

## Low Dropout Dual Voltage Regulator

The LM2935 is a dual positive 5.0 V low dropout voltage regulator, designed for standby power systems. The main output is capable of supplying 750 mA for microprocessor power, and can be turned "on" and "off" by the switch/reset input. The other output is dedicated for standby operation of volatile memory, and is capable of supplying up to 10 mA loads. The total device features a low quiescent current of 3.0 mA or less when supplying 10 mA from the standby output.

This part was designed for harsh automotive environments and is therefore immune to many input supply voltage problems such as reverse battery (-12 V), double battery (+24 V), and load dump transients (+60 V).

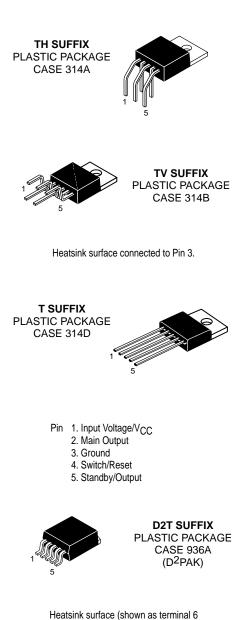
- Two Regulated 5.0 V Outputs
- Main Output Current in Excess of 750 mA
- On/Off Control of Main Output
- Standby Output Current in Excess of 10 mA
- Low Input/Output Differential of Less than 0.6 V at 500 mA
- Short Circuit Current Limiting
- Internal Thermal Shutdown
- Low Voltage Indicator Output
- Designed for Automotive Environment Including
  - Reverse Battery Protection
  - Double Battery Protection
  - · Load Dump Protection
  - Reverse Transient Protection
- Economical 5–Lead TO–220 Package with Two Optional Leadforms
- Also Available in Surface Mount D<sup>2</sup>PAK Package



Device	Tested Operating Temperature Range	Package
LM2935D2T	T_1 = -40° to +125°C	Surface Mount
LM2935T		Plastic Power
LM2935TH		Horizontal Mount
LM2935TV		Vertical Mount

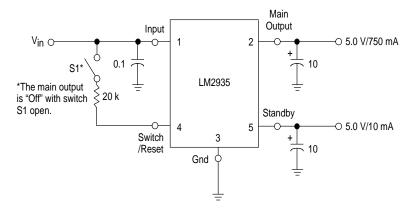
## LOW DROPOUT DUAL VOLTAGE REGULATOR

#### SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA



in case outline drawing) is connected to Pin 3.

#### **Typical Application Circuit**



An input bypass capacitor is recommended if the regulator is located more than 4" from the supply input filter. The LM2935 is not internally compensated and thus requires an external output capacitor for stability. A minimum capacitance of 10  $\mu F$  is recommended. The actual capacitance value is dependent upon load current, temperature, and the capacitor's equivalent series resistance (ESR). The least stable condition is encountered at maximum load current and minimum ambient temperature.

This device contains 29 active transistors.

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage Continuous	VI	60	Vdc
Transient Reverse Polarity Input Voltage 1.0% Duty Cycle, $\tau \le 100 \text{ ms}$	VI(τ)	-50	Vpk
Switch/Reset Input Current	l <sub>in</sub>	5.0	mA
Power Dissipation Case 314A, 314B and 314D (TO–220 Type) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Case Case 936A (D <sup>2</sup> PAK) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Case	P <sub>D</sub> R <sub>θ</sub> JA R <sub>θ</sub> JC P <sub>D</sub> R <sub>θ</sub> JA R <sub>θ</sub> JC	Internally Limited 65 5.0 Internally Limited Per Figure 1 5.0	₩ °C/₩ °C/₩ °C/₩ °C/₩
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

