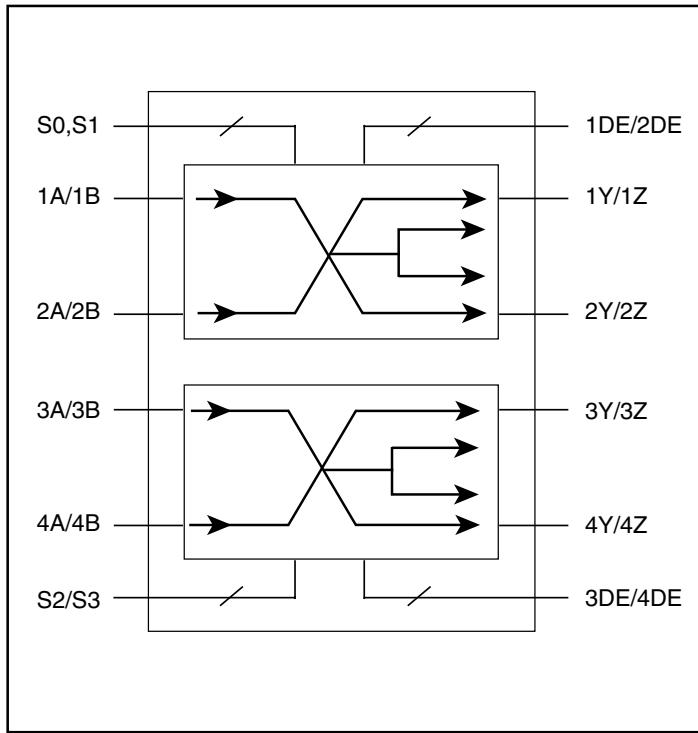


LVDS Dual 2x2 Crosspoint/Repeater Switch

Features

- Dual 2x2 Crosspoint/Repeater Switch
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-644-1995
- Designed for Signaling Rates up to 650 Mbit/s (325Mhz)
- Operates from a single 3.3V Supply: -40°C to 85°C
- Low-Voltage Differential Signaling with Output Voltages of $\pm 350\text{mV}$ into:
 - 100 Ohm load (PI90LV044)
 - 50 Ohm load Bus LVDS Signaling (PI90LVB044)
- Accepts $\pm 350\text{mV}$ differential inputs
- Wide common mode input range: 0.2V to 2.7V
- Output drivers are high impedance when disabled or when $V_{CC} \leq 1.5\text{V}$
- Inputs are open, short, and terminated fail safe
- Propagation Delay Time: 3.5ns
- ESD protection is 10kV on bus pins
- Bus Pins are High Impedance when disabled or with V_{CC} less than 1.5V
- TTL Inputs are 5V Tolerant
- Power Dissipation at 400 Mbit/s of 250mW
- Available Packaging: 28-pin QSOP and 28-pin TSSOP

Block Diagram



Description

The PI90LV044 and PI90LVB044 are monolithic dual 2x2 asynchronous crosspoint/repeater switches. The crosspoint function is based on a multiplexer tree architecture. Each 2x2 switch can be considered as a pair of 2:1 multiplexers that share the same inputs. The signal path through each switch is fully differential with minimal propagation delay. The signal path is unregistered, so no clock is required for the data inputs. The signal line drivers and receivers use Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) to achieve signaling rates as high as 650Mbps.

The LVDS standard provides a minimum differential output voltage magnitude of 247 mV into a 100 ohm load and receipt of 100 mV signals with up to 1V of ground potential difference between a transmitter and receiver. The PI90LVB044 doubles the output drive current to achieve LVDS levels with a 50 ohm load.

The intended application of these devices is for loop-through and redundant channel switching for both point-to-point baseband (PI90LV044) and multipoint (PI90LVB044) data transmissions over controlled impedance media.

