## FREQUENCY DOWN CONVERTER FOR VHF to UHF BAND TV/VCR TUNER

## DESCRIPTION

The $\mu$ PC3202GR is Silicon monolithic IC designed for TV/VCR tuner applications. This IC consists of a double balanced mixer (DBM), local oscillator, preamplifier for precscaler operation, IF amplifier, regulator, and so on. This one-chip IC covers a wide frequency band from VHF to UHF bands. This IC is packaged in 20-pin SSOP (Shrink Small Outline Package) suitable for surface mounting.

## FEATURES

- VHF to UHF band operation.
- Low power dissipation $\mathrm{Vcc}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, Icc $=41 \mathrm{~mA}$ TYP.
- Packaged in 20-pin SSOP suitable for surface mounting


## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Package | Package Style |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mu$ PC3202GR-E1 | 20-pin plastic SSOP <br> $(225$ mil $)$ | Embossed tape 12 mm wide. 2.5 k/REEL <br> Pin 1 indicates pull-out direction of tape |

For evaluation sample order, please contact your local NEC office. (Part number for sample order: $\mu$ PC3202GR)

## Caution electro-static sensitive device

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## INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM AND PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)



## PIN EXPLANATION

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pin } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Symbol | Pin Voltage TYP. above: VHF mode below: UHF mode | Function and Explanation | Equivalent Circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | UOSC collector (Tr.1) | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \\ & \hline 3.60 \end{aligned}$ | Collector pin of UHF oscillator. <br> Assemble LC resonator with 2 pin through 1 pF capacitor to oscillate with active feedback loop. |  |
| 2 | UOSC <br> base <br> (Tr.2) | 0.0 1.90 | Base pin of UHF oscillator with balance amplifier. Connected to LC resonator through 360 pF feedback capacitor. |  |
| 3 | UOSC <br> base <br> (Tr.1) | 0.0 1.90 | Base pin of UHF oscillator with balance amplifier. Connected to LC resonator through 360 pF feedback capacitor. |  |
| 4 | UOSC collector (Tr.2) and UB | 0.0 | Collector pin of UHF oscillator with balance amplifier. Grounded through 6 pF capacitor. <br> Double balanced oscillator with transistor 1 and transistor 2. <br> And this pin is switch for VHF or UHF. <br> VHF operation $=$ GND <br> UHF operation $=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| 5 | GND | $\begin{array}{r} 0.0 \\ \hline 0.0 \end{array}$ | GND pin for VHF and UHF oscillator |  |
| 6 | OSC <br> output | $2.70$ $2.35$ | VHF and UHF oscillator signal output pin. In case of F/S tuner application, connected PLL symthesizer IC's input pin. | (6) |
| 7 | vosc base (Tr.1) | $\frac{1.95}{0.0}$ | Base pin of VHF oscillator. Grounded through 10 pF capacitor. |  |
| 8 | vosc <br> base <br> (Tr.2) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.95 \\ & \hline 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | Base pin of VHF oscillator. <br> Assemble LC resonator with 10 pin to oscillate with active feedback loop. |  |
| 9 | VOSC collector (Tr.2) | $\begin{aligned} & 3.60 \\ & \hline 5.00 \end{aligned}$ | Collector pin of VHF oscillator. <br> Connected to LC resonator through 3 pF feedback capacitor. |  |
| 10 | Vcc | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \\ & 5.00 \end{aligned}$ | Power supply pin. |  |



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Ratings | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage 1 | Vcc |  | 6.0 | V |
| Supply voltage 2 | UB |  | 6.0 | V |
| Power dissipation | $\mathrm{PD}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{* 1}$ | 466 | mW |
| Operation temperature range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ |  | -20 to +80 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ |  | -55 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