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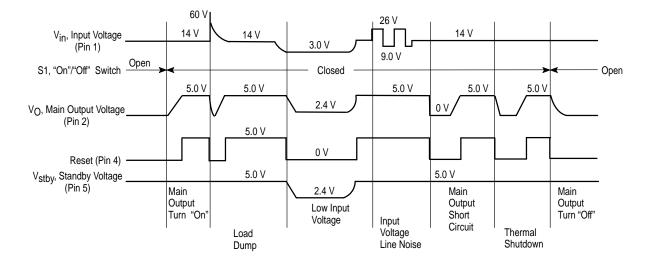
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
MAIN OUTPUT	•				
Output Voltage (V <sub>in</sub> = 6.0 V to 26 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 5.0 mA to 500 mA, T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to +125°C)	Vo	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Line Regulation $V_{in} = 9.0 \text{ V}$ to 16 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 5.0 mA $V_{in} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ to 26 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 5.0 mA	Reg <sub>line</sub>	-	4.0 10	25 50	mV
Load Regulation ( $I_O = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ to 500 mA)	Regload	-	10	50	mV
Output Impedance $I_O = 500$ mAdc and 10 mArms, f = 100 Hz to 10 kHz	ZO	-	200	-	mΩ
Output Noise Voltage (f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz)	Vn	-	100	-	μVrms
Long Term Stability	S	-	20	-	mV/kHR
Ripple Rejection (f = 120 Hz)	RR	_	66	_	dB
Dropout Voltage $I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_O = 750 \text{ mA}$	VI-VO		0.45 0.82	0.6 -	V
Short Circuit Current Limit	ISC	0.75	1.2	-	А
Over-Voltage Shutdown Threshold	V <sub>th(OV)</sub>	26	31	_	V
SWITCH/RESET	•				
Output Sink Current (V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.2 V)	I <sub>Sink</sub>	-	5.0	-	mA
Output Voltage ( $R_{on/off} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ ) Low State, $V_{in} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ High State, $V_{in} = 14 \text{ V}$	Vol Voh	_ 4.5	0.9 5.0	1.2 6.0	V
Output Pull–Up Resistor, "On"/"Off" (Note 2)	R <sub>on/off</sub>	_	20	30	kΩ
Output Voltage with Reverse Polarity Input (V <sub>in</sub> = $-15$ V, R <sub>L</sub> = $10 \Omega$ )	-VO	-0.6	0	-	V

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{in} = 14 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ , $I_{stby} = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{stby} = 10 \mu\text{F}$ , $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ [Note 1].)

V <sub>O(stby)</sub> V <sub>O</sub> –V <sub>O(stby)</sub>	4.75	5.0		
	4.75	50		
$V_{O} - V_{O(stby)}$		5.0	5.25	V
0 0(0.03)	-200	0	200	mV
Reg <sub>line</sub>	-	4.0	50	mV
Reg <sub>load</sub>	-	10	50	mV
Z <sub>O(stby)</sub>	-	1.0	-	Ω
V <sub>n</sub>	-	300	-	μVrms
S	-	20	_	mV/kHR
RR	-	66	_	dB
VI-VO(stby)	-	0.55	0.7	V
ISC	25	70	_	mA
-V <sub>O</sub>	-0.3	0	_	V
V <sub>O(max)</sub>	_	5.0	6.0	V
ΙB		3.0 40 90	_ 100 _	mA
	Reg <sub>load</sub> Z <sub>O</sub> (stby) V <sub>n</sub> S RR V <sub>I</sub> –VO(stby) ISC –VO VO(max)	Regload -   ZO(stby) -   Vn -   S -   RR -   VI-VO(stby) -   ISC 25   -VO -0.3   VO(max) -	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Reg_{load} & - & 10 & 50 \\ \hline ZO(stby) & - & 1.0 & - \\ \hline V_n & - & 300 & - \\ S & - & 20 & - \\ \hline S & - & 20 & - \\ \hline RR & - & 66 & - \\ \hline V_l - V_O(stby) & - & 0.55 & 0.7 \\ \hline I_{SC} & 25 & 70 & - \\ \hline -V_O & -0.3 & 0 & - \\ \hline VO(max) & - & 5.0 & 6.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$

**NOTES:** 1. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient as possible. 2. The maximum switch/reset current must not exceed 5.0 mA.

