March 2000

National Semiconductor

LM556 Dual Timer

General Description

The LM556 Dual timing circuit is a highly stable controller capable of producing accurate time delays or oscillation. The 556 is a dual 555. Timing is provided by an external resistor and capacitor for each timing function. The two timers operate independently of each other sharing only $V_{\rm CC}$ and ground. The circuits may be triggered and reset on falling waveforms. The output structures may sink or source 200mA.

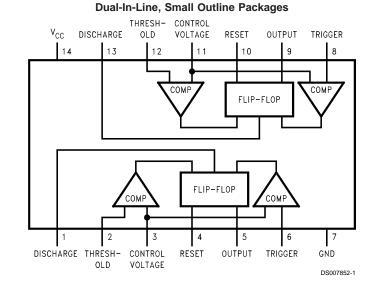
Features

- Direct replacement for SE556/NE556
- Timing from microseconds through hours
- Operates in both astable and monostable modes
- Replaces two 555 timers
- Adjustable duty cycle
- Output can source or sink 200mA
- Output and supply TTL compatible
- Temperature stability better than 0.005% per °C
- Normally on and normally off output

Applications

- Precision timing
- Pulse generation
- Sequential timing
- Time delay generation
- Pulse width modulation
- Pulse position modulation
- Linear ramp generator

Connection Diagram



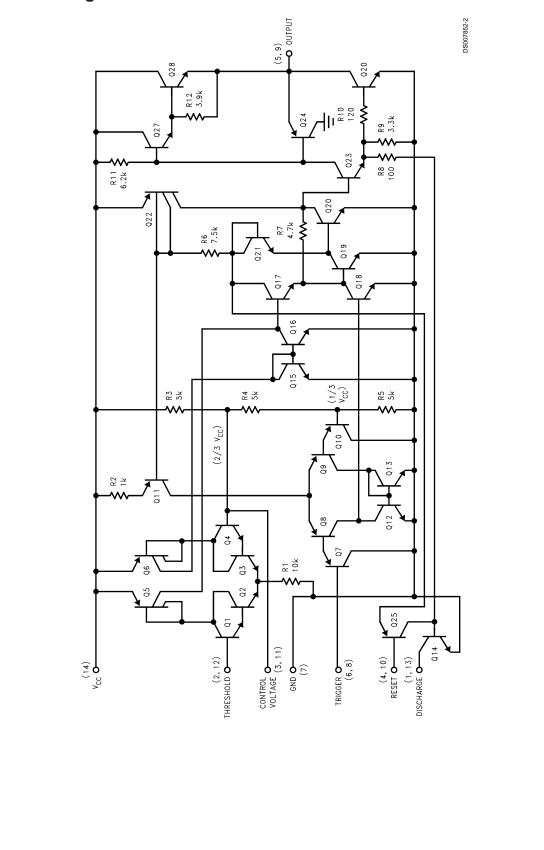
Top View

Ordering Information

Package	Part Number	Package Marking	Media Transport	NSC Drawing	
14-Pin SOIC	LM556CM	LM556CM	Rails	M14A	
	LM556CMX	LM556CM	2.5k Units Tape and Reel		
14-Pin MDIP	LM556CN	LM556CN	Rails	N14a	

LM556

Schematic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage	+18V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	
LM556CM	410 mW
LM556CN	1620 mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
LM556C	0°C to +70°C

Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +150°C
Soldering Information	
Dual-In-Line Package	
Soldering (10 Seconds)	260°C
Small Outline Packages	
Vapor Phase (60 Seconds)	215°C
Infrared (15 Seconds)	220°C
See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods	

