Product Preview

5 Volt Only Driver/Receiver with an Integrated Standby Mode

EIA-232-E and CCITT V.28

The MC145705/06/07 are a series of silicon—gate CMOS transceiver ICs that fulfill the electrical specifications of EIA–232–E and CCITT V.28 while operating from a single + 5 V power supply. These transceiver series are high performance and low power consumption devices that are equipped with standby and output enable function.

A voltage doubler and inverter convert the + 5 V to \pm 10 V. This is accomplished through an on–board 20 kHz oscillator and four inexpensive external electrolytic capacitors.

The MC145705 is composed of two drivers and three receivers, the MC145706 has three drivers and two receivers, and the MC145707 has three drivers and three receivers. These drivers and receivers are virtually identical to those of the MC145407.

Available Driver/Receiver Combinations

Device	Drivers	Receivers	No. of Pins
MC145705	2	3	20
MC145706	3	2	20
MC145707	3	3	24

Drivers:

- ± 7.5 Output Swing
- 300 Ω Power–Off Impedance
- Output Current Limiting
- TTL and CMOS Compatible Inputs
- Three-State Outputs During Standby Mode
- · Hold Output OFF (MARK) State by TxEN Pin

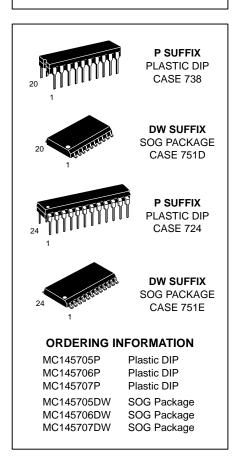
Receivers:

- ± 25 V Input Range
- 3 to 7 k Ω Input Impedance
- 0.8 V Hysteresis for Enhanced Noise Immunity
- Three-State Outputs During Standby Mode

Charge Pumps:

- + 5 to ± 10 V Dual Charge Pump Architecture
- Supply Outputs Capable of Driving Three Drivers on the MC145403/06 Simultaneously
- Requires Four Inexpensive Electrolytic Capacitors
- On–Chip 20 kHz Oscillators

MC145705 MC145706 MC145707



This document contains information on a product under development. Motorola reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.

PIN ASSIGNMENTS

2 DRIVERS/3 RECEIVERS C2+ [1 ● 20 C1+ GND [19 VCC 2 18 C1-C2- 🛚 3 17 D V_{DD} Vss [4 16 STB [TxEN 5 15 DO1 Rx1

Rx2

Tx1

Rx3 [

Tx2

14 DO2

12

D11

DO3

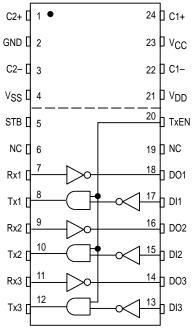
DI2

MC145705

3 DRIVERS/2 RECEIVERS C2+ [20 C1+ GND [19 VCC 18 C1-C2- [17 🛭 V_{DD} Vss [16 STB I TXEN 15 Tx1 [_D DI1 14 DO1 Rx1 ____ DI2 Tx2 12 DO2 Rx2 [DI3 Tx3 [

