \overline{CAS}, \overline{WE}, \overline{OE}$	4	5	pF
C _{OUT}	Data Input/Output	5	7	pF

*Note: Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested.

Block Diagram



128K x 8

V53C8125H

V53C8125H

DC and Operating Characteristics (1-2) T_A = 0°C to 70°C, V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, unless otherwise specified.

			V	/53C8125H					
Symbol	Parameter	Access Time	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes	
ILI	Input Leakage Current (any input pin)		Ò10		10	μA	$V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$		
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current (for High-Z State)		Ò10		10	μA	$V_{SS} \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ RAS, CAS at V _{IH}		
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Supply Current,	30			180	mA	t _{RC} = t _{RC} (min.)	1, 2	
	Operating	35			160	1			
		40			150	1			
		45			145				
		50			135				
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Supply Current, TTL Standby				4	mA	\overline{RAS} , \overline{CAS} at V _{IH} , other inputs \ge V _{SS}		
I _{CC3}	V _{CC} Supply Current,	30			180	mA	t _{RC} = t _{RC} (min.)	2	
	RAS-Only Refresh	35			160				
		40			150				
		45			145				
		50			135				
I _{CC4}	V _{CC} Supply Current,	30			110	mA	Minimum Cycle	1, 2	
	Fast Page Mode Operation	35			95				
		40			90				
		45			85				
		50			80				
I _{CC5}	$\label{eq:V_CC} \begin{array}{l} V_{CC} \mbox{ Supply Current,} \\ \mbox{ Standby Output Enable} \\ \mbox{ other inputs } \geq V_{SS} \end{array}$				2	mA	$\overline{RAS} = V_{IH}$ $\overline{CAS} = V_{IL}$	1	
I _{CC6}	V _{CC} Supply Current, CMOS Standby				1	mA	$\label{eq:RAS} \begin{split} \overline{RAS} &\geq V_{CC} \ \dot{O}0.2 \ V, \\ \overline{CAS} &\geq V_{CC} \ \dot{O}0.2 \ V, \\ All \ other \ inputs &\geq V_{SS} \end{split}$		
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		4.5		5.5	V			
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		ÒI		0.8	V		3	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.4		V _{CC} + 1	V		3	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage				0.4	V	I _{OL} = 4.2 mA		
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage		2.4		2.4	V	I _{OH} = Ò5 mA		

V53C8125H

AC Characteristics

 T_A = 0°C to 70°C, V_{CC} = 5 V ±10%, V_{SS} = 0V unless otherwise noted AC Test conditions, input pulse levels 0 to 3V

			3	0	3	5	4	0	4	5	5	0		
#	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes								
1	t _{RAS}	RAS Pulse Width	30	75K	35	75K	40	75K	45	75K	50	75K	ns	
2	t _{RC}	Read or Write Cycle Time	65		70		75		80		90		ns	
3	t _{RP}	RAS Precharge Time	25		25		25		25		30		ns	
4	t _{CSH}	CAS Hold Time	30		35		40		45		50		ns	
5	t _{CAS}	CAS Pulse Width	5		6		7		8		9		ns	
6	t _{RCD}	RAS to CAS Delay	15	20	16	24	17	28	18	32	19	36	ns	
7	t _{RCS}	Read Command Setup Time	0		0		0		0		0		ns	4
8	t _{ASR}	Row Address Setup Time	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
9	t _{RAH}	Row Address Hold Time	5		6		7		8		9		ns	
10	t _{ASC}	Column Address Setup Time	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
11	t _{CAH}	Column Address Hold Time	5		5		5		6		7		ns	
12	t _{RSH (R)}	RAS Hold Time (Read Cycle)	10		10		10		10		10		ns	
13	t _{CRP}	CAS to RAS Precharge Time	5		5		5		5		5		ns	
14	t _{RCH}	Read Command Hold Time Referenced to CAS	0		0		0		0		0		ns	5
15	t _{RRH}	Read Command Hold Time Referenced to RAS			0		0		0		0		0	ns
16	t _{ROH}	RAS Hold Time Referenced to OE	6		7		8		9		10		ns	
17	t _{OAC}	Access Time from \overline{OE}		10		11		12		13		14	ns	12
18	t _{CAC}	Access Time from CAS		10		11		12		13		14	ns	6,7,14
19	t _{RAC}	Access Time from RAS		30		35		40		45		50	ns	6, 8, 9
20	t _{CAA}	Access Time from Column Address		16		18		20		22		24	ns	6,7,10
21	t _{LZ}	OE or CAS to Low-Z Output	0		0		0		0		0		ns	16
22	t _{HZ}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ or $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to High-Z Output	0	5	0	6	0	6	0	7	0	8	ns	16
23	t _{AR}	Column Address Hold Time from RAS	26		28		30		35		40		ns	
24	t _{RAD}	RAS to Column Address Delay Time	10	14	11	17	12	20	13	23	14	26	ns	11
25	t _{RSH (W)}	RAS or CAS Hold Time in Write Cycle	10		10		10		10		10		ns	
26	t _{CWL}	Write Command to CAS Lead Time	10		11		12		13		14		ns	
27	t _{WCS}	Write Command Setup Time	0		0		0		0		0		ns	12, 13
28	t _{WCH}	Write Command Hold Time	5		5		5		6		7		ns	

