September 2001

LM79MXX Series 3-Terminal Negative Regulators



LM79MXX Series 3-Terminal Negative Regulators

General Description

The LM79MXX series of 3-terminal regulators is available with fixed output voltages of -5V, -12V, and -15V. These devices need only one external component—a compensation capacitor at the output. The LM79MXX series is packaged in the TO-220 power package, and is capable of supplying 0.5A of output current.

These regulators employ internal current limiting, safe area protection, and thermal shutdown for protection against virtually all overload conditions.

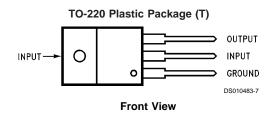
Low ground pin current of the LM79MXX series allows output voltage to be easily boosted above the preset value with a resistor divider. The low quiescent current of these devices with a specified maximum change with line and load ensures good regulation in the voltage boosted mode.

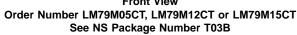
For output voltage other than -5V, -12V, and -15V the LM137 series provides an output voltage range from -1.2V to -57V.

Features

- Thermal, short circuit and safe area protection
- High ripple rejection
- 0.5A output current
- 4% tolerance on preset output voltage

Connection Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Input Voltage	
$V_{O} = -5V$	–25V
$V_{\rm O} = -12V, -15V$	-35V
Input/Output Differential	
$V_{O} = -5V$	25V
$V_0 = -12V, -15V$	30V

Power Dissipation (Note 2)	Internally Limited
Operating Junction Temperature Range	0°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ESD Susceptibility	230°C TBD

Electrical Characteristics LM79M05C

Conditions unless otherwise noted: I_{OUT} = 350mA, C_{IN} = 2.2µF, C_{OUT} = 1µF, 0°C ≤ T_J ≤ +125°C

Part Number		Units				
Output Volta						
Input Voltag	e (Unless Otherwise Specified	-10V				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-4.8	-5.0	-5.2	V
		$5mA \le I_{OUT} \le 350mA$	-4.75		-5.25	V
			(:	$25 \le V_{IN} \le -$	-7)	
ΔV _O	Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 3)		8	50	mV
			($25 \le V_{IN} \le -$	-7)	
				2	30	mV
			($18 \le V_{IN} \le -$	8)	
ΔV _O	Load Regulation	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$, (Note 3)		30	100	mV
		$5mA \le I_{OUT} \le 0.5A$				
l _Q	Quiescent Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		1	2	mA
Δl _Q	Quiescent Current	With Input Voltage			0.4	mA
	Change		($25 \le V_{IN} \le -$	-8)	
		With Load,				
		$5mA \le I_{OUT} \le 350mA$			0.4	mA
V _n	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C,$		150		μV
		$10Hz \le f \le 100Hz$				
	Ripple Rejection	f = 120Hz	54	66		dB
			(-	$18 \le V_{IN} \le -$	-8)	
	Dropout Voltage	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{OUT} = 0.5A$		1.1		V
I _{OMAX}	Peak Output Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		800		mA
	Average Temperature	$I_{OUT} = 5mA,$				
	Coefficient of	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 100^{\circ}C$		-0.4		mV/°C
	Output Voltage					

LM79MXX Series

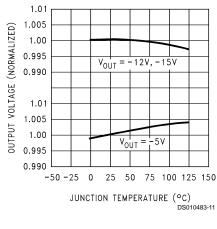
Part Number Output Voltage			L	.M79M120	2		_M79M15	С	
			-12V		–15V			Units	
Input Vo	ltage (Unless Otherwi	se Specified)	-19V		-23V			1	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-11.5	-12.0	-12.5	-14.4	-15.0	-15.6	V
		$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 350 \text{mA}$	-11.4		-12.6	-14.25		-15.75	V
			(–27	$\leq V_{IN} \leq -$	14.5)	(–30	$\leq V_{IN} \leq -$	10.5)	
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 3)		5	80		5	80	mV
			$(-30 \le V_{\rm IN} \le -14.5)$		(−30 ≤ V _{IN} ≤−17.5)		17.5)		
				3	50		3	50	mV
			$(-25 \le V_{IN} \le -15)$		$(-28 \le V_{IN} \le -18)$		–18)		
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$, (Note 3)		30	240		30	240	mV
		$5\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 0.5\text{A}$							
l _Q	Quiescent Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	3		1.5	3	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current	With Input Voltage			0.4			0.4	mA
	Change		$(-30 \leq V_{\rm IN} \leq -14.5)$		$(-30 \le V_{\rm IN} \le -27)$				
		With Load,							
		$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 350mA$			0.4			0.4	mA
V _n	Output Noise	$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C,$		400			400		μV
	Voltage	$10Hz \leq f \leq 100Hz$							
	Ripple Rejection	f = 120Hz	54	70		54	70		dB
			(-2	$5 \le V_{IN} \le -$	-15)	(–30	$\leq V_{IN} \leq -$	17.5)	
	Dropout Voltage	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{OUT} = 0.5A$		1.1			1.1		V
I _{OMAX}	Peak Output Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		800			800		mA
	Average Temperature	I _{OUT} = 5mA,							
	Coefficient of	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 100^{\circ}C$		-0.8			-1.0		mV/°C
	Output Voltage								

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. **Note 2:** Refer to Typical Performance Characteristics and Design Considerations for details.