on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

Electrical Characteristics

(T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = +5V to +15V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions		Limits LM556C		Units
					-
		Min	Тур	Max	<u> </u>
Supply Voltage		4.5		16	V
Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 5V, R_{L} = \infty$		3	6	
(Each Timer Section)	$V_{CC} = 15V, R_L = \infty$		10	14	mA
	(Low State) (Note 3)				
Timing Error, Monostable					
Initial Accuracy			0.75		%
Drift with Temperature	$R_A = 1k \text{ to } 100k\Omega,$		50		ppm/°C
	$C = 0.1 \mu F$, (Note 4)				
Accuracy over Temperature			1.5		%
Drift with Supply			0.1		%/V
Timing Error, Astable					
Initial Accuracy			2.25		%
Drift with Temperature	$R_A, R_B = 1k \text{ to } 100k\Omega,$		150		ppm/°C
Accuracy over Temperature	$C = 0.1 \mu F$, (Note 4)		3.0		%
Drift with Supply			0.30		%/V
Trigger Voltage	V _{CC} = 15V	4.5	5	5.5	V
	$V_{CC} = 5V$	1.25	1.67	2.0	V
Trigger Current			0.2	1.0	μA
Reset Voltage		0.4	0.5	1	V
Reset Current			0.1	0.6	mA
Threshold Current	V _{TH} = V-Control (Note 6)		0.03	0.1	μA
	$V_{TH} = 11.2V$			250	nA
Control Voltage Level and	V _{CC} = 15V	9	10	11	
Threshold Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	2.6	3.33	4	V
Pin 1, 13			1	100	nA
Leakage Output High					
Pin 1, 13 Sat	(Note 7)				
Output Low	V _{CC} = 15V, I = 15mA		180	300	mV
Output Low	$V_{CC} = 4.5V, I = 4.5mA$		80	200	mV
Output Voltage Drop (Low)	V _{CC} = 15V				
	I _{SINK} = 10mA		0.1	0.25	V
	$I_{SINK} = 50 \text{mA}$		0.4	0.75	V
	$I_{SINK} = 100$ mA		2	2.75	V
	$I_{SINK} = 200 \text{mA}$		2.5		V
	$V_{\rm CC} = 5V$		2.0		, v
	$V_{CC} = 3V$ $I_{SINK} = 8mA$				V
			0.25	0.35	V V
	I _{SINK} = 5mA		0.25	0.35	V

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Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = +5V to +15V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions		Limits		
			LM556C		1
		Min	Тур	Max	
Output Voltage Drop (High)	I_{SOURCE} = 200mA, V_{CC} = 15V		12.5		V
	I_{SOURCE} = 100mA, V_{CC} = 15V	12.75	13.3		V
	$V_{CC} = 5V$	2.75	3.3		V
Rise Time of Output			100		ns
Fall Time of Output			100		ns
Matching Characteristics	(Note 8)				
Initial Timing Accuracy			0.1	2.0	%
Timing Drift with Temperature			±10		ppm/°C
Drift with Supply Voltage			0.2	0.5	%/V

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: For operating at elevated temperatures the device must be derated based on a +150°C maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of 77°C/W (Plastic Dip), and 110°C/W (SO-14 Narrow).

Note 3: Supply current when output high typically 1mA less at $V_{CC} = 5V$.

Note 4: Tested at V_{CC} = 5V and V_{CC} = 15V.

Note 5: As reset voltage lowers, timing is inhibited and then the output goes low.

Note 6: This will determine the maximum value of $R_A + R_B$ for 15V operation. The maximum total ($R_A + R_B$) is 20 M Ω .

Note 7: No protection against excessive pin 1, 13 current is necessary providing the package dissipation rating will not be exceeded.

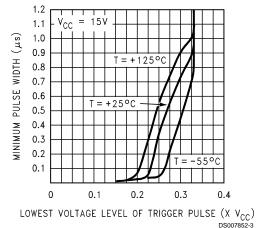
Note 8: Matching characteristics refer to the difference between performance characteristics of each timer section.

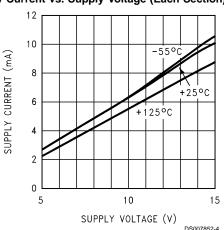
Note 9: Refer to RETS556X drawing of military LM556J versions.

