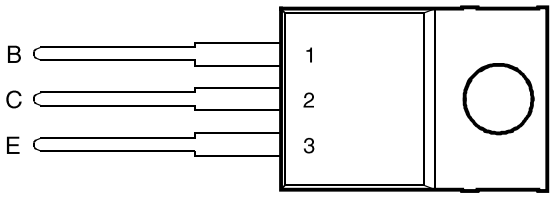
BULD125KC
NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR WITH INTEGRATED DIODE

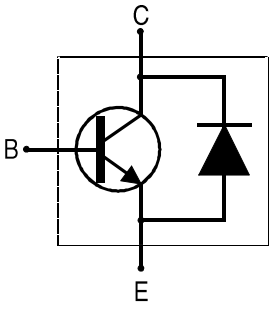
- **Designed Specifically for High Frequency Electronic Ballasts**
- **Integrated Fast t_{rr} Anti-Parallel Diode, Enhancing Reliability**
- **Diode t_{rr} Typically 1 µs**
- **Tightly Controlled Transistor Storage Times**
- **Voltage Matched Integrated Transistor and Diode**
- **Characteristics Optimised for Cool Running**
- **Diode-Transistor Charge Coupling Minimised to Enhance Frequency Stability**

TO-220 PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

device symbo l



description

The new BULDxx range of transistors have been designed specifically for use in High Frequency Electronic Ballasts (HFEB's). This range of switching transistors has tightly controlled storage times and an integrated fast t_{rr} anti-parallel diode. The revolutionary design ensures that the diode has both fast forward and reverse recovery times, achieving the same performance as a discrete anti-parallel diode plus transistor. The integrated diode has minimal charge coupling with the transistor, increasing frequency stability, especially in lower power circuits where the circulating currents are low. By design, this new device offers a voltage matched integrated transistor and anti-parallel diode.

absolute maximum ratings at 25˚C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Collector-emitter voltage (V_{BE} = 0)	V_{CES}	600	V
Collector-base voltage (I_E = 0)	V_{CBO}	600	V
Collector-emitter voltage (I_B = 0)	V_{CEO}	400	V
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	9	V
Continuous collector current	I_C	8	A
Peak collector current (see Note 1)	I_{CM}	12	A
Continuous base current	I_B	4	A
Peak base current (see Note 1)	I_{BM}	6	A
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25˚C case temperature	P_{tot}	85	W
Maximum average continuous diode forward current at (or below) 25˚C case temperature	$I_{E(av)}$	0.5	A
Operating junction temperature range	T_j	-65 to +150	˚C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	˚C

NOTE 1: This value applies for t_p = 10 ms, duty cycle ≤ 2%.

electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage	I_C = 100 mA	L = 25 mH	(see Note 3)	400			V
I_{CES}	Collector-emitter cut-off current	V_{CE} = 700 V V_{CE} = 700 V	V_{BE} = 0 V_{BE} = 0	 T_C = 90°C			10 200	µA
I_{EBO}	Emitter cut-off current	V_{EB} = 9 V	I_C = 0				1	mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	I_B = 400 mA I_B = 400 mA	I_C = 2 A I_C = 2 A	(see Notes 4 and 5) T_C = 90°C		0.94 0.86	1	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	I_B = 400 mA I_B = 400 mA	I_C = 2 A I_C = 2 A	(see Notes 4 and 5) T_C = 90°C		0.25 0.3	0.4	V
h_{FE}	Forward current transfer ratio	V_{CE} = 1 V V_{CE} = 1 V V_{CE} = 5 V	I_C = 10 mA I_C = 2 A I_C = 8 A		10 6 2	16.5 12 6.5	 22 14	
V_{FCB}	Collector-base forward bias diode voltage	I_{CB} = 60 mA				850		mV

NOTES: 3. Inductive loop switching measurement.
4. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques, t_p = 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2%.
5. These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts, and located within 3.2 mm from the device body.

thermal characteristics

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to free air thermal resistance			62.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to case thermal resistance			1.66	°C/W

inductive-load switching characteristics at 25°C case temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{sv}	Storage time	I_C = 2 A L = 1 mH	$I_{B(on)}$ = 400 mA $I_{B(off)}$ = 800 mA	V_{CC} = 40 V V_{CLAMP} = 300 V		2.2	3	µs
t_{fi}	Current fall time					95	180	ns
t_{xo}	Cross over time					210	300	ns
t_{sv}	Storage time	I_C = 2 A L = 1 mH	$I_{B(on)}$ = 400 mA $I_{B(off)}$ = 250 mA	V_{CC} = 40 V V_{CLAMP} = 300 V		4	6	µs
t_{fi}	Current fall time					120	230	ns

resistive-load switching characteristics at 25°C case temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{sv}	Storage time	I_C = 2 A	$I_{B(on)}$ = 400 mA		2.2	3	µs
t_{fi}	Current fall time	V_{CC} = 300 V	$I_{B(off)}$ = 400 mA		160	250	ns