Pin Configuration

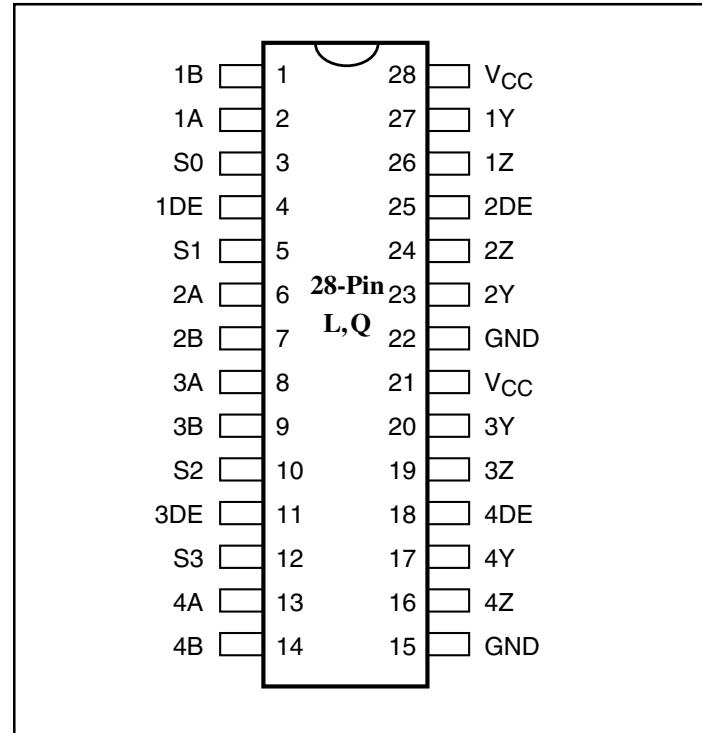
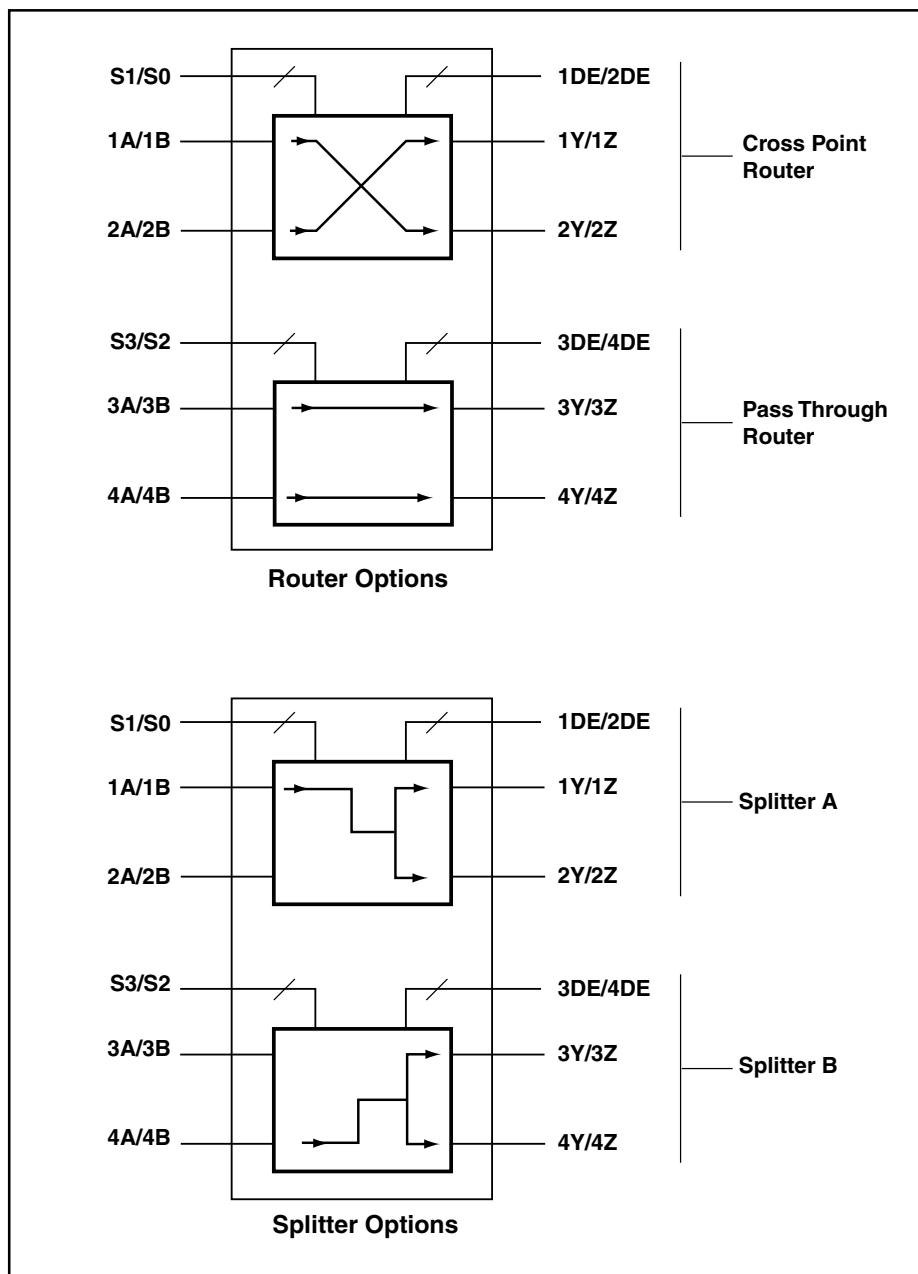


Table 1. MUX Truth Table

Input		Output		Function
S3,S1	S2,S0	1Y/1Z-3Y/3Z	2Y/2Z-4Y/4Z	
0	0	1A/1B - 3A/3B	1A/1B - 3A/3B	Splitter
0	1	2A/2B - 4A/4B	2A/2B - 4A/4B	Splitter
1	0	1A/1B - 3A/3B	2A/2B - 4A/4B	Router
1	1	2A/2B - 4A/4B	1A/1B - 3A/3B	Router

Note: Setting nDE to 0 will set Ouput nY/nZ to High Impedance.


