## CMOS 8-bit Single Chip Microcomputer

## Description

The CXP88732/88740/88748 is a CMOS 8-bit microcomputer which consists of A/D converter, serial interface, timer/counter, time base timer, high precision timing pattern generation circuits, PWM output, VISS/ VASS circuit, 32 kHz timer/counter, remote control receiving circuit, VSYNC separator and the measurement circuit which measure signals of capstan FG amplifier and drum FG/PG amplifier and other servo systems, as well as basic configurations like 8 -bit CPU, ROM, RAM and I/O port. They are integrated into a single chip.
Also, CXP88732/88740/88748 provides sleep/stop function which enables to lower power consumption.


## Structure

Silicon gate CMOS IC

## Features

- A wide instruction set (213 instructions) which cover various types of data
- 16-bit arithmetic/multiplication and division/boolean bit operation instructions
- Minimum instruction cycle 250 ns at 16 MHz operation $122 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ at 32 kHz operation
- Incorporated ROM capacity 32K bytes (CXP88732) 40K bytes (CXP88740) 48K bytes (CXP88748) 1344 bytes (including PPG RAM)
- Incorporated RAM capacity
- Peripheral function
- A/D converter

8 bits, 14 channels, successive approximation system
(Conversion time of $20 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 16 \mathrm{MHz}$ )

- Serial interface
— Timer
— High precision timing pattern generation
- PWM/DA gate output
- Analog signal input circuit
- CTL write/rewrite circuit
- Servo input control

Incorporated 8-bit, 8-stage FIFO for data
(Auto transfer for 1 to 8 bytes), 1 channel
8 -bit clock sync type, 1 channel
8-bit timer/counter, 2 channels
19-bit time base timer
32 kHz timer/counter
PPG 19 pins 32-stage programmable circuit
RTG 5 pins, 1 channel
5-bit, 8-satge FIFO (RECCTL control), 1channel
12 bits, 2 channels (Repetitive frequency $62.5 \mathrm{kHz} / 16 \mathrm{MHz}$ )
DA gate pulse output, 13 bits, 2 channels
Capstan FG amplifier circuit
Drum FG amplifier circuit
Drum PG amplifier circuit
PBCTL amplifier circuit
Recording current control circuit
Capstan FG, Drum FG/PG, CTL input

- VSYNC separator
- FRC capture unit
- PWM output
- VISS/VASS circuit
-32 kHz timer/event counter
- Remote control reception circuit
- Tri-state output
- Pseudo HSYNC output function
- High speed head switching circuit
- Interruption
- Standby mode

Incorporated 26-bit and 8-stage FIFO
14-bit, 1 channel
Pulse duty auto detection circuit
32 kHz oscillation circuit, ultra-low speed instruction mode
8 -bit pulse measurement counter, 6-stage FIFO
PPG 1 pin, output 8 pins

20 factors, 15 vectors, multi-interruption possible

- Package SLEEP/STOP
100-pin plastic QFP
CXP88800 100-pin ceramic QFP
- Piggyback/evaluation chip

[^0]Pin Assignment (Top View)


Note) 1. NC (Pin 90) is always connected to Vod.
2. VDD (Pins 61 and 89) are both connected to VDD
3. Vss (Pins 41 and 88 ) are both connected to GND.
4. MP (Pin 39) must be connected to GND.

## Pin Description

| Symbol | I/O | Description |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PA0/PPOO /HGO | Output/Real-time output/Output | (Port A) <br> 8 -bit output port. Data is gated with PPO contents by OR-gate and they are output. <br> (8 pins) | Pseudo HSYNC output pin. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PA} 1 / \mathrm{PPO} 1 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \mathrm{PA} / \mathrm{PPO} \end{aligned}$ | Output/ Real-time output |  | Programmable pattern generator (PPG) output. Functions as high precision realtime pulse output port. <br> (19 pins) <br> PA0 can be tri-state controlled with PPG. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PB0/PPO8 } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { PB7/PPO15 } \end{aligned}$ | Output/ <br> Real-time output | (Port B) <br> 8 -bit output port. Data is gated with PPO contents by OR-gate and they are output. <br> Tri-state control is possible. (8 pins) |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PC} 0 / \mathrm{PPO} 16 \\ \text { to } \\ \mathrm{PC} 2 / \mathrm{PPO} 18 \end{gathered}$ | I/O/ <br> Real-time output | (Port C) <br> 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. Data is gated with PPO or RT contents by OR-gate and they are output. (8 pins) |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PC} 3 / \mathrm{RTO} 3 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { PC7/RTO7 } \end{gathered}$ | I/O/ <br> Real-time output |  | Real-time pulse generator (RTG) output. Functions as high precision real-time pulse output port. <br> (5 pins) |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathrm{PD} 0 / \overline{\mathrm{NT} 1} 1}{\mathrm{NMII}} \end{aligned}$ | I/O/Input/Input | (Port D) <br> 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. <br> (8 pins) | Input pin to request external interruption and non-maskable interruption. |  |
| PD1/RMC | I/O/Input |  | Remote control receiving circuit input pin. |  |
| PD2/PWM | I/O/Output |  | 14-bit PWM output pin. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PD3/TO } \\ & \text { DDO/ADJ } \\ & \text { SRVO } \end{aligned}$ | I/O/Output/Output/ Output/Output |  | Timer/counter, CTL duty detector, 32 kHz oscillation adjustment and servo amplifier output pin. |  |
| PD4/CS0 | I/O/Input |  | Serial chip select ( CHO ) input pin. |  |
| PD5/ $\overline{\text { SCK0 }}$ | I/O/I/O |  | Serial clock (CHO) I/O pin. |  |
| PD6/SO0 | I/O/Output |  | Serial data (CH0) output pin. |  |
| PD7/SI0 | I/O/Input |  | Serial data ( CHO ) input pin. |  |
| PE0/ $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ | Output///O | (Port E) <br> 8-bit port. Bits 2, 3, 4 and 5 are for inputs; bits 0, 1, 6 and 7 are for outputs. (8 pins) | Serial clock (CH1) I/O pin |  |
| PE1/SO1 | Output/Output |  | Serial data ( CH 1 ) output pin |  |
| PE2/SI1 | Input/Input |  | Serial data (CH1) input pin |  |
| PE3/SYNC | Input/Input |  | Composite sync signal input pin. |  |
| PE4/EXIO | Input/Input |  | External input pin for FRC capture unit. (2 pins) |  |
| PE5/EXI1 | Input/Input |  |  |  |
| PE6/PWM0/ DAA0 | Output/Output |  | PWM output pin. (2 pins) | DA gate pulse output pin. (2 pins) |
| PE7/PWM1/ DAA1 | Output/Output |  |  |  |


