

## 1M × 36-Bit Dynamic RAM Module (2M × 18-Bit Dynamic RAM Module)

## HYM 361120/40S/GS-60/-70

### Advanced Information

- 1 048 576 words by 36-bit organization (alternative 2 097 152 words by 18-bit)
- Fast access and cycle time  
60 ns access time  
110 ns cycle time (-60 version)  
70 ns access time  
130 ns cycle time (-70 version)
- Fast page mode capability with  
40 ns cycle time (-60 version)  
45 ns cycle time (-70 version)
- Single + 5 V (± 10 %) supply
- Low power dissipation  
max. 6820 mW active (-60 version)  
max. 6160 mW active (-70 version)  
CMOS – 66 mW standby  
TTL – 132 mW standby
- $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  refresh,  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only-refresh, Hidden refresh
- 12 decoupling capacitors mounted on substrate
- All inputs, outputs and clock fully TTL compatible
- 72 pin Single in-Line Memory Module
- Utilizes four 1M × 1-DRAMs and eight 1M × 4-DRAMs in 300 mil SOJ packages
- 1024 refresh cycles/16 ms
- Tin-Lead contact pads (S - version)
- Gold contact pads (GS - version)
- HYM 321140S: single sided module with 31.75 mm (1250 mil) height
- HYM 321120S: double sided module with 25.40 mm (1000 mil) height

### Ordering Information

Type	Ordering Code	Package	Descriptions
HYM 361140S-60	Q67100-Q959	L-SIM-72-8	DRAM module (access time 60 ns)
HYM 361140S-70	Q67100-Q958	L-SIM-72-8	DRAM module (access time 70 ns)
HYM 361120S-60	Q67100-Q942	L-SIM-72-3	DRAM module (access time 60 ns)
HYM 361120S-70	Q67100-Q741	L-SIM-72-3	DRAM module (access time 70 ns)
HYM 361140GS-60	Q67100-Q1019	L-SIM-72-8	DRAM module (access time 60 ns)
HYM 361140GS-70	Q67100-Q651	L-SIM-72-8	DRAM module (access time 70 ns)
HYM 361120GS-60	Q67100-Q961	L-SIM-72-3	DRAM module (access time 60 ns)
HYM 361120GS-70	Q67100-Q960	L-SIM-72-3	DRAM module (access time 70 ns)

The HYM 361120/40S/GS-60/-70 is a 4 MByte DRAM module organized as 1 048 576 words by 36-bit in a 72-pin single-in-line package comprising four HYB 511000BJ 1M × 1 DRAMs and eight HYB 514400BJ 1M × 4 DRAMs in 300 mil wide SOJ-packages mounted together with twelve 0.2 µF ceramic decoupling capacitors on a PC board.

The HYM 361120/40S/GS-60/-70 can also be used as a 2 097 152 words by 18-bits dynamic RAM module by means of connecting DQ0 and DQ18, DQ1 and DQ19, DQ2 and DQ20, ..., DQ17 and DQ35, respectively.

Each HYB 511000BJ and HYB 514400BJ is described in the data sheet and is fully electrically tested and processed according to Siemens standard quality procedure prior to module assembly. After assembly onto the board, a further set of electrical tests is performed.

The speed of the module can be detected by the use of four presence detect pins.

The common I/O feature on the HYM 361120/40S/GS-60/-70 dictates the use of early write cycles.