5

V53C8125H

AC Characteristics (Contld)

			3	0	3	5	40		45		50			
#	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes								
29	t _{WP}	Write Pulse Width	5		5		5		6		7		ns	
30	t _{WCR}	Write Command Hold Time from RAS	26		28		30		35		40		ns	
31	t _{RWL}	Write Command to RAS Lead Time	10		11		12		13		14		ns	
32	t _{DS}	Data in Setup Time	0		0		0		0		0		ns	14
33	t _{DH}	Data in Hold Time	5		5		5		6		7		ns	14
34	t _{WOH}	Write to OE Hold Time	5		5		6		7		8		ns	14
35	t _{OED}	OE to Data Delay Time	5		5		6		7		8		ns	14
36	t _{RWC}	Read-Modify-Write Cycle Time	100		105		110		115		130		ns	
37	t _{RRW}	Read-Modify-Write Cycle RAS Pulse Width	65		70		75		80		87		ns	
38	t _{CWD}	CAS to WE Delay	26		28		30		32		34		ns	12
39	t _{RWD}	RAS to WE Delay in Read- Modify-Write Cycle	50		54		58		62		68		ns	12
40	t _{CRW}	CAS Pulse Width (RMW)	44		46		48		50		52		ns	
41	t _{AWD}	Col. Address to WE Delay	32		35		38		41		42		ns	12
42	t _{PC}	Fast Page Mode Read or Write Cycle Time	19		21		23		25		28		ns	
43	t _{CP}	CAS Precharge Time	4		4		5		6		7		ns	
44	t _{CAR}	Column Address to RAS Setup Time	16		18		20		22		24		ns	
45	t _{CAP}	Access Time from Column Precharge		19		21		23		25		27	ns	7
46	t _{DHR}	Data in Hold Time Referenced to RAS	26		28		30		35		40		ns	
47	t _{CSR}	CAS Setup Time CAS- before- RAS Refresh	10		10		10		10		10		ns	
48	t _{RPC}	RAS to CAS Precharge Time	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
49	t _{CHR}	CAS Hold Time CAS-before- RAS Refresh	7		8		8		10		12		ns	
50	t _{PCM}	Fast Page Mode Read-Modify- Write Cycle Time	56		58		60	65		70		ns		
51	t _T	Transition Time (Rise and Fall)	3	50	3	50	3	50	3	50	3	50	ns	15
52	t _{REF}	Refresh Interval (512 Cycles)		8		8		8		8		8	ms	17

V53C8125H

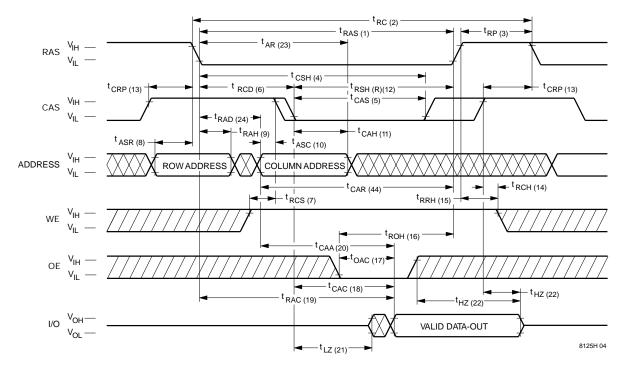
Notes:

