

June 2000

### **Advanced Information**

### DESCRIPTION

The 78P7200L is a line interface transceiver IC for E3, DS3, STS-1, North America T3 and ATM applications. It includes clock recovery and transmitter pulse shaping functions for applications using 75-ohm coaxial cable at distances up to 1100 feet. These applications include DSLAMs, T3/E3 digital multiplexers, SONET Add/Drop multiplexers, PDH equipment, DS3 to Fiber optic and microwave modems and ATM WAN access for routers and switches.

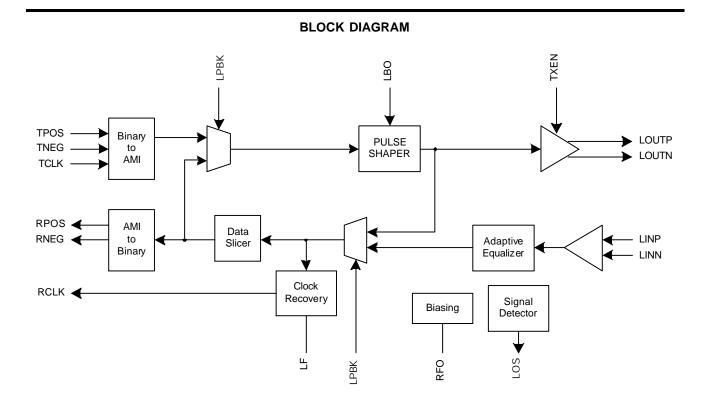
The receiver recovers clock and positive data and negative data from an AMI signal. It can compensate for over 12dB of cable and 6dB of flat loss. The transmitter generates a signal that meets the standard pulse shape requirements.

The 78P7200L is pin and functionally compatible to the 78P7200. It adds loop-back and clock polarity selection.

The 78P7200L is manufactured in an advanced BICMOS process and operates at both 5V and 3.3 V power supply voltages. It consumes less than 95 mA of supply current.

#### FEATURES

- Single chip transmit and receive interface for E3, DS3 and STS-1 applications.
- Interface to 75 ohm coaxial cable over 1100 feet at speeds up to 51.84 Mbps.
- Compliant with ANSI T1.102-1993, Telcordia GR-499-CORE and GR-253-CORE, ITU-T G.703 and G.823 for jitter tolerance.
- Compliant with ATM FORUM af-phy-0034 (E3 public UNI) and af-phy-0054 (DS3 public UNI).
- Easily Interfaced to ATM framer ICs such as PMC 7345, 7346 QJET and 7321.
- Unique clock recovery requires no reference clock or crystal oscillator.
- Receive DS3-high signal
- Includes diagnostic loop-back for AMI and digital signals.
- Pin compatible to 78P7200 and 78P2241 (28-lead PLCC).
- 28-lead PLCC and 48-lead TQFP packages
- 3.3 or 5 V operation, ICC<95mA</li>
- Input circuit works either Transformer or Capacitor coupled



### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 78P7200L is a single chip line interface IC designed to work with a 51.84 Mbit/s STS-1, 44.736 Mbit/s DS3 or 34.368 Mbit/s E3 signal. The receiver recovers clock, positive data and negative data from an Alternate Mark Inversion (AMI) signal. The AMI line input signal should be B3ZS or HDB3 coded.

The transmitter accepts clock, positive, and negative data and converts them into an AMI signal to drive a  $75\Omega$  coaxial cable. The shape of the transmitted signal though any cable length of 0 to 450 feet complies with the published templates of ANSI T1.102-1993, Telcordia TR-NWT-000499 and GR-253-CORE, ITU-T G.703. The 78P7200L is designed to work with B3ZS or HDB3 coded signals. The B3ZS or HDB3 encoding and decoding functions can be included in the framer ICs. The 78P7200L is designed to easily connect to popular ATM framer ICs such as PMC 7345 (SUNI-PDH), PMC 7346 (QJET) and 7321.

#### **OPERATION SPEED**

Internal bias generators that are adjusted by the value of the RFO set the 78P7200L PLL center frequency and Transmitter amplitude for the different standards. The E# pin controls the equalizer response and the transmitter pulse shape and amplitude. The following table shows the proper settings.

