SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

DW PACKAGE **TTL-Compatible Inputs** (TOP VIEW) • **CCD-Compatible Outputs Full-Frame Operation** SELOOUT [20 🛛 V_{SS} **Frame-Transfer Operation** 19 SEL0 GND [2 Solid-State Reliability PD 18 🛛 NC 3 SRG3IN [Vcc 17 **Adjustable Clock Levels** 4 16 SRG3OUT SRG2IN 5 15 SRG2OUT description SRG1IN [6 14 SRG10UT TRGIN [7 The SN28846 serial driver is a monolithic CMOS 13 TRGOUT NC [8 integrated circuit designed to drive the serial-reg-SEL1OUT 12 Vcc 9 ister gate (SRGn) and transfer-gate (TRG) inputs SEL1 11 VSS 10 of the Texas Instruments (TI™) virtual-phase CCD

image sensors. The SN28846 interfaces a

NC - No internal connection

user-defined timing generator to the CCD image sensor; it receives TTL signals from the timing generator and outputs level-shifted signals to the image sensor. The SN28846 contains three noninverting serial-gate drivers and one noninverting transfer-gate driver.

The voltage levels on SRG10UT, SRG20UT, SRG30UT, and TRG0UT are controlled by the levels on VSS and V_{CC} . The propagation delays for these outputs are controlled by SEL0 and SEL1. The \overline{PD} , SRG1IN, SRG2IN, SRG3IN, and TRGIN are TTL compatible.

A high level on PD allows the SN28846 to operate normally with the level-shifted outputs following the inputs. When \overline{PD} is low, the device is in a low power-consumption mode and all outputs are at V_{CC}.

The SN28846 is available in a 20-pin surface-mount package and is characterized for operation from -20°C to 45°C.



This device contains circuits to protect its inputs and outputs against damage due to high static voltages or electrostatic fields. These circuits have been qualified to protect this device against electrostatic discharges (ESD) of up to 2 kV according to MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015; however, precautions should be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum-rated voltages to these high-impedance circuits. During storage or handling, the device leads should be shorted together or the device should be placed in conductive foam. In a circuit, unused inputs should always be connected to an appropriated logic voltage level, preferably either V_{CC} or ground.

Specific guidelines for handling devices of this type are contained in the publication Guidelines for Handling Electrostatic-Discharge-Sensitive (ESDS) Devices and Assemblies available from Texas Instruments.

TI is a trademark of Texas Instruments Incorporated.

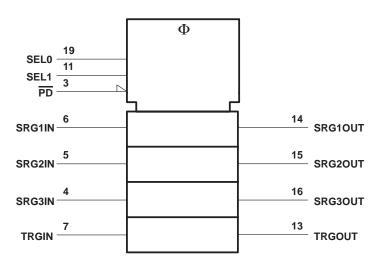
PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



Copyright © 1991, Texas Instruments Incorporated

SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

logic symbol[†]



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

TERMINAL		1/0	DECODIDITION	
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
GND	2		Ground	
NC [‡]	8		No connect	
NC‡	18		No connect	
PD	3	I	Power down	
SEL0	19	I	Propagation delay mode select	
SEL1	11	I	Propagation delay mode select	
SEL0OUT	1	0	Test pin (factory use only)	
SEL1OUT	9	0	Test pin (factory use only)	
SRG1IN	6	I	Serial-register gate 1 in	
SRG2IN	5	I	Serial-register gate 2 in	
SRG3IN	4	I	Serial-register gate 3 in	
SRG10UT	14	0	Serial-register gate 1 out	
SRG2OUT	15	0	Serial-register gate 2 out	
SRG3OUT	16	0	Serial-register gate 3 out	
TRGIN	7	I	Transfer gate in	
TRGOUT	13	0	Transfer gate out	
Vcc‡	12	I	Positive supply voltage	
Vcc‡	17	I	Positive supply voltage	
V _{SS} ‡	10	I	Negative supply voltage	
V _{SS} ‡	20	I	Negative supply voltage	

Terminal Functions

[‡] All terminals of the same name should be connected together externally.



SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Positive supply voltage, V_{CC} (see Note 1) Negative supply voltage, V_{SS} (see Note 2) Input voltage range: SEL0 and SEL1 Other inputs Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) $T_A \le 25^{\circ}C$: Unmounted device (see Figure 1) Operating free-air temperature range Note: Table	-11.1 V SS to V _{CC} 0 to 5.5 V 825 mW 1150 mW
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A – 20°C	C to 45°C
Storage temperature range, T _{STG} – 55°C	to 125°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	. 260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to the GND terminal.

2. The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) value is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for voltage levels only.

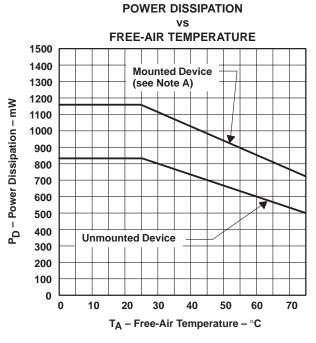


Figure 1

NOTE A: The mounted-device derating curve of Figure 1 is obtained under the following conditions: The board is 50 mm by 50 mm by 1.6 mm thick.