### **TYPICAL CIRCUIT WAVEFORMS**



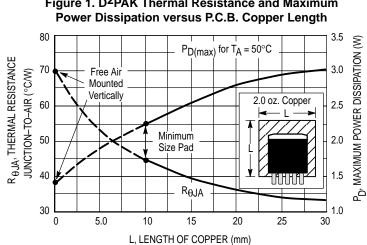
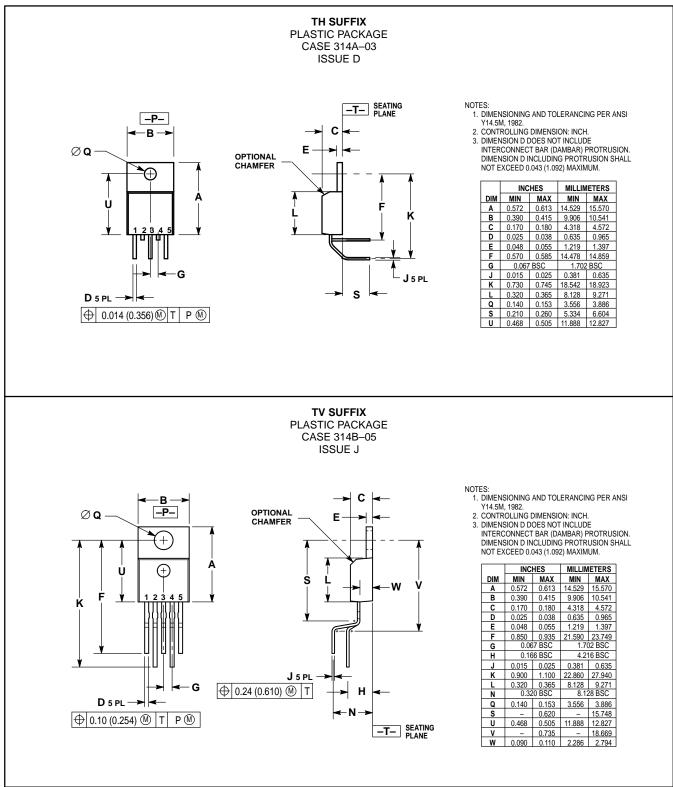
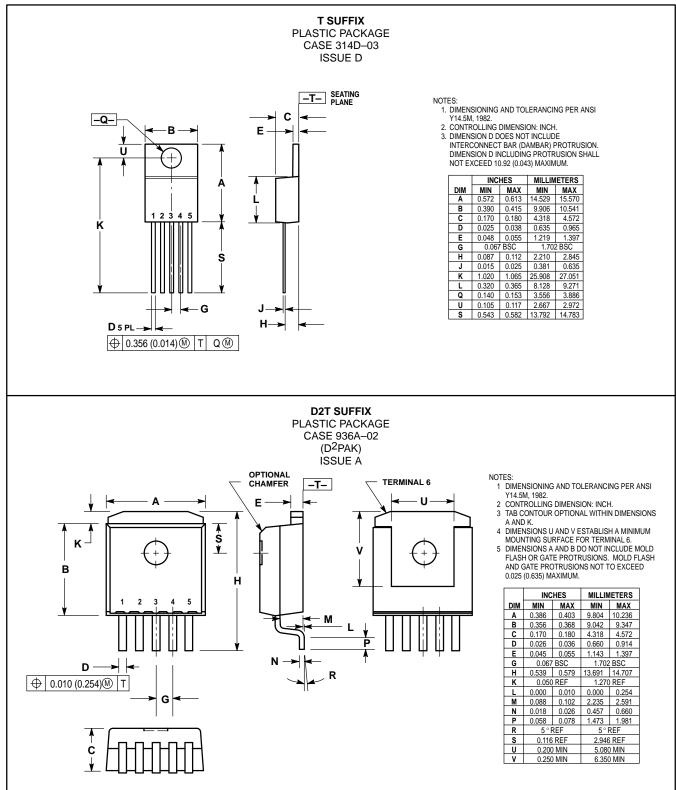


Figure 1. D<sup>2</sup>PAK Thermal Resistance and Maximum

#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



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NOTES

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