DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS

DATA SHEET

BLW87VHF power transistor

Product specification

August 1986





BLW87

DESCRIPTION

N-P-N silicon planar epitaxial transistor intended for use in class-A, B and C operated mobile h.f. and v.h.f. transmitters with a nominal supply voltage of 13,5 V. The transistor is resistance stabilized and is guaranteed to withstand severe load mismatch conditions with a supply over-voltage to 16,5 V.

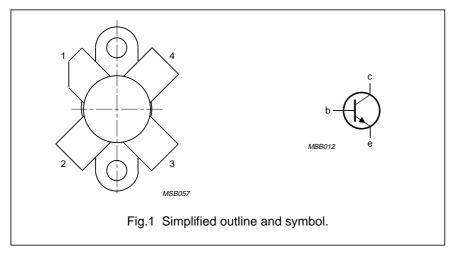
It has a 3/8" flange envelope with a ceramic cap. All leads are isolated from the flange.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

R.F. performance up to T_h = 25 °C in an unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit

MODE OF OPERATION	V _{CE}	f MHz	P _L W	G _p dB	η %	z̄ _i	γ̄ _L mS
c.w.	13,5	175	25	> 6	> 70	1,6 + j1,4	210 + j5,5

PIN CONFIGURATION



PINNING - SOT123

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	collector
2	emitter
3	base
4	emitter

PRODUCT SAFETY This device incorporates beryllium oxide, the dust of which is toxic. The device is entirely safe provided that the BeO disc is not damaged.

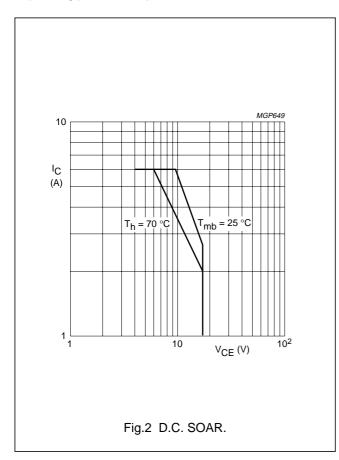
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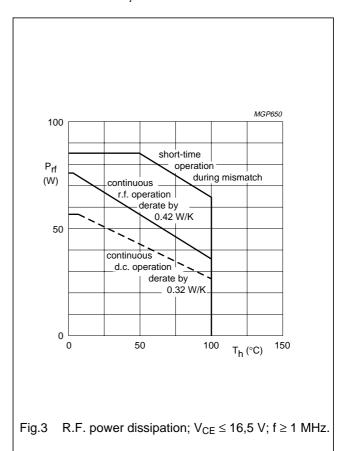
RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage $(V_{BE} = 0)$

peak value	V_{CESM}	max.	36	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	18	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	4	٧
Collector current (average)	$I_{C(AV)}$	max.	6	Α
Collector current (peak value); f > 1 MHz	I_{CM}	max.	12	Α
R.F. power dissipation (f > 1 MHz); T_{mb} = 25 °C	P_{rf}	max.	76	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	–65 to ⊣	150	°С
Operating junction temperature	T _i	max.	200	°С





THERMAL RESISTANCE

(dissipation = 20 W; T_{mb} = 76 °C; i.e. T_h = 70 °C)

From junction to mounting base (d.c. dissipation)

From junction to mounting base (r.f. dissipation)

From mounting base to heatsink

 $R_{th j-mb(dc)} = 3,0 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{th j-mb(rf)} = 2,25 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{th mb-h} = 0,3 \text{ K/W}$

