

Three quadrant triacs high commutation

BTA212 series B

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated high commutation triacs in a plastic envelope intended for use in circuits where high static and dynamic dV/dt and high dI/dt can occur. These devices will commute the full rated rms current at the maximum rated junction temperature, without the aid of a snubber.

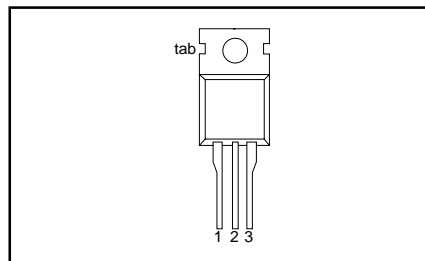
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages	500B 500	600B 600	800B 800	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$		12	12	12	A
I_{TSM}	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	95	95	95	A

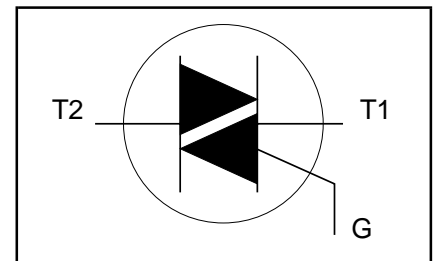
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.			UNIT
				-500 500 ¹	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-				V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \leq 99^\circ C$	-	12			A
I_{TSM}	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ C$ prior to surge	-	95			A
I^2t	I^2t for fusing	$t = 20$ ms	-	105			A
dI_T/dt	Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering	$t = 16.7$ ms	-	45			A ² s
I_{GM}	Peak gate current	$I_{TM} = 20$ A; $I_G = 0.2$ A;	-	100			A/ μ s
V_{GM}	Peak gate voltage	$dI_G/dt = 0.2$ A/ μ s	-	2			A
P_{GM}	Peak gate power		-	5			V
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power	over any 20 ms period	-	0.5			W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-40	150			$^\circ C$
T_j	Operating junction temperature		-	125			$^\circ C$

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 15 A/ μ s.

Three quadrant triacs high commutation

BTA212 series B

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{th\ j-mb}$	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base	full cycle	-	-	1.5	K/W
		half cycle	-	-	2.0	K/W
$R_{th\ j-a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	in free air	-	60	-	K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I_{GT}	Gate trigger current ²	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$				
		T2+ G+	2	18	50	mA
		T2+ G-	2	21	50	mA
		T2- G-	2	34	50	mA
I_L	Latching current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$				
		T2+ G+	-	31	60	mA
		T2+ G-	-	34	90	mA
		T2- G-	-	30	60	mA
I_H	Holding current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	31	60	mA
V_T	On-state voltage	$I_T = 17\text{ A}$	-	1.3	1.6	V
V_{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	0.7	1.5	V
		$V_D = 400\text{ V}; I_T = 0.1\text{ A}; T_j = 125\text{ °C}$	0.25	0.4	-	V
I_D	Off-state leakage current	$V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; T_j = 125\text{ °C}$	-	0.1	0.5	mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV_D/dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)}; T_j = 125\text{ °C};$ exponential waveform; gate open circuit	1000	4000	-	V/ μ s
dI_{com}/dt	Critical rate of change of commutating current	$V_{DM} = 400\text{ V}; T_j = 125\text{ °C}; I_{T(RMS)} = 12\text{ A};$ without snubber; gate open circuit	-	24	-	A/ms
t_{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	$I_{TM} = 12\text{ A}; V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; I_G = 0.1\text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 5\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	2	-	μ s

² Device does not trigger in the T2-, G+ quadrant.

Three quadrant triacs high commutation

BTA212 series B

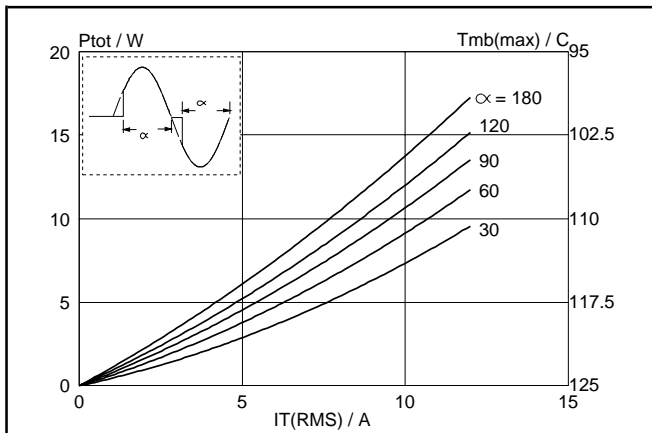


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where $\alpha =$ conduction angle.