STANDARD	RFO VALUE, KW	E# PIN SETTING
E3	6.81	Low
DS3	5.23	High
STS-1	4.53	Float

#### RECEIVER

The receiver input can be either transformer-coupled or capacitor coupled to the AMI signal. In applications where the highest performance and isolation is required, a 1:1 transformer is used on the receiver path. In the applications, where isolation is provided elsewhere in the circuit, an AC coupling can be used. The inputs to the IC are internally referenced to Vcc. Since the input impedance of the 78P7200L is high, the AMI line must be terminated to 75 $\Omega$ . The input signal of the 78P7200L must be limited to a maximum of three consecutive zeros using a coding scheme such as B3ZS or HDB3.

The AMI signal first enters an equalizer and AGC gain stage. The equalizer is designed to overcome intersymbol interference caused by long cables. Because the equalizer is adaptive, the circuit will work with all square shaped signals such as DS3 high or 34 Mbit/s E3. The variable gain differential amplifier maintains a constant voltage level output regardless of the input voltage level. The gain of the amplifier is adjusted by detecting the peak of the signal and comparing it to a fixed reference.

Outputs of the data comparators are connected to the clock recovery circuits. The clock recovery system employs a phase locked loop with an auxiliary frequency-sensitive acquisition loop. This system permits the loop to independently lock to the frequency and phase of the incoming data stream without the need for an external, high precision tuned circuits or reference clock signal.

The jitter tolerance of the 78P7200L meets the requirements of Telcordia GR-499-CORE for Category I equipment for DS3 rates and exceeds the requirements of ITU-T G.823 for E3 rates.

#### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

#### LOSS OF SIGNAL

Should the input signal fall below a minimum value, the loss of signal indication, LOS goes low.

#### TRANSMITTER

The transmitter accepts logic level clock (TCLK), positive data (TPOS) and negative data (TNEG) signals and generates current pulses on the LOUT+ and LOUT- pins. When properly connected to a center-tapped 1:2 transformer, an AMI pulse is generated which can drive a  $75\Omega$  coaxial cable.

When the recommended transformer is used and the E# pin is set high, the transmitted pulse shape at the end of the  $75\Omega$  terminated cable of 0 to 450 feet will fit the DS3 template in ANSI T1.102-1993 and Telcordia GR-499-CORE standard documents.

For STS-1 applications, the transmitted pulse for a short cable meets the requirements of TelcordiaGR-253-CORE. The E# pin should be allowed to float.

For E3 applications, the transmitted pulse for a short cable meets the requirements of ITU-T G.703. The E# pin is to be pulled low.

#### **RCLK/TCLK POLARITY REVERSAL:**

To simplify the interface with framer circuitry, RCLK and TCLK can be inverted with the ICKP pin.

PIN 10	RCLK	TCLK
ICKP		
Low	Normal	Normal
Float	Invert	Invert
High	Normal	Invert

#### LOOP-BACK MODES:

The following loop-back modes allow for the diagnostic test of the PC board. This function is controlled by the LPBK pin.

PIN 40/TQFP PIN 28/PLCC	LOOP-BACK
LPBK	
Low	Local loop-back (LLB)
Float	Remote loop-back (RLB)
High	Normal Operation

#### LOCAL LOOP-BACK:

When LPBK is low, the 78P7200L enters Local loopback. In this mode, the LOUT+/- transmit signals are internally routed to the receiver input circuit. The incoming line receiver AMI signal on LIN+/- is ignored. With the transmitter still tied to the cable, this test mode can indicate a short circuit on the transmitter external components or other problem in the transmit path.

#### **REMOTE LOOP-BACK:**

When LPBK pin is allowed to float, the 78P7200L enters remote loopback mode. The RPOS/RNEG and RCLK pins are internally tied to the TPOS/TNEG and TCLK so the same AMI signal that is received by the framer is transmitted back to the far end where a bit continuity test can be performed.

#### LINE BUILD-OUT:

The Line Build-Out function controls the amplitude in DS3 and STS-1 mode. The selection of LBO depends on the amount of cable the transmitter is connected to. When used with less than 225 ft of cable the LBO pin should be pulled high. With 225ft or more cable the LBO pin should be low.

