

# THD218DHI

## HIGH VOLTAGE FAST-SWITCHING NPN POWER TRANSISTOR

- STMicroelectronics PREFERRED SALESTYPE
- HIGH VOLTAGE CAPABILITY
- U.L. RECOGNISED ISOWATT218 PACKAGE (U.L. FILE # E81734 (N))
- NPN TRANSISTOR WITH INTEGRATED FREEWHEELING DIODE.

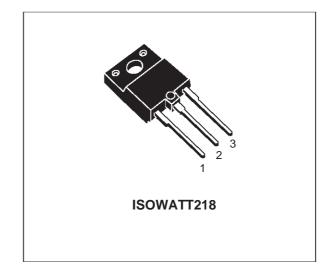
## **APPLICATIONS**

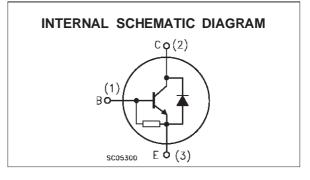
 HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION FOR COLOUR TV

## DESCRIPTION

This devices is manufactured using Multiepitaxial Mesa technology for cost-effective high performance and uses a Hollow Emitter structure to enhance switching speeds.

The THD series is designed for use in horizontal deflection circuits in televisions and monitors.





## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>СВО</sub>	Collector-Base Voltage $(I_E = 0)$	1500	V
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-Emitter Voltage $(I_B = 0)$	700	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-Base Voltage $(I_C = 0)$	10	V
Ιc	Collector Current	7	A
ICM	Collector Peak Current (t <sub>p</sub> < 5 ms)	12	A
I <sub>B</sub>	Base Current	4	A
I <sub>BM</sub>	Base Peak Current (t <sub>p</sub> < 5 ms)	7	A
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Dissipation at $T_c = 25$ °C	50	W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
Tj	Max. Operating Junction Temperature	150	°C

## THERMAL DATA

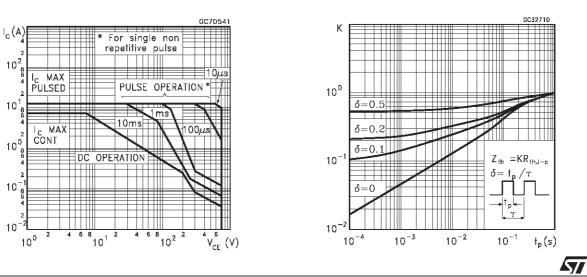
Rthj-case Thermal Resistance	Junction-case	Max	2.5	°C/W	
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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{case} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
ICES	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 1500 V$ $V_{CE} = 1500 V$ $T_j = 125 °C$			0.2 2	mA mA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter Cut-off Current $(I_{C} = 0)$	$V_{EB} = 5 V$			300	mA
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> *	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 4 A I <sub>B</sub> = 1 A			1.5	V
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub> *	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 4 A I <sub>B</sub> = 1 A			1.3	V
h <sub>FE</sub> *	DC Current Gain		5 3.5		10	
ts t <sub>f</sub>	INDUCTIVE LOAD Storage Time Fall Time			4.7 0.48		μs μs
VF	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 4 A			2.5	V

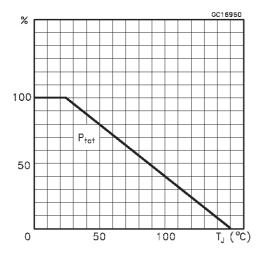
\* Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300 μs, duty cycle 1.5 %

## Safe Operating Area

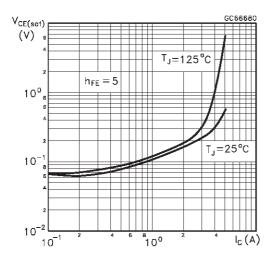


Thermal Impedance

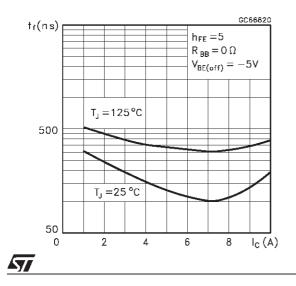
## **Derating Curve**



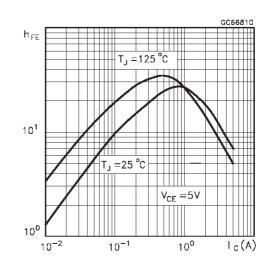
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage



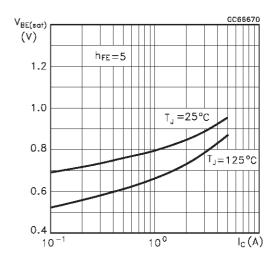
Inductive Fall Timel



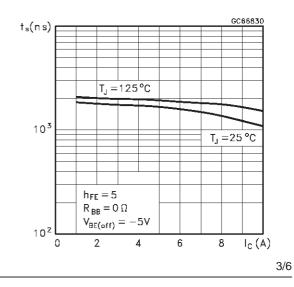
DC Current Gain



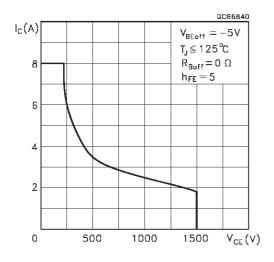
Base Emitter Saturation Voltage







#### **Reverse Biased SOA**



#### **BASE DRIVE INFORMATION**

In order to saturate the power switch and reduce conduction losses, adequate direct base current  $I_{B1}$  has to be provided for the lowest gain  $h_{FE}$  at 100 °C (line scan phase). On the other hand, negative base current  $I_{B2}$  must be provided to turn off the power transistor (retrace phase).

Most of the dissipation, in the deflection application, occurs at switch-off. Therefore it is essential to determine the value of  $I_{B2}$  which minimizes power losses, fall time  $t_f$  and, consequently,  $T_j$ . A new set of curves have been defined to give total power losses,  $t_s$  and  $t_f$  as a function of  $I_{B2}$  at both 16 KHz and 32 KHz scanning frequencies for choosing the optimum negative drive. The test circuit is illustrated in

Figure 1: Inductive Load Switching Test Circuit.

figure 1.

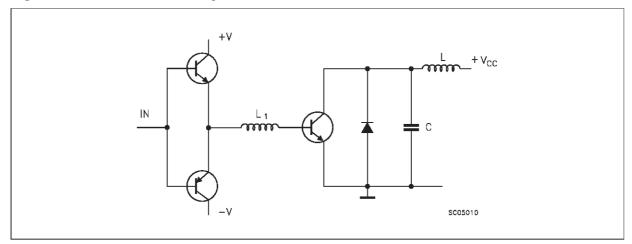
Inductance  $L_1$  serves to control the slope of the negative base current  $I_{B2}$  to recombine the excess carrier in the collector when base current is still present, this would avoid any tailing phenomenon in the collector current.

The values of L and C are calculated from the following equations:

$$\frac{1}{2}L(I_{C})^{2} = \frac{1}{2}C(V_{CEfly})^{2} \qquad \omega = 2\pi f = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

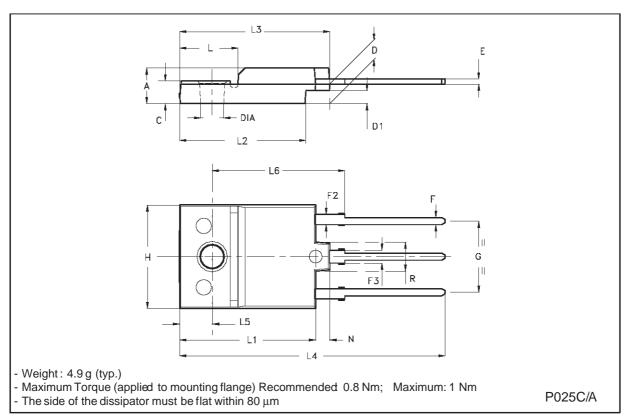
Where  $I_{C}$ = operating collector current,  $V_{CEfly}$ = flyback voltage, f= frequency of oscillation during retrace.

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DIM.	mm		inch			
DIM.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А	5.35		5.65	0.211		0.222
С	3.30		3.80	0.130		0.150
D	2.90		3.10	0.114		0.122
D1	1.88		2.08	0.074		0.082
Е	0.75		0.95	0.030		0.037
F	1.05		1.25	0.041		0.049
F2	1.50		1.70	0.059		0.067
F3	1.90		2.10	0.075		0.083
G	10.80		11.20	0.425		0.441
Н	15.80		16.20	0.622		0.638
L		9			0.354	
L1	20.80		21.20	0.819		0.835
L2	19.10		19.90	0.752		0.783
L3	22.80		23.60	0.898		0.929
L4	40.50		42.50	1.594		1.673
L5	4.85		5.25	0.191		0.207
L6	20.25		20.75	0.797		0.817
Ν	2.1		2.3	0.083		0.091
R		4.6			0.181	
DIA	3.5		3.7	0.138		0.146

## ISOWATT218 MECHANICAL DATA



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