Figure 1. Possible Signal Routing

Absolute Maximum Ratings Over Operating Free-Air Temperature[†]

Supply Voltage Range, V _{CC} ⁽¹⁾	-0.5V to 4V
Voltage Range (DE, S0, S1)	-0.5 to 6V
Input Voltage Range, V _I (A or B)	-0.5V to V _{CC} +0.5V
Electrostatic Discharge: A, B, Y, Z, and GND ⁽²⁾	Class 3, A: 16kV, B: 600V
All Pins	Class 3, A: 7kV, B: 500V
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature 1, 6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to Absolute-Maximum-Rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Notes:

1. All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to ground terminal.
2. Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7

Recommended Operating Conditions

		Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage, V _{CC}		3.0	3.3	3.6	
High-Level Input Voltage, V _{IH}	S0-S3, 1DE-4DE	2			
Low-Level Input Voltage, V _{IL}				0.8	
Magnitude of Differential Input Voltage V _{ID}		0.1		0.6	
Common-Mode input Voltage, V _{IC} (see Figure 2)		$\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$		$2.4 - \frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$	V
Operating free-air temperature, T _A		-40		85	°C

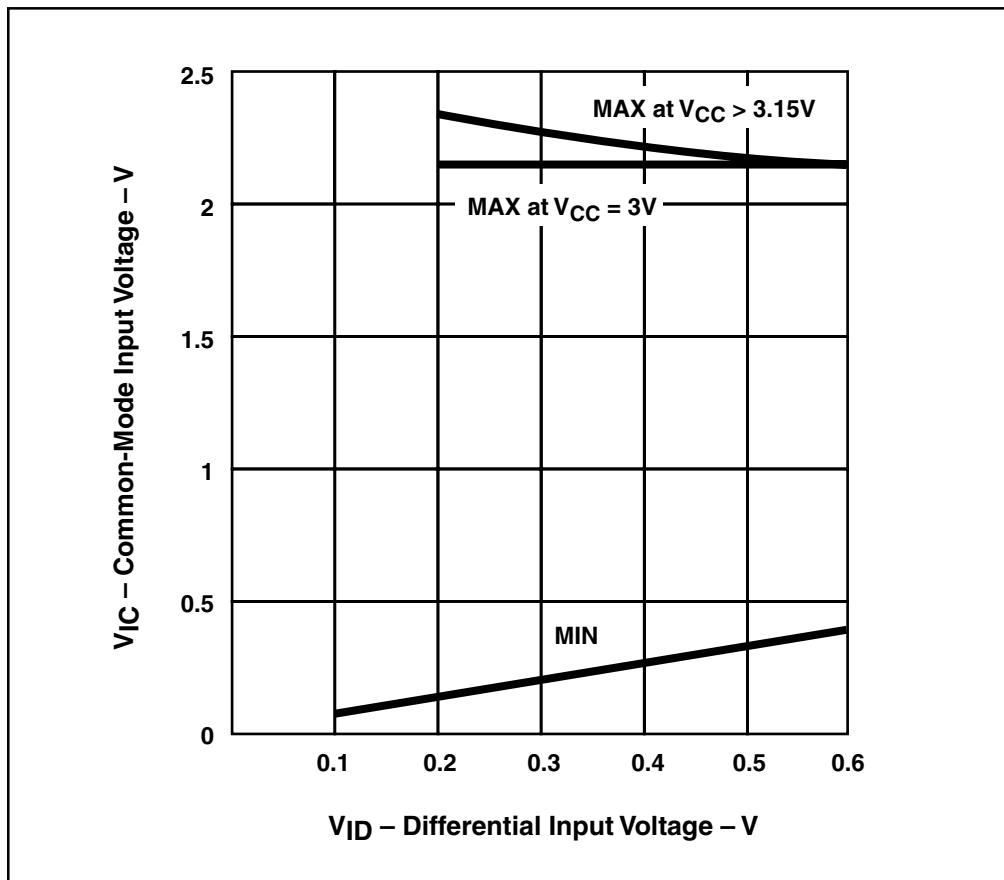


Figure 2. Common-Mode Input Voltage vs. Differential Voltage

Receiver Electrical Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units
V_{ITH+}	Positive-going differential input voltage threshold	$V_{cm} = 1.2V$			100	mV
V_{ITH-}	Negative-going differential input voltage threshold		-100			
I_I	Input current (A or B inputs)	$V_I = 0V$	-2		-20	μA
		$V_I = 2.4V$	-1.2			
I_I (OFF)	Power-off input current (A or B inputs)	$V_{CC} = 0V$			20	