NAME	PIN	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
	TQFP	PLCC		
LIN+	42	1	I	Line Input: Differential AMI inputs to the chip. Should be
LIN-	44	3		transformer coupled and terminated at 75-ohm resistor.
RCLK	33	23	0	Receive Clock: Recovered receive clock.
RPOS/ RNRZ	35	25	0	Receive Positive Data / NRZ Data: This pin indicates reception of a positive AMI pulse on the coax cable.
RNEG	34	24	0	Receive Negative Data: This pin indicates reception of a negative AMI pulse on the coax.
LOS	39	27	0	Loss of Signal: logic low indicates that receiver signal (LIN±) is below the threshold level RPOS and RNEG are forced low when LOS=0.
LOUT+	9	9	0	Line Out: Differential AMI Output. Requires a 2:1 center
LOUT-	11	11		tapped transformer and $301\Omega$ resistor.
TCLK	18	16	I	Transmitter Clock Input: This signal is used to latch the TPOS/TNRZ and TNEG signals into the 78P7200L.
TPOS/ TNRZ	16	14	1	Transmit Positive Data / Transmit NRZ: A logic one on this pin generates a positive AMI pulse on the coax. This pin should not be high at the same time that TNEG is high.
TNEG	17	15	I	Transmit Negative Data: A logic one on this pin generates a negative AMI pulse on the coax. This pin should not be high at the same time that TPOS/TNRZ is high.
LBO	13	12	I	Line Build-Out, Transmitter: Logic low used with 225ft or more of cable is used on transmit path. Logic high used with less than 225ft of cable.
E#	15	13	13	DS3, E3 and STS-1 Select: Set low for E# applications. Set high for DS3, allow to float for STS-1 operation. Formerly OPT! on the 78P7200.
TXEN	22	18	I	Transmitter Enable: When high, enables transmitter. When low, tri-states transmitter drivers, LOUT±. This pin was called OPT <sup>@</sup> on 78P7200.
ICKP	10	10	13	Invert Clock Polarity: When low, the polarities of RCLK and TCLK are the same as those on the 78P7200. When set high, the polarity of TCLK is inverted. When allowed to float, the polarities of both RCLK and TCLK are inverted.
LPBK	40	28	13	Loop-back Select: When high, neither loop-back is activated. When allowed to float RPOS, RNEG and RCLK are looped back onto TPOS, TNEG and TCLK. When low, LOUT± is looped back onto LIN±.
VCC	5,6,20, 21,37,38	7,17,26	Р	Power Supply.
N/C	27, 28	20, 21		No Connect

### PIN DESCRIPTION: THE 28-PIN PLCC IS COMPATIBLE WITH 78P7200 AND 78P2241

### PIN DESCRIPTION: THE 28-PIN PLCC IS COMPATIBLE WITH 78P7200 AND 78P2241(continued)

NAME	PIN	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
	TQFP	PLCC		
GND	1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 12, 14, 19, 23, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48	2, 4, 6, 8, 22	Ρ	Ground. Connecting all ground pins to a common ground plane is recommended.
RFO	2	5	-	A resistor to GND sets the operational speed of the chip. RFO= 5.23K for DS3, RFO=6.81K for E3 and RFO=4.53K for STS-1.
LF1	26	19	-	Receiver PLL filter capacitor.

Note 1: Pin type: I-input; I3-three level logic input; O-output; P-power supply. Advanced Data sheet pin assignment and functions are subject to change.

### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operation beyond these maximums rating may permanently damage the device.

PARAMETER	RATING
Positive supply, VCC	6V
Storage temperature	-65 to 150
Ambient operating temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Output Pin Voltage (LOUT+, LOUT-) Input Pin Voltage (LIN+, LIN-)	VCC -2 to VCC +2 V
Input pin voltage, all other pins	VCC+0.3 to GND-0.3 V

### DC CHARACTERISTICS: Ta = -40° to +85°C; positive supply voltage = 5V ±0.5V or 3.3V±0.3V

PARAMETER	ΡΙΝ ΤΥΡΕ	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply current I <sub>CC</sub>		Transmit and receive all ones, VCC=5V or 3.3V		70	95	mA
Supply current I <sub>CC</sub>		transmitter disabled, TXEN=0		35		mA
V <sub>IL</sub>	I				0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	I		2.0			V
կ <sub>L</sub> , կ <sub>H</sub>	I		-10		+10	uA
V <sub>IL3</sub>	13				0.5	V
Z <sub>IM3</sub>	13	Input Floating	8	10	20	kΩ
V <sub>IH3</sub>	13		VCC-0.5			V
I <sub>IL3</sub> , I <sub>IH3</sub>	13		-100		+100	uA
V <sub>OL</sub>	0	IOL=-0.1mA			0.5	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	0	IOL=+0.1mA	VCC-0.5			V

PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Peak Differential Input Amplitude, LIN+, LIN-	See Note 2	104		1200	mVpk
Bit Error Ratio in the presence of an Interfering Signal at Receive Input	Interfering signal power 20dB below E3 signal power. Both are PRBS23 (2 <sup>23</sup> -1) patterns.		10 <sup>-9</sup>		
RCLK rise/fall time TRCT		2		4	ns
RCLK period, TRCF			29.10		ns
RCLK clock duty cycle		45		55	%
RCLK pulse width TRC			14.55		ns
RPOS/RNEG data setup time TRDPS	CL=15 pF	7			ns
RPOS/RNEG data hold time TRDPH	CL=15 pF	7			

#### E3 – receiver (RFO = 6.81kW, E# is set low), receiver is transformer-coupled.

Note 2: 104 mVpk equals 950 mVpk at the source with 1100 feet of cable (13.2dB loss).

# DS3/STS-1 RECEIVER (RFO = 5.23KW FOR DS3 AND 4.53KW FOR STS-1, E# PIN IS SET HIGH OR ALLOWED TO FLOAT), INPUT IS TRANSFORMER COUPLED

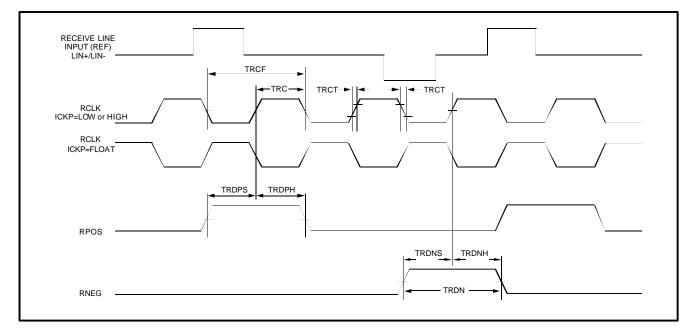
PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Peak Differential Input Amplitude, LIN+ and LIN- (see Note 3)	Signal at DSX is 360-850mVP (see Note 4)	90		850	mVP
Peak Differential Input Amplitude, LIN+ and LIN-	DS3 HIGH (see Note 5)	90		1200	mVP
Bit Error Ratio in the presence of an Interfering Signal (IS) at LIN+,LIN-	IS is a sinusoidal tone, 22.368 MHz for DS3 or 25.92MHz for STS-1. Data is a PRBS15 (2 <sup>15</sup> -1) pattern. IS power is 10dB below data signal power.		10 <sup>-9</sup>		
RCLK rise/fall time TRCT	Cl=25pf		5		ns
RCLK period <i>TRCF</i>	DS3 STS-1		22.35 19.29		ns
RCLK pulse width TRC	DS3 STS-1		12.24 9.65		ns
RPOS/RNEG data setup time TRDPS	CL=15 pF	7			ns
RPOS/RNEG data hold time TRPDH	CL=15 pF	7			ns

Note 3: Signal source should meet DS3 template of ANSI-T102.1993 Figure 4 and STS-1 template of ANSI-T102.1993 Figure 5, Loss characteristics of the WE728A or RG 59B cable should be better than Figure C2 of ANSI-T102.1993.

Note 4: Receiver can handle up to 450 feet of cable loss (5.5dB) from the DSX cross-connect.

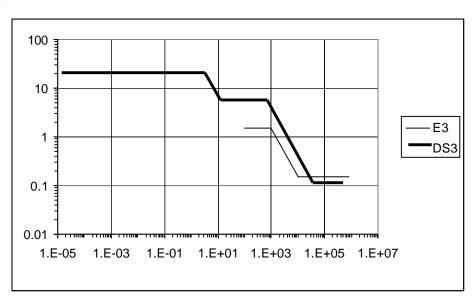
Note 5: Case where test signal is fed directly into receiver with fast rise times violates DS3 template and normal maximum. Interfering signal performance is not guaranteed in the presence of DS3 High at the input.

