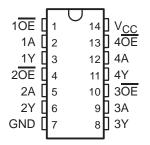
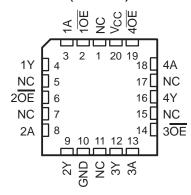
- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low Static-Power Dissipation
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V_{CC})
- Support Unregulated Battery Operation Down to 2.7 V
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce)
 < 0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- I_{off} and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages, Ceramic Chip Carriers (FK), and Ceramic (J) DIPs

SN54LVTH125 . . . J PACKAGE SN74LVTH125 . . . D, DB, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



SN54LVTH125 . . . FK PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



NC - No internal connection

description

These bus buffers are designed specifically for low-voltage (3.3-V) V_{CC} operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

The 'LVTH125 devices feature independent line drivers with 3-state outputs. Each output is in the high-impedance state when the associated output-enable (OE) input is high.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the devices are in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

These devices are fully specified for hot-insertion applications using I_{off} and power-up 3-state. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

The SN54LVTH125 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74LVTH125 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.



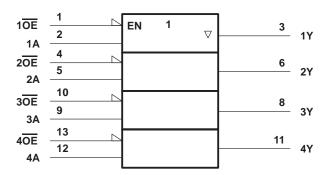
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



FUNCTION TABLE (each buffer)

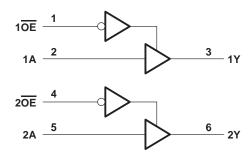
| INPU | JTS | OUTPUT |
|------|-----|--------|
| OE | Α | Υ |
| L | Н | Н |
| L | L | L |
| Н | Χ | Z |

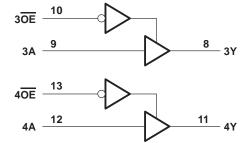
logic symbol†



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. Pin numbers shown are for the D, DB, J, and PW packages.

logic diagram (positive logic)





Pin numbers shown are for the D, DB, J, and PW packages.

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| Supply voltage range, V _{CC} –0.5 V to 4 | |
|--|-------|
| Input voltage range, V _I (see Note 1) |) 7 V |
| Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance | |
| or power-off state, V _O (see Note 1) |) 7 V |
| Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V_O (see Note 1)0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0 | |
| Current into any output in the low state, IO: SN54LVTH125 | 3 mA |
| SN74LVTH125 | |
| Current into any output in the high state, IO (see Note 2): SN54LVTH125 | 3 mA |
| SN74LVTH125 64 | ↓ mA |
| Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0) |) mA |
| Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$) |) mA |
| Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): D package | C/W |
| DB package | C/W |
| PW package | |
| Storage temperature range, T _{stq} –65°C to 15 | 50°C |

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

- 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_O > V_{CC}$.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

| | | SN54LV | TH125 | SN74LV | UNIT | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|--------|------|-----|------|
| | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| VCC | Supply voltage | | 2.7 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 3.6 | V |
| VIH | High-level input voltage | 2 | N | 2 | | V | |
| V _{IL} | Low-level input voltage | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | V | |
| VI | Input voltage | 40 | 5.5 | | 5.5 | V | |
| loh | High-level output current | | | | | -32 | mA |
| loL | Low-level output current | | | | | 64 | mA |
| Δt/Δν | Input transition rise or fall rate | Outputs enabled | 90 | 10 | | 10 | ns/V |
| Δt/ΔV _{CC} | Power-up ramp rate | | 200 | | 200 | | μs/V |
| TA | Operating free-air temperature | | -55 | 125 | -40 | 85 | °C |

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

SN54LVTH125, SN74LVTH125 3.3-V ABT QUADRUPLE BUS BUFFERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCBS703E - AUGUST 1997 - REVISED APRIL 1999

