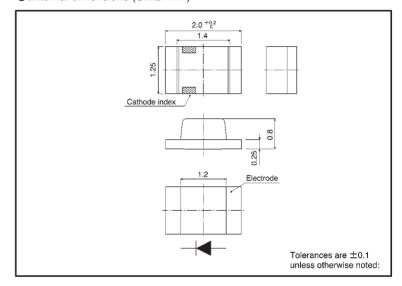
# Chip LEDs with low power consumption SML-211 Series

The SML-211 series are low power consumption, chip LEDs equipped with an AlGalnP chip. These LEDs are compact and leadless to allow a higher mounting density, and low power consumption makes them an ideal light source for battery driven products.

#### Features

- Three colors : red, orange and yellow
- 2) Low power consumption chip LEDs equipped with an AlGalnP chip.
- 3) Six times the brightness of previous GaAsP chips at I<sub>F</sub> = 2 mA.
- 4) Compact 2.0 mm  $\times$  1.25 mm surface mount package.
- 5) Thin 0.8 mm package.
- 6) Ideal light source for battery driven products.

### ●External dimensions (Units: mm)



#### Selection guide

Emitting color Lens	Red	Orange	Yellow	Green	
Transparent clear	SML-211UT	SML-211DT	SML-211YT	_	

#### ● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Damana atau	0	Red	Orange	Yellow	Unit		
Parameter	Symbol	SML-211UT	SML-211DT	SML-211YT			
Power dissipation	P□	22	22	22	mW		
Forward current	lF	10	10	10	mA		
Peak forward current	lfp	60	60	60	mA*		
Reverse voltage	VR	4	4	4	V		
Operating temperature	Topr	<del>-30</del> ∼+85					
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40~+85					

<sup>\*</sup> Pulse width 1ms Duty 1/5

LED lamps SML-211 Series

# ●Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Color	Forward voltage		Reverse current		Luminous intensity			Peak wavelength		Spectral line half width		
			VF	(V)	Cond.	IR ( μ <b>A</b> )	Cond.	Iv (n	ncd)	Cond.	λ <sub>P</sub> (nm)	Cond.	△ λ (nm)	Cond.
Туре			Тур.	Max.	IF (mA)	Max.	$V_{R}(V)$	Min.	Тур	I <sub>F</sub> (mA)	Тур.	I <sub>F</sub> (mA)	Тур.	I <sub>F</sub> (mA)
SML-211	UT	Red	1.8	2.2	2	100	4	0.9	2.5	2	630	2	18	2
	DT	Orange	1.8	2.2	2	100	4	0.9	2.5	2	611	2	16	2
	ΥT	Yellow	1.8	2.2	2	100	4	0.56	1.6	2	590	2	15	2

# Directional pattern

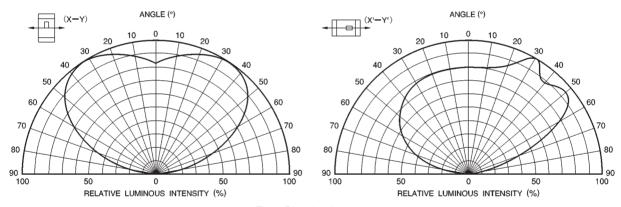


Fig. 1 Directional pattern

LED lamps SML-211 Series

## ●Electrical characteristic curves (SML-211UT, DT, YT)

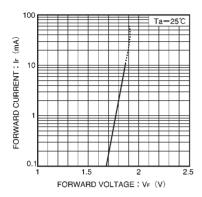


Fig. 2 Forward current vs. forward voltage

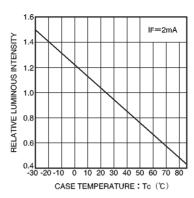


Fig. 3 Luminous intensity vs. case temperature

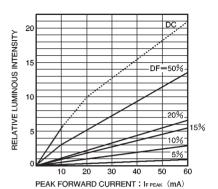


Fig. 4 Luminous intensity vs. peak forward current

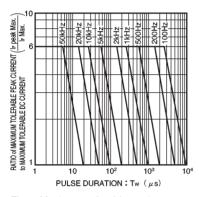


Fig. 5 Maximum tolerable peak current vs. pulse duration

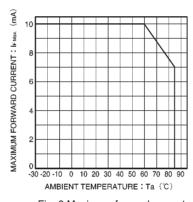


Fig. 6 Maximum forward current vs. ambient temperature