MC145706

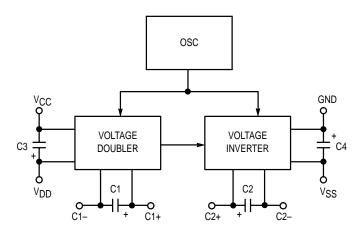
MC145707 3 DRIVERS/3 RECEIVERS



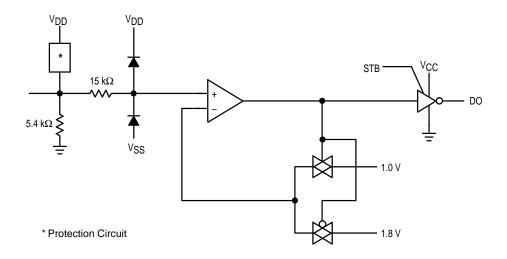
NC = NO CONNECTION

FUNCTION DIAGRAM

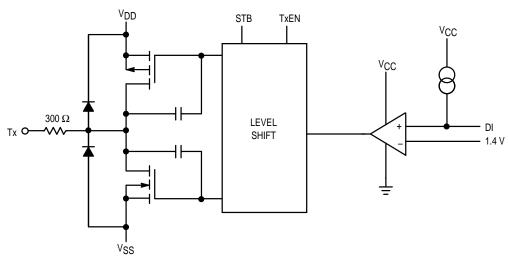
CHARGE PUMPS



RECEIVER



DRIVER



MAXIMUM RATINGS (Voltage Polarities Referenced to GND)

Rating		Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltag	je	Vcc	- 0.5 to + 6.0	V
Input Voltage Rx1 – Rx3 Inputs DI1 – DI3 Inputs		VIR	V _{SS} - 15 to V _{DD} + 15 0.5 to V _{CC} + 15	V
DC Current per P	in	I	± 100	mA
Power Dissipation	١	PD	1	W
Operating Tempe	rature Range	TA	- 40 to + 85	°C
Storage Tempera	ture Range	T _{stg}	- 85 to + 150	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation, it is recommended that the voltage at the DI and DO pins be constrained to the range GND \leq VDI \leq VDD and GND \leq VDO \leq VCC. Also, the voltage at the Rx pin should be constrained to (VSS - 15 V) \leq VRx1 - Rx3 \leq (VDD + 15 V), and Tx should be constrained to VSS \leq VTx1 - Tx3 \leq VDD.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., GND or V_{CC} for DI, and GND for Rx).

RECOMMENDED OPERATING LIMITS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply	Vcc	4.5	5	5.5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _A	- 40		85	°C

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltage polarities referenced to GND = 0 V; C1 – C4 = 10 μ F; T_A = –40 to + 85°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DC Power Supply		Vсс	4.5	5	5.5	V
Quiescent Supply Current (Output Unloaded, Input Low)		Icc	_	1.7	3.5	mA
Quiescent Supply Current (Standby Mode) (Output Unloa	ded, Input Open)	ICC(STB)	_	< 10	20	μΑ
Control Signal Input Voltage (STB, TxEN)	Logic Low Logic High	V _{IL} VIH	— V _{CC} – 0.5	_ _	0.5 —	V
Control Signal Input Current	Logic Low (TxEN) Logic High (STB)	IIL IIH	_ _	_ _	- 10 10	μА
Charge Pumps Output Voltage (C1, C2, C3, C4 = 10 μ F) Output Voltage (V _{DD})	I _{load} = 0 mA I _{load} = 5 mA I _{load} = 10 mA	V _{DD}	8.5 7.5 6.0	10.0 9.5 9.0	11 — —	V
Output Voltage (VSS)	$I_{load} = 0 \text{ mA}$ $I_{load} = 5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{load} = 10 \text{ mA}$	V _{SS}	- 8.5 - 7.5 - 6.0	- 10.0 - 9.2 - 8.6	– 11 — —	

RECEIVER ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Voltage polarities referenced to GND = 0 V; V_{CC} = + 5 V \pm 10%; C1 – C4 = 10 μ F; T_A = – 40 to + 85°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Turn–On Threshold (V _{DO1} – DO3 = V _{OL})	Rx1 – Rx3	V _{on}	1.35	1.8	2.35	V
Input Turn-Off Threshold (VDO1 – DO3 = VOH)	Rx1 – Rx3	V _{off}	0.75	1	1.25	V
Input Threshold Hysteresis (Von = Voff)	Rx1 – Rx3	V _{hys}	0.6	0.8	_	V
Input Resistance		R _{in}	3	5.4	7	kΩ
High-Level Output Voltage (DO1 – DO3) VRx1 – Rx3 = – 3 to – 25 V	I _{out} = - 20 μA I _{out} = - 1 mA	VOH	V _{CC} - 0.1 V _{CC} - 0.7	— 4.3	_ _	V
Low-Level Output Voltage (DO1 – DO3) VRx1 – Rx3 = + 3 to + 25 V	I _{out} = + 20 μA I _{out} = + 1.6 mA	VOL	_ _	0.01 0.5	0.1 0.7	V