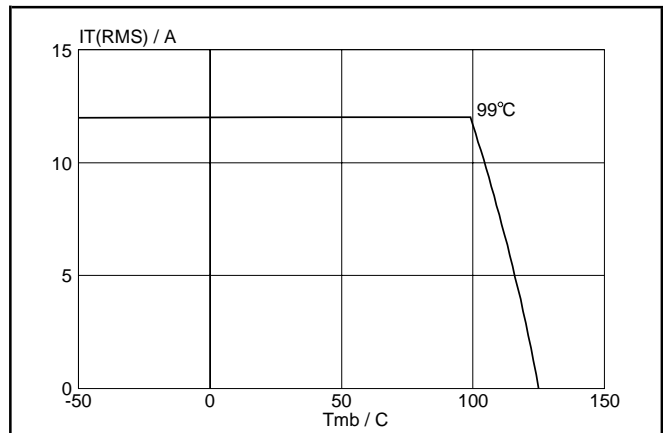


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

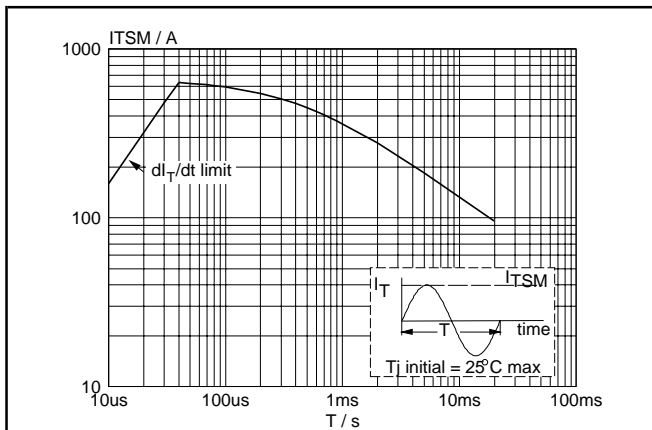


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \leq 20ms$.

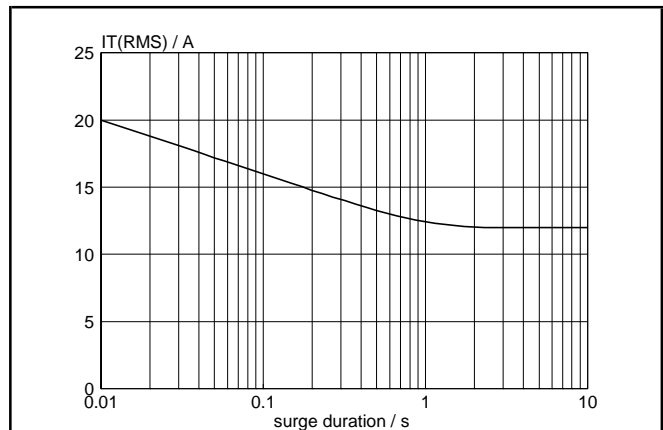


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, $f = 50 Hz$; $T_{mb} \leq 99^\circ C$.

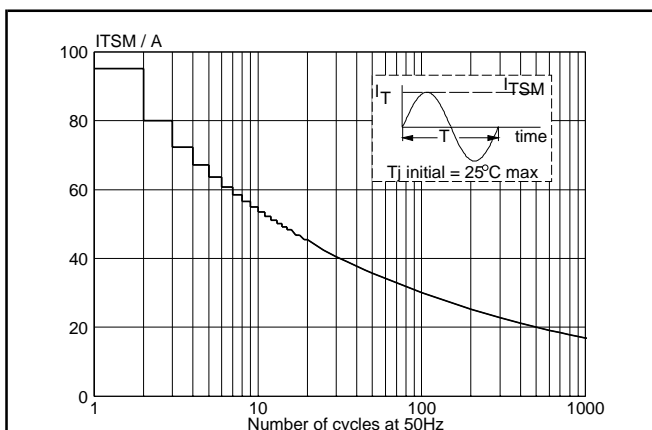


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, $f = 50 Hz$.