| Description | 1/0 | Description |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANO/ANOUT | Input/Output |  |  | Analog circuit internal waveform output pin. |
| AN1 to AN3 | Input |  |  | Analog input pin for A/D converter. <br> (14 pins) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PFO/AN4 } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { PF3/AN7 } \end{gathered}$ | Input/Input | (Port F) <br> Lower 4 bits are for inputs; upper 4 bits are for outputs. Lower 4 bits are standby release input pins. <br> (8 pins) |  |  |
| PF4/AN8 to PF7/AN11 | Output/Input |  |  |  |
| PGO/AN12 <br> PG1/AN13 | Input/Input | (Port G) <br> 2-bit input port. <br> (2 pins) |  |  |
| PH0 to PH7 | Output | (Port H) <br> 8 -bit output port; N -ch open drain output of medium drive voltage (12V) and large current ( 12 mA ). <br> (8 pins) |  |  |
| PIo/INTO/ ENV-DET | I/O/Input | (Port I) <br> 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. Function as standby release input can be set in a unit of single bits. (8 pins) | Input pin to request external interruption. Active when falling edge. | Trigger pulse input pin for head switching. |
| $\frac{\mathrm{Pl} 1 / \overline{\mathrm{EC}} /}{\mathrm{INT} 2}$ | I/O/Input/Input |  | External event input pin for timer/counter. | Input pin to request external interruption Active when falling edge. |
| PI2 to PI7 | I/O |  |  |  |
| CFG | Input | Capstan FG input pin. |  |  |
| DFG | Input | Drum FG input pin. |  |  |
| DPG | Input | Drum PG input pin. |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RECCTL (+) } \\ & \text { RECCTL (-) } \end{aligned}$ | I/O | RECCTL signal output pin. (2 pins) | PBCTL signal input pin. (2 pins) |  |
| CTLCIN (+) <br> CTLCIN (-) | Output | Connected to RECCTL (+) and RECCTL (-) with the internal switch for playback. (2 pins) |  |  |
| CTLAMP (+) CTLAMP (-) | Input | Input PBCTL signal with capacitor coupled. (2 pins) |  |  |
| CTLFAMPO | Output | PBCTL signal 1st amplifier output. |  |  |
| CTLSAMPI | Input | PBCTL signal 2nd amplifier input. |  |  |
| RECCAP | I/O | Capacitor connecting pin for the slope setting of the CTL writing trapezoidal wave. |  |  |
| VREFOUT | Output | Capacitor connecting pin for the VREF level smoothing of DPG, DFG and CFG. |  |  |
| CTLAG | Output | Capacitor connecting pin for the CTL and AGND smoothing. |  |  |
| AMPVss |  | Analog signal input circuit GND pin. |  |  |
| AMPVdo |  | Analog signal input circuit power supply pin. |  |  |


$\left.$| Symbol | I/O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EXTAL | Input | Connecting pin of crystal oscillator for system clock. When supplying <br> the external clock, input it to EXTAL pin and input the opposite phase <br> clock to XTAL pin. |
| XTAL | Output | Input | | Connecting pin of crystal oscillator for 32kHz timer clock. When used |
| :--- |
| as event counter, input to TEX pin and leave TX pin open. |
| (In this time, feedback resistor is not removed.) | \right\rvert\,

Input/Output Circuit Formats for Pins

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Pin \& Circuit format \& When reset \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
PA0/PPOO/ HGO \\
1 pin \\
PA1/PPO1 \\
1 pin
\end{tabular} \& Port A \& \(\mathrm{Hi}-\mathrm{Z}\)