The board material is glass epoxy.

The copper thickness of all the etch runs is 35 microns.

Etch run dimensions – All 20 etch runs are 0.4 mm by 22 mm.

Each chip is soldered to the board.

An aluminum cooling fin 10 mm by 10 mm by 1 mm thick is coupled to the chip with thermal paste.



SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Positive supply voltage, V _{CC}			1.5	3	V
Negative supply voltage, VSS (see Note 2)		-11.1	-10.4	-9.7	v
	SRG1IN, SRG2IN, SRG3IN, TRGIN	2	5		
High-level input voltage, V _{IH}	SEL0, SEL1		VCC		V
	PD	4	5		
	SRG1IN, SRG2IN, SRG3IN, TRGIN		0	0.8	
Low-level input voltage, VIL	SEL0, SEL1		VSS		V
	PD		0	0.4	
Canacitanas land	SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, SRG3OUT			200	~ 5
Capacitance load	TRGOUT			350	pF
Operating free-air temperature, TA		-20		45	°C

NOTE 2: The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) value is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for voltage levels only.

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETE	R	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vou	High-level output voltage	SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, SRG3OUT	f = 4.8 MHz, t _W = 70 ns, See Figure 2	V _{CC} -0.5	Vcc+0.5	V
Vон		TRGOUT	$f = 3.6 \text{ MHz}, t_W = 140 \text{ ns},$ See Figure 2	VCC-0.5	VCC+0.5	v
		SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, SRG3OUT	$f = 4.8 \text{ MHz}, t_W = 70 \text{ ns},$ See Figure 2			V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	TRGOUT	$f = 3.6 \text{ MHz}, \qquad t_W = 140 \text{ ns},$ See Figure 2	V _{SS} -0.8	VSS+0.8	v
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak output noise voltage	SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, SRG3OUT	See Figure 2		300	mV
Iн	High-level input current	SRG1IN, SRG2IN, SRG3IN, TRGIN, SEL0, SEL1	V _I = 5.5 V		50	μΑ
۱ _{IL}	Low-level input current	•	V ₁ = 0		± 10	μΑ
	Supply current		No load, PD at 0 V, T _A = 25°C		-0.5	mA
ISS			See Note 3		-25	
fmax	Maximum frequency of oscillation	SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, SRG3OUT	C _L = 200 pF	10		MHz
	or oscillation	TRGOUT	C _L = 350 pF	1		

NOTE 3: SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, and SRG3OUT are loaded with 80-pF capacitive loads; TRGOUT is loaded with a 180-pF load. The SN28846 driver is clocked by the SN28835 timer. SEL0 and SEL1 are both held at –11.1 V.



SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

switching characteristics for SRG1OUT, SRG2OUT, and SRG3OUT, V_{CC} = 2.3 V, V_{SS} = -10.3 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)[†]

	PARAMETER	SELECT MODE‡	TEST CO	ONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT	
	Propagation delay time,	0	1			28			
to		1	t = 70 ps	f = 4.8 MHz		36		ns	
^t PLH	low-to-high-level output	2	t _W = 70 ns,			42			
		3]			48			
		0				25			
*	Propagation delay time,	1				24			
^t PHL	high-to-low-level output	2	t _W = 70 ns,	f = 4.8 MHz		23		ns	
		3				23		1	
∆t _{PLH}	(see Note 4)		$T_A = -20^{\circ}C$ to 55°C				±5	ns	
∆tPHL	(see Note 4)	Any					±5		
	Skow time (and Nata 5)	Ally	$T_{A} = -20 \ \text{C} \ 10 \ 55 \ \text{C}$			5			
^t sk(o)	Skew time (see Note 5)						5		
	Pulse duration	0			63	68	73		
•		1	t _w = 70 ns, f = 4.8 MHz		54	59	64		
tw		2		47	52	57	ns		
		3]		40	45	50		
$ t_{w(n)} - t_{w(m)} $	Pulse duration differential (see Note 6)	Any	t _W = 70 ns,	f = 4.8 MHz			5	ns	
tr	Rise time	Any	t _W = 70 ns,	f = 4.8 MHz	10	14	18	-	
t _f	Fall time	Any			6	10	13	ns	

[†] The load is a Texas Instruments CCD image sensor.

[‡] The select mode is determined by the voltage levels applied to the SEL1 and SEL0 inputs as follows: <u>SELECT MODE</u> <u>SEL1</u> <u>SEL0</u>

CT MODE	SEL1	SEL0
0	VSS	VSS
1	VSS	Vcc
2	VCC	Vss
3	VCC	VCC

NOTES: 4. For a given channel, Δtp_{LH} and Δtp_{HL} are the changes in tp_{LH} and tp_{HL}, respectively, when the device is operated over the temperature range –20°C to 55°C rather than at 25°C.