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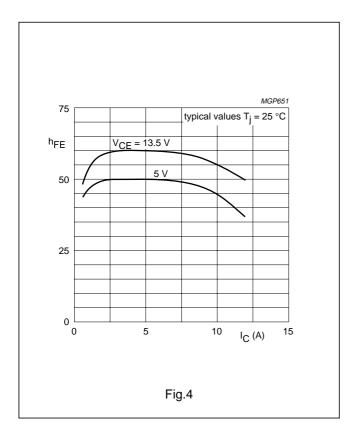
CHARACTERISTICS				
$T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
$V_{BE} = 0$; $I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$	$V_{(BR) CES}$	>	36	V
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
open base; I _C = 50 mA	$V_{(BR) CEO}$	>	18	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage				
open collector; I _E = 10 mA	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	>	4	V
Collector cut-off current				
$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = 18 \text{ V}$	I _{CES}	<	10	mA
Second breakdown energy; L = 25 mH; f = 50 Hz				
open base	E _{SBO}	>	8	mJ
$R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$	E _{SBR}	>	8	mJ
D.C. current gain ⁽¹⁾		typ.	50	
$I_C = 2,5 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h _{FE}	10 t	o 80	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ⁽¹⁾				
$I_C = 7.5 \text{ A}; I_B = 1.5 \text{ A}$	V_{CEsat}	typ.	1,7	V
Transition frequency at f = 100 MHz ⁽¹⁾				
$-I_E = 2.5 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 13.5 \text{ V}$	f_{T}	typ.	800	MHz
$-I_E = 7.5 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 13.5 \text{ V}$	f_{T}	typ.	750	MHz
Collector capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_E = I_e = 0$; $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$	C_c	typ.	65	pF
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	typ.	41	pF
Collector-flange capacitance	C _{cf}	typ.	2	pF

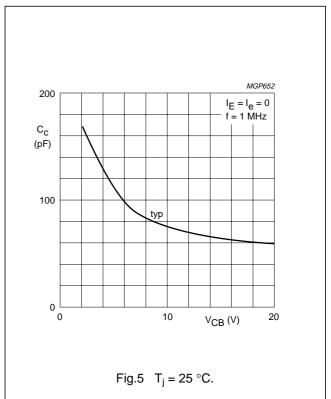
Note

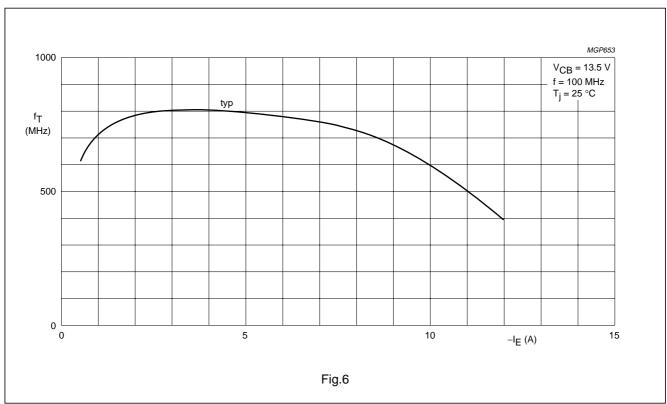
^{1.} Measured under pulse conditions: $t_p \leq 200~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0{,}02.$

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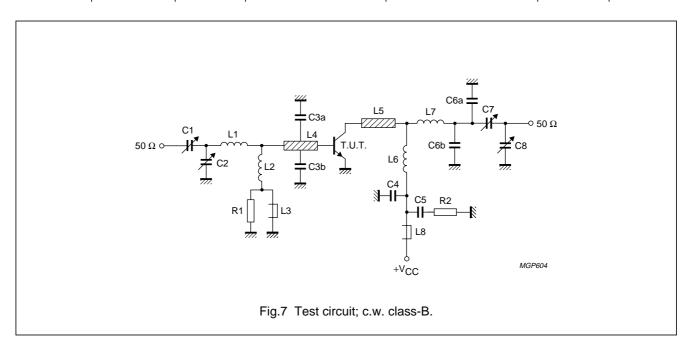
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APPLICATION INFORMATION

R.F. performance in c.w. operation (unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit); $T_h = 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

f (MHz)	V _{CE} (V)	P _L (W)	P _S (W)	G _P (dB)	I _C (A)	η (%)	_z _i (Ω)	√Y _L (mS)
175	13,5	25	< 6,25	> 6	< 2,64	> 70	1,6 + j1,4	210 + j5,5
175	12,5	25	_	typ. 6,6	_	typ. 75	_	_



List of components:

C1 = 2,5 to 20 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07004)

C2 = C8 = 4 to 40 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07008)

C3a = C3b = 47 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C4 = 120 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C5 = 100 nF polyester capacitor

C6a = C6b = 8,2 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C7 = 5 to 60 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07011)

L1 = 1 turn Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L2 = 100 nH; 7 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (0,5 mm); int. dia. 3 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm

L3 = L8 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)

L4 = L5 = strip (12 mm \times 6 mm); taps for C3a and C3b at 5 mm from transistor

L6 = 2 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 5,0 mm; length 6,0 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L7 = 2 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 4,5 mm; length 6,0 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L4 and L5 are strips on a double Cu-clad printed-circuit board with epoxy fibre-glass dielectric, thickness 1/16".