Hi-Z <br>

\hline | PA2/PPO2 |
| :--- |
| to PA7/PPO7 |
| 6 pins | \& Port A \& Hi-Z <br>


\hline | PB0/PPO8 |
| :--- |
| to PB7/PPO15 |
| 8 pins | \& Port B \& Hi-Z <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



| Pin | Circuit format | When reset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PD5/ $\overline{\text { SCK }}$ PD6/SO0 <br> 2 pins | Port D | Hi-Z |
| PE0//SCK1 <br> 1 pin | Port E | Hi-Z |
| PE1/SO1 <br> 1 pin | Port E | Hi-Z |
| PE2/SI1 PE3/SYNC PE4/EXIO PE5/EXI1 <br> 4 pins | Port E <br> Note) For PE3/SYNC, CMOS schmitt input or TTL schmitt input can be selected with the mask oprion. | Hi-Z |


| Pin | Circuit format | When reset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PE6/PWM0/ DAAO <br> PE7/PWM1/ <br> DAA1 <br> 2 pins | Port E | High level |
| ANo/ANOUT <br> 1 pin | Port E | Hi-Z |
| AN1 to AN3 <br> 3 pin | Input mutiplexer | Hi-Z |
| PFO/AN4 <br> to PF3/AN7 <br> 4 pins | Port F | Hi-Z |
| PF4/AN8 <br> to PF7/AN11 <br> 4 pins | Port F | Hi-Z |



| Pin | Circuit format | When reset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CTLAMP (+) CTLAMP (-) CTLFAMPO <br> 3 pins |  | 1/2AMPVDd |
| CTLSAMPI <br> 1 pin |  | 1/2AMPVdd |
| CFG DFG DPG <br> 3 pins |  | 1/2AMPVdd |
| CTLAG VREFOUT <br> 2 pins |  | 1/2AMPVdd |


| Pin | Circuit format | When reset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RECCTL (+) <br> 1 pin |  | Hi-Z |
| RECCTL (-) <br> 1 pin |  | Hi-Z |
| CTLCIN (+) $1 \text { pin }$ |  | Hi-Z |
| CTLCIN (-) <br> 1 pin |  | Hi-Z |
| RECCAP <br> 1 pin |  | Low level |


| Pin | Circuit format | When reset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EXTAL <br> XTAL <br> 2 pins |  | Oscillation |
| TEX <br> TX <br> 2 pins |  | Oscillation |
| $\overline{\mathrm{RST}}$ <br> 1 pin |  | Low level |

Absolute Maximum Ratings
（Vss＝OV reference）

| Item | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | Vdd | -0.3 to +7.0 | V |  |
|  | AVdD | AVss to +7.0 ＊ 1 | V |  |
|  | AVss | -0.3 to +0.3 | V |  |
|  | AMPVdo | AMPVss to +7.0 ＊2 | V |  |
|  | AMPVss | -0.3 to＋0．3 | V |  |
| Input voltage | VIN | -0.3 to＋7．0＊${ }^{\text {a }}$ | V |  |
| Output voltage | Vout | -0.3 to +7.0 ＊ | V |  |
| Medium drive output voltage | Voutp | －0．3 to＋15．0 | V | Port H |
| High level output current | Іон | －5 | mA |  |
| High level total output current | Г⿺夂卜 | －50 | mA | Total of output pins |
| Low level output current | IoL | 15 | mA | Other than large current output ports（value per pin） |
|  | Iolc | 20 | mA | Large current output port＊4 （value per pin） |
| Low level total output current | EloL | 130 | mA | Total of output pins |
| Operating temperature | Topr | -20 to＋75 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -55 to＋150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Allowable power dissipation | PD | 600 | mW | QFP package type |

＊1）AVDd and Vdd must not exceed +0.3 V ．
＊2） $\mathrm{AMPV} \operatorname{VD}$ and $V$ DD must not exceed +0.3 V ．
＊3）Vin and Vout must not exceed Vdd +0.3 V ．
＊4）The large current output port is port H （PH）．
Note）Usage exceeding absolute maximum ratings may permanently impair the LSI．Normal operation should better take place under the recommended operating conditions．Exceeding those conditions may adversely affect the reliability of the LSI．

Recommended Operating Conditions
(Vss = 0V)

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | VDd | 4.5 | 5.5 | V | Guaranteed operation range for $1 / 2$ and $1 / 4$ frequency dividing clock |
|  |  | 3.5 | 5.5 |  | Guaranteed operation range for $1 / 16$ frequency dividing clock or during SLEEP mode |
|  |  | 2.7 | 5.5 |  | Guaranteed operation range by TEX clock |
|  |  | 2.5 | 5.5 |  | Guaranteed data hold operation range during STOP |
| Analog power supply | AVdd | 4.5 | 5.5 | V | $*_{1}$ |
|  | AMPVdD | 4.5 | 5.5 | V | *2 |
| High level input voltage | VIH | 0.7 Vdd | VdD | V | *3 |
|  | Vihs | 0.8 VdD | VdD | V | CMOS schmitt input *4 |
|  | VIHTS | 2.2 | Vdd | V | TTL schmitt input *5 |
|  | Vihex | Vdd - 0.4 | Vdd +0.3 | V | EXTAL pin*6 TEX pin*7 |
| Low level input voltage | VIL | 0 | 0.3 Vdd | V | *3 |
|  | VILS | 0 | 0.2Vdd | V | CMOS schmitt input *4 |
|  | Vilts | 0 | 0.8 | V | TTL schmitt input *5 |
|  | Vilex | -0.3 | 0.4 | V | EXTAL pin *6 TEX pin *7 |
| Operating temperature | Topr | -20 | +75 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