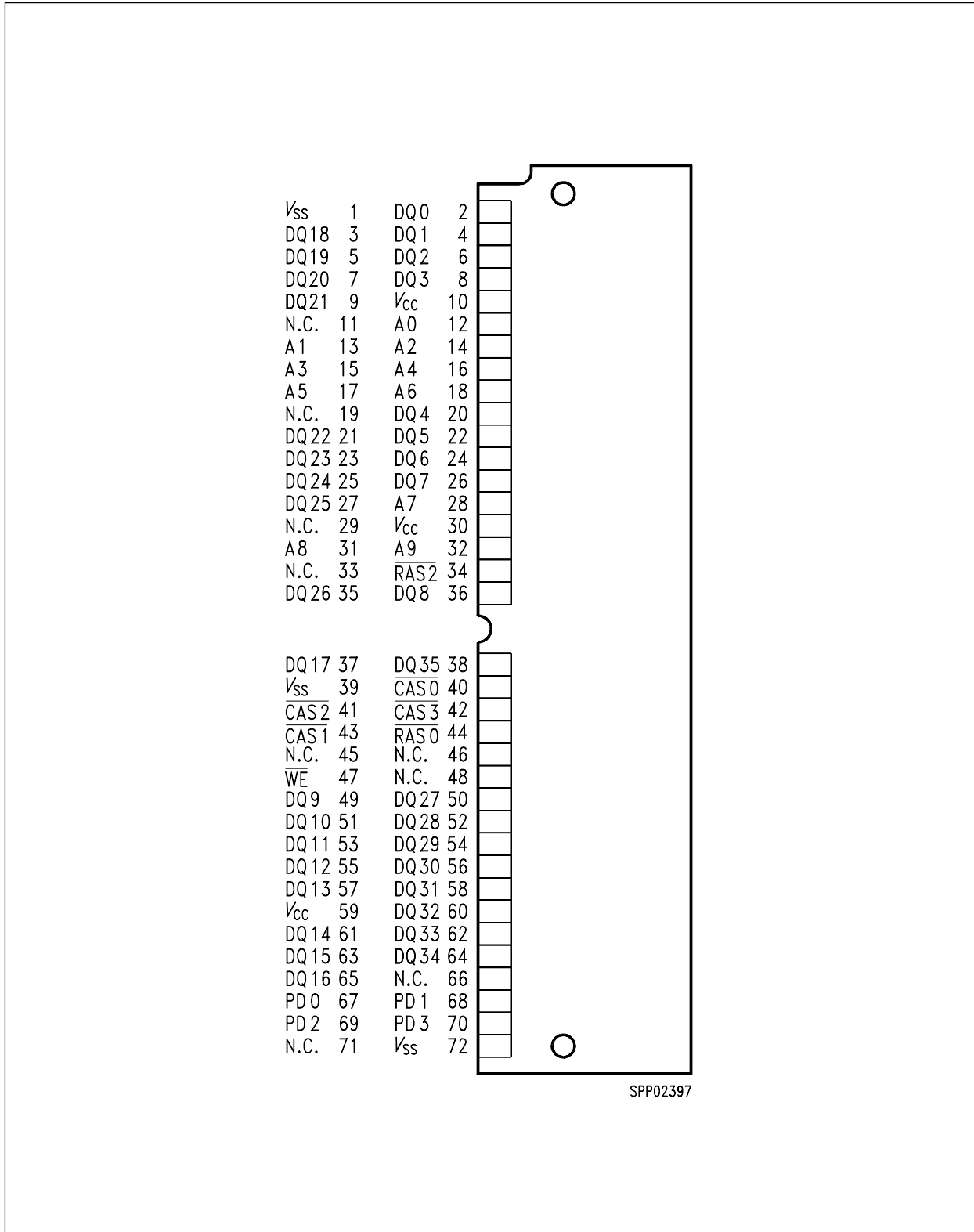
### Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin No.	Function
A0-A9	Address Inputs
DQ0-DQ35	Data Input/Output
$\overline{\text{CAS0}} - \overline{\text{CAS3}}$	Column Address Strobe
$\overline{\text{RAS0}}, \overline{\text{RAS2}}$	Row Address Strobe
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Read/Write Input
$V_{\text{CC}}$	Power (+ 5 V)
$V_{\text{SS}}$	Ground
PD	Presence Detect Pin
N.C.	No Connection

