## DATA SHEET

## BLF545 <br> UHF push-pull power MOS transistor

## FEATURES

- High power gain
- Easy power control
- Good thermal stability
- Gold metallization ensures excellent reliability
- Designed for broadband operation.


## DESCRIPTION

Silicon N -channel enhancement mode vertical D-MOS push-pull transistor designed for communications transmitter applications in the UHF frequency range.
The transistor is encapsulated in a 4-lead, SOT268 balanced flange envelope, with two ceramic caps. The mounting flange provides the common source connection for the transistors.

## PIN CONFIGURATION



Top view


MAM395

Fig. 1 Simplified outline and symbol.

## CAUTION

The device is supplied in an antistatic package. The gate-source input must be protected against static charge during transport and handling.

## WARNING

## Product and environmental safety - toxic materials

This product contains beryllium oxide. The product is entirely safe provided that the BeO discs are not damaged. All persons who handle, use or dispose of this product should be aware of its nature and of the necessary safety precautions. After use, dispose of as chemical or special waste according to the regulations applying at the location of the user. It must never be thrown out with the general or domestic waste.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

RF performance at $T_{h}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a push-pull common source circuit.

| MODE OF OPERATION | $\mathbf{f}$ <br> $(\mathbf{M H z})$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{D S}}$ <br> (V) | $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{L}}$ <br> (W) | $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{P}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{d B})$ | $\eta_{\mathbf{D}}$ <br> $(\%)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CW, class-B | 500 | 28 | 40 | $>11$ | $>50$ |

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## LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).
Per transistor section unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ | drain-source voltage |  | - | 65 | V |
| $\pm \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}$ | gate-source voltage |  | - | 20 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | DC drain current |  | - | 3.5 | A |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | total power dissipation | up to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {mb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;$ total device; <br> both sections equally loaded | - | 92 | W |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature |  | -65 | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | junction temperature |  | - | 200 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

THERMAL RESISTANCE

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | THERMAL <br> RESISTANCE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $R_{\text {th } j-m b}$ | thermal resistance from junction to <br> mounting base | total device; both sections equally <br> loaded | $1.9 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $R_{\mathrm{th} \mathrm{mb}-\mathrm{h}}$ | thermal resistance from mounting <br> base to heatsink | total device; both sections equally <br> loaded | $0.25 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ |


(1) Current in this area may be limited by $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(o n)}$.
(2) $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{mb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Total device; both sections equally loaded.


## CHARACTERISTICS (per section)

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{V}_{(\mathrm{BR}) \mathrm{DSS}}$ | drain-source breakdown voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 65 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DSS}}$ | drain-source leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GSS}}$ | gate-source leakage current | $\pm \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=20 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=0$ | - | - | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}(\mathrm{th})}$ | gate-source threshold voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=40 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | - | 4 | V |
| $\mathrm{~g}_{\mathrm{fs}}$ | forward transconductance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=1.2 \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 600 | 900 | - | mS |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\text { on })}$ | drain-source on-state resistance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=1.2 \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 0.85 | 1.25 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DSX}}$ | on-state drain current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 4.8 | - | A |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{is}}$ | input capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 32 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{os}}$ | output capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 24 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{rs}}$ | feedback capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | - | 6.4 | - | pF |


$V_{D S}=10 \mathrm{~V}$.

Fig. 4 Temperature coefficient of gate-source voltage as a function of drain current, typical values per section.

$V_{D S}=10 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Fig. 5 Drain current as a function of gate-source voltage, typical values per section.

$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=1.2 \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$.

Fig. 6 Drain-source on-state resistance as a function of junction temperature, typical values per section.

$V_{G S}=0 ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz}$.

Fig. 7 Input and output capacitance as functions of drain-source voltage, typical values per section.

$V_{G S}=0 ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz}$.
Fig. 8 Feedback capacitance as a function of drain-source voltage, typical values per section.

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## APPLICATION INFORMATION FOR CLASS-B OPERATION

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{h}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{th}} \mathrm{mb}-\mathrm{h}=0.25 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$, unless otherwise specified.
RF performance in a common source, class-B, push-pull circuit.

| MODE OF OPERATION | $\mathbf{f}$ <br> $(\mathbf{M H z})$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{D S}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{V})$ | $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{D Q}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{m A})$ | $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{L}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{W})$ | $\mathbf{G P}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{d B})$ | $\eta_{\mathbf{D}}$ <br> $(\%)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CW, class-B | 500 | 28 | $2 \times 40$ | 40 | $>11$ | $>50$ |
|  |  |  |  | typ. 13 | typ. 60 |  |

## Ruggedness in class-B operation

The BLF545 is capable of withstanding a full load mismatch corresponding to VSWR $=50$ through all phases under the following conditions:
$V_{D S}=28 \mathrm{~V} ; f=500 \mathrm{MHz}$ at rated output power.


Class-B operation; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DQ}}=2 \times 40 \mathrm{~mA}$; $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{L}}=4.2+\mathrm{j} 6.2 \Omega$ (per section); $\mathrm{f}=500 \mathrm{MHz}$.

Fig. 9 Power gain and efficiency as functions of load power, typical values per section.


$\mathrm{f}=500 \mathrm{MHz}$.

Fig. 11 Test circuit for class-B operation.