- 1. I_{CC} is dependent on output loading when the device output is selected. Specified I_{CC} (max.) is measured with the output open.
- 2. I_{CC} is dependent upon the number of address transitions. Specified I_{CC} (max.) is measured with a maximum of two transitions per address cycle in Fast Page Mode.
- Specified V_{IL} (min.) is steady state operating. During transitions, V_{IL} (min.) may undershoot to Ò1.0 V for a period not to exceed 20 ns. All AC parameters are measured with V_{IL} (min.) ≥ V_{SS} and V_{IH} (max.) ≤ V_{CC}.
- t_{RCD} (max.) is specified for reference only. Operation within t_{RCD} (max.) limits insures that t_{RAC} (max.) and t_{CAA} (max.) can be met. If t_{RCD} is greater than the specified t_{RCD} (max.), the access time is controlled by t_{CAA} and t_{CAC}.
- 5. Either t_{RRH} or t_{RCH} must be satisified for a Read Cycle to occur.
- 6. Measured with a load equivalent to two TTL inputs and 50 pF.
- 7. Access time is determined by the longest of t_{CAA} , t_{CAC} and t_{CAP} .
- Assumes that t_{RAD} ≤ t_{RAD} (max.). If t_{RAD} is greater than t_{RAD} (max.), t_{RAC} will increase by the amount that t_{RAD} exceeds t_{RAD} (max.).
- 9. Assumes that $t_{RCD} \le t_{RCD}$ (max.). If t_{RCD} is greater than t_{RCD} (max.), t_{RAC} will increase by the amount that t_{RCD} exceeds t_{RCD} (max.).
- 10. Assumes that $t_{RAD} \ge t_{RAD}$ (max.).
- Operation within the t_{RAD} (max.) limit ensures that t_{RAC} (max.) can be met. t_{RAD} (max.) is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RAD} is greater than the specified t_{RAD} (max.) limit, the access time is controlled by t_{CAA} and t_{CAC}.
- 12. $t_{WCS},\,t_{RWD},\,t_{AWD}$ and t_{CWD} are not restrictive operating parameters.
- 13. t_{WCS} (min.) must be satisfied in an Early Write Cycle.
- 14. t_{DS} and t_{DH} are referenced to the latter occurrence of \overline{CAS} or \overline{WE} .
- 15. t_T is measured between V_{IH} (min.) and V_{IL} (max.). AC-measurements assume t_T = 3 ns.
- 16. Assumes a three-state test load (5 pF and a 380 Ohm Thevenin equivalent).
- 17. An initial 200 μs pause and 8 RAS-containing cycles are required when exiting an extended period of bias without clocks. An extended period of time without clocks is defined as one that exceeds the specified Refresh Interval.

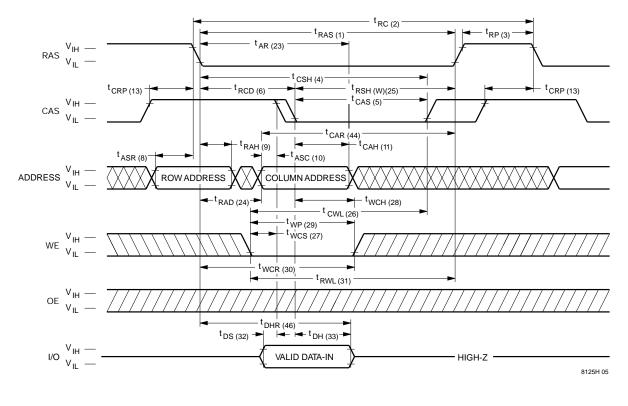
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Waveforms of Read Cycle