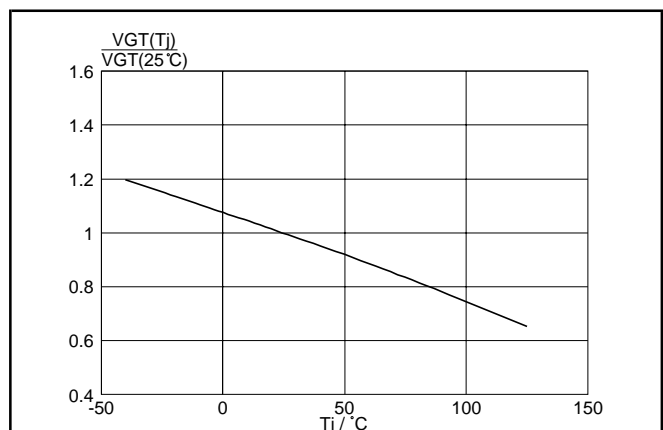
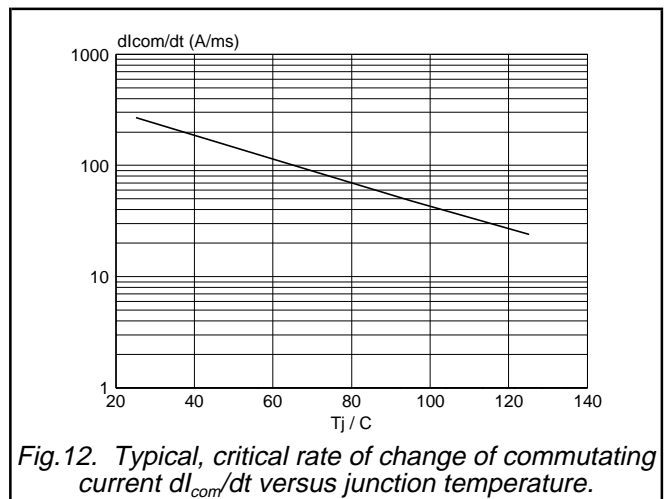
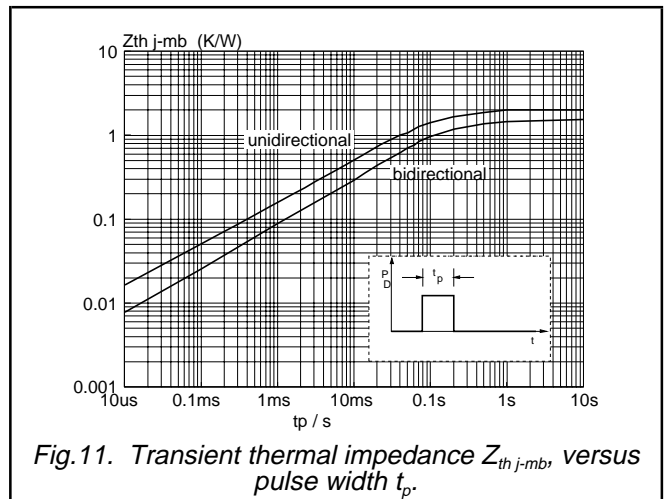
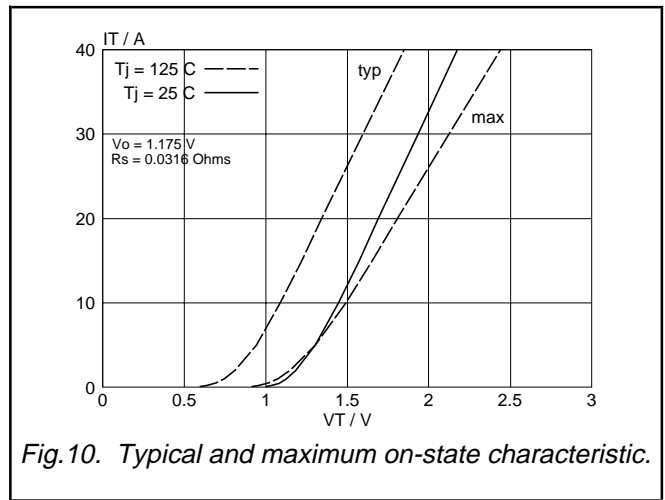
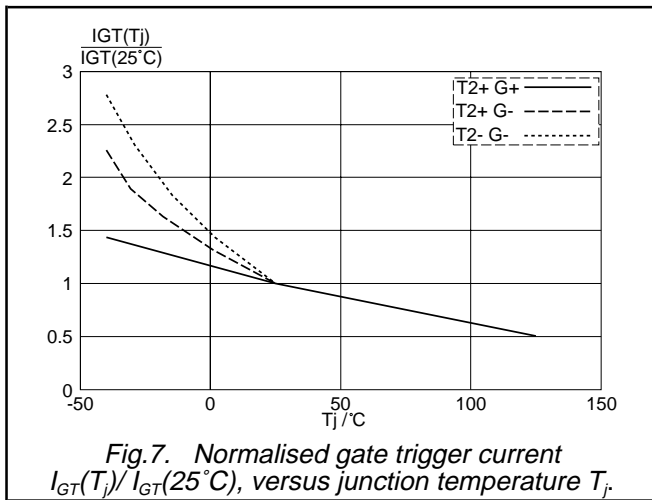


Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j) / V_{GT}(25^\circ C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

Three quadrant triacs
high commutation

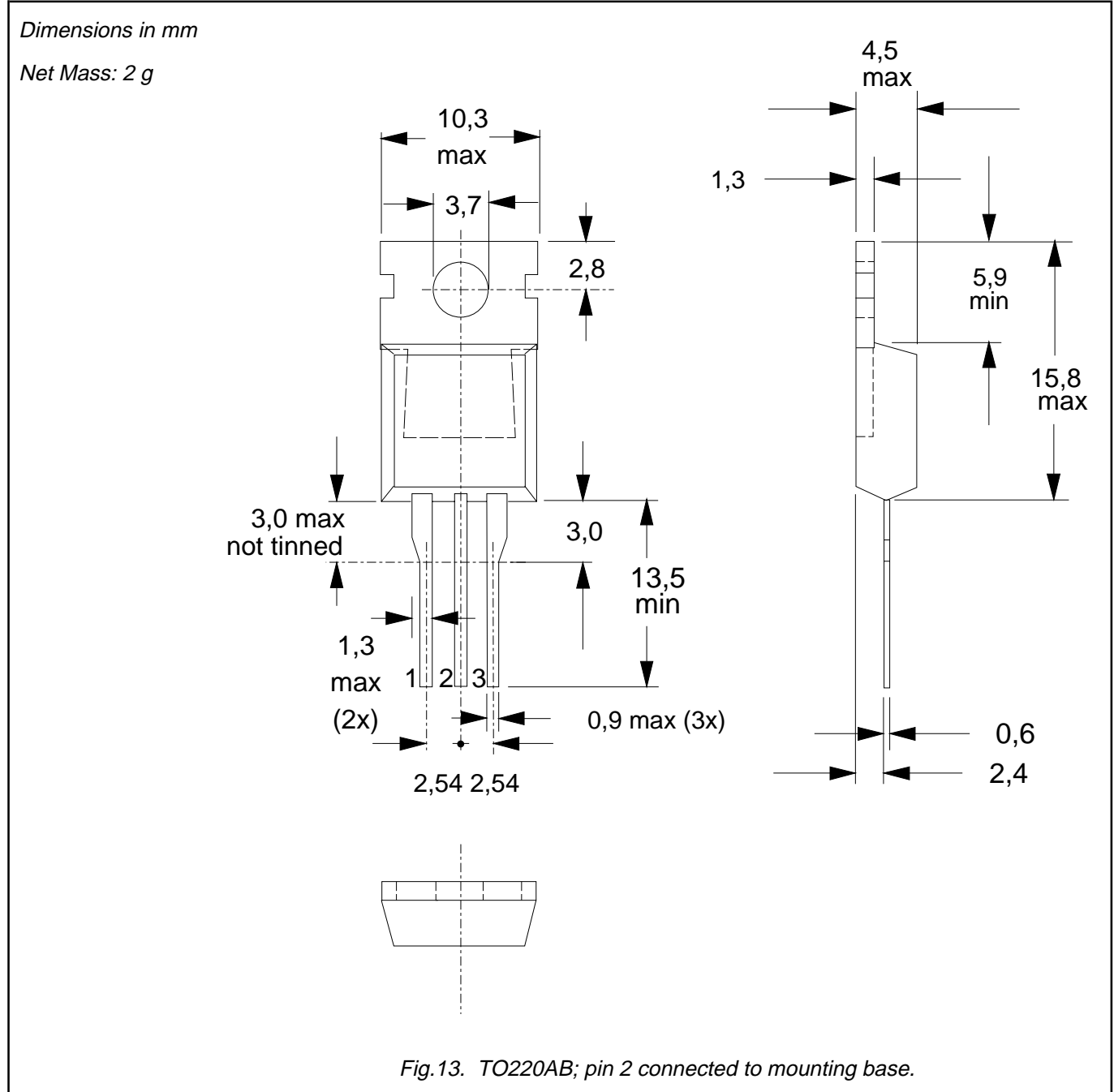
BTA212 series B



Three quadrant triacs
high commutation

BTA212 series B

MECHANICAL DATA



Notes

- 1. Refer to mounting instructions for TO220 envelopes.
- 2. Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

Three quadrant triacs high commutation

BTA212 series B

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	
© Philips Electronics N.V. 1997	
All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.	
The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, it is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent or other industrial or intellectual property rights.	

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.