5. This is the maximum absolute difference in propagation delay time, either t_{PLH} or t_{PHL}, through the three channels at any given temperature within the specified range.

6. This is the maximum difference in the pulse duration through the three channels.



SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

switching characteristics for TRGOUT, $V_{CC} = 2.3 V$, $V_{SS} = -10.3 V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)[†]

PARAMETER		SELECT MODE [‡]	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT		
	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	0			24				
^t PLH		1			33				
		2	$t_{W} = 140 \text{ ns}, \qquad f = 3.6 \text{ MHz}$	39		ns			
		3	1		47				
	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	0			24				
		1			23				
^t PHL		2	$t_{W} = 140 \text{ ns}, \qquad f = 3.6 \text{ MHz}$		22		ns		
		3	1		22				
∆t _{PLH}	(see Note 7)	A	T 0000 to 5500			20			
∆tphL	(see Note 7)	Any	$T_A = -20^{\circ}C$ to 55°C			20	ns		
tw	Pulse duration			100	140	180			
t _r	Rise time	Any	t _W = 140 ns, f = 3.6 MHz	Hz 17			ns		
t _f	Fall time				10				

[†] The load is a Texas Instruments CCD image sensor.

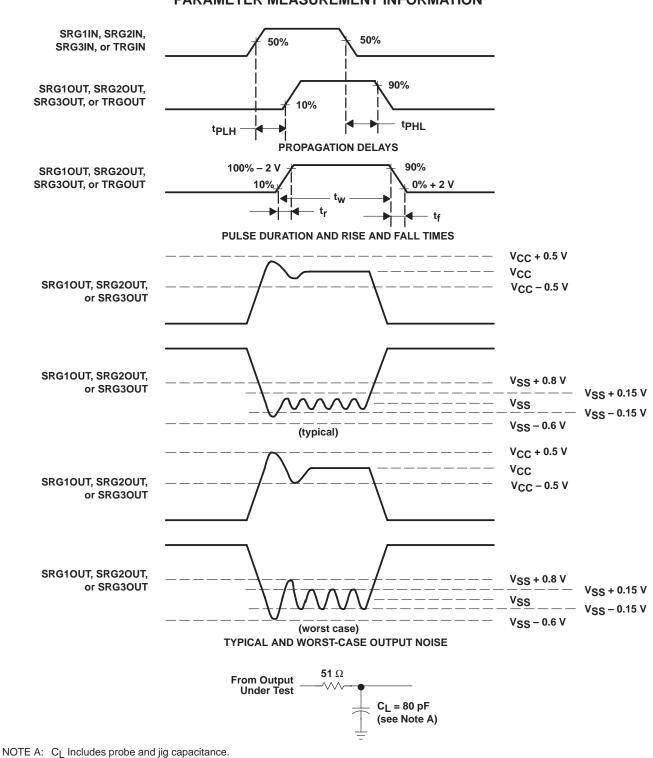
[‡]The select mode is determined by the voltage levels applied to SEL1 and SEL0 as follows:

y and voltage lovelo a		
SELECT MODE	SEL1	SEL0
0	VSS	VSS
1	VSS	VCC
2	VCC	VSS
3	VCC	VCC

NOTE 7: Δt_{PLH} and Δt_{PHL} are the changes in t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}, respectively, when the device is operated over the temperature range – 20°C to 55°C rather than at 25°C.



SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



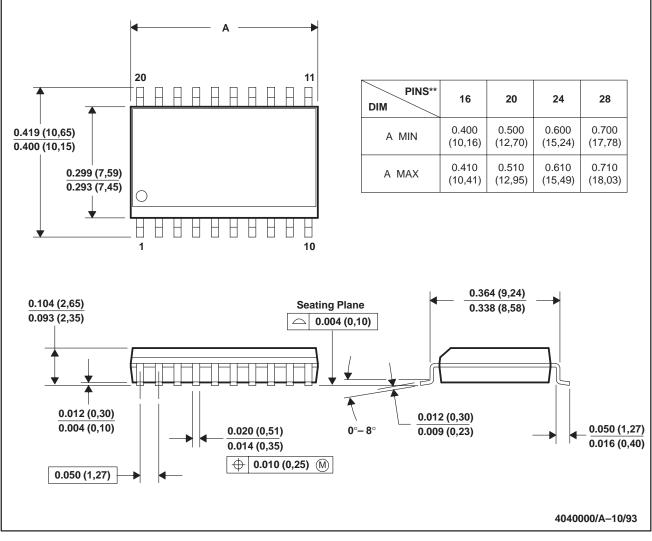
SOCS024B - FEBRUARY 1991

MECHANICAL DATA

DW/R-PDSO-G**

PLASTIC WIDE-BODY SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

20 PIN SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF TI PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.

Copyright © 1998, Texas Instruments Incorporated