### TIMING DIAGRAM: RECEIVE WAVEFORMS (E3/DS3/STS-1)



#### **RECEIVER JITTER TOLERANCE**

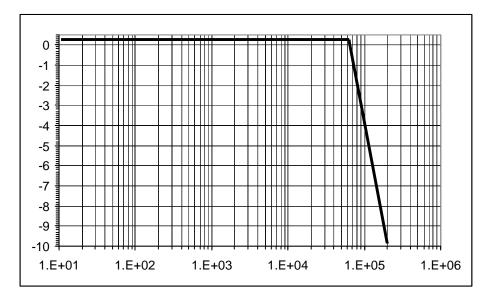
E3 and DS3 jitter tolerance specifications are in ITU-T G.823 and G.824. The test condition can be found in ITU-T O.171. The E3 specification is the tighter of the two for frequencies greater than 20 kHz. Receive jitter tolerance is not tested during production test.



PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Receiver Jitter Tolerance	12µHz to 2.78 Hz	18			UI
	10Hz to 600Hz	5			
	20 kHz to 800 kHz	0.15			

#### **RECEIVER JITTER TRANSFER FUNCTION**

The receiver clock recovery loop filter characteristics are such that the receiver has the following transfer function. The corner frequency of the PLL is approximately 50 kHz. Receiver jitter transfer function is not tested during production test.



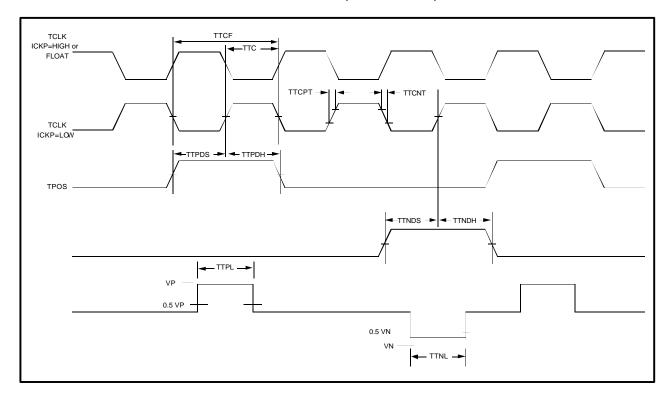
PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Receiver Jitter transfer function	below 59.6 kHz			0.1	dB
Jitter transfer function roll-off			20		dB per decade

PARAMETER	CONDITION (SEE TIMING DIAGRAM)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Transmitter amplitude	LOUT+ and LOUT-	950	1000	1050	mVP
Transmitter Amplitude Mismatch	Ratio of amplitudes of positive and negative pulses measured at pulse centers	0.95		1.05	
Transmitter width mismatch TTPL/TTHL	Ratio of widths of positive and negative pulses measured at pulse half amplitude	0.95		1.05	
Transmitter Pulse width TTPL, TTPN	LOUT+ and LOUT-		14.55		ns
Transmitter clock duty cycle, TTC/TTCF		40		60	%
Transmitter clock period TTCF			29.10		ns
Transmitter clock pulse width , TTC			14.55		ns
Transmitter clock transition time, Rising and falling <i>CPTT/CNTT</i>		0.8	3	5	ns
Data setup time TTDRS		2.5			ns
Data hold time TTDHS		2.5			ns

### E3 – TRANSMITTER (RFO = 6.81KW, E# = LOW)

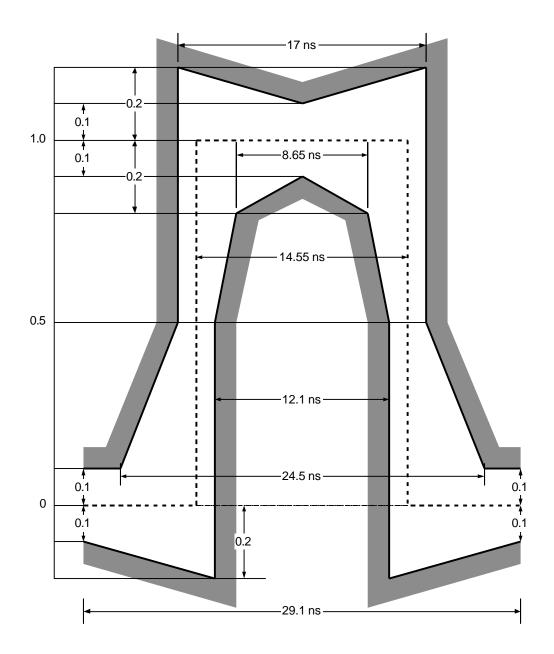
### DS3/STS-1 TRANSMITTER (E # = High)

