ISO-9001 CERTIFIED BY DSCC

NSK

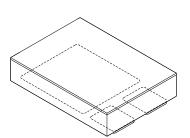
M.S.KENNEDY CORP.

VERY HIGH CURRENT, LOW DROPOUT SURFACE MOUNT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

FEATURES:

- Hermetic Surface Mount Package
- Extremely Low Dropout Voltage: 425mV @ 7.5 Amps
- Available in 1.5V, 1.7V, 1.9V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5.0V and 12.0V
- On Board Thermal Shut Down
- · Reverse Battery and Load Dump Protection
- · Low Ground Current: 120mA Typical at Full Load
- 1% Maximum Guaranteed Accuracy
- Output Current to 7.5 Amps
- Alternate Output Voltages Available

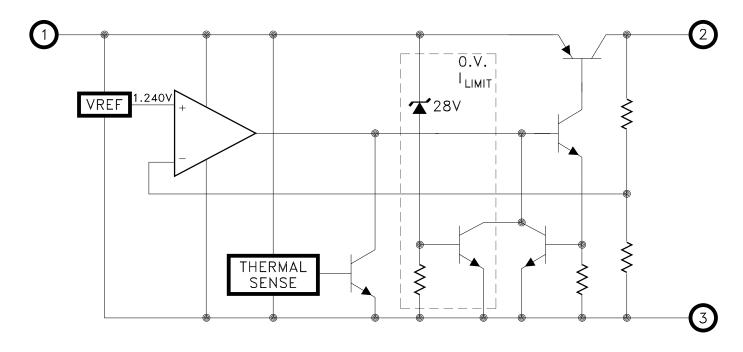


MIL-PRF-38534 QUALIFIED

DESCRIPTION:

The MSK 5275 series voltage regulators are available in +1.5V, +1.7V, +1.9V, +2.5V, +3.3V, +5.0V and +12.0V output configurations. All boast ultra low dropout specifications due to the utilization of a super PNP output pass transistor with monolithic technology. Dropout voltages of 425mV at 7.5 amps are typical in this configuration, which drives efficiency up and power dissipation down. Accuracy is guaranteed with a 1% maximum output voltage tolerance. The MSK 5275 series is packaged in a space efficient 3 pin power surface mount ceramic package.

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High Efficiency, High Current Linear Regulators
- Constant Voltage/Current Regulators
- System Power Supplies
- · Switching Power Supply Post Regulators
- Battery Powered Equipment

- **PIN-OUT INFORMATION**
 - 1 VIN
 - 2 VOUT
 - 3 Ground

(315) 701-6751

SERIES

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{INP}	Input Voltage (100mS 1%D.C.)-20V to +60V
VIN	Input Voltage
Ven	Enable Voltage
Ιουτ	Output Current

Ts⊤	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
TLD	Lead Temperature
	(10 Seconds Soldering)
ΤJ	Operating Temperature
	MSK 5275 Series
	MSK 5275H/E Series55°to +125°C

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Test Conditions $\textcircled{1}$	Group A	MSK	5275H/E	MSK 5275 SERIES				
Falameter		Subgroup	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage Tolerance	IOUT = 10mA; VIN = VOUT + 1V	1	-	± 0.5	±1.0	-	± 0.5	±1.0	%
Output Voltage Tolerance		2, 3	-	±1.0	±2.0	-	-	-	%
Dropout Voltage (2)	$\Delta VOUT = -1\%$; IOUT = 250 mA	1	-	80	200	-	80	225	mV
p	$\Delta VOUT = -1\%$; IOUT = 7.5A	1	-	425	600	-	425	625	mV
Load Regulation	VIN = VOUT + 5V	1	-	±0.2	±1.0	-	±0.2	±1.2	%
Lodd Hogalation	$10 \text{ mA} \le \text{IOUT} \le 7.5\text{A}$	2, 3	-	±0.3	±2.0	-	±0.3	-	%
Line Regulation	(VOUT +1V) \leq VIN \leq 26V	1	-	±0.05	±0.5	-	±0.05	±0.6	%
2	IOUT = 10 mA	2, 3	-	±0.5	±1.0	-	± 0.5	-	%
Output Current Limit (2)	Vout = $0V$; Vin = Vout + $1V$	-	-	9.5	15	-	9.5	15	Α
Ground Current ② ⑧	VIN = VOUT + 1V; IOUT = 4A	-	-	35	75	-	35	80	mA
	VIN = VOUT +1V; IOUT = 7.5A	-	-	120	-	-	120	-	mA
Output Noise ②	$CL = 33\mu F$; 10 Hz $\leq f \leq 100$ KHz	-	-	260	-	-	260	-	μV
Thermal Resistance ②	Junction to Case	-	-	1.0	1.2	-	1.0	1.5	°C/W
Thermal Shutdown (2)	TJ	-	-	130	-	-	130	-	°C