Typical Performance Characteristics

Minimum Pulse Width Required for Triggering

Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (Each Section)

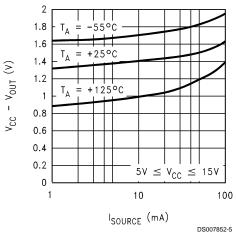


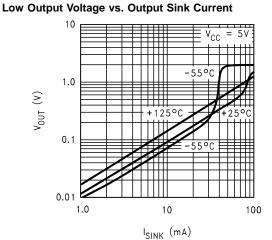


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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

High Output Voltage vs. Output Source Current





Low Output Voltage vs. Output Sink Current

15V

 V_{CC}

10

1.0

0.1

0.01

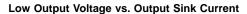
1.0

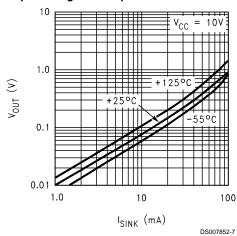
V_{OUT} (V)

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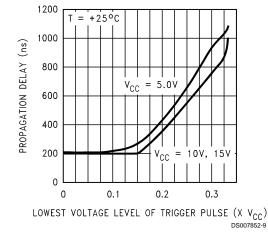
100

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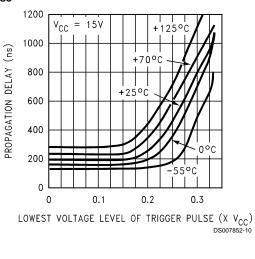
Output Propagation Delay vs. Voltage Level of Trigger Pulse



Output Propagation Delay vs. Voltage Level of Trigger Pulse

10

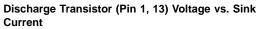
 I_{SINK} (mA)

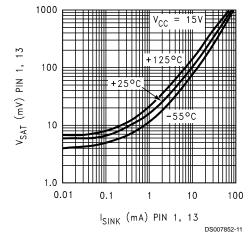


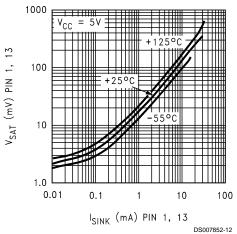
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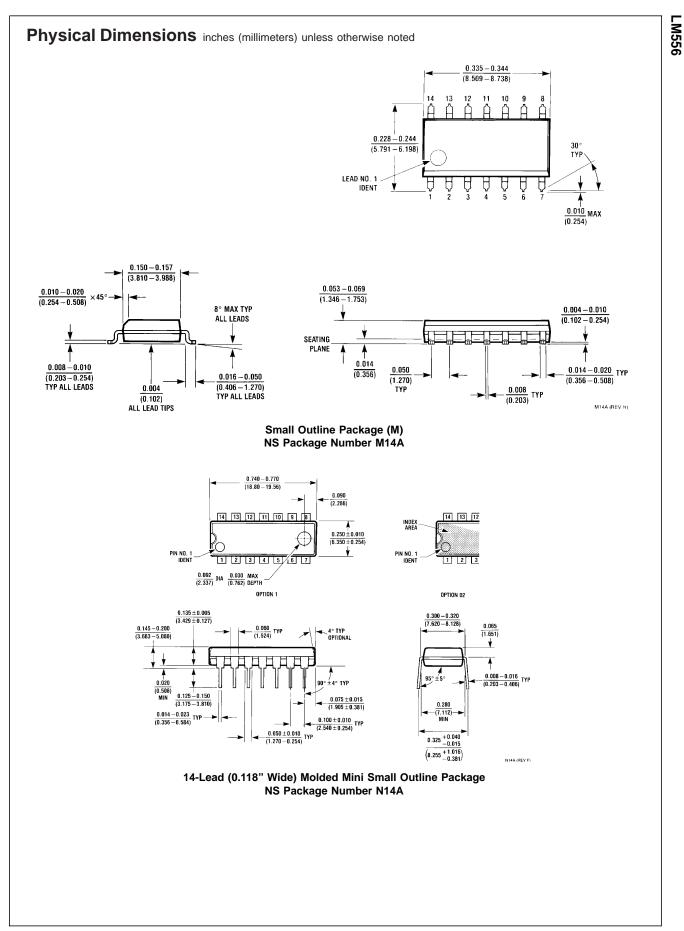
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Discharge Transistor (Pin 1, 13) Voltage vs. Sink Current









Notes

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