PARAMETER		CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Transmitter Amplitude		LOUT+ and LOUT-	750	800	850	mVP
Transmitter Amplitude Mismatch		Ratio of amplitudes of positive and negative pulses measured at pulse peaks.	0.9		1.1	
Transmitter power		DS3 only - All ones, 3kHz	-1.8		+5.7	dBm
At 22.368 MHz		bandwidth				
Transmitter power		DS3 only - All ones, 3kHz	-21.8		-14.3	dBm
At 44.736 MHz		bandwidth				
Transmitter clock duty cycle, TTC/TTCF			40		60	%
Transmitter clock period TTCF		DS3		22.35		ns
Transmitter clock period TTCF		STS-1		19.29		ns
Data setup time TTPDS			2.5			ns
Data hold time TTPDH			2.5			ns
Transmitter clock transition time, Rising and falling <i>TTCPT,TTCNT</i>			0.8	2	4	ns

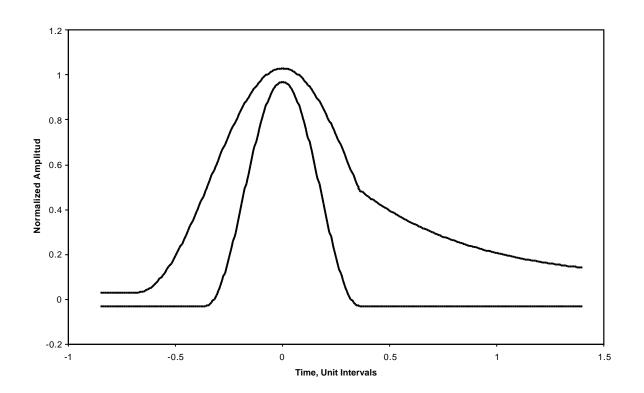


### TIMINGING DIAGRAM: TRANSMITTER WAVEFORMS (E3/DS3/STS-1)

#### E3 TRANSMIT TEMPLATE

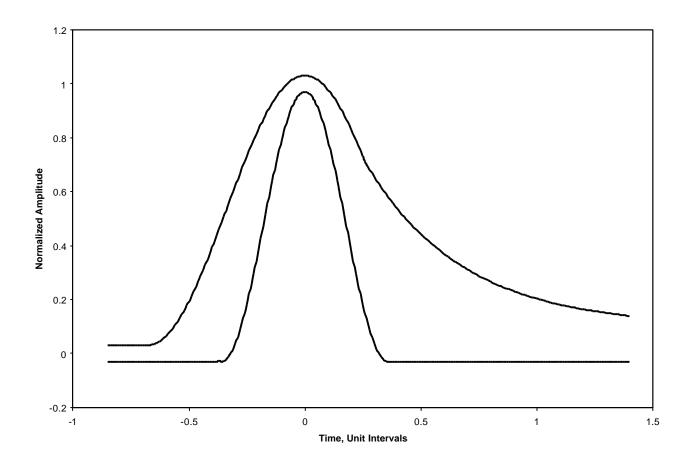


### DS3 TRANSMIT PULSE TEMPLATE



TIME AXIS RANGE (UI)	NORMALIZED AMPLITUDE EQUATION		
UPPER CURVE			
-0.85 ≤ T ≤ -0.68	0.03		
-0.68 <u>≤</u> T <u>≤</u> 0.36	0.03 + 0.5{1+sin[(pi/2)(1+T/0.34)]}		
$0.36 \le T \le 1.4$	0.08+0.407 e <sup>-1.84(T-0.36)</sup>		
LOWER CURVE			
-0.85 <u>≤</u> T <u>≤</u> -0.36	-0.03		
0.36 ≤ T ≤ 0.36	-0.03 + 0.5{1+sin[(pi/2)(1 + T/0.18)]}		
$0.36 \le T \le 1.4$	-0.03		