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT VOLTAGE ⑦
MSK5275-1.5	+ 1.5V
MSK5275-1.7	+ 1.7V
MSK5275-1.9	+ 1.9V
MSK5275-2.5	+ 2.5V
MSK5275-3.3	+ 3.3V
MSK5275-5.0	+ 5.0V
MSK5275-12	+ 12.0V

NOTES:

① Output decoupled to ground using 33μ F minimum capacitor unless otherwise specified.

2 This parameter is guaranteed by design but need not be tested.

- Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.
- ③ All output parameters are tested using a low duty cycle pulse to maintain TJ = TC.
- $\hat{\textcircled{4}}$ Industrial grade and 'E' suffix devices shall be tested to subgroup 1 unless otherwise specified.
- (5) Military grade devices ('H' suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2,3.
- (6) Subgroup 1 TC = $+25^{\circ}C$

Subgroup 2 TJ = +125 °C

Subgroup 3 TA = $-55^{\circ}C$

O Please consult the factory if alternate output voltages are required.

In the MSK 5275-1.5, MSK 5275-1.7, MSK 5275-1.9 and MSK 5275-2.5 have an additional 10 mA of Quiescent Current.

REGULATOR PROTECTION:

The MSK 5275 series is fully protected against reversed input polarity, overcurrent faults, overtemperature conditions (Pd) and transient voltage spikes of up to 60V. If the regulator is used in dual supply systems where the load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

OUTPUT CAPACITOR:

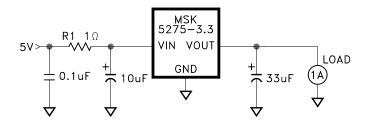
The output voltage ripple of the MSK 5275 series voltage regulators can be minimized by placing a filter capacitor from the output to ground. The optimum value for this capacitor may vary from one application to the next, but a minimum of 33μ F is recommended for optimum performance. Transient load response can also be improved by placing a capacitor directly across the load. The capacitor should not be an ultra-low ESR type. Tantalum capacitors are best for fast load transients but aluminum electrolytics will work fine in most applications.

LOAD CONNECTIONS:

In voltage regulator applications where very large load currents are present, the load connection is very important. The path connecting the output of the regulator to the load must be extremely low impedance to avoid affecting the load regulation specifications. Any impedance in this path will form a voltage divider with the load. The MSK 5275 series requires a minimum of 10mA of load current to stay in regulation.

MINIMIZING POWER DISSIPATION:

Many applications can not take full advantage of the extremely low dropout specifications of the regulator due to large input to output voltage differences. The simple circuit below illustrates a method to reduce the input voltage at the regulator to just over the dropout specification to keep the internal power dissipation minimized:



For a given continuous maximum load of 1 amp, R1 can be selected to drop the voltage seen at the regulator to 4V. This allows for the output tolerance and dropout specifications. Input voltage variations (5V) also should be included in the calculations. The resistor should be sized according to the power levels required for the application.

PACKAGE CONNECTIONS:

The MSK 5275 series are highly thermally conductive devices and the thermal path from the package heat sink to the internal junctions is very short. Standard surface mount soldering techniques should be used when mounting the device. Some applications may require additional heat sinking of the device.

HEAT SINK SELECTION:

To select a heat sink for the MSK 5275, the following formula for convective heat flow may be used.

WHERE:

Tj = Junction Temperature

Pd = Total Power Dissipation

 $R\theta jc = Junction$ to Case Thermal Resistance

 $R\theta cs$ = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance

 $R\theta sa =$ Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance

Ta = Ambient Temperature

First, the power dissipation must be calculated as follows:

Power Dissipation =
$$(Vin - Vout) \times Iout$$

Next, the user must select a maximum junction temperature. The absolute maximum allowable junction temperature is $125 \,^{\circ}$ C. The equation may now be rearranged to solve for the required heat sink to ambient thermal resistance (R θ sa).