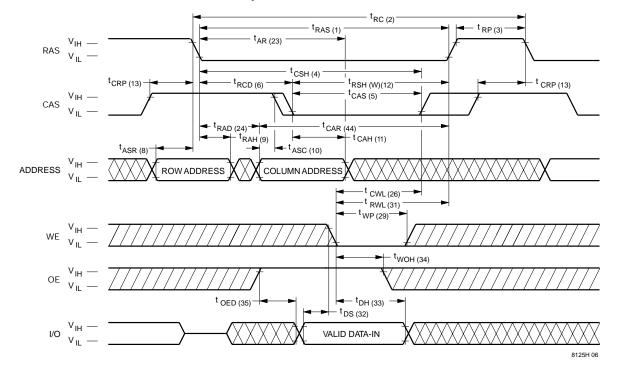


Waveforms of Early Write Cycle



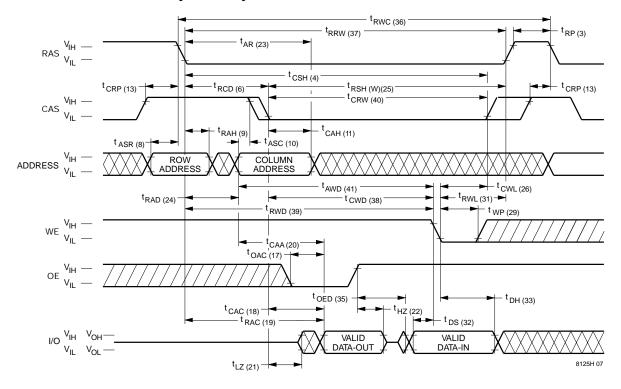
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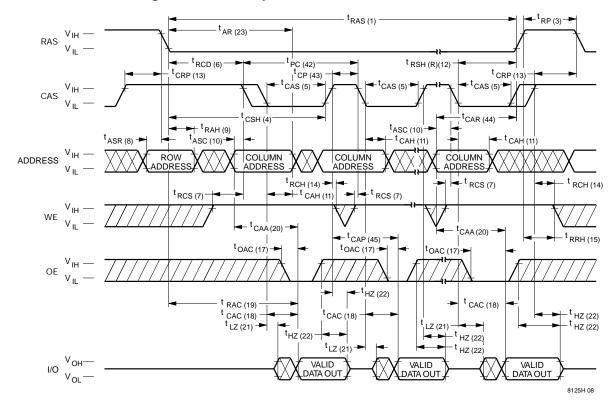


Waveforms of OE-Controlled Write Cycle

Waveforms of Read-Modify-Write Cycle

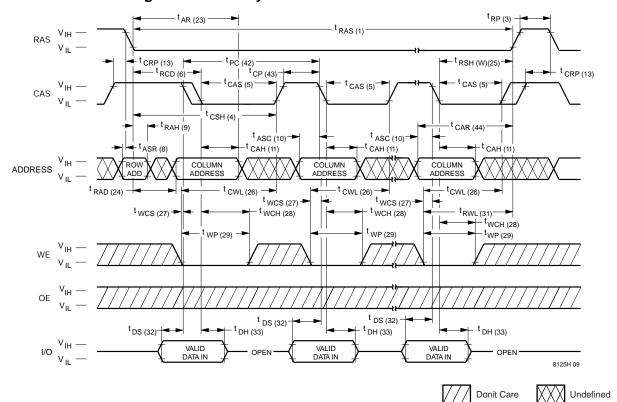


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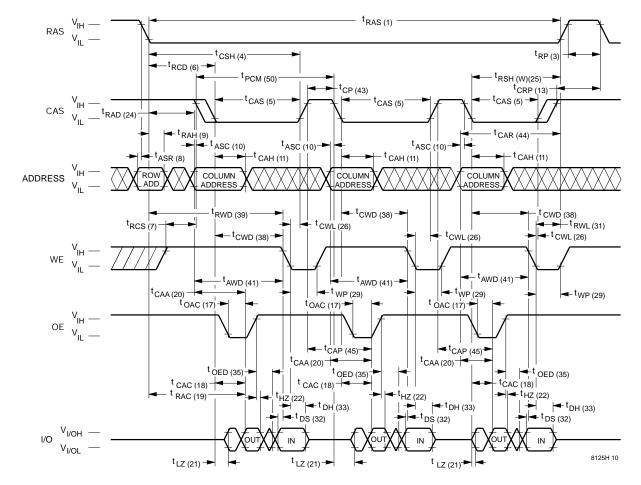