Receiver/Driver Electrical Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage magnitude		$R_L = 100 \text{ Ohm}$ (LV044), $R_L = 50 \text{ Ohm}$ (LVB044)	247	440	590	mV	
ΔV_{OD}	Change in differential output voltage magnitude between logic states			-50		50		
V _{OCS}	Steady-state common-mode output voltage			1.125		1.375	V	
ΔV_{OCS}	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states			-50	3	50	mV	
V _{OCP}	Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage					150		
I _{CC}	Supply current		No Load		16	24	mA	
			$R_L = 100 \text{ Ohm}$ (LV044)		26	40		
			$R_L = 50 \text{ Ohm}$ (LVB044)		42	54		
			All Channels Disabled		6	12		
I _H	High-level input current	DE	$V_{IH} = 5$			40	nA	
		S1, S2, S3, S4				-3	µA	
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	DE	$V_{IL} = 0.8\text{V}$			-20	nA	
		S1, S2, S3, S4				10	µA	
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current		$V_{OY} \text{ or } V_{OZ} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OD} = 0\text{V}$ (LV044)			-10	mA	
						-10		
			$V_{OY} \text{ or } V_{OZ} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OD} = 0\text{V}$ (LVB044)			-10		
						-10		
I _{OZ}	High-Impedance output current		$V_{OD} = 600\text{mV}$		1.5	± 25	nA	
			$V_O = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}		1.5	± 25		
I _{O(OFF)}	Power-off output current		$V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$, $V_O = 3.6\text{V}$		1.5	± 40		
C _{IN}	Input capacitance		S0-S3, 1DE-4DE		3		pF	
					8		pF	

Note:

1. All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3 supply

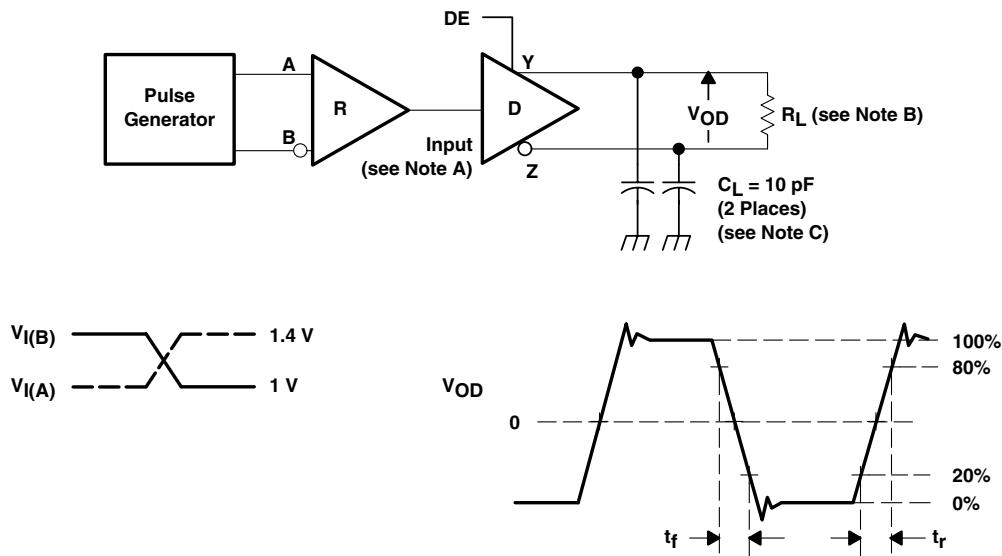
Differential Receiver to Driver Switching Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions
 (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Test Condition	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	
t _{PLH}	Differential propagation delay, low-to-high		CL = 10pF		4.0	6.0	ns	
t _{PHL}	Differential propagation delay, high-to-low				4.0	6.0		
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (t _{PHL} - t _{PLH})				0.5	-		
t _r	Transition, low -to high	PI90LV044			1.0	1.5		
		PI90LVB044			0.8	1.3		
t _f	Transition, high -to low	PI90LV044			1.0	1.5		
		PI90LVB044			0.8	1.3		
t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output				4.0	10		
t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high-impedance output				4.3	10		
t _{PZH}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance to-high-level output				3.0	10		
t _{PZL}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance to-low-level output				2.0	10		
t _{PHL_R1_Dx}	Channel-to-channel skew, receiver to driver ⁽²⁾				95		ps	
t _{PLH_R1_Dx}					95			
t _{PHL_R2_Dx}					95			
t _{PLH_R2_Dx}					95			

Notes:

1. All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3 supply
2. These parametric values are measured over supply voltage and temperature ranges recommended for the device

