## Product Description

Stanford Microdevices' SGA-1263 is a Silicon Germanium HBT Heterostructure Bipolar Transistor (SiGe HBT) amplifier that offers excellent isolation and flat gain response for applications to 4 GHz .

This RFIC is a 2 -stage design that provides high isolation of up to 40 dB at 2 GHz and is fabricated using the latest SiGe HBT $50 \mathrm{GHz} \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{T}}$ process, featuring 1 micron emitters with Vceo > 7V.

These unconditionally stable amplifiers have less than 1dB gain drift over $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operating range ( -40 C to +85 C ) and are ideal for use as buffer amplifiers in oscillator applications covering cellular, ISM and narrowband PCS bands.


## SGA-1263

## DC-4000 MHz Silicon Germanium HBT Cascadeable Gain Block



## Product Features

- DC-4000 MHz Operation
- Single Supply Voltage
- Excellent Isolation, >50 dB at 900 MHz
- 50 Ohms In/Out, Broadband Match for Operation from DC-4 GHz
- Unconditionally Stable


## Applications

- Buffer Amplifier for Oscillator Applications
- Broadband Gain Blocks
- IF Amp

| Symbol | Parameters: Test Conditions: $\mathrm{Z}_{0}=50$ Ohms, $\mathrm{Id}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Units | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}_{1 \mathrm{~dB}}$ | Output Power at 1dB Compression | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=850 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=1950 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | dBm dBm |  | $\begin{aligned} & -7.8 \\ & -7.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{21}$ | Small Signal Gain | $\begin{aligned} & f=D C-1000 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=1000-2000 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=2000-4000 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | 14.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 15.9 \\ & 15.2 \\ & 12.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $S_{12}$ | Reverse Isolation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=\mathrm{DC}-1000 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=1000-2000 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=2000-4000 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 56.3 \\ & 40.6 \\ & 30.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $S_{11}$ | Input VSWR | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=\mathrm{DC}-2400 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=2400-4000 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8: 1 \\ & 1.3: 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{22}$ | Output VSWR | $\begin{aligned} & f=D C-2400 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=2400-4000 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8: 1 \\ & 1.9: 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathbb{P}_{3}$ | Third Order Intercept Point Power out per Tone $=-20 \mathrm{dBm}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=850 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=1950 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | dBm dBm |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| NF | Noise Figure | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=\mathrm{DC}-1000 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=1000-2400 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 2.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Group Delay | $\mathrm{f}=1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ | pS |  | 82 |  |
| $V_{D}$ | Device Voltage |  | V | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.1 |

[^0]SGA-1263 DC-4000 MHz 2.8V SiGe Amplifier

| Parameter | Specification |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Typ. | Max. | Unit | Cost |
| Condition |  |  |  |


| Pin \# | Function | Description | Device Schematic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | Connection to ground. Use via holes for best performance to reduce lead inductance as close to ground leads as possible. | $\stackrel{\text { RF IN }}{\rightleftharpoons}$ |
| 2 | GND | Sames as Pin 1 |  |
| 3 | RF IN | RF input pin. This pin requires the use of an external DC blocking capacitor chosen for the frequency of operation. |  |
| 4 | Vcc | Supply Connection. This pin should be bypassed with a suitable capacitor(s). |  |
| 5 | GND | Sames as Pin 1 |  |
| 6 | RF OUT | RF output and bias pin. DC voltage is present on this pin, therefore a DC blocking capacitor is necessary for proper operation. |  |

## Application Schematic for +5 V Operation at 900 MHz

Note: A bias resistor is needed for stability over temperature


## Application Schematic for +5V Operation at 1900 MHz




S11, $\mathrm{Id}=10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}=+25 \mathrm{C}$


Frequency MHz

S12, $\mathrm{Id}=10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}=+25 \mathrm{C}$


Frequency MHz

S22, $I d=10 \mathrm{~mA}, T=+25 \mathrm{C}$


Frequency MHz

## S11, Id=10mA, Ta= +25C



S22, $I d=10 m A, T a=+25 C$


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Frequency MHz

S11, Id =10mA, T=-40C


Frequency MHz


Frequency MHz
$S 22, I d=10 m A, T=-40 C$


S22, $\mathrm{Id}=10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}=-40 \mathrm{C}$


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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Current | 20 | mA |
| Operating Temperature | -40 to +85 | C |
| Maximum Input Power | -12 | dBm |
| Storage Temperature Range | -40 to +85 | C |
| Operating Junction Temperature | +125 | C |

## Caution:

Operation of this device above any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage. Appropriate precautions in handling, packaging and testing devices must be observed.

Part Number Ordering Information

| Part Number | Reel Size | Devices/Reel |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SGA-1263-TR1 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 3000 |


| Recommended Bias Resistor Values |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply <br> Voltage(Vs) | $\mathbf{3 . 6 V}$ | $\mathbf{5 V}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 5 V}$ | $\mathbf{9 V}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 V}$ |
| Rbias <br> (Ohms) | 100 | 275 | 588 | 775 | 1150 |

Thermal Resistance (Lead-Junction):
$255^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$


Package Dimensions

0.10 (0.004)



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