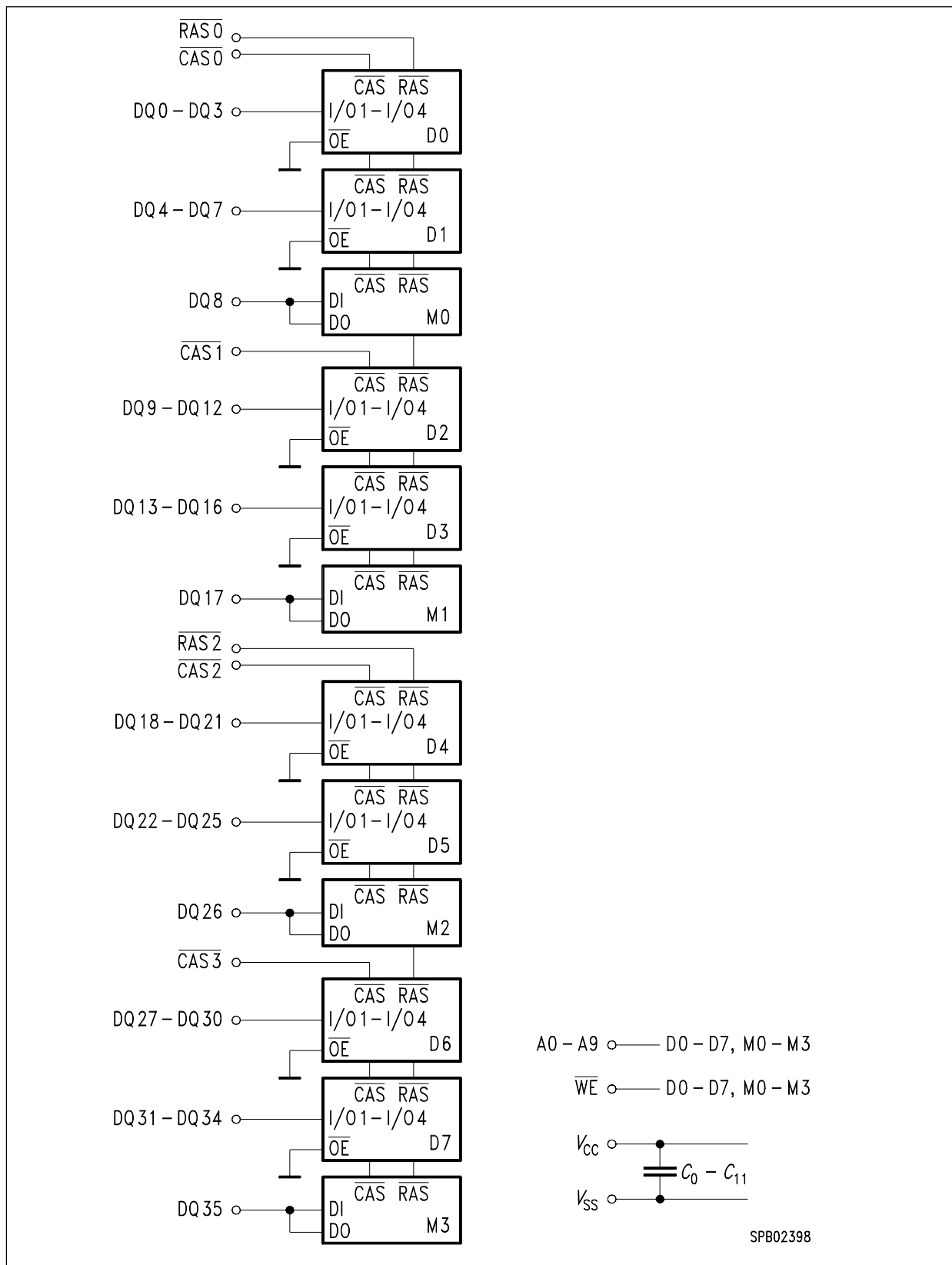
### Presence Detect Pins

	-60	-70
PD0	$V_{\text{SS}}$	$V_{\text{SS}}$
PD1	$V_{\text{SS}}$	$V_{\text{SS}}$
PD2	N.C.	$V_{\text{SS}}$
PD3	N.C.	N.C.

**Pin Configuration**  
 (top view)



SPP02397



**Block Diagram**

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating temperature range .....	0 to + 70 °C
Storage temperature range.....	– 55 to + 125 °C
Soldering temperature .....	260 °C
Soldering time .....	10 s
Input/output voltage .....	– 1 to + 7 V
Power supply voltage.....	– 1 to + 7 V
Power dissipation.....	8.68 W
Data out current (short circuit) .....	50 mA

**Note:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC Characteristics <sup>1)</sup>

$T_A = 0$  to  $70$  °C;  $V_{CC} = 5$  V  $\pm$  10 %

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Test Condition
		min.	max.		
Input high voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.4	5.5	V	–
Input low voltage	$V_{IL}$	– 1.0	0.8	V	–
Output high voltage ( $I_{OUT} = -5$ mA)	$V_{OH}$	2.4	–	V	–
Output low voltage ( $I_{OUT} = 4.2$ mA)	$V_{OL}$	–	0.4	V	–
Input leakage current ( $0$ V < $V_{IN} < 6.5$ V, all other pins = 0 V)	$I_{I(L)}$	– 20	20	$\mu$ A	–
Output leakage current (DO is disabled, $0$ V < $V_{OUT} < 5.5$ V)	$I_{O(L)}$	– 10	10	$\mu$ A	–
Average $V_{CC}$ supply current: –60 version –70 version  ( $\overline{RAS}$ , $\overline{CAS}$ , address cycling, $t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ min.)	$I_{CC1}$	– –	1240 1120	mA mA	2), 3)
Standby $V_{CC}$ supply current ( $\overline{RAS} = \overline{CAS} = V_{IH}$ )	$I_{CC2}$	–	24	mA	–
Average $V_{CC}$ supply current during $\overline{RAS}$ only refresh cycles: –60 version –70 version  ( $\overline{RAS}$ cycling, $\overline{CAS} = V_{IH}$ , $t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ min.)	$I_{CC3}$	– –	1240 1120	mA mA	2)