*1) AVDD and VDD should be set to the same voltage.
*2) AMPVdd and Vdd should be set to the same voltage.
*3) Normal input port (each pin of PC, PD2, PD3, PD6, PF0 to PF3, PG and PI2 to PI7), MP pin
*4) Each pin of RST, PD0/INT1/NMI, PD1/RMC, PD4/CS0, PD5/SCK0, PD7/SI0, PE0/SCK1, PE2/SI1, PE3/SYNC, PE4/EXIO, PE5/EXI1, PIO/INT0, PI1/EC $/ \overline{\mathrm{INT}}$ (For PE3/SYNC, when CMOS schmitt input is selected with mask option.)
*5) PE3/SYNC (when TTL schmitt input is selected with mask option.)
*6) Specifies only during external clock input.
*7) Specifies only during external event input.

## Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (VDD $=4.5$ to 5.5 V )
( $\mathrm{Ta}=-20$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Vss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference )

| Item | Symbol | Pins | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High level output voltage | Vor | PA to PD, PE0 to PE1, PE6 to PE7, PF4 to PF7, PH (Vol only) PI | $\mathrm{VDD}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{loH}=-0.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.0 |  |  | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{VDD}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IOH}=-1.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.5 |  |  | V |
| Low level output voltage | Vol |  | $\mathrm{VDD}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{loL}=1.8 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 0.4 | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{VDD}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{loL}=3.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 0.6 | V |
|  |  | PH | $\mathrm{VDD}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{loL}=12.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 1.5 | V |
| Input current | IIHE | EXTAL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 |  | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | IILE |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IL }}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.5 |  | -40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | IIHT | TEX | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.1 |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | IILT |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{VDD}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{VIL}=0.4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | -0.1 |  | -10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | IILR | $\overline{\mathrm{RST}}^{*}{ }_{1}$ |  | -1.5 |  | -400 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| I/O leakage current | IIz | PA to PG, PI, MP, AN0 to AN3, RST $^{*}{ }_{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V d D=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{I}=0,5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Open drain output leakage current ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{CH}$ Tr off state) | ILOH | PH | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{VDD}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{VOH}=12 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Supply current*2 | IDD1 | Vdd, Vss | 16MHz crystal oscillation ( $\mathrm{C}_{1}=\mathrm{C}_{2}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ ) $V D D=5.5 V^{* 3}$ |  | 35 | 45 | mA |
|  | IDDS1 |  | SLEEP mode $V D D=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 2.0 | 8 | mA |
|  | IdD2 |  | 32 kHz crystal oscillation ( $\mathrm{C}_{1}=\mathrm{C}_{2}=47 \mathrm{pF}$ ) $V_{D D}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 50 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | IDDS2 |  | SLEEP mode $V D D=3 V \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 9 | 35 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | IDDS3 |  | STOP mode (EXTAL and TEX pins oscillation stop) $V D D=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input capacity | Cin | PC, PD, PEO, <br> PE2 to PE5 <br> PF, PG, PI, <br> RECCTL (+), <br> RECCTL (-), <br> CTLAMP (+), <br> CTLAMP (-), <br> CTLSAMPI, <br> CFG, DFG, <br> DPG, <br> EXTAL, TEX | Clock 1 MHz OV other than the measured pins |  | 10 | 20 | pF |

*1) RST pin specifies the input current when the pull-up resistor is selected, and specifies leakage current when no resistor is selected.
*2) When entire output pins are open.
*3) When setting upper 2 bits (CPU clock selection) of clock control register (CLC: 00FEн) to "00" and operating in high speed mode ( $1 / 2$ frequency dividing clock).

AC Characteristics
(1) Clock timing
( $\mathrm{Ta}=-20$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=4.5$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference)

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| System clock frequency | fc | XTAL <br> EXTAL | Fig. 1, Fig. 2 | 1 |  | 16 | MHz |
| System clock input pulse width | txL, <br> txH | XTAL <br> EXTAL | Fig. 1, Fig. 2 <br> External clock drive | 28 |  |  | ns |
| System clock input rise and <br> fall times | tcR, <br> tcF | XTAL <br> EXTAL | Fig. 1, Fig. 2 <br> External clock drive |  |  | 200 | ns |
| Event count clock input <br> pulse width | teH, <br> tEL | $\overline{\text { EC }}$ | Fig. 3 | tsys + 200*1 |  |  |  |

*1) tsys indicates three values according to the contents of the clock control register (CLC; 00FEн) upper 2 bits (CPU clock selection).
tsys [ns] = 2000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "00"), 4000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "01"), 16000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "11")
Fig. 1. Clock timing