### STS-1 TRANSMIT PULSE TEMPLATE

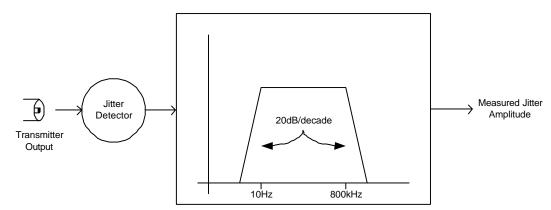


### STS-1 (Transmit template specs)

TIME AXIS RANGE (T)	NORMALIZED AMPLITUDE EQUATION (A)		
UPPER CURVE			
-0.85 <u>≤</u> T <u>≤</u> -0.68	0.03		
-0.68 ≤ T ≤ 0.26	0.03 + 0.5{1+sin[(pi/2)(1+T/0.34)]}		
$0.26 \le T \le 1.4$	0.1+0.61 e <sup>-2.4(T-0.26)</sup>		
LOWER CURVE			
-0.85 ≤ T ≤ -0.38	-0.03		
-0.38 ≤ T ≤ 0.36	-0.03 + 0.5{1+sin[(pi/2)(1 + T/0.18)]}		
0.36 <u>≤</u> T <u>≤</u> 1.4	-0.03		

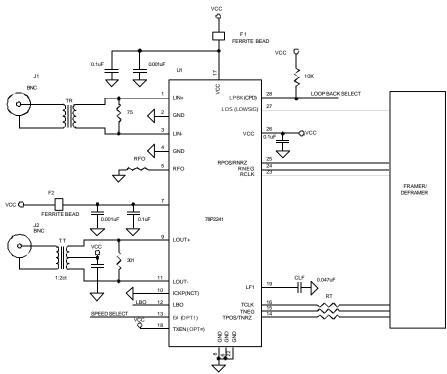
#### TRANSMITTER OUTPUT JITTER

The transmit jitter specification ensures compliance with ITU-T G.823 and G.824, and ANSI T1.102-1993 for all supported rates. Transmit output jitter is not tested during production test.



PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Transmitter Output Jitter	10 Hz to 800 kHz			0.1	UI

#### E3/DS3/STS-1 EXAMPLE CIRCUIT



Note 6: Pin names in () denote pin names from 78P7200. Pin numbers refer to 28 PLCC package. Default settings used to simulate 78P7200.

Note 7: Resistors on TCLK, TNEG, TPOS are optional but recommended. Clock pulse shapes at the inputs to the 78P7200L are dependent on board layout and will dictate the need for such added resistors.

Note 8. Adding a series Ferrite Bead on VCC pins may be required for some pc board layout.

#### EXTERNAL COMPONENTS (COMMON TO E3/DS3/STS-1)

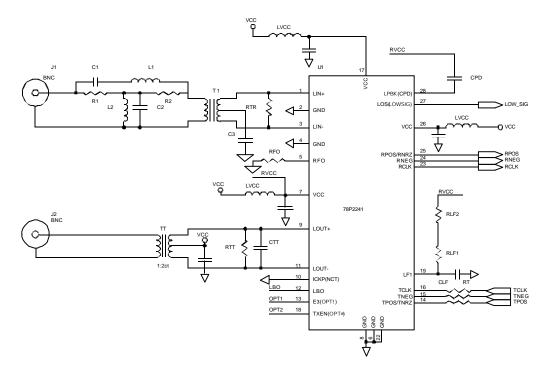
COMPONENT		TOLERANCE	VALUE	UNIT
Receiver Termination Resistor	RTR	1%	75	Ω
Receiver Transformer Turns Ratio	TR	3%	1:1	
Transmitter Termination Resistor	RTT	1%	301	Ω
Transmitter Transformer Turns Ratio	TT	3%	1:2ct	

#### **EXTERNAL COMPONENTS (DEPENDANT ON SPEED, NOMINAL VALUE)**

COMPONENT		TOLERANCE	STS-1	DS3	E3	UNIT
Loop Filter Capacitor	CLF	10%	0.047	0.047	0.047	μF
Bias Resistor	RFO	1%	4.53	5.23	6.81	kΩ

Note 9: Advanced Data sheet pin assignment, functions and external component values are subject to change.