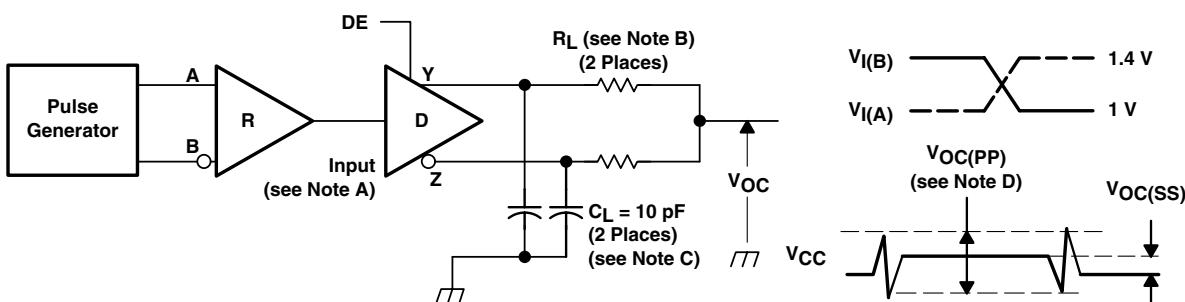
Parameter Measurement Information



Notes:

- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_f or $t_r \leq 1\text{ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) - 50 Mpps, pulse width = $10 \pm 0.2\text{ns}$.
- B. $R_L = 100\Omega$ or $50\Omega \pm 1\%$.
- C. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 6mm of the D.U.T.
- D. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

Figure 3. Test Circuit and Voltage Definitions for the Differential Output Signal



Notes:

- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_f or $t_r \leq 1\text{ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) - 50 Mpps, pulse width = $10 \pm 0.2\text{ns}$.
- B. $R_L = 100\Omega$ or $50\Omega \pm 1\%$.
- C. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 6mm of the D.U.T.
- D. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