Fig. 2. Clock applied condition


Fig. 3. Event count clock timing

(2) Serial transfer (CHO)
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=4.5$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\overline{\mathrm{CSO}} \downarrow \rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{SCKO}}}$ delay time | tocsk | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ | Chip select transfer mode ( $\overline{\text { SCKO }}=$ output mode) |  | tsys +200 | ns |
| $\overline{\text { CSO }} \uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text { SCKO }}$ floating delay time | tocskF | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ | Chip select transfer mode ( $\overline{\text { SCKO }}=$ output mode) |  | tsys + 200 | ns |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { CSO }} \downarrow \rightarrow \text { SOO } \\ & \text { delay time } \end{aligned}$ | tocso | SOO | Chip select transfer mode |  | tsys + 200 | ns |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CSO}} \uparrow \rightarrow \mathrm{SOO}$ floating delay time | tocsof | SOO | Chip select transfer mode |  | tsys + 200 | ns |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CSO}}$ high level width | twhcs | $\overline{\text { CSO }}$ | Chip select transfer mode | tsys + 200 |  | ns |
| SCKO cycle time | tkcy | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ | Input mode | 2tsys + 200 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | Output mode | 16000/fc |  | ns |
| SCKO <br> high and low level widths | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{KH}} \\ & \mathrm{t} ⿵ 冂^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ | Input mode | tsys + 100 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | Output mode | 8000/fc - 50 |  | ns |
| SIO input set-up time (against SCKO $\uparrow$ ) | tsik | SIO | $\overline{\text { SCK0 }}$ input mode | 100 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ output mode | 200 |  | ns |
| SIO input hold time (against $\overline{\text { SCKO } \uparrow \text { ) }}$ | tksı | SIO | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ input mode | tsys + 200 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ output mode | 100 |  | ns |
| $\overline{\text { SCKO }} \downarrow \rightarrow$ SO0 delay time | tkso | SOO | SCK0 input mode |  | tsys + 200 | ns |
|  |  |  | $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ output mode |  | 100 | ns |

Note 1) tsys indicates three values according to the contents of the clock control register (CLC; 00FEн) upper 2 bits (CPU clock selection).
tsys [ns] = 2000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "00"), 4000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "01"), 16000/fc (Upper 2 bits = "11")
Note 2) The load of $\overline{\text { SCKO }}$ output mode and SOO output delay time is $50 \mathrm{pF}+1 \mathrm{TTL}$.

Fig. 4. Serial transfer timing (CHO)


Serial transfer (CH1)
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VdD}=4.5$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference)

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ cycle time | tkcy | $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ | Input mode | 1000 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | Output mode | 16000/fc |  | ns |
| SCK1 high and low level widths | $t_{\kappa \mathrm{H}}$tKL | $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ | Input mode | 400 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | Output mode | 8000/fc - 50 |  | ns |
| SI1 input set-up time (against SCK1 $\uparrow$ ) | tsık | SI1 | $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ input mode | 100 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ output mode | 200 |  | ns |
| SI1 input hold time (against $\overline{\text { SCK } 1} \uparrow$ ) | tksı | SI1 | $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ input mode | 200 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | $\overline{\text { SCK1 }}$ output mode | 100 |  | ns |
| $\overline{\text { SCK1 }} \downarrow \rightarrow$ SO1 delay time | tkso | SO1 | SCK1 input mode |  | 200 | ns |
|  |  |  | SCK1 output mode |  | 100 | ns |

Note) The load of SCK1 output mode and SO1 output delay time is $50 \mathrm{pF}+1 \mathrm{TTL}$.

Fig. 5. Serial transfer timing (CH1)


## (3) A/D converter characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AVDD}=4.5$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{AVREF}=4.0$ to $\mathrm{AVDD}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AVss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resolution |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | Bits |
| Linearity error |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AVDD}=\mathrm{AV} \text { REF }=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AVSS}=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\pm 1$ | LSB |
| Absolute error |  |  |  |  |  | $\pm 2$ | LSB |
| Conversion time | tconv |  |  | 160/fadc ${ }^{*} 1$ |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Sampling time | tsamp |  |  | 12/fadc ${ }^{*} 1$ |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Reference input voltage | Vref | AVref |  | AVDD - 0.5 |  | AVDD | V |
| Analog input voltage | VIan | AN0 to AN7 |  | 0 |  | AVref | V |
| AVref current | Iref | AVref | Operation mode |  | 0.6 | 1.0 | mA |
|  |  |  | SLEEP mode STOP mode 32 kHz operation mode |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Fig. 6. Definitions of A/D converter terms

*1) fadc indicates the below values due to the contents of bit 0 (ADCCK) of the ADC operation clock selection register (MSC: 01FFH), bits 7 (PCK1) and 6 (PCK0) of the clock control register (address: 00FEн).

| $\qquad$ | 0 ( $\phi / 2$ selection) | 1 ( $\phi$ selection) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00 ( $\phi$ = fex/2) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{ADC}}=\mathrm{fc} / 2$ | $f_{A D C}=\mathrm{fc}$ |
| 01 ( $\phi$ = fex/4) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{ADC}}=\mathrm{fc} / 4$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{ADC}}=\mathrm{fc} / 2$ |
| 11 ( $\phi$ = fex/16) | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {ADC }}=\mathrm{fc} / 16$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{ADC}}=\mathrm{fc} / 8$ |

(4) Interruption, reset input ( $\mathrm{Ta}=-20$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=4.5$ to 5.5 V , $\mathrm{Vss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference)

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| External interruption high and <br> low level widths | $t_{I H}$ | $\frac{\overline{\mathrm{INTO}}}{\overline{I N T 1}}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Reset input low level width | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{RSL}}$ | $\overline{\frac{\mathrm{RST}}{\mathrm{INT2}}}$ |  | 1 |  | $\mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| NMI |  |  | $32 / \mathrm{fc}$ |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |  |

