#### JRC

## DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM4562 integrated circuit is a high-gain, wide-bandwidth, low noise, dual operational amplifier capable of driving 20V peak-topeak into  $600\,\Omega$  loads. The NJM4562 is frequency compensated for closed loop gains greater than 10. The NJM4562 combines many of the features of the popular NJM4558 as well as providing the capability of wider bandwith, and higer slew rate and less noise make the NJM4558 as well as providing the capability of wider bandwidth, and higher slew rate and less noise make the NJM4562 ideal for audio preamplifiers, active filters, telecommunications, and many instrumentation applications. The availability of the NJM4562 in the surface mounted micropackage allows the NJM4562 to be used in critical applications requiring very high packing densities.

 $(\pm 4V \sim \pm 18V)$ 

(0.6 µVrms typ.)

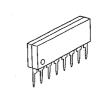
DIP8, DMP8, SIP8

- FEATURES
- Operating Voltage
- Low Input Noise Voltage
- Package Outline
- Bipolar Technology
- PIN CONFIGURATION

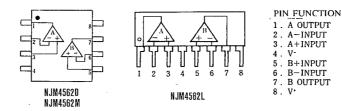
PACKAGE OUTLINE



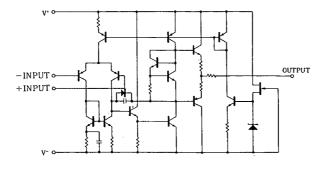
NJM4562D



NJM4562L



■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (1/2 Shown)



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#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25℃)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT V	
Supply Voltage	V*/V -	±18		
Differential Input Voltage	Vid	±30	v	
Input Voltage	Vic	±15 (note)	v	
Power Dissipation		(DIP8) 500	mW	
	Рр	(DMP8) 300	mW	
		(SIP8) 800	mW	
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40~+85	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40~+125	°C	

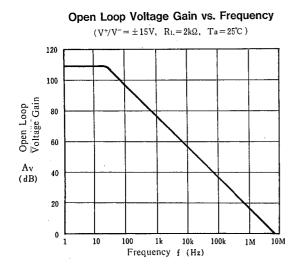
(note) For supply voltage less than  $\pm 15V$ , the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

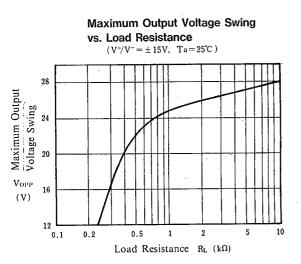
#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C, V^{+}/V^{-}=\pm 15V)$ 

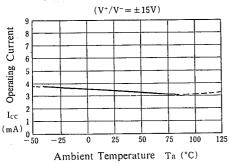
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>10</sub>	R <sub>s</sub> ≦10kΩ	_	0.5	6	mV
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>			5	200	nA
Input Bias Current	1 <sub>B</sub>		<u> </u>	100	500	nA
Input Resistance	RIN		0.3	5	1	MΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Av	$R_L \ge 2k\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$	86	110		dB
Maximum Output Voltage Swing 1	V <sub>OM1</sub>	$R_{L} \ge 10 k\Omega$	±12	±14	_	v
Maximum Output Voltage Swing 2	V <sub>OM2</sub>	$R_{L} \ge 2k\Omega$	±10	±13	-	v
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	VICM		. ±12	±14	-	v
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	R <sub>s</sub> ≦10kΩ	70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	$R_{s} \leq 10 k\Omega$	76.5	90		dB∶
Operating Current	I <sub>cc</sub>		—	+ 3.5	5.7	mA
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V <sub>NI</sub>	$R_s=300\Omega$ , JISA		0.6		µ∨rms

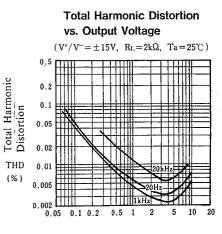
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



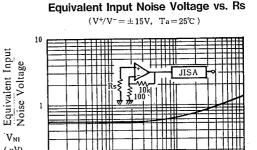








Output Voltage Vo (Vrms)



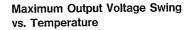
'V<sub>NI</sub>

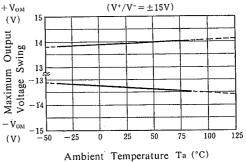
(μV)

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0.1

10k 10 100 1k Input Resistance Rs (Q)



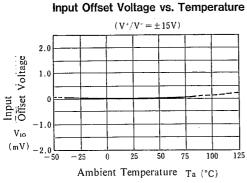


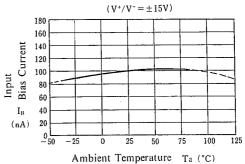
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# NJM4562

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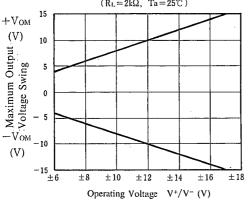
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



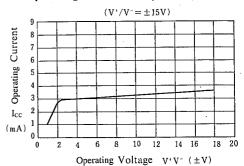


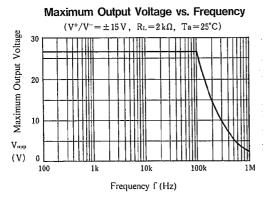
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage  $(R_L=2k\Omega, Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ 



**Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage** 





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**MEMO** 

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