DRIVER ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Voltage polarities referenced to GND = 0 V; V_{CC} = + 5 V \pm 10%; C1 - C4 = 10 μ F; T_A = - 40 to + 85°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Digital Input Voltage Logic Low Logic High	DI1 – DI3	V _{IL} VIH	_ 2	_ _	0.8 —	V
Input Current VDI = GND VDI = VCC	DI1 – DI3	F	1 1	<u>7</u>	 ± 1.0	μА
Output High Voltage (V _{DI1} – D _{I3} = Logic Low, R _L = 3 kΩ)	Tx1 – Tx3 Tx1 – Tx6*	VOH	6 5	7.5 6.5		V
Output Low Voltage $(V_{D 1} - D 3 = Logic High, R_L = 3 k\Omega)$	Tx1 – Tx3 Tx1 – Tx6*	VOL	- 6 - 5	- 7.5 - 6.5	_	V
Off Source Impedance	Tx1 – Tx3	Z _{off}	300	_	_	Ω
Output Short Circuit Current (V _{CC} = 5.5 V) Tx1 – Tx3 Shorted to GND** Tx1 – Tx3 Shorted to ± 15 V***		Isc			± 60 ± 100	mA

 $^{^{\}star}$ Specifications for a MC14570X powering a MC145406 or MC145403 with three additional drivers/receivers.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (V $_{CC}$ = + 5 V, \pm 10%; C1 – C4 = 10 μ F; T $_{A}$ = – 40 to + 85°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Drivers			•			
Propagation Delay Time Low-to-High $(R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 50 \text{ pF or } 2500 \text{ pF})$	Tx1 – Tx3	^t PLH	_	0.5	1	μs
High–to–Low (R _L = 3 kΩ, C _L = 50 pF or 2500 pF)		^t PHL				
			_	0.5	1	
Output Slew Rate Minimum Load ($R_L = 7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 0 \text{ pF}$)	Tx1 – Tx3	SR	_	± 6	± 30	V/µs
Maximum Load (R _L = 3 kΩ, C _L = 2500 pF)			_	± 5	_	1
Output Disable Time		^t DAZ	_	4	10	μs
Output Enable Time		^t DZA	_	25	50	ms
Receivers			•			
Propagation Delay Time Low-to-High	DO1 – DO3	^t PLH	_	_	1	μs
High-to-Low		tPHL	_	_	1]
Output Rise Time	DO1 – DO3	t _r	_	250	400	ns
Output Fall Time	DO1 – DO3	t _f	_	40	100	ns
Output Disable Time		^t RAZ	_	4	10	μs
Output Enable Time		^t RZA	_	25	50	ms

TRUTH TABLE

Drivers

DI	TxEN	STB	Tx
Х	Х	Н	Z*
Х	L	L	L
Н	Н	L	L
L	Н	L	Н

^{*} $V_{SS} \le V_{Tx} \le V_{DD}$ X = Don't Care

Receivers

Rx	STB	DO
Х	Н	Z*
Н	L	L
L	L	Н

^{*} GND \leq VDO \leq VCC X = Don't Care

^{**} Specification is for one Tx output to be shorted at a time. Should all three driver outputs be shorted simultaneously, device power dissipation limits could be exceeded.

^{***} This condition could exceed package limitations.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

VCC

Digital Power Supply

This digital supply pin is connected to the logic power supply. This pin should have a $0.33 \,\mu\text{F}$ capacitor to ground.

GND

Ground

Ground return pin is typically connected to the signal ground pin of the EIA-232-D connector (Pin 7) as well as to the logic power supply ground.