Figure 4. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage

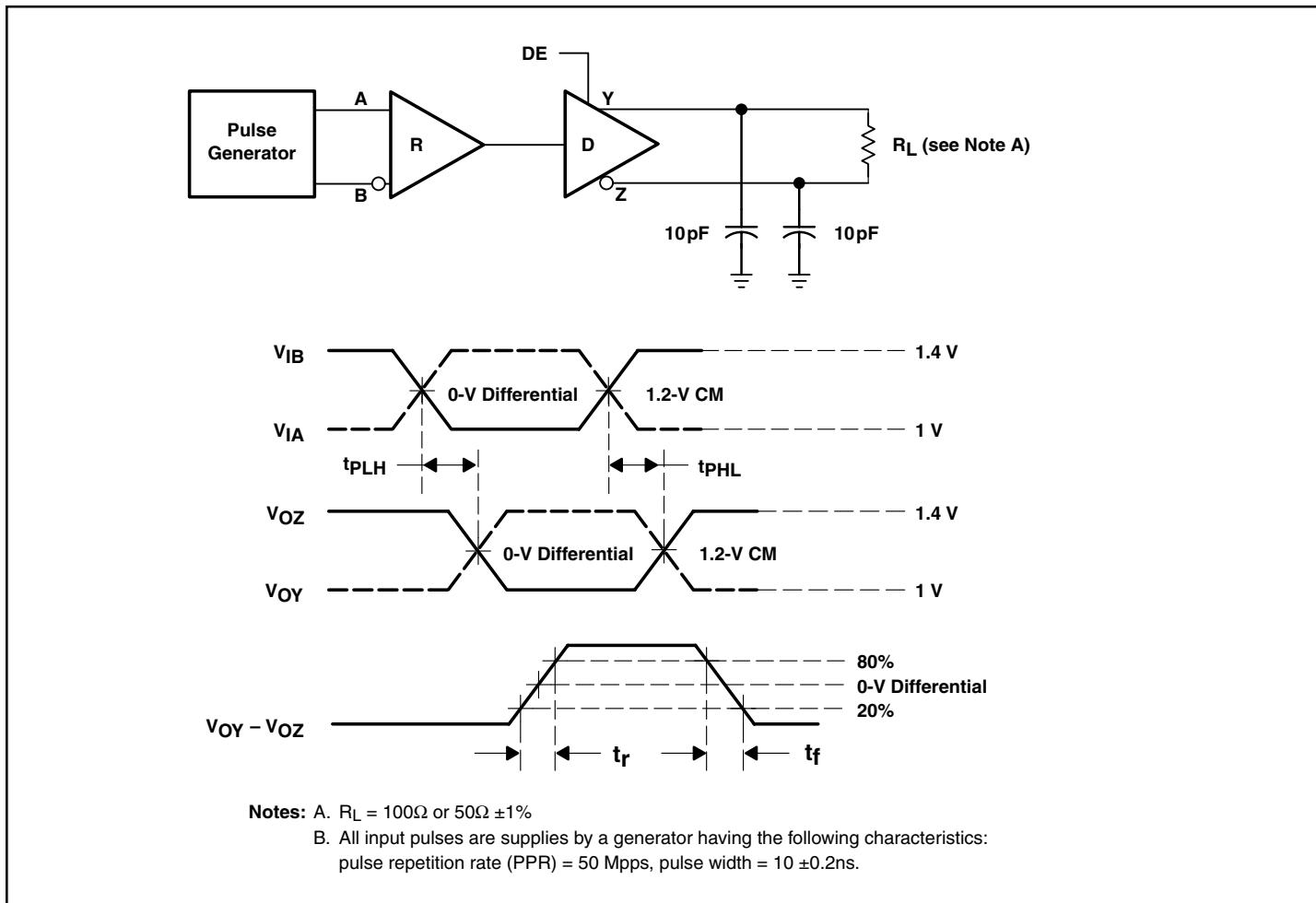
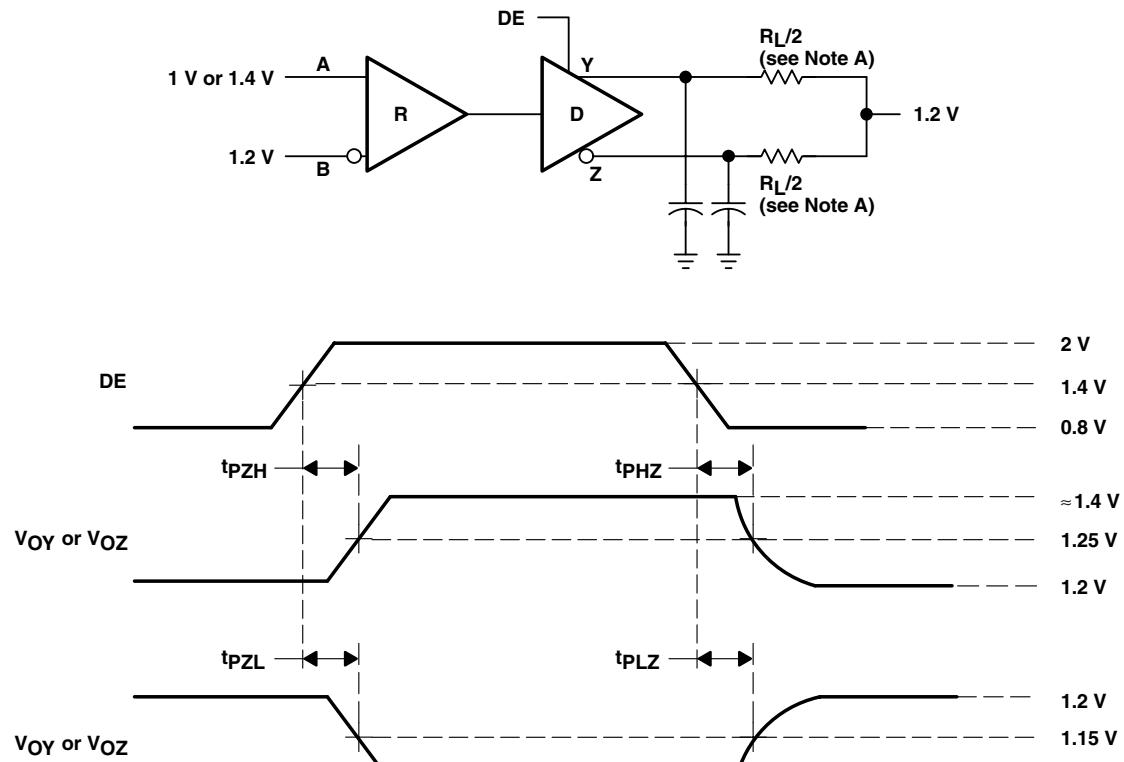


Figure 5. Differential Receiver to Driver Propagation Delay and Driver Transition Time Waveforms



Notes:

- A. $R_L = 100\Omega$ or $50\Omega \pm 1\%$
- B. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, pulse width = $500 \pm 10\text{ns}$.