## List of components (class-B test circuit)

| COMPONENT | DESCRIPTION | VALUE | DIMENSIONS | CATALOGUE NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1, C2 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 5.1 pF |  |  |
| C3, C4 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 16 pF |  |  |
| C5, C7, C20, C22 | film dielectric trimmer | 1.8 to 10 pF |  | 222280905002 |
| C6 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 22 pF |  |  |
| C8, C11, C12, C18 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor | 100 nF |  | 222285247104 |
| C9, C10, C14, C16 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 390 pF |  |  |
| C13, C17 | electrolytic capacitor | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 63 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |
| C15 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 18 pF |  |  |
| C19 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 13 pF |  |  |
| C21 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 6.2 pF |  |  |
| C23, C24 | multilayer ceramic chip capacitor (note 1) | 10 pF |  |  |
| L1, L3, L24, L26 | stripline (note 2) | $50 \Omega$ | $56 \times 2.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L2, L25 | semi-rigid cable (note 3) | $50 \Omega$ | ext. dia. 2.2 mm ext. conductor length 56 mm |  |
| L4, L5 | stripline (note 2) | $56 \Omega$ | $13.4 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L6, L7 | stripline (notes 2 and 4) | $56 \Omega$ | $9.6 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L8, L9 | stripline (note 2) | $42 \Omega$ | $9 \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L10, L11 | stripline (note 2) | $42 \Omega$ | $6 \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L12, L17 | grade 3B Ferroxcube RF choke |  |  | 431202036642 |
| L13, L16 | 4 turns enamelled 1.2 mm copper wire | 62 nH | length 7.6 mm int. dia. 5 mm leads $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L14, L15 | stripline (note 2) | $56 \Omega$ | $8 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L18, L19 | stripline (note 2) | $56 \Omega$ | $13 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L20, L21 | stripline (note 2) | $56 \Omega$ | $18 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| L22, L23 | stripline (note 2) | $56 \Omega$ | $14 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| R1 | 0.4 W metal film resistor | $5.11 \Omega$ |  | 232215175118 |
| R2, R5 | 10 turns cermet potentiometer | $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |  |
| R3, R4 | 0.4 W metal film resistor | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | 232215171003 |
| R6, R7 | 0.4 W metal film resistor | $205 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | 232215172054 |
| R8, R9 | 1 W metal film resistor | $10 \Omega$ |  | 232215171009 |

## Notes

1. American Technical Ceramics (ATC) capacitor, type 100B or other capacitor of the same quality.

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2. The striplines are on a double copper-clad printed circuit board, with glass microfibre reinforced PTFE $\left(\varepsilon_{r}=2.2\right)$; thickness $1 / 32$ inch.
3. Semi-rigid cables L2 and L25 are soldered on to striplines L1 and L26.
4. Striplines $L 6$ and $L 7$ are used in series with a $42 \Omega$ stripline $(11 \times 3 \mathrm{~mm})$.


MBK462

The circuit and components are situated on one side of the printed circuit board, the other side being fully metallized, to serve as a ground plane. Earth connections are made by means of copper straps and hollow rivets for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.
Dimensions in mm.
Fig. 12 Component layout for 500 MHz class-B test circuit.


Class-B operation; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DQ}}=2 \times 40 \mathrm{~mA}$;
$P_{L}=40 \mathrm{~W}$.
Fig. 13 Input impedance as a function of frequency (series components), typical values per section.


Class-B operation; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DQ}}=2 \times 40 \mathrm{~mA}$;
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{L}}=40 \mathrm{~W}$.
Fig. 14 Load impedance as a function of frequency (series components), typical values per section.


Class-B operation; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=28 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DQ}}=2 \times 40 \mathrm{~mA}$;
$P_{\mathrm{L}}=40 \mathrm{~W}$.
Fig. 15 Power gain as a function of frequency, typical values per section.

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## PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged double-ended ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads


DIMENSIONS (millimetre dimensions are derived from the original inch dimensions)

| UNIT | A | b | c | D | E | e | F | H | $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ | p | Q | 9 | $\mathrm{U}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{U}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{w}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{w}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{w}_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4.91 | 1.66 | 0.13 | 12.96 | 6.48 |  | 2.04 | 17.02 | 8.23 | 3.43 | 2.67 | 18.42 | 24.90 | 6.61 | 0.51 | 1.02 |  |
| mm | 4.19 | 1.39 | 0.07 | 12.44 | 6.22 | . 45 | 1.77 | 16.00 | 7.72 | 3.17 | 2.41 | 18.42 | 24.63 | 6.35 | 0.51 | 1.02 | 0.26 |
| inches | 0.193 | 0.065 | 0.005 | 0.510 | 0.255 | 0.254 | 0.080 | 0.670 | 0.324 | 0.135 | 0.105 | 0.725 | 0.980 | 0.260 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
|  | 0.165 | 0.055 | 0.003 | 0.490 | 0.245 |  | 0.070 | 0.630 | 0.304 | 0.125 | 0.095 |  | 0.970 | 0.250 |  |  |  |


| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  |  | EUROPEAN <br> PROJJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | EIAJ |  |  |  |

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## DEFINITIONS

| Data Sheet Status |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Objective specification | This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development. |
| Preliminary specification | This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later. |
| Product specification | This data sheet contains final product specifications. |
| Limiting values |  |
| Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or <br> more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation <br> of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification <br> is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability. |  |
| Application information | Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification. |

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