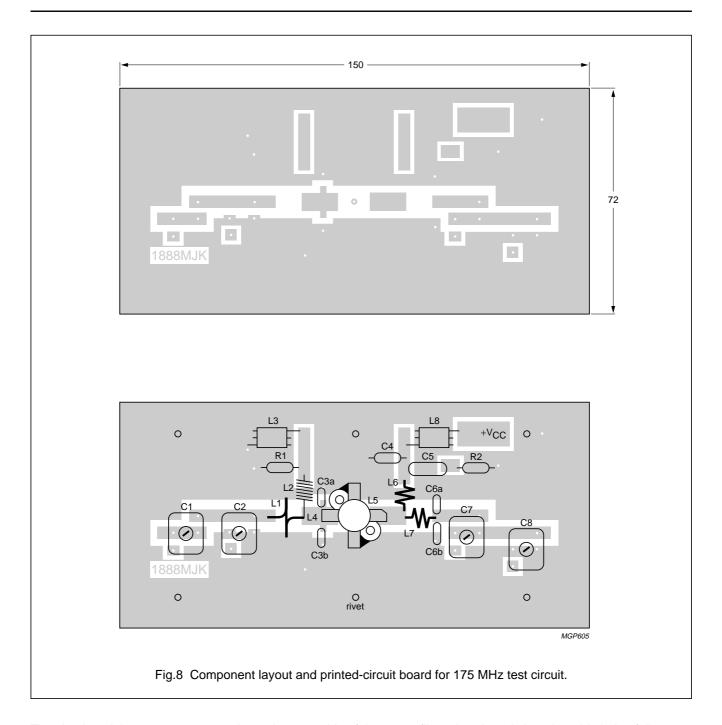
R1 = $10 \Omega (\pm 10\%)$ carbon resistor (0,25 W)

R2 = $4.7 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0,25 W)

Component layout and printed-circuit board for 175 MHz test circuit are shown in Fig.8.

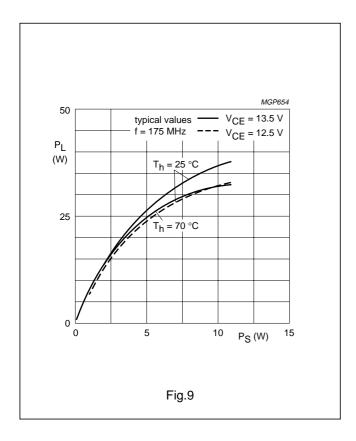
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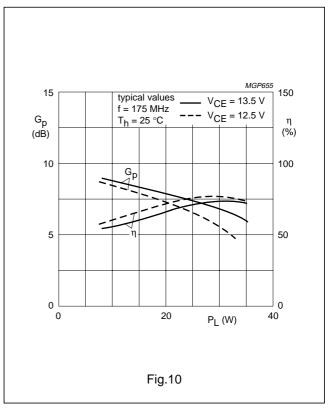
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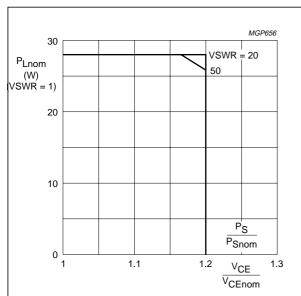


The circuit and the components are situated on one side of the epoxy fibre-glass board, the other side being fully metallized to serve as earth. Earth connections are made by means of hollow rivets, whilst under the emitter leads Cu straps are used for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.