### 78P7200L REPLACEMENT FOR EXISTING 78P7200 DESIGNS

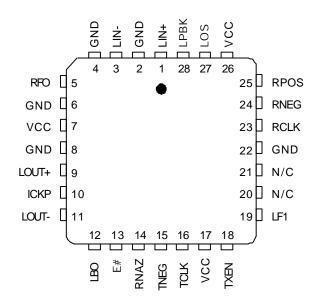


### COMPONENT VARIATION FOR EXISTING 78P7200 DESIGNS

	COMPONENT	78P7200		78P7200L
INPUT FILTER	R1,R2	75Ω		SHORT (0Ω)
	C2	82p		NOT INSTALLED
	L2	6.8u		NOT INSTALLED
	L1	0.47u		NOT INSTALLED
	C1	1000p		NOT INSTALLED
	C3	0.01		NOT INSTALLED
	T1	1:2		1:1
	RTR	422Ω		75Ω
	CPD	0.22u		SHORT (0Ω)
PLL FILTER	RLF2	100kΩ		NOT INSTALLED
	RLF1	6.04kΩ		NOT INSTALLED
	CLF1	0.22u		0.047u
TRANSMITTER	RTT	DS3	301Ω	301Ω
		E3	604Ω	301Ω
	CTT	DS3	5-15pF	NOT INSTALLED
		E3	3pF	NOT INSTALLED
POWER SUPPLY	LVCC	4.7uH		SHORT (0 $\Omega$ ) or Ferrite Bead

# PACKAGE PIN DESIGNATIONS (Top View)

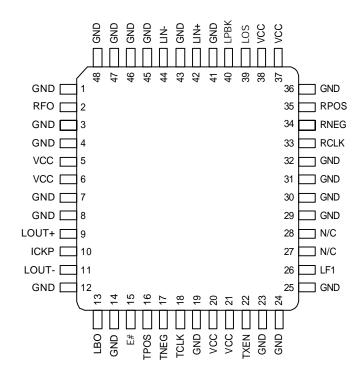
**CAUTION:** Use handling procedures necessary for a static sensitive component.



28-Pin PLCC (Not drop-in compatible to 78P7200)

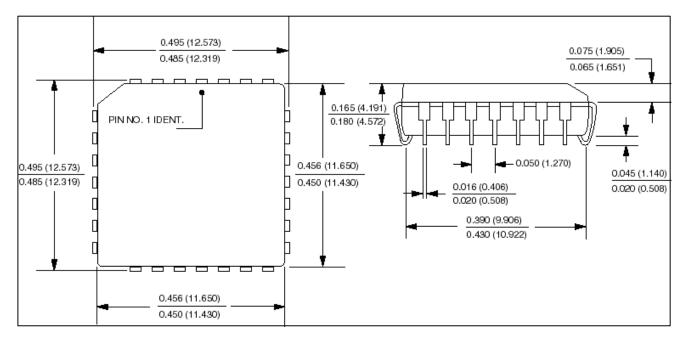
# PACKAGE PIN DESIGNATIONS (Top View)

**CAUTION:** Use handling procedures necessary for a static sensitive component.

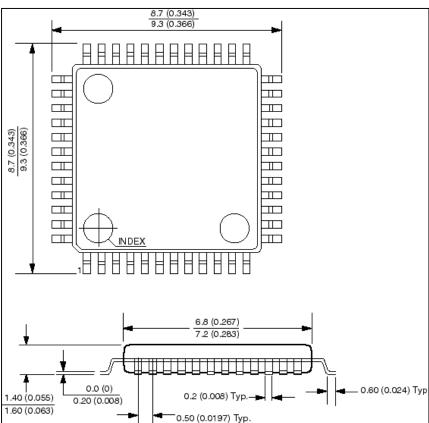


**48-PIN TQFP** (Not drop-in compatible to 78P7200)

# MECHANICAL DRAWING 28-Pin PLCC



#### MECHANICAL DRAWING 48-Pin TQFP



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART DESCRIPTION	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE MARK
28-pin PLCC	78P7200L-IH	78P7200L-IH
48-pin TQFP	78P7200L-IGT	78P7200L-IGT

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