V_{DD}

Positive Power Supply

This is the positive output of the on-chip voltage doubler and the positive power supply input of the driver/receiver sections of the device. This pin requires an external storage capacitor to filter the 50% duty cycle voltage generated by the charge pump.

VSS

Negative Power Supply

This is the negative output of the on-chip voltage doubler/inverter and the negative power supply input of the driver/receiver sections of the device. This pin requires an external storage capacitor to filter the 50% duty cycle voltage generated by the charge pump.

TxFN

Output Enable

This is the driver output enable pin. When this pin is in logic low level, the condition of the driver outputs (Tx1 - Tx3) are in keep OFF (mark) state.

STB Standby

DRIVER

DI1 - DI3

The device enters the standby mode while this pin is connected to the logic high level. During the standby mode, driver and receiver output pins become high impedance

state. In this condition, supply current I_{CC} is below 10 μ A (Typ) and can be operated with low current consumption.

C2+, C2-, C1+, C1-

Voltage Doubler and Inverter

These are the connections to the internal voltage doubler and inverter, which generate the V_{DD} and V_{SS} voltages.

Rx1, Rx2 (Rx3)

Receive Data Input

These are the EIA–232–E receive signal inputs. A voltage between + 3 and + 25 V is decoded as a space, and causes the corresponding DO pin to swing to ground (0 V). A voltage between – 3 and – 25 V is decoded as a mark, and causes the DO pin to swing up to V_{CC} .

DO1, DO2 (DO3)

Data Output

These are the receiver digital output pins, which swing from V_{CC} to GND. Each output pin is capable of driving one LSTTL input load.

Output level of these pins is high impedance while in standby mode.

DI1, DI2 (DI3) Data Input

These are the high impedance digital input pins to the drivers. Input voltage levels on these pins must be between \mbox{VCC} and $\mbox{GND}.$

The level of these input pins are TTL/CMOS compatible.

Tx1, Tx2 (Tx3)

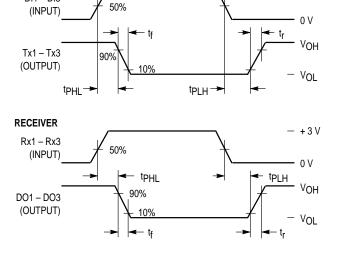
Transmit Data Output

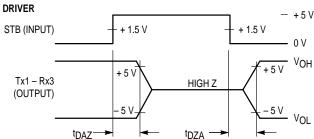
These are the EIA–232–E transmit signal output pins, which swing toward V_{DD} and V_{SS} . A logic 1 at a DI input causes the corresponding Tx output to swing toward V_{SS} . The actual levels and slew rate achieved will depend on the output loading (RL/CL).

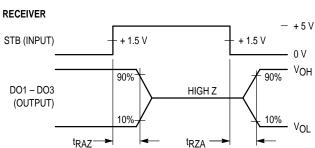
The minimum output impedance is 300 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ when turned off.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

- +3V



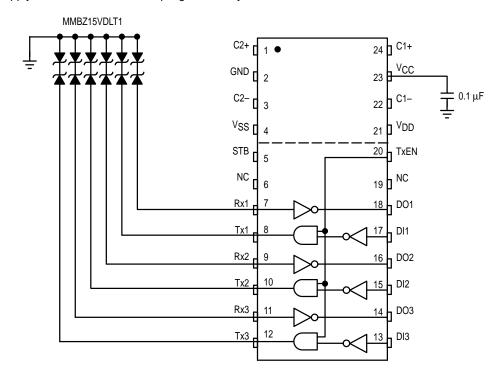




ESD PROTECTION

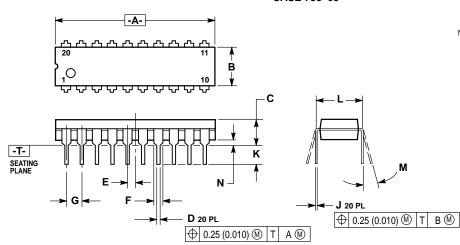
ESD protection on IC devices that have their pins accessible to the outside world is essential. High static voltages applied to the pins when someone touches them either directly or indirectly can cause damage to gate oxides and transistor junctions by coupling a portion of the energy from the I/O pin to the power supply buses of the IC. This coupling will usually

occur through the internal ESD protection diodes which are designed to do just that. The key to protecting the IC is to shunt as much of the energy to ground as possible before it enters the IC. The figure below shows a technique which will clamp the ESD voltage at approximately \pm 15 V using the MMBZ15VDLT1. Any residual voltage which appears on the supply pins is shunted to ground through the capacitors C1 and C2.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