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

FORWARD CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO
vs
COLLECTOR CURRENT

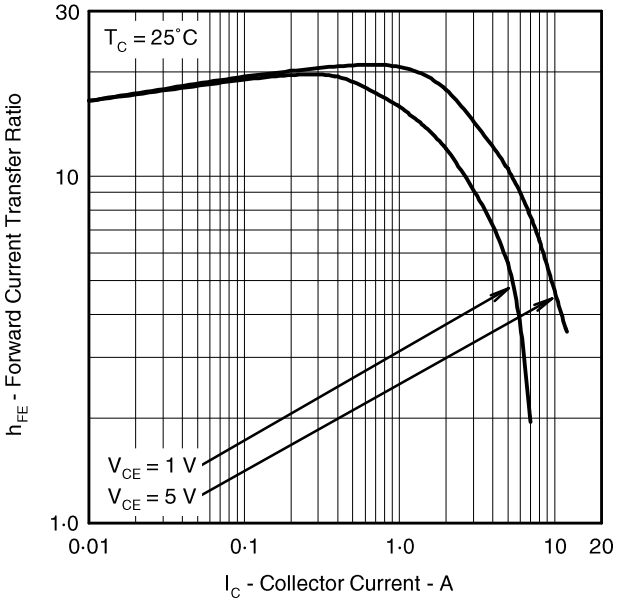


Figure 1.

COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE
vs
COLLECTOR CURRENT

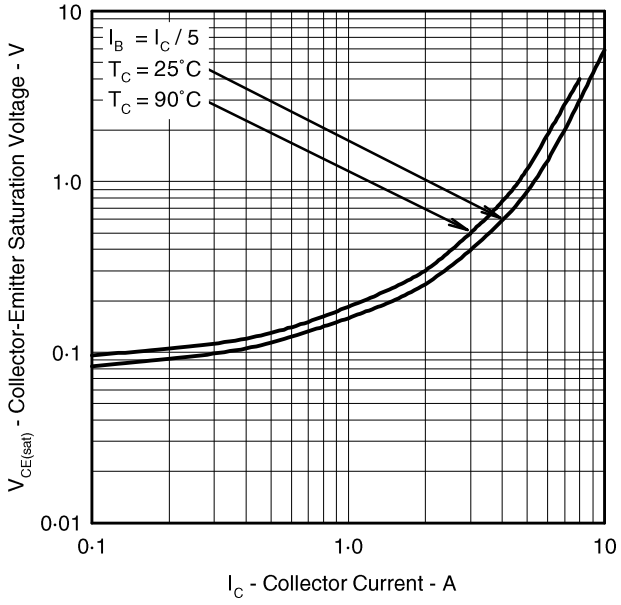


Figure 2.

INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TIMES
vs
COLLECTOR CURRENT

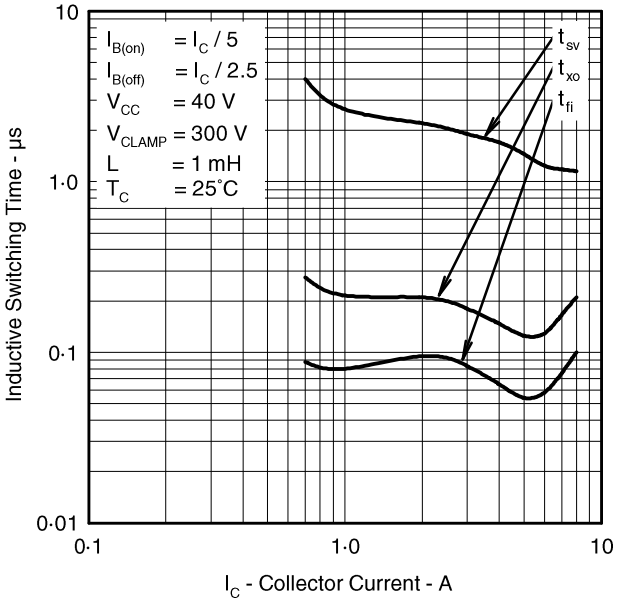


Figure 3.

INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TIMES
vs
CASE TEMPERATURE

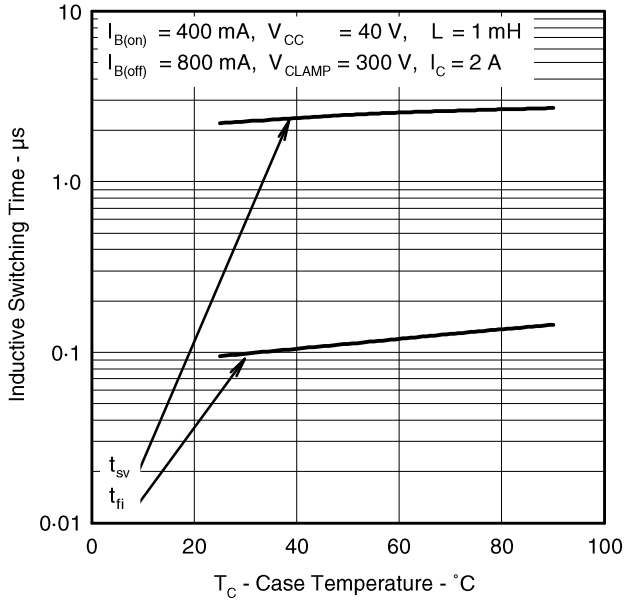


Figure 4.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TIMES
vs
COLLECTOR CURRENT

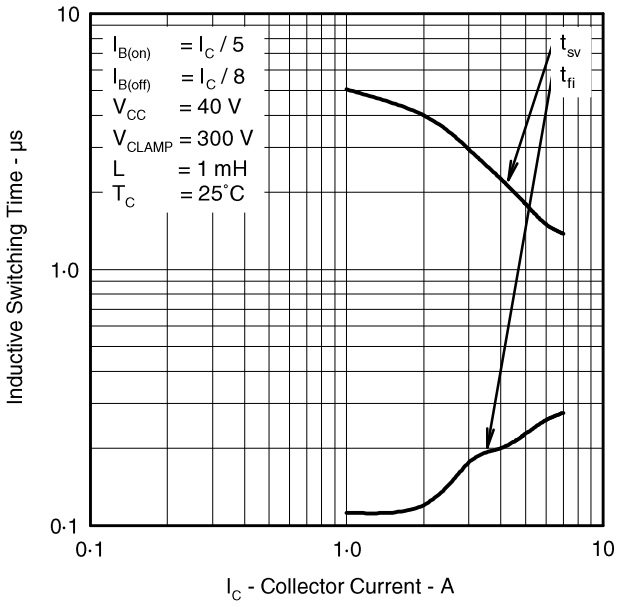


Figure 5.

INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TIMES
vs
CASE TEMPERATURE

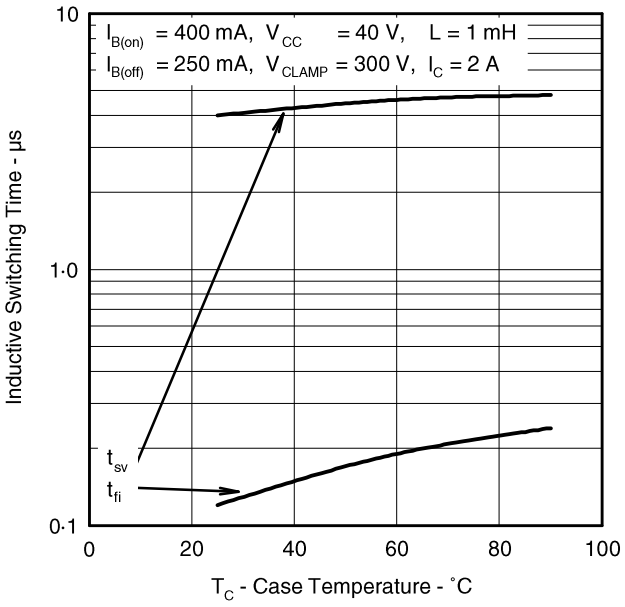


Figure 6.

RESISTIVE SWITCHING TIMES
vs
COLLECTOR CURRENT

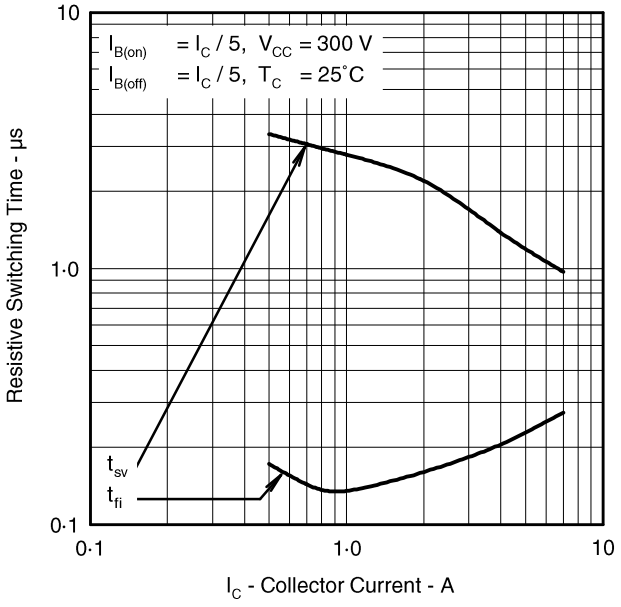


Figure 7.

