

# PNZ263L

## Darlington Phototransistor

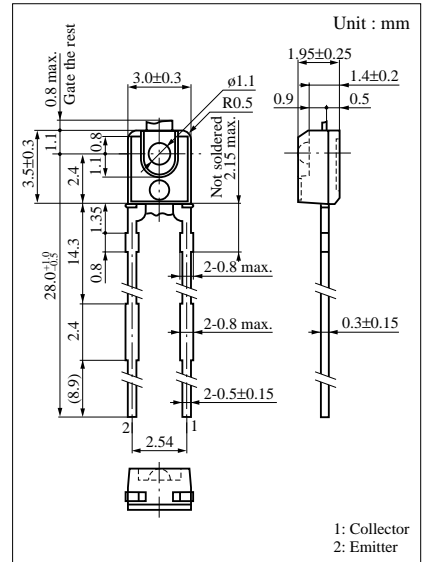
For optical control systems

### ■ Features

- Darlington output, high sensitivity
- Small size, thin side-view type package
- Adoption of visible light cutoff resin

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rated	Unit
Collector to emitter voltage	$V_{CEO}$	20	V
Emitter to collector voltage	$V_{ECO}$	5	V
Collector current	$I_C$	30	mA
Collector power dissipation	$P_C$	100	mW
Operating ambient temperature	$T_{opr}$	-25 to +80	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-30 to +100	°C

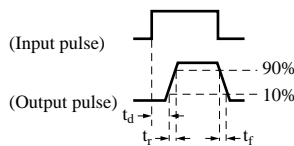
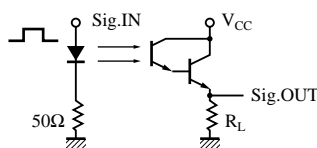


### ■ Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Dark current	$I_{CEO}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$		0.1	0.5	$\mu A$
Sensitivity to infrared emitters	$S_{IR}^{*1}$	$V_{CE} = 10V, H = 3.75 \mu W/cm^2$	60	200		$\mu A$
Peak sensitivity wavelength	$\lambda_p$	$V_{CE} = 10V$		850		nm
Acceptance half angle	$\theta$	Measured from the optical axis to the half power point		25		deg.
Response time	$t_r, t_f^{*2}$	$V_{CC} = 10V, I_C = 1mA, R_L = 100\Omega$		150		$\mu s$
Collector saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 100\mu A, H = 3.75 \mu W/cm^2$		0.7	1.5	V

\*1 Measurements were made using infrared light ( $\lambda = 940 \text{ nm}$ ) as a light source.

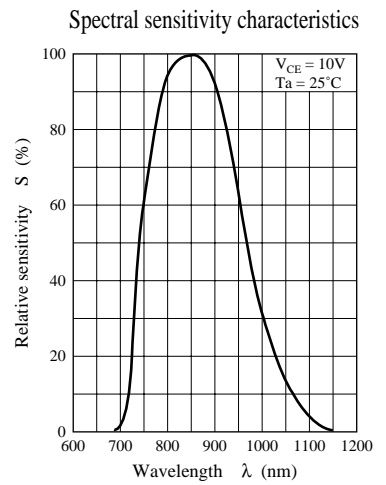
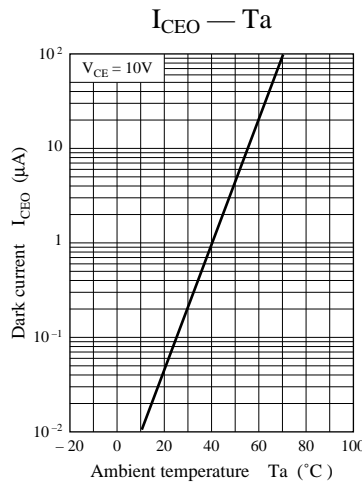
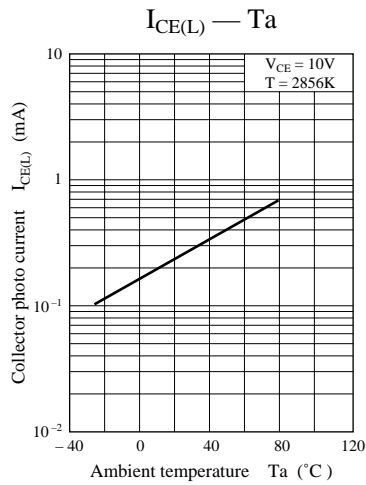
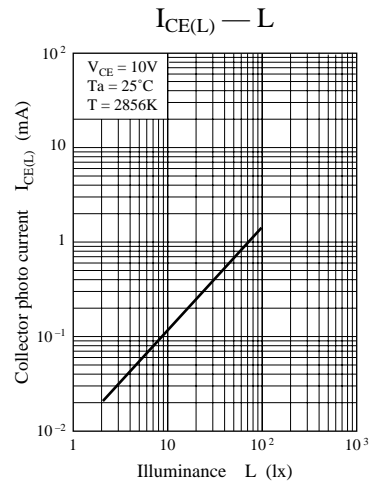
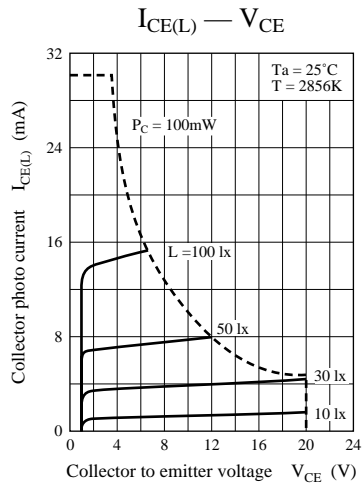
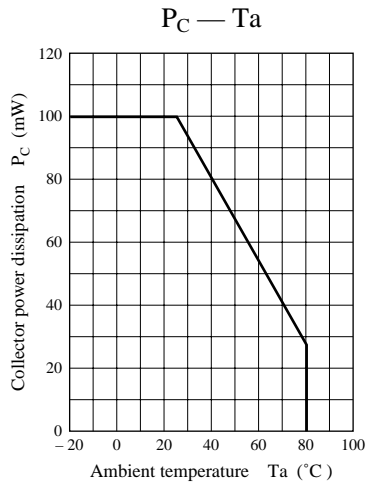
\*2 Switching time measuring circuit



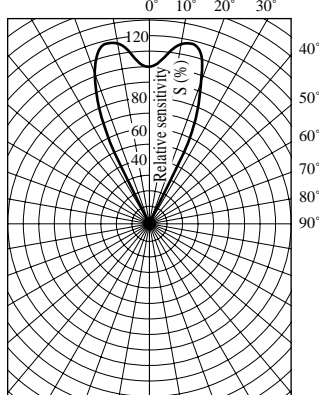
$t_d$ : Delay time

$t_r$ : Rise time (Time required for the collector photo current to increase from 10% to 90% of its final value)

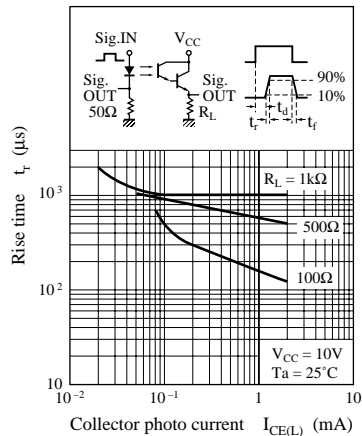
$t_f$ : Fall time (Time required for the collector photo current to decrease from 90% to 10% of its initial value)



### Directivity characteristics



### $t_r - I_{CE(L)}$



### $t_f - I_{CE(L)}$