*1 Mounted on $50 \times 50 \times 1.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ double cupper epoxy glass board.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

| Parameter | Symbol | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage 1 | Vcc | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Supply voltage 2 | UB | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Operation temperature range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -20 | +25 | +80 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |



| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions |  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit Current 1 | Icc1 | @VHF, no input signal | *1 | 34.0 | 41.0 | 48.0 | mA |
| Circuit Current 2 | Icc2 | @UHF, no input signal | *1 | 34.0 | 41.0 | 48.0 | mA |
| Conversion Gain 1 | CG1 | $\mathrm{frF}=55 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PrF}^{\text {r }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 22.0 | 25.0 | 28.0 | dB |
| Conversion Gain 2 | CG2 | $\mathrm{frF}=200 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RF}}=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 22.0 | 25.0 | 28.0 | dB |
| Conversion Gain 3 | CG3 | $\mathrm{frF}^{\text {a }}=470 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PrF}^{\text {a }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 22.0 | 25.0 | 28.0 | dB |
| Conversion Gain 4 | CG4 | $\mathrm{frF}^{\text {a }}=470 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PrF}^{\text {a }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 26.0 | 29.0 | 32.0 | dB |
| Conversion Gain 5 | CG5 | $\mathrm{frF}=800 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{P}_{\text {RF }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 26.0 | 29.0 | 32.0 | dB |
| Noise Figure 1 | NF1 | $\mathrm{ffF}=55 \mathrm{MHz}$ | *3 | - | 10.5 | 13.0 | dB |
| Noise Figure 2 | NF2 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {RF }}=200 \mathrm{MHz}$ | *3 | - | 10.5 | 13.0 | dB |
| Noise Figure 3 | NF3 | $\mathrm{frF}=470 \mathrm{MHz}$ | *3 | - | 10.5 | 13.0 | dB |
| Noise Figure 4 | NF4 | $\mathrm{frF}=470 \mathrm{MHz}$ | *3 | - | 9.5 | 12.0 | dB |
| Noise Figure 5 | NF5 | $\mathrm{ffF}^{\text {a }}$ = 800 MHz | *3 | - | 10.0 | 13.0 | dB |
| Maximum Output Power 1 | Po(SAt) 1 | $\mathrm{ffF}=55 \mathrm{MHz}$, PRF $=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 4.0 | 6.0 | - | dBm |
| Maximum Output Power 2 | Po(SAt)2 | $\mathrm{ffF}^{2}=200 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{P}_{\text {RF }}=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 4.0 | 6.0 | - | dBm |
| Maximum Output Power 3 | Po(Sat) 3 | $\mathrm{ffF}^{\text {a }}=470 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{PrF}^{\text {r }}=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 4.0 | 6.0 | - | dBm |
| Maximum Output Power 4 | Po(SAT) 4 | $\mathrm{frF}=470 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RF}}=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ | *2 | 4.0 | 6.0 | - | dBm |
| Maximum Output Power 5 | Po(sat) 5 |  | *2 | 4.0 | 6.0 | - | dBm |

*1 By measurement circuit 1
*2 By measurement circuit 2
*3 By measurement circuit 3

STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (Reference Values) ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Vcc}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Value for Reference | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Third order intermodulation distortion 1 | $1 \mathrm{M}_{3} 1$ | VHF, fRF1 $=470 \mathrm{MHz}$, frF2 $=476 \mathrm{MHz}$, <br> Pin $=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ each, fosc $=515 \mathrm{MHz}$, <br> Posc $=-10 \mathrm{dBm}$ | 55 | dBc |
| Third order intermodulation distortion 2 | $1 \mathrm{M}_{3} 2$ | UHF, frF1 $=800 \mathrm{MHz}$, frF2 $=806 \mathrm{MHz}$, <br> Pin $=-30 \mathrm{dBm}$ each, fosc $=845 \mathrm{MHz}$, <br> Posc $=-10 \mathrm{dBm}$ | 46 | dBc |
| 1\% cross-modulation distortion 1 | CM1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{VHF}, \text { fRF }=470 \mathrm{MHz} \text {, fundes }=476 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \text { fosc }=515 \mathrm{MHz} \text {, } \mathrm{PRF}=-40 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \text { Posc }=-10 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{AM} 100 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & 30 \% \text { modulation, DES } / \mathrm{CM}=46 \mathrm{dBc} \quad * 1 \end{aligned}$ | 96 | $\mathrm{dB} \mu$ |
| 1\% cross-modulation distortion 2 | CM2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UHF, frF }=800 \mathrm{MHz} \text {, fundes }=806 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \text { fosc }=845 \mathrm{MHz}, \text { PRF }=-40 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \text { Posc }=-10 \mathrm{dBm}, \text { AM } 100 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & 30 \% \text { modulation, DES } / \mathrm{CM}=46 \mathrm{dBc} \quad * 1 \end{aligned}$ | 88 | dB $\mu$ |