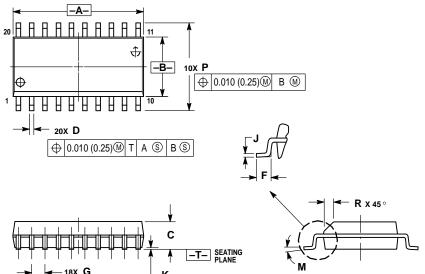
P SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP **CASE 738-03**



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
- DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.

	INC	HES	MILLIN	IETERS
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.010	1.070	25.66	27.17
В	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
С	0.150	0.180	3.81	4.57
D	0.015	0.022	0.39	0.55
E	0.050	BSC	1.27	BSC
F	0.050	0.070	1.27	1.77
G	0.100	BSC	2.54	BSC
J	0.008	0.015	0.21	0.38
K	0.110	0.140	2.80	3.55
L	0.300	BSC	7.62	BSC
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.020	0.040	0.51	1.01

DW SUFFIX SOG PACKAGE CASE 751D-04



- IOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

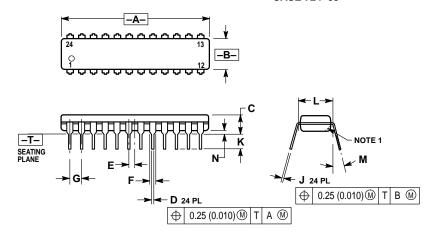
 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.

 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.150 (0.006) PER SIDE.

 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF D DIMENSION. (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	12.65	12.95	0.499	0.510
В	7.40	7.60	0.292	0.299
С	2.35	2.65	0.093	0.104
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.50	0.90	0.020	0.035
G	1.27	1.27 BSC 0.0		BSC
J	0.25	0.32	0.010	0.012
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
М	0 °	7°	0 °	7°
Р	10.05	10.55	0.395	0.415
R	0.25	0.75	0.010	0.029

P SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP CASE 724-03

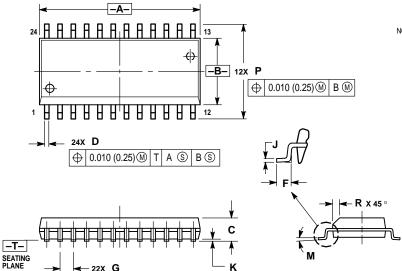


NOTES:

- CHAMFERED CONTOUR OPTIONAL.
 DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	INCHES		MILLIN	IETERS
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.230	1.265	31.25	32.13
В	0.250	0.270	6.35	6.85
С	0.145	0.175	3.69	4.44
D	0.015	0.020	0.38	0.51
Е	0.050	BSC	1.27 BSC	
F	0.040	0.060	1.02	1.52
G	0.100 BSC		2.54	BSC
J	0.007	0.012	0.18	0.30
K	0.110	0.140	2.80	3.55
L	0.300	BSC	7.62	BSC
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.020	0.040	0.51	1.01

DW SUFFIX SOG PACKAGE CASE 751E-04



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	15.25	15.54	0.601	0.612
В	7.40	7.60	0.292	0.299
С	2.35	2.65	0.093	0.104
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.41	0.90	0.016	0.035
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
J	0.23	0.32	0.009	0.013
K	0.13	0.29	0.005	0.011
М	0°	8°	0°	8°
Р	10.05	10.55	0.395	0.415
R	0.25	0.75	0.010	0.029

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