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 $\label{eq:Fig.11} \begin{array}{ll} \text{R.F. SOAR (short-time operation during} \\ \text{mismatch); f = 175 MHz; $T_h = 70 \ ^{\circ}$C;} \\ \text{R}_{\text{th mb-h}} = 0.3 \ \text{K/W; $V_{\text{CEnom}} = 13.5 \ \text{V or } 12.5 \ \text{V;}} \\ \text{P}_{\text{S}} = \text{P}_{\text{Snom}} \ \text{at } \ \text{V}_{\text{CEnom}} \ \text{and } \ \text{VSWR} = 1;} \\ \text{measured in the circuit of Fig.7.} \end{array}$

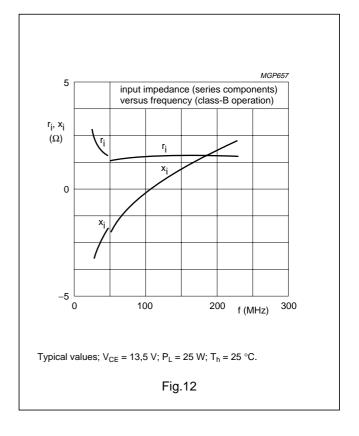
The transistor has been developed for use with unstabilized supply voltages. As the output power and drive power increase with the supply voltage, the nominal output power must be derated in accordance with the graph for safe operation at supply voltages other than the nominal. The graph shows the permissible output power under nominal conditions (VSWR = 1), as a function of the expected supply over-voltage ratio with VSWR as parameter.

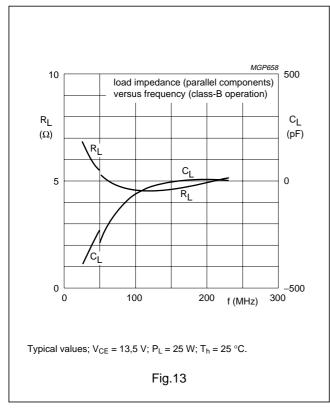
The graph applies to the situation in which the drive (P_S/P_{Snom}) increases linearly with supply over-voltage ratio.

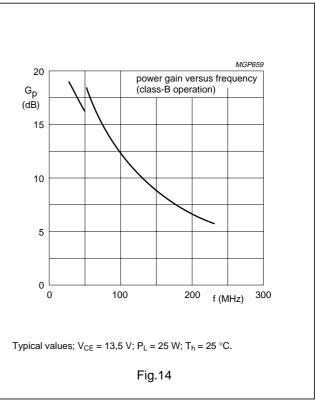
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OPERATING NOTE

Below 50 MHz a base-emitter resistor of 10 Ω is recommended to avoid oscillation. This resistor must be effective for r.f. only.





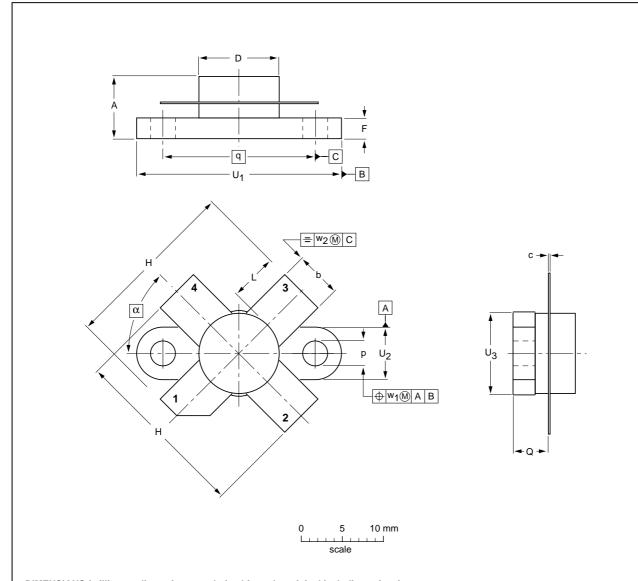


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PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads

SOT123A



	DIMENSIONS	(millime	tre dime	nsions	are der	ived fro	om the	original	inch di	mension	s)
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UNIT	Α	b	С	D	D ₁	F	н	L	р	Q	q	U ₁	U ₂	U ₃	w ₁	w ₂	α
mm	7.47 6.37	5.82 5.56	0.18 0.10	9.73 9.47	9.63 9.42		20.71 19.93			4.63 4.11	18.42	25.15 24.38	6.61 6.09	9.78 9.39	0.51	1.02	45°
inches	0.294 0.251	0.229 0.219	0.007 0.004	0.383 0.373	0.397 0.371	0.107 0.091	0.815 0.785	0.221 0.203	0.131 0.120	0.182 0.162	0.725	0.99 0.96	0.26 0.24	0.385 0.370		0.04	45

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ	PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT123A					97-06-28

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DEFINITIONS

Data Sheet Status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	

Limiting values

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

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