Fig. 7. Interruption input timing


Fig. 8. Reset input timing

## $\overline{\mathrm{RST}}$



## Analog Circuit Characteristics

(1) Amplifier circuit reference voltage characteristics

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reference level output voltage | Vor | VREFOUT |  | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | V |
|  |  | CTLAG |  | 2.15 | 2.35 | 2.55 | V |
| Reference level output current | Ior | VREFOUT | VREFOUT = VREFOUT + 0.5V | 3.50 | 6.5 |  | mA |
|  |  |  | VREFOUT = VREFOUT - 0.5V | -0.30 | -0.85 |  | mA |
|  |  | CTLAG | CTLAG $=$ CTLAG +0.5 V | 2.80 | 5.5 |  | mA |
|  |  |  | CTLAG $=$ CTLAG -0.5 V | -0.30 | -0.85 |  | mA |

## (2) CTL 1st amplifier characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{DD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{Vs}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{CTLAG}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage gain *1 | Avctlı | RECCTL (+) CTLFAMPO*2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=16 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { RECCTL }(-)=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 12.5 | 14.5 | 16.5 | dB |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=27 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { RECCTL }(-)=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 23.5 | 25.5 | 27.5 | dB |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=42 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { RECCTL }(-)=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 39.0 | 41.5 | 44.0 | dB |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=58 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { RECCTL }(-)=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 54.5 | 57.0 | 59.5 | dB |
| Offset voltage | Vosctli |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CTLAMP }(+) \text { and CTLAMP (-) } \\ & =\text { open } \end{aligned}$ | -40 | 0 | +40 | mV |
| Input resistance | Rinctli | CTLAMP (+) | Charge switch OFF CTLAMP ( + ) = +0.2V | 26.0 | 44.5 |  | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | CTLAMP (-) | Charge switch OFF CTLAMP $(-)=+0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.20 | 2.0 |  | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Charge switch ON resistance | Rcctlı | CTLAMP (+) | Charge switch ON CTLAMP (+) $=+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 560 | 1010 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | CTLAMP (-) | Charge switch ON CTLAMP $(-)=+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 560 | 1010 | $\Omega$ |
| RECCTL and CTLCIN connection switch ON resistance | Rread | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RECCTL (+) } \\ & \text { CTLCIN (+) } \end{aligned}$ | During CTL read operation, CTLCIN (+) - RECCTL (+) $=0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 315 | 400 | 770 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RECCTL (-) } \\ & \text { CTLCIN (-) } \end{aligned}$ | During CTL read operation, CTLCIN (-) - RECCTL $(-)=0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 315 | 400 | 770 | $\Omega$ |
| CTLCIN OV fix switch ON resistance | Rwrite | CTLCIN (+) | During CTL write operation, CTLCIN (+) = AMPVss +0.2 V |  | 250 | 310 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | CTLCIN (-) | During CTL write operation, CTLCIN (-) = AMPVss + 0.2V |  | 250 | 310 | $\Omega$ |

*1) When CTLCIN (+), CTLAMP (+) pins and CTLCIN (-), CTLAMP (-) pins are AC coupled, and then the signal is input from RECCTL (+) pin.
*2) The result after measuring the CTLFAMPO output waveform or voltage gain.
Note) The gain increases by approximately 1.5 dB when the AC coupling capacitor ( $47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) is connected to CTLAMP (+) and CTLAMP ( - ) pins, and the signal is input from CTLAMP (+) and CTLAMP ( - ) pins.
(3) CTL 2nd amplifier characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AMPVDD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPVss}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{CTLAG}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage gain*1, *2 | Avctl2 | CTLSAMPI | Gain $=5 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 4.8 | 5.8 | 6.8 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=11 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 10.4 | 11.5 | 12.6 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=16 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 15.3 | 16.5 | 17.7 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=20 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 19.3 | 20.5 | 21.7 | dB |
| LPF cut-off frequency *1, *2 | fccti |  | $\mathrm{fbc}-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 15.0 | 25.0 | 40.0 | kHz |
| Offset voltage *2 | Vosctl2 |  | CTLSAMPI = open | -50 | 0 | +50 | mV |
| Comparator level *2 | Vcctl |  | Comparator level $=+100 \mathrm{mV} 0-\mathrm{p}$ | 70.0 | 100 | 130 | mVo-p |
|  |  |  | Comparator level $=+250 \mathrm{mV} 0-\mathrm{p}$ | 215 | 245 | 275 | $m V_{0-p}$ |
|  |  |  | Comparator level $=+400 \mathrm{mV} 0-\mathrm{p}$ | 370 | 400 | 430 | mVo-p |
|  |  |  | Comparator level $=-100 \mathrm{mV} 0-\mathrm{p}$ | -70.0 | -100 | -130 | mVo-p |
|  |  |  | Comparator level $=-250 \mathrm{mV} 0-\mathrm{p}$ | -220 | -250 | -280 | $m V_{0-p}$ |
|  |  |  | Comparator level $=-400 \mathrm{mV} 0-\mathrm{p}$ | -370 | -400 | -430 | $m V_{0}-\mathrm{p}$ |
| Input resistance | Rinctl2 |  | Charge switch OFF CTLSAMPI $=+0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10.0 | 18.0 |  | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Charge switch ON resistance | Rcctl2 |  | Charge switch ON CTLSAMPI $=+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 770 | 1140 | $\Omega$ |