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | | | 54LVTH1 | 25 | SN74LVTH125 | | | UNIT | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------|--------------------|------|------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | | | | TYP [†] | MAX | MIN | TYP† | MAX | UNII | |
| VIK | | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$ | I _I = -18 mA | | | -1.2 | | | -1.2 | V | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$ | $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ | V _{CC} -0 | .2 | | V _{CC} -0 | .2 | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$ | $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$ | 2.4 | | | 2.4 | | | V | |
| VOH | | V _{CC} = 3 V | I _{OH} = -24 mA | 2 | | | | | | V | |
| | | VCC = 3 V | $I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$ | | | | 2 | | | ļ | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V | I _{OL} = 100 μA | | | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | |
| | | VCC = 2.7 V | I _{OL} = 24 mA | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | 1 | |
| V _{OL} | | | I _{OL} = 16 mA | | | 0.4 | | | 0.4 | 1 _v | |
| VOL | | V _{CC} = 3 V | $I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$ | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | V | |
| | | VCC = 3 V | $I_{OL} = 48 \text{ mA}$ | | | 0.55 | | | | | |
| | | | I _{OL} = 64 mA | | | | | | 0.55 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$ | V _I = 5.5 V | | | 10 | | | 10 | μΑ | |
| tı | Control inputs | $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | | | ±1 | | | ±1 | | |
| '' | Data inputs | V _{CC} = 3.6 V | VI = VCC | | S | 1 | | | 1 | μΑ | |
| | | | V _I = 0 | | Q. | -5 | | | – 5 | | |
| loff | | $V_{CC} = 0$, | V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 V | | 5 | | | | ±100 | μΑ | |
| | Data inputs | V _{CC} = 3 V | V _I = 0.8 V | 75 | | | 75 | | | μА | |
| l _{l(hold)} | | | V _I = 2 V | -75 |) | | -75 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.6 V^{\ddagger}$ | $V_{I} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | 4 | | | | | ±500 | | |
| lozh | | $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ | V _O = 3 V | | | 5 | | | 5 | μΑ | |
| I _{OZL} | | $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ | $V_0 = 0.5 V$ | | | -5 | | | – 5 | μΑ | |
| lozpu | IOZPU $\frac{V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V, } V_{O} = 0}{OE = \text{don't care}}$ | | 0.5 V to 3 V, | | | ±50* | | | ±50 | μΑ | |
| $\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0, V_{O} = 0$ | | 0.5 V to 3 V, | | | ±50* | | | ±50 | μΑ | | |
| Icc | | $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $I_{O} = 0,$ $V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ | Outputs high | | 0.12 | 0.19 | | 0.12 | 0.19 | | |
| | | | Outputs low | | 4.5 | 7 | | 4.5 | 7 | mA | |
| | | | Outputs disabled | | 0.12 | 0.19 | | 0.12 | 0.19 | | |
| ΔICC§ | | $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$, One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND | | | | 0.3 | | | 0.2 | mA | |
| Ci | | V _I = 3 V or 0 | | 4 | | | 4 | | pF | | |
| Со | | $V_O = 3 V \text{ or } 0$ | V _O = 3 V or 0 | | 6.5 | | | 6.5 | | pF | |

^{*} On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

[‡] This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

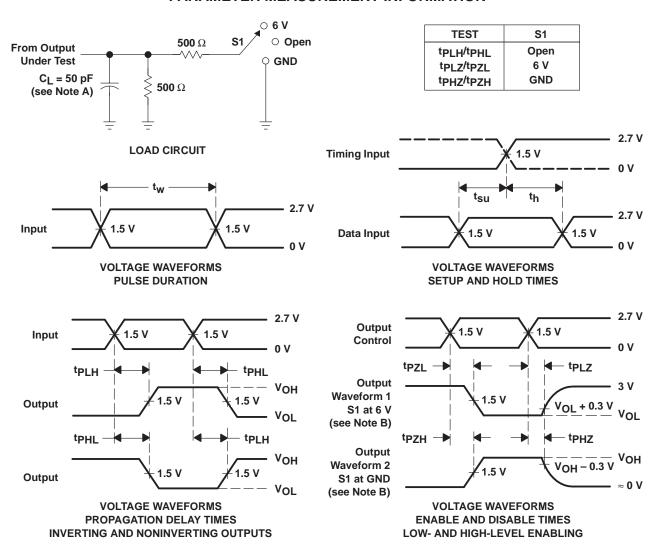
[§] This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than VCC or GND.

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

| | | | SN54LVTH125 | | | SN74LVTH125 | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|-----|------|-----|
| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V | | V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V | | UNIT | |
| | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | MAX | | |
| ^t PLH | А | А | V | 1 | 4.2 | 4 | 4.7 | 1 | 2 | 3.5 | | 4.5 | ns |
| t _{PHL} | | | ' | 1 | 4.1 | 4 | 5.1 | 1 | 2.1 | 3.9 | | 4.9 | 115 |
| ^t PZH | ŌĒ | ~ | 1 | 4.9 | 2 | 5.6 | 1 | 2 | 4 | | 5.5 | ns | |
| tPZL | | ' | 1.1 | 4.9 | | 5.6 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 4 | | 5.4 | 115 | |
| ^t PHZ | ŌĒ | ~ | 1.5 | 5.3 | | 5.9 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 4.5 | | 5.7 | ns | |
| t _{PLZ} | | UE | 1 | 1.3 | 4.7 | | 4.2 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 4.5 | | 4 | 110 |

[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_{Q} = 50 Ω , $t_{f} \leq$ 2.5 ns, $t_{f} \leq$ 2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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