EXAMPLE:

An MSK 5275-3.3 is configured for Vin = +5V and Vout = +3.3V. lout is a continuous 1A DC level. The ambient temperature is +25 °C. The maximum desired junction temperature is 125 °C.

$$R\theta jc = 1.0$$
 °C/W and $R\theta cs = 0.5$ °C/W typically.
Power Dissipation = (5V - 3.3V) x (1A)
= 1.7 Watts

Solve for R0sa:

$$R\theta sa = \left[\frac{125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{1.7W}\right] - 1.0^{\circ}C/W - 0.5^{\circ}C/W$$
$$= 57.32^{\circ}C/W$$

In this example, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than 57° C/W must be used to maintain a junction temperature of no more than 125° C.

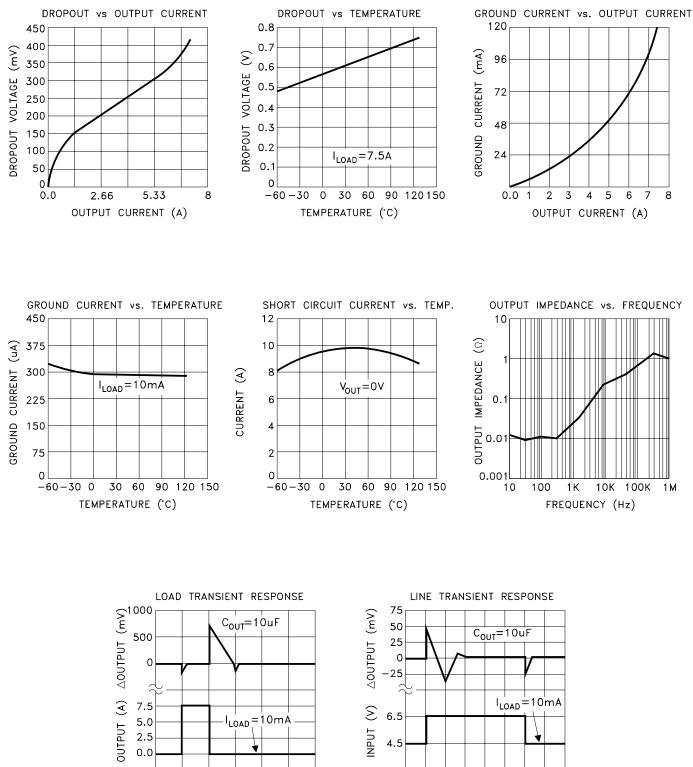
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

0

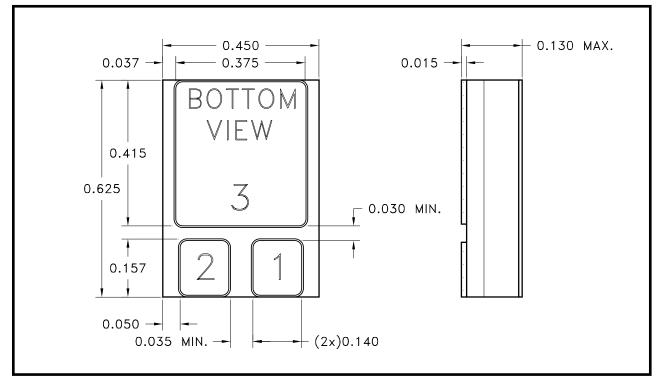
5 10 15

TIME (mS)

20 25

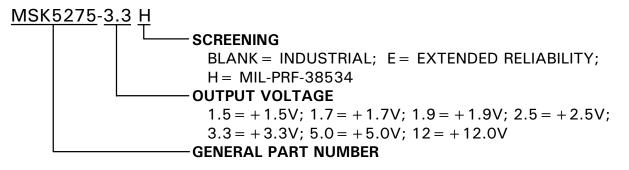


MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ±0.010 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.

ORDERING INFORMATION



The above example is a +3.3V, Military regulator.

M.S. Kennedy Corp. 4707 Dey Road, Liverpool, New York 13088 Phone (315) 701-6751 FAX (315) 701-6752 www.mskennedy.com

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate at the time of printing. MSK reserves the right to make changes to its products or specifications without notice, however, and assumes no liability for the use of its products.