### DC Characteristics (cont'd) <sup>1)</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Test Condition
		min.	max.		
Average $V_{CC}$ supply current during fast page mode: -60 version -70 version  ( $\overline{RAS} = V_{IL}$ , $\overline{CAS}$ , address cycling $t_{PC} = t_{PC \text{ min.}}$ )	$I_{CC4}$	–	840 720	mA mA	2), 3)
Standby $V_{CC}$ supply current ( $\overline{RAS} = \overline{CAS} = V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ )	$I_{CC5}$	–	12	mA	–
Average $V_{CC}$ supply current during CAS-before-RAS refresh mode: -60 version -70 version  ( $\overline{RAS}$ , $\overline{CAS}$ cycling, $t_{RC} = t_{RC \text{ min.}}$ )	$I_{CC6}$	–	1240 1120	mA mA	1)

### Capacitance

$T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10 \%$ ;  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit
		min.	max.	
Input capacitance (A0 to A9)	$C_{I1}$	–	80	pF
Input capacitance ( $\overline{RAS0}$ , $\overline{RAS2}$ )	$C_{I2}$	–	42	pF
Input capacitance ( $\overline{CAS0}$ - $\overline{CAS3}$ )	$C_{I3}$	–	35	pF
Input capacitance ( $\overline{WE}$ )	$C_{I4}$	–	80	pF
I/O capacitance (DQ0-DQ7, DQ9-DQ16, DQ18-DQ25, DQ27-DQ34)	$C_{IO1}$	–	15	pF
I/O capacitance (DQ8, DQ17, DQ26, DQ35)	$C_{IO2}$	–	20	pF

### AC Characteristics <sup>4) 5)</sup>

$T_A = 0$  to  $70$  °C;  $V_{CC} = 5$  V  $\pm$  10 %;  $t_T = 5$  ns

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values				Unit
		HYM 361120/40S/GS-60		HYM 361120/40S/GS-70		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	
Random read or write cycle time	$t_{RC}$	110	–	130	–	ns
Fast page mode cycle time	$t_{PC}$	40	–	45	–	ns
Access time from $\overline{RAS}$ <sup>6) 11) 12)</sup>	$t_{RAC}$	–	60	–	70	ns
Access time from $\overline{CAS}$ <sup>6) 11)</sup>	$t_{CAC}$	–	15	–	20	ns
Access time from column address <sup>6) 12)</sup>	$t_{AA}$	–	30	–	35	ns
Access time from $\overline{CAS}$ precharge <sup>6)</sup>	$t_{CPA}$	–	35	–	40	ns
$\overline{CAS}$ to output in low-Z <sup>6)</sup>	$t_{CLZ}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Output buffer turn-off delay <sup>7)</sup>	$t_{OFF}$	0	20	0	20	ns
Transition time (rise and fall) <sup>5)</sup>	$t_T$	3	50	3	50	ns
$\overline{RAS}$ precharge time	$t_{RP}$	40	–	50	–	ns
$\overline{RAS}$ pulse width	$t_{RAS}$	60	10000	70	10000	ns
$\overline{RAS}$ pulse width (fast page mode)	$t_{RASP}$	60	200000	70	200000	ns
$\overline{CAS}$ precharge to $\overline{RAS}$ delay	$t_{RHCP}$	35	–	40	–	ns
$\overline{RAS}$ hold time	$t_{RSH}$	15	–	20	–	ns
$\overline{CAS}$ hold time	$t_{CSH}$	60	–	70	–	ns
$\overline{CAS}$ pulse width	$t_{CAS}$	15	10000	20	10000	ns
$\overline{RAS}$ to $\overline{CAS}$ delay time <sup>11)</sup>	$t_{RCD}$	20	45	20	50	ns
$\overline{RAS}$ to column address delay time <sup>12)</sup>	$t_{RAD}$	15	30	15	35	ns
$\overline{CAS}$ to $\overline{RAS}$ precharge time	$t_{CRP}$	5	–	5	–	ns
$\overline{CAS}$ precharge time (fast page mode)	$t_{CP}$	10	–	10	–	ns
Row address setup time	$t_{ASR}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Row address hold time	$t_{RAH}$	10	–	10	–	ns
Column address setup time	$t_{ASC}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Column address hold time	$t_{CAH}$	15	–	15	–	ns