Figure 6. Enable and Disable Timing Circuit

Typical Characteristics

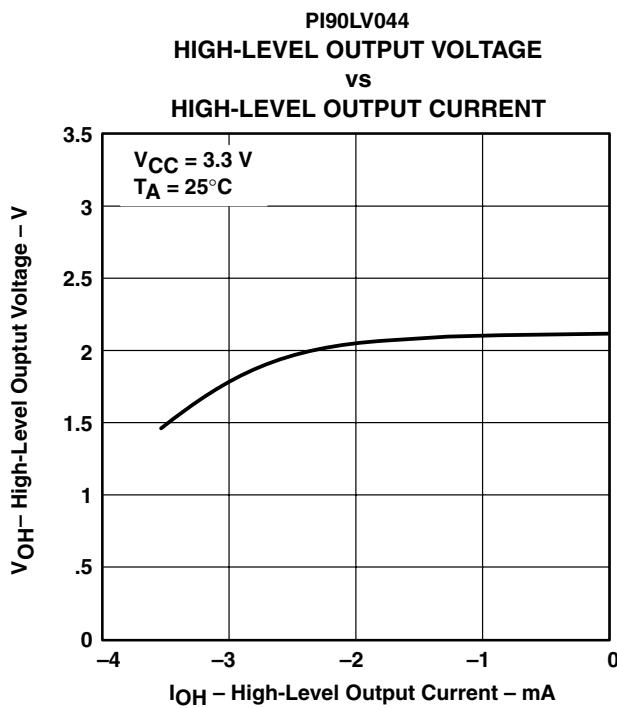


Figure 7

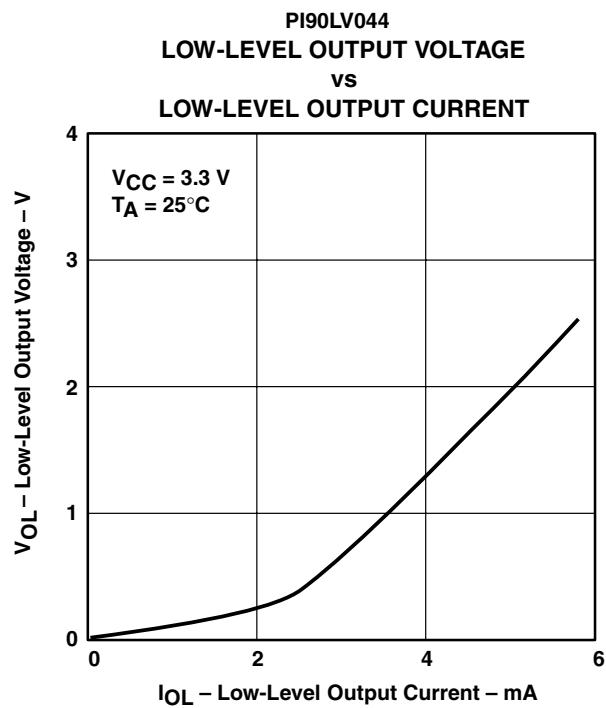


Figure 8

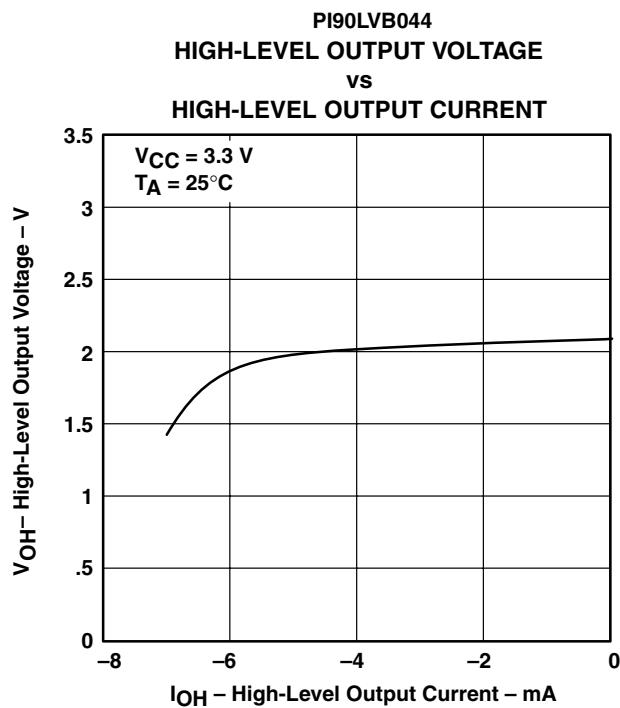


Figure 9

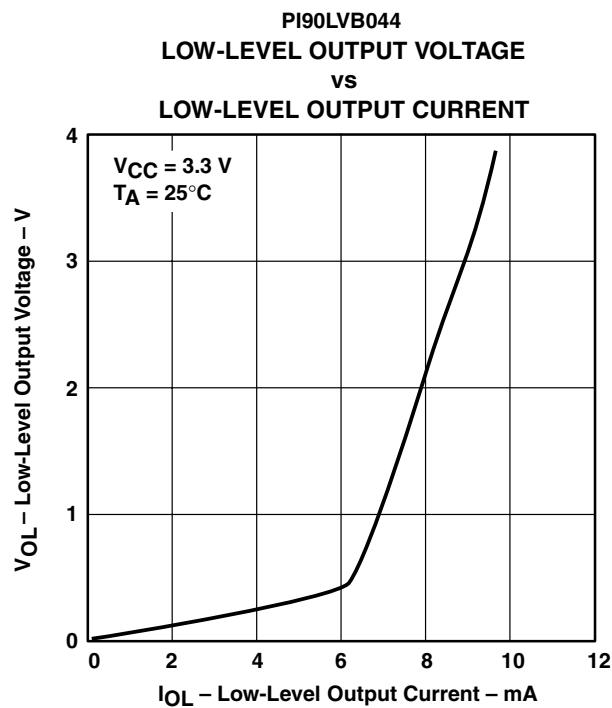
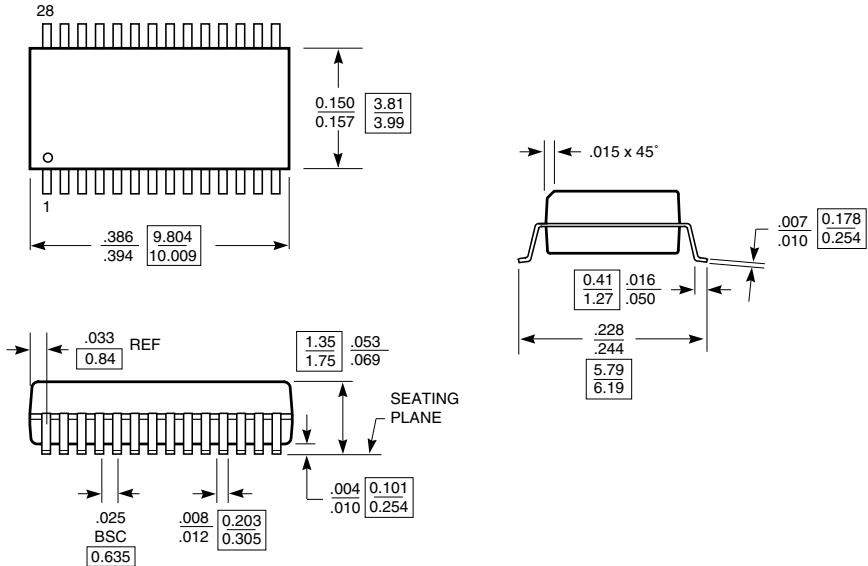


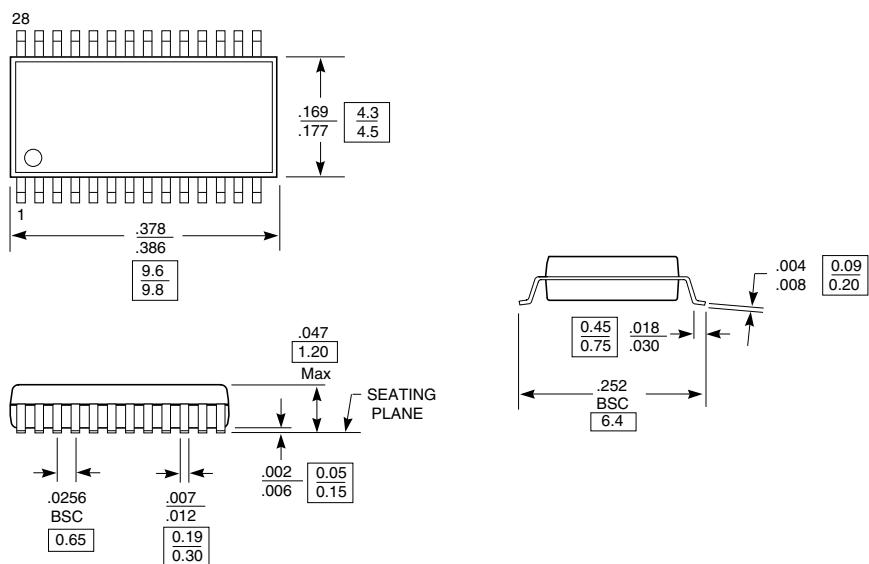
Figure 10

Packaging Mechanical: 28-Pin QSOP



X.XX DENOTES DIMENSIONS
IN MILLIMETERS

Packaging Mechanical: 28-Pin TSSOP



X.XX DENOTES CONTROLLING
DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS



PI90LV044, PI90LVB044
LVDS Dual 2x2 Crosspoint/Repeater Switch

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
PI90LV044Q	Q28	28-pin 150-mil QSOP	-40°C to 85°C
PI90LV044L	L28	28-pin 170-mil TSSOP	
PI90LVB044Q	Q28	28-pin 150-mil QSOP	
PI90LVB044L	L28	28-pin 170-mil TSSOP	

Pericom Semiconductor Corporation

2380 Bering Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • 1-800-435-2336 • Fax (408) 435-1100 • <http://www.pericom.com>