Waveforms of Fast Page Mode Read Cycle

Waveforms of Fast Page Mode Write Cycle

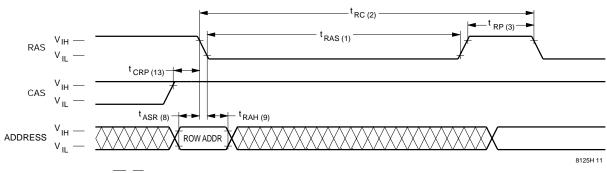


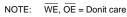
V53C8125H



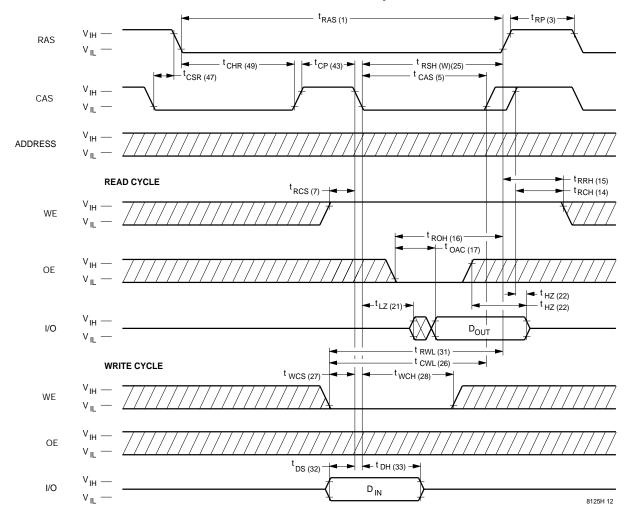
Waveforms of Fast Page Mode Read-Write Cycle





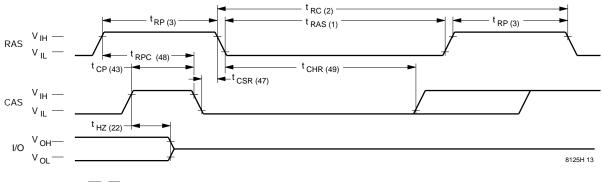


V53C8125H



Waveforms of CAS-before-RAS Refresh Counter Test Cycle

Waveforms of CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle

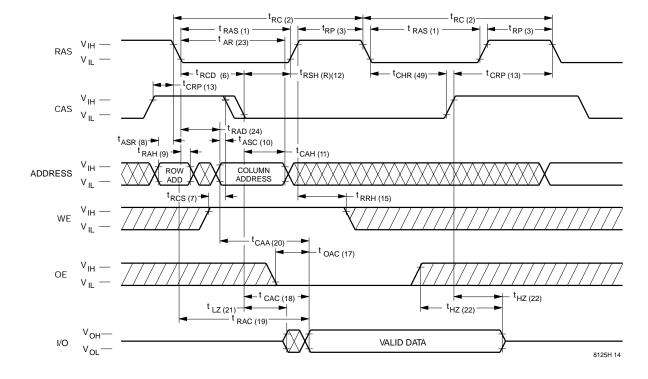


NOTE: $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $A_0 \tilde{n} A_7$ = Donít care

Donít Care XX Undefined

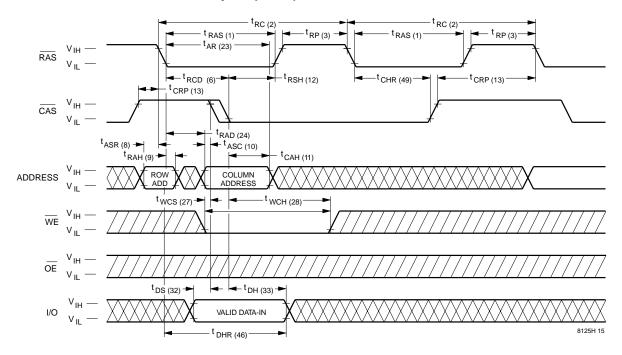
V53C8125H

Donít Care XXX Undefined



Waveforms of Hidden Refresh Cycle (Read)