*1) When the signal is input with the AC coupling capacitor $(47 \mu \mathrm{~F})$ connected to CTLSAMPI pin.
*2) The result after measuring the output waveform of amplifier internal low-pass filter or voltage value.
(4) CTLAMP characteristics (1st amplifier + 2nd amplifier)
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V} D \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{DD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPVss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pin | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage gain *1 | Avctl | RECCTL (+) | CTL 1st amplifier gain $=16 \mathrm{~dB}$ CTL 2nd amplifier gain $=20 \mathrm{~dB}$ RECCTL ( - ) = 0V | 31.8 | 35.0 | 38.2 | dB |
| Input amplitude (peak value) | VPKCTL |  | RECCTL (-) = 0V |  |  | $\pm 300$ | mVo-p |
| Input sensitivity | Vsctl |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CTL 1st amplifier gain }=58 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { CTL 2nd amplifier gain }=20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=+400 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{~d}-\mathrm{p} \\ & \text { RECCTL }(-)=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.08 | 0.10 | mVo-p |
| Input dead band | Vnscti |  |  | 0.015 | 0.04 |  | mVo-p |

*1) As for other combinations of the amplifier gains, CTL 1st amplifier and CTL 2nd amplifier are added respectively.
Note) The result when the signal is input from RECCTL (+) pin with CTL 1st amplifier + CTL 2nd amplifier after performing AC coupling of CTLCIN (+), CTLAMP (+) pins and CTLCIN ( - ), CTLAMP ( - ) pins, and CTLFAMPO, CTLSAMPI pins.
(5) CFGAMP characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AMPVDD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPVDD}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VREFOUT}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pins | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage gain *1, *2 | Avcfg | CFG | Gain $=0 \mathrm{~dB}$ | -0.3 | 0.6 | 2.2 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=20 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 19.2 | 20.8 | 22.4 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=34 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 33.2 | 34.8 | 36.4 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=38 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 37.0 | 38.7 | 40.4 | dB |
| LPF cut-off frequency *1, *2 | fccFa |  | $\mathrm{fbc}-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 30.0 | 55.0 | 80.0 | kHz |
| Offset voltage *2 | Voscfa |  | CFG = open | -50 | 0 | +50 | mV |
| Comparator judgment level width *2 | Vccfa |  | Comparator schimitt width $=320 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ | 260 | 320 | 360 | mVp-p |
|  |  |  | Comparator schimitt width $=160 \mathrm{mVp} \mathrm{p}$ | 110 | 155 | 200 | mVp-p |
| Input sensitivity *1 | VscFg |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=320 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ |  | 4.20 | 5.00 | mVp-p |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=160 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.10 | 2.40 | mVp-p |
| Input dead band *1 | VNSCFG |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=320 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | 3.40 | 4.10 |  | mVp-p |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=160 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | 1.50 | 2.00 |  | mVp-p |
| Input resistance | Rincfg |  | Charge switch OFF $\mathrm{CFG}=+0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5.5 | 8.3 |  | k $\Omega$ |
| Charge switch ON resistance | Rccfa |  | Charge switch ON $\mathrm{CFG}=+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 455 | 710 | $\Omega$ |
| Digital output waveform duty ${ }^{*} 1, *_{3}$ | Dtycfa |  | $C F G=$ sine wave with $50 \%$ duty | 48.0 | 50.0 | 52.0 | \% |
| Input amplitude (peak value) *1 | VPKCFG |  |  |  |  | $\pm 2.4$ | Vo-p |

*1) When the signal is input with the AC coupling capacitor ( $47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) connected to CFG pin.
${ }^{*} 2$ ) The result after measuring the output waveform of amplifier internal low-pass filter or voltage value.
*3) The result after measuring the digital signal waveform output from the amplifier circuit.
(6) DFGAMP characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VdD}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{DD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{Ss}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VREFOUT}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pins | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage gain $*_{1} *^{2}$ | Avdfg | DFG | Gain $=0 \mathrm{~dB}$ | -0.3 | 0.6 | 2.2 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=20 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 19.2 | 20.8 | 22.4 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=34 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 33.2 | 34.8 | 36.4 | dB |
|  |  |  | Gain $=38 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 37.0 | 38.7 | 40.4 | dB |
| LPF cut-off frequency *1, *2 | fcDFG |  | $\mathrm{fbc}-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 30.0 | 55.0 | 80.0 | kHz |
| Offset voltage *2 | VosdFg |  | DFG = open | -50 | 0 | +50 | mV |
| Comparator judgment level width *2 | VcdFg |  | Comparator schmitt width $=320 \mathrm{mV}$ - p | 260 | 320 | 360 | mVp-p |
|  |  |  | Comparator schmitt width $=160 \mathrm{mVp}$-p | 110 | 155 | 200 | mVp-p |
| Inp | VsdFg |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=320 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ |  | 4.20 | 5.00 | mVp-p |
| Input sens |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=160 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.10 | 2.40 | mVp-p |
| Input dead band *1 | VNSDFG |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=320 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | 3.40 | 4.10 |  | mVp-p |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain }=38 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { Comparator level }=160 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | 1.50 | 2.00 |  | mVp-p |
| Input resistance | Rindfg |  | Charge switch OFF DFG $=+0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5.5 | 8.3 |  | k $\Omega$ |
| Charge switch ON resistance | Rcdfg |  | Charge switch ON $\mathrm{DFG}=+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 455 | 710 | $\Omega$ |
| Digital output waveform duty *1, *3 | DTYdFg |  | $C F G=$ sine wave of $50 \%$ duty | 48.0 | 50.0 | 52.0 | \% |
| Input amplitude (peak value) *1 | VPKDFG |  |  |  |  | $\pm 2.4$ | Vo-p |