RESISTIVE SWITCHING TIMES
vs
CASE TEMPERATURE

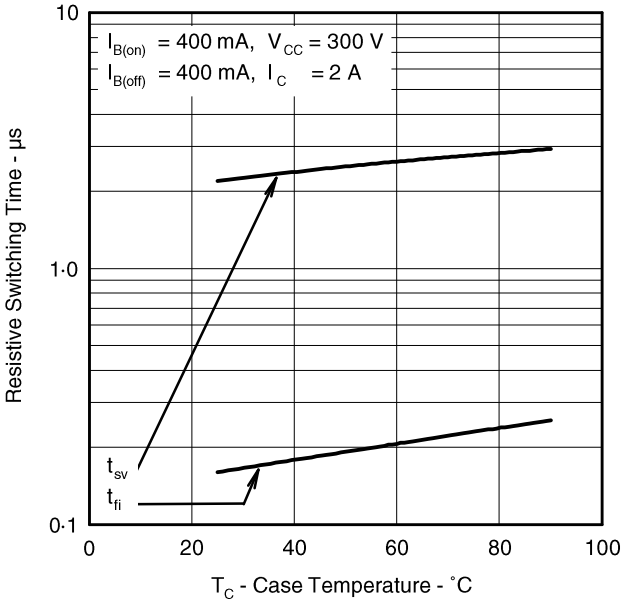


Figure 8.

MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING REGIONS

MAXIMUM FORWARD-BIAS
SAFE OPERATING AREA

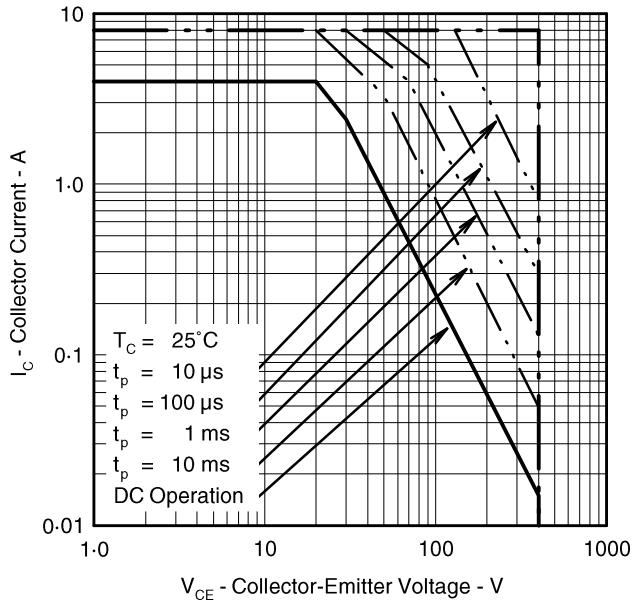


Figure 9.