Waveforms of Hidden Refresh Cycle (Write)



Functional Description

The V53C8125H is a CMOS dynamic RAM optimized for high data bandwidth, low power applications. It is functionally similar to a traditional dynamic RAM. The V53C8125H reads and writes data by multiplexing an 17-bit address into a 8-bit row and an 9-bit column address. The row address is latched by the Row Address Strobe (RAS). The column address iflows throughî an internal address buffer and is latched by the Column Address Strobe (CAS). Because access time is primarily dependent on a valid column address rather than the precise time that the CAS edge occurs, the delay time from RAS to CAS has little effect on the access time.

Memory Cycle

A memory cycle is initiated by bringing \overline{RAS} low. Any memory cycle, once initiated, must not be ended or aborted before the minimum t_{RAS} time has expired. This ensures proper device operation and data integrity. A new cycle must not be initiated until the minimum precharge time t_{RP}/t_{CP} has elapsed.

Read Cycle

A Read cycle is performed by holding the Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) signal High during a $\overline{\text{RAS}}/\overline{\text{CAS}}$ operation. The column address must be held for a minimum specified by t_{AR} . Data Out becomes valid only when t_{OAC} , t_{RAC} , t_{CAA} and t_{CAC} are all satisifed. As a result, the access time is dependent on the timing relationships between these parameters. For example, the access time is limited by t_{CAA} when t_{RAC} , t_{CAC} and t_{OAC} are all satisfied.

Write Cycle

A Write Cycle is performed by taking \overline{WE} and \overline{CAS} low during a \overline{RAS} operation. The column address is latched by \overline{CAS} . The Write Cycle can be \overline{WE} controlled or \overline{CAS} controlled depending on whether \overline{WE} or \overline{CAS} falls later. Consequently, the input data must be valid at or before the falling edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CAS} , whichever occurs last. In the \overline{CAS} -controlled Write Cycle, when the leading edge of \overline{WE} occurs prior to the \overline{CAS} low transition, the I/O data pins will be in the High-Z state at the beginning of the Write function. Ending the Write with \overline{RAS} or \overline{CAS} will maintain the output in the High-Z state.

In the $\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled Write Cycle, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ must be in the high state and t_{OED} must be satisfied.

Refresh Cycle

To retain data, 256 Refresh Cycles are required in each 8 ms period. There are two ways to refresh the memory:

- 1. By clocking each of the 512 row addresses (A_0 through A_8) with \overline{RAS} at least once every 8 ms. Any Read, Write, Read-Modify-Write or \overline{RAS} -only cycle refreshes the addressed row.
- Using a CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle. If CAS makes a transition from low to high to low after the previous cycle and before RAS falls, CAS-before-RAS refresh is activated. The V53C8125H uses the output of an internal 9-bit counter as the source of row addresses and ignore external address inputs.

CAS-before-RAS is a *i*refresh-onlyî mode and no data access or device selection is allowed. Thus, the output remains in the High-Z state during the cycle. A CAS-before-RAS counter test mode is provided to ensure reliable operation of the internal refresh counter.

Fast Page Mode Operation

Fast Page Mode operation permits all 256 columns within a selected row of the device to be randomly accessed at a high data rate. Maintaining RAS low while performing successive CAS cycles retains the row address internally and eliminates the need to reapply it for each cycle. The column address buffer acts as a transparent or flow-through latch while \overline{CAS} is high. Thus, access begins from the occurrence of a valid column address rather than from the falling edge of \overline{CAS} , eliminating t_{ASC} and t_T from the critical timing path. \overline{CAS} latches the address into the column address buffer and acts as an output enable. During Fast Page Mode operation, Read, Write, Read-Modify-Write or Read-Write-Read cycles are possible at random addresses within a row. Following the initial entry cycle into Fast Page Mode, access is $t_{\mbox{CAA}}$ or $t_{\mbox{CAP}}$ controlled. If the column address is valid prior to the rising edge of \overline{CAS} , the access time is referenced to the \overline{CAS} rising edge and is specified by $t_{\mbox{CAP}}.$ If the column address is valid after the rising CAS edge, access is timed from the occurrence of a valid address and is specified by t_{CAA}. In both cases, the falling edge of CAS latches the address and enables the output.