*1) When the signal is input with the AC coupling capacitor $(47 \mu \mathrm{~F})$ connected to DFG pin.
$\left.{ }^{*} 2\right)$ The result after measuring the output waveform of amplifier internal low-pass filter or voltage value.
*3) The result after measuring the digital signal waveform output from the amplifier circuit.
(7) DPGAMP characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VdD}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{DD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPVss}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VREFOUT}$ reference $)$


[^1](8) CTL write circuit characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AMPV} \mathrm{DD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPV} s \mathrm{~S}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pins | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output resistance | Rон | RECCAP | RECCAP $=$ AMPVdd -0.5 V | 450 | 625 | 1005 | $\Omega$ |
|  | Rol |  | RECCAP $=$ AMPVDd +0.5 V | 410 | 555 | 840 | $\Omega$ |
| Output current *1 | Iorec | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RECCTL (+) } \\ & \text { RECCTL (-) } \end{aligned}$ | Write current $=2.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.9 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=2.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.7 | 2.5 | 3.7 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=3.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.1 | 3.1 | 4.5 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=3.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.6 | 3.6 | 5.2 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=4.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.9 | 4.0 | 5.9 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=4.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.3 | 4.6 | 6.6 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=5.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.7 | 5.1 | 7.2 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=5.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.0 | 5.6 | 8.0 | mA |
|  |  |  | Write current $=6.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.4 | 6.1 | 8.9 | mA |

*1) The current value which flows when RECCTL (+) pin and RECCTL (-) pin are shorted.
(9) Amplifier operating current characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=-20\right.$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=\mathrm{AMPVDD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vss}=\mathrm{AMPVss}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ reference $)$

| Item | Symbol | Pins | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amplifier operating <br> current | IAMP | AMPVDD | When the amplifier is operating *1 |  | 7.6 | 12.0 | mA |
|  |  |  |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  |

*1) The CTL recording current is added during CTL write.
Note) The amplifier operation and NOT-operation is controlled according to the contents of amplifier power supply control register (ASWC: 05E2н) bits 5, 4, 1 and 0.

## Supplement

Fig. 9. Recommended oscillation circuit
(i)

(ii)


| Manufacturer | Model | $\mathrm{fc}(\mathrm{MHz})$ | $\mathrm{C}_{1}(\mathrm{pF})$ | $\mathrm{C}_{2}(\mathrm{pF})$ | Rd ( $\Omega$ ) | Circuit example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RIVER ELETEC CO., LTD. | HC-49/U03 | 8.00 | 10 | 10 | 0 | (i) |
|  |  | 10.00 | 5 | 5 |  |  |
|  |  | 12.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 16.00 |  |  |  |  |
| KINSEKI LTD. | HC-49/U (-S) | 8.00 | 16 (12) | 16 (12) | 0 | (i) |
|  |  | 10.00 | 16 (12) | 16 (12) |  |  |
|  |  | 12.00 | 12 | 12 |  |  |
|  |  | 16.00 | 12 | 12 |  |  |
|  | P3 | 32.768 kHz | 30 | 18 | 470k | (ii) |

## Mask option table

| Item | Content |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reset pin pull-up resistor | Non-existent | Existent |
| Input circuit format*1 | CMOS schmitt | TTL schmitt |

*1) The input circuit format can be selected for PE3/SYNC pin.

## Characteristics Curve



Idd vs. VDD
(fc $=16 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Typical)

IDD vs. fc
(VDD $=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Typical)


Package Outline Unit: mm

100PIN QFP (PLASTIC)


PACKAGE STRUCTURE

| SONY CODE | QFP-100P-L01 |
| :--- | :---: |
| EIAJ CODE | QFP100-P-1420 |
| JEDEC CODE | - |


| PACKAGE MATERIAL | EPOXY RESIN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LEAD TREATMENT | SOLDER PLATING |
| LEAD MATERIAL | $42 /$ COPPER ALLOY |
| PACKAGE MASS | 1.7 g |


[^0]:    Sony reserves the right to change products and specifications without prior notice. This information does not convey any license by any implication or otherwise under any patents or other right. Application circuits shown, if any, are typical examples illustrating the operation of the devices. Sony cannot assume responsibility for any problems arising out of the use of these circuits.

[^1]:    *1) When the signal is input with the AC coupling capacitor ( $47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) connected to DPG pin.
    $\left.{ }^{*} 2\right)$ The result after measuring the output waveform of amplifier internal low-pass filter or voltage value.