### AC Characteristics (cont'd) <sup>4) 5)</sup>

$T_A = 0$  to  $70$  °C;  $V_{CC} = 5$  V  $\pm$  10 %;  $t_T = 5$  ns

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values				Unit
		HYM 361120/40S/GS-60		HYM 361120/40S/GS-70		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	
Column address to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ lead time	$t_{\text{RAL}}$	30	–	35	–	ns
Read command setup time	$t_{\text{RCS}}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Read command hold time <sup>8)</sup>	$t_{\text{RCH}}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Read command hold time ref. to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ <sup>8)</sup>	$t_{\text{RRH}}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Write command hold time	$t_{\text{WCH}}$	10	–	15	–	ns
Write command pulse width	$t_{\text{WP}}$	10	–	15	–	ns
Write command to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ lead time	$t_{\text{RWL}}$	15	–	20	–	ns
Write command to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ lead time	$t_{\text{CWL}}$	15	–	20	–	ns
Data setup time <sup>9)</sup>	$t_{\text{DS}}$	0	–	0	–	ns
Data hold time <sup>9)</sup>	$t_{\text{DH}}$	15	–	15	–	ns
Refresh period	$t_{\text{REF}}$	–	16	–	16	ms
Write command setup time <sup>10)</sup>	$t_{\text{WCS}}$	0	–	0	–	ns
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ setup time <sup>13)</sup>	$t_{\text{CSR}}$	5	–	5	–	ns
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ hold time <sup>13)</sup>	$t_{\text{CHR}}$	15	–	15	–	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge time	$t_{\text{RPC}}$	0	–	0	–	ns
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge time <sup>13)</sup>	$t_{\text{CP}}$	10	–	10	–	ns
Write to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge time <sup>13)</sup>	$t_{\text{WRP}}$	10	–	10	–	ns
Write to time ref. to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ <sup>13)</sup>	$t_{\text{WRH}}$	10	–	10	–	ns



**Notes**

- 1) All voltages are referenced to  $V_{SS}$ .
- 2)  $I_{CC1}$ ,  $I_{CC3}$ ,  $I_{CC4}$  and  $I_{CC6}$  depend on cycle rate.
- 3)  $I_{CC1}$  and  $I_{CC4}$  depend on output loading. Specified values are measured with the output open.
- 4) An initial pause of 200  $\mu$ s is required after power-up followed by 8  $\overline{RAS}$  cycles out of which at least one cycle has to be a refresh cycle before proper device operation is achieved. In case of using internal refresh counter, a minimum of 8  $\overline{CAS}$ -before- $\overline{RAS}$  initialization cycles instead of 8  $\overline{RAS}$  cycles are required.
- 5)  $V_{IH}$  (min.) and  $V_{IL}$  (max.) are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Transition times are also measured between  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$ .
- 6) Measured with a load equivalent of 2 TTL loads and 100 pF.
- 7)  $t_{OFF}$  (max.) defines the time at which the output achieves the open-circuit condition and is not referenced to output voltage levels.
- 8) Either  $t_{RCH}$  or  $t_{RRH}$  must be satisfied for a read cycle.
- 9) These parameters are referenced to the  $\overline{CAS}$  leading edge.
- 10)  $t_{WCS}$  is not a restrictive operating parameter. This is included in the data sheet as electrical characteristic only. If  $t_{WCS} > t_{WCS}$  (min.), the cycle is an early write cycle and data out pin will remain open circuit (high impedance).
- 11) Operation within the  $t_{RCD}$  (max.) limit insures that  $t_{RAC}$  (max.) can be met.  $t_{RCD}$  (max.) is specified as a reference point only. If  $t_{RCD}$  is greater than the specified  $t_{RCD}$  (max.) limit, then access time is controlled by  $t_{CAC}$ .
- 12) Operation within the  $t_{RAD}$  (max.) limit insures that  $t_{RAC}$  (max.) can be met.  $t_{RAD}$  (max.) is specified as a reference point only. If  $t_{RAD}$  is greater than the specified  $t_{RAD}$  (max.) limit, then access time is controlled by  $t_{AA}$ .
- 13) For  $\overline{CAS}$ -before- $\overline{RAS}$  cycles only.