V53C8125H

Fast Page Mode provides sustained data rates up to 53 MHz for applications that require high data rates such as bit-mapped graphics or high-speed signal processing. The following equation can be used to calculate the maximum data rate:

Data Rate = $\frac{256}{t_{RC} + 255 \times t_{PC}}$

Data Output Operation

The V53C8125H Input/Output is controlled by OE, CAS, WE and RAS. A RAS low transition enables the transfer of data to and from the selected row address in the Memory Array. A RAS high transition disables data transfer and latches the output data if the output is enabled. After a memory cycle is initiated with a RAS low transition, a CAS low transition or CAS low level enables the internal I/O path. A CAS high transition or a CAS high level disables the I/O path and the output driver if it is enabled. A CAS low transition while RAS is high has no effect on the I/O data path or on the output drivers. The output drivers, when otherwise enabled, can be disabled by holding \overline{OE} high. The \overline{OE} signal has no effect on any data stored in the output latches. A WE low level can also disable the output drivers when CAS is low. During a Write cycle, if WE goes low at a time in relationship to CAS that would normally cause the outputs to be active, it is necessary to use \overline{OE} to disable the output drivers prior to the WE low transition to allow Data In Setup Time (t_{DS}) to be satisfied.

V53C8125H

Power-On

After application of the V_{CC} supply, an initial pause of 200 µs is required followed by a minimum of 8 initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a RAS clock). Eight initialization cycles are required after extended periods of bias without clocks (greater than the Refresh Interval).

During Power-On, the V_{CC} current requirement of the V53C8125H is dependent on the input levels of RAS and CAS. If RAS is low during Power-On, the device will go into an active cycle and I_{DD} will exhibit current transients. It is recommended that RAS and CAS track with V_{CC} or be held at a valid V_{IH} during Power-On to avoid current surges.

Table 1. V53C8125H Data Output Operation for Various Cycle Types

Cycle Type	I/O State
Read Cycles	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
CAS-Controlled Write Cycle (Early Write)	High-Z
WE-Controlled Write Cycle (Late Write)	\overline{OE} Controlled. High \overline{OE} = High-Z I/Os
Read-Modify-Write Cycles	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
Fast Page Mode Read	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
Fast Page Mode Write Cycle (Early Write)	High-Z
Fast Page Mode Read-Modify- Write Cycle	Data from Addressed Memory Cell
RAS-only Refresh	High-Z
CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle	Data remains as in previous cycle
CAS-only Cycles	High-Z

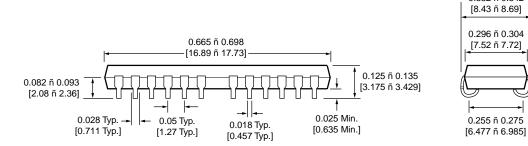
V53C8125H

Unit in inches [mm]

0.332 ñ 0.342

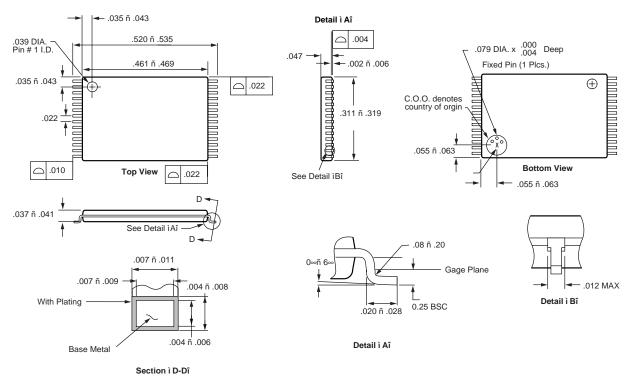
Package Diagrams

26/24-pin 300 mil SOJ



28-pin TSOP-I

Unit in inches



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