MAXIMUM REVERSE-BIAS
SAFE OPERATING AREA

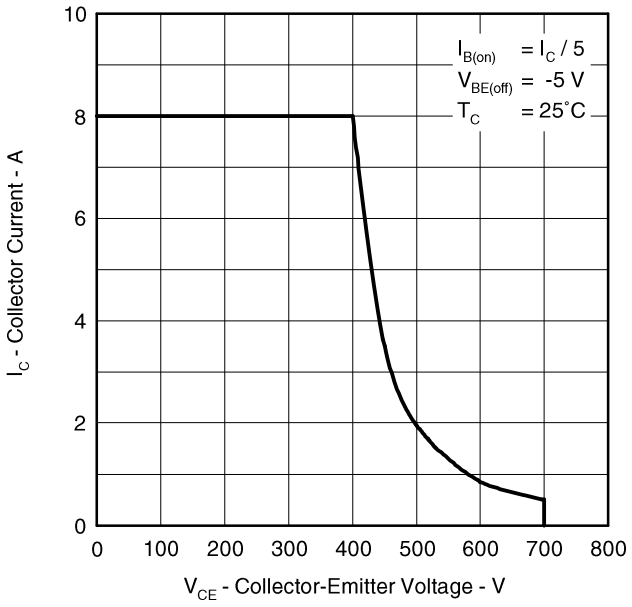


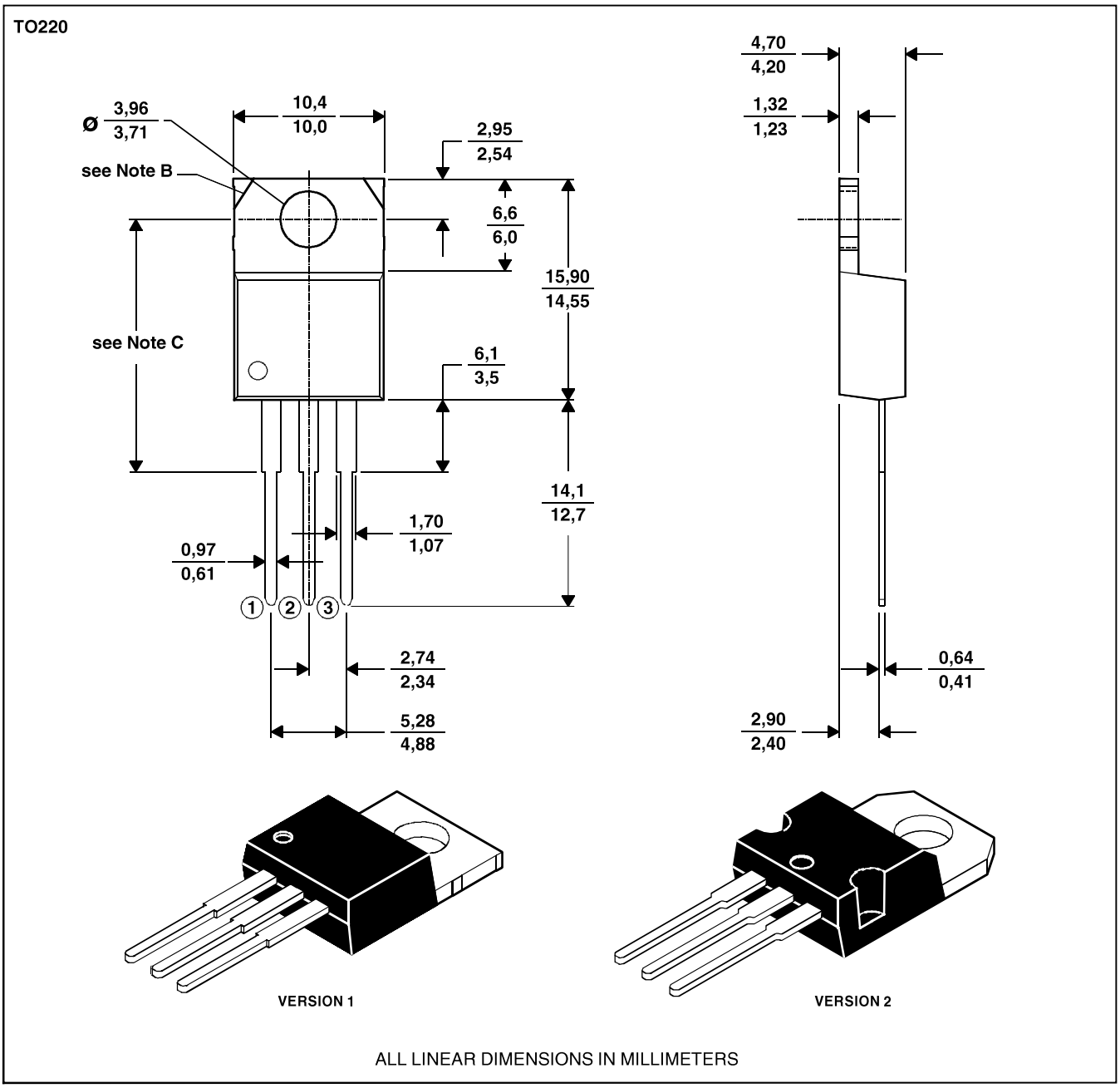
Figure 10.

MECHANICAL DATA

TO-220

3-pin plastic flange-mount package

This single-in-line package consists of a circuit mounted on a lead frame and encapsulated within a plastic compound. The compound will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation, and circuit performance characteristics will remain stable when operated in high humidity conditions. Leads require no additional cleaning or processing when used in soldered assembly.



NOTES: A. The centre pin is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.
B. Mounting tab corner profile according to package version.
C. Typical fixing hole centre stand off height according to package version.
Version 1, 18.0 mm. Version 2, 17.6 mm.