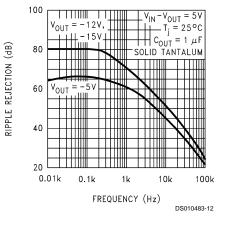
Note 3: Regulation is measued at a constant junction temperature by pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects must be taken into account.

Typical Performance Characteristics

Output Voltage vs. Temperature



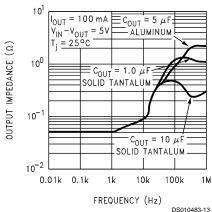
Ripple Rejection



LM79MXX Series

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Output Impedance

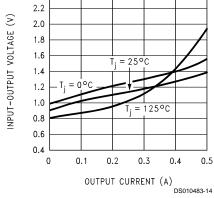


2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4

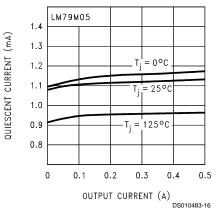
2.4

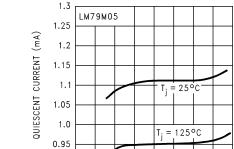
Minimum Input-Output

Differential



Quiescent Current vs. Load Current





10 15

5

20 25

INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

30 35 40

DS010483-15

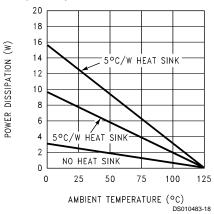
Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage



0.9

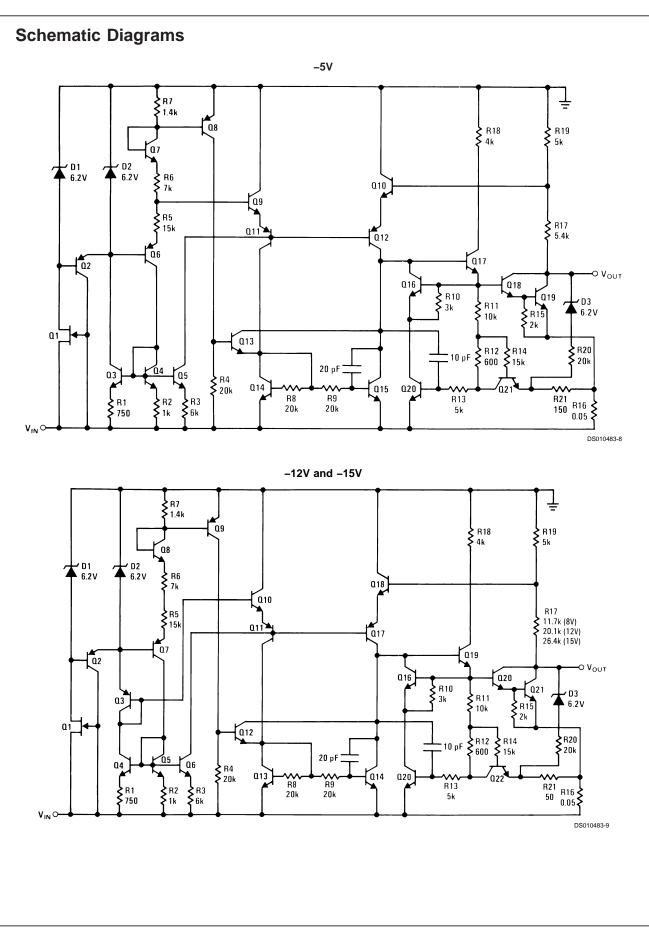
1.50 SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT (A) 1.25 1.0 000 0.75 = 25Т 0.50 12 0.25 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 0 $|v_{IN} - v_{OUT}|$ (v) DS010483-17

Maximum Average Power Dissipation (TO-220)



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Design Considerations

The LM79MXX fixed voltage regulator series have thermal-overload protection from excessive power, internal short-circuit protection which limits the circuit's maximum current, and output transistor safe-area compensation for reducing the output current as the voltage across the pass transistor is increased.