[^1]
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Vcc = 5 V)




## STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (Vcc = 5 V )


frf vs. CM


STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{Vcc}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, on Application circuit example)

frf vs. CG, NF



Pin vs. Pout

frF vs. CM


## INPUT IMPEDANCE (By measurement circuit 5)

<VRF INPUT: 17 PIN>

$\nabla 1 \quad 45 \mathrm{MHz}$
$890.25 \Omega-235.69 \Omega$
$\nabla 2 \quad 200 \mathrm{MHz}$
$357.45 \Omega-356.78 \Omega$
$\nabla 3 \quad 470 \mathrm{MHz}$
$95.016 \Omega-179.81 \Omega$
$\nabla 1 \quad 400 \mathrm{MHz}$
$100.35 \Omega-190.80 \Omega$
$\nabla 2 \quad 600 \mathrm{MHz}$
$40.156 \Omega-103.16 \Omega$
$\nabla 3 \quad 890 \mathrm{MHz}$
$12.047 \Omega-46.439 \Omega$

## OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (By measurement circuit 5)

<IF OUTPUT: 11 PIN>

$\nabla 1 \quad 45 \mathrm{MHz}$
$89.238 \Omega-49.805 \Omega$

## MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 1



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 2


## MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 3



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 4



## APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE



The application circuits and their parameters are for reference only and are not intended for use in actual design-ins.

## ILLUSTRATION OF THE EVALUATION BOARD FOR APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE (Surface)



## ILLUSTRATION OF THE EVALUATION BOARD FOR APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE (Back side)



Notes:
. $\square \prod \square$ should be removed
.$\circ \bigcirc$ :Through holes

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## * 20 PIN PLASTIC SSOP (225 mil) (UNIT: mm)


detail of lead end


NOTE Each lead centerline is located within 0.10 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

## NOTE ON CORRECT USE

(1) Observe precautions for handling because of electro-static sensitive devices.
(2) Form a ground pattern as widely as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent undesires oscillation).
(3) Keep the track length of the ground pins as short as possible.
(4) A low pass filter must be attached to Vcc line.
(5) A matching circuit must be externally attached to output port.

## RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The following conditions (see table below) must be met when soldering this product.
Please consult with our sales officers in case other soldering process is used or in case soldering is done under different conditions.

For details of recommended soldering conditions for surface mounting, refer to information document SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL (C10535E).
$\mu \mathrm{PC} 3202 \mathrm{GR}$

| Soldering Process | Soldering Conditions | Symbol |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Infrared ray reflow | Peak package's surface temperature: $235^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, <br> Reflow time: 30 seconds or below ( $210^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher), <br> Number of reflow process: 3, Exposure limit ${ }^{+1}$ None) | IR35-00-3 |
| VPS | Peak package's surface temperature: $215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, <br> Reflow time: 40 seconds or below ( $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher), <br> Number of reflow process: 3, Exposure limit ${ }^{+1}$ None) | VP15-00-3 |
| Partial heating method | Terminal temperature: $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, <br> Flow time: 3 seconds or below, Exposure limit ${ }^{+1}$ Note |  |

*1 Exposure limit before soldering after dry-pack package is opened.
Storage conditions: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and relative humidity at $65 \%$ or less.

Caution Do not apply more than single process at once, except for "Partial heating method".

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    Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

[^1]:    *1 By measurement circuit 4