Although the internal power dissipation is limited, the junction temperature must be kept below the maximum specified temperature in order to meet data sheet specifications. To calculate the maximum junction temperature or heat sink required, the following thermal resistance values should be used:

	Package	θ _{JC}	θ_{JA}					
		(°C/W)	(°C/W)					
	TO-220	3	40					
$P_{DMAX} = \frac{T_{JMax} - T_A}{\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}} \text{ or }$								
$= \frac{T_{JMax} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}$ (Without a Heat Sink) (7)								
θ_{CA}	= $\theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}$							
Solvi	ing for T _J :							
T _J :	$= T_A + P_D (\theta_{JC} + \theta_C)$	_{CA}) or						
= T_A =+ $P_D \theta_{JA}$ (Without a Heat Sink)								
Where								
ТJ	T _J = Junction Temperature							
T _A	= Ambient Temperature							
P_D	= Power Dissipation							
θ_{JC}	= Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance							
θ_{CA}	= Case-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance							
θ_{CS}	= Case-to-Heat Sink Thermal Resistance							

= Heat Sink-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

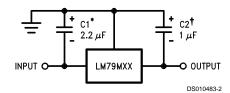
= Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Typical Applications

Bypass capacitors are necessary for stable operation of the LM79MXX series of regulators over the input voltage and output current ranges. Output bypass capacitors will improve the transient response of the regulator.

The bypass capacitors $(2.2\mu F$ on the input, $1.0\mu F$ on the output), should be ceramic or solid tantalum which have good high frequency characteristics. If aluminum electrolytics are used, their values should be $10\mu F$ or larger. The bypass capacitors should be mounted with the shortest leads, and if possible, directly across the regulator terminals.

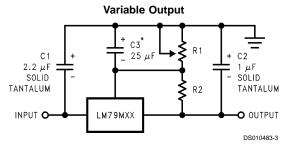
Fixed Regulator



*Required if regulator is separated from filter capacitor by more than 3". For value given, capacitor must be solid tantalum. $25\mu F$ aluminum electrolytic may be substituted.

†Required for stability. For value given, capacitor must be solid tantalum. 25µF aluminum electrolytic may be substituted. Values given may be increased without limit.

For output capacitance in excess of $100\mu F$, a high current diode from input to output (1N4001, etc.) will protect the regulator from momentary input shorts.



*Improves transient response and ripple rejection. Do not increase beyond 50µF.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{SET} \left(\frac{R1 + R2}{R2} \right)$$

 Select R2 as follows:

 LM79M05C
 300Ω

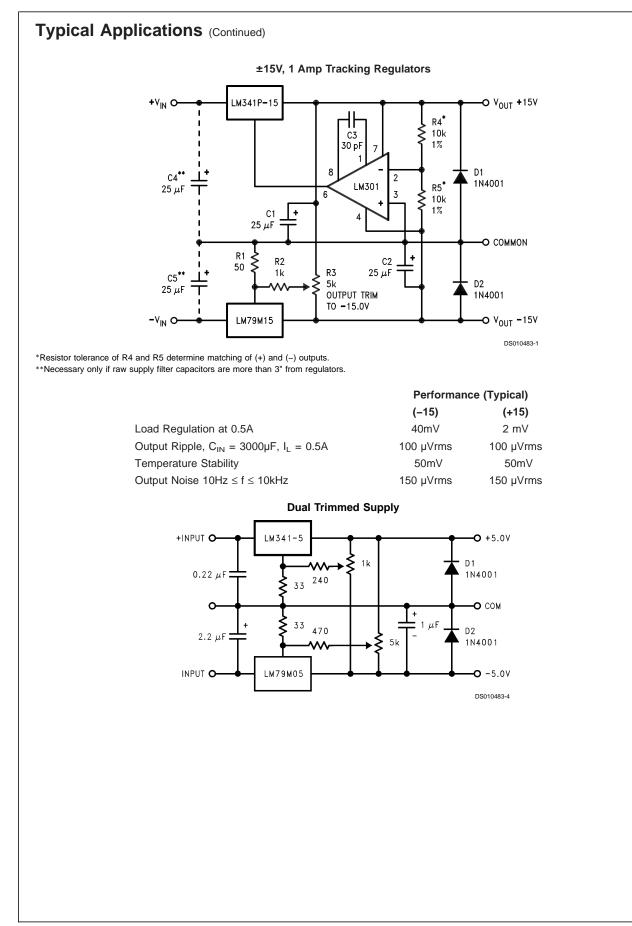
 LM79M12C
 750Ω

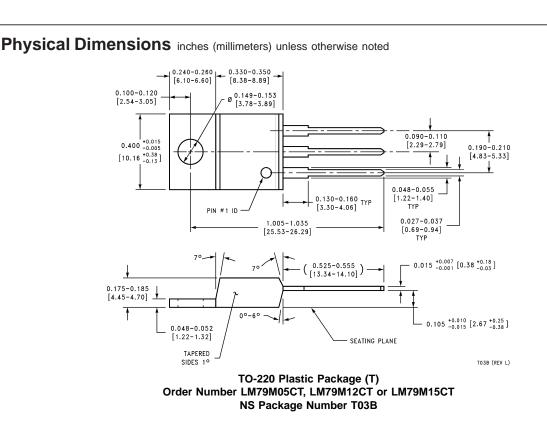
 LM79M15C
 1k

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 θ_{SA}

 θ_{JA}





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