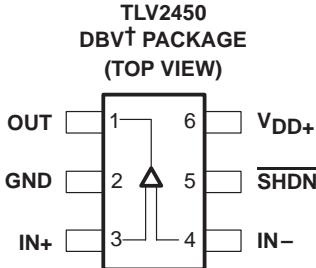


# TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN

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- Supply Current . . . 23  $\mu$ A/Channel
- Gain-Bandwidth Product . . . 220 kHz
- Output Drive Capability . . .  $\pm$ 10 mA
- Input Offset Voltage . . . 20  $\mu$ V (typ)
- V<sub>DD</sub> Range . . . 2.7 V to 6 V
- Power Supply Rejection Ratio . . . 106 dB
- Ultra-Low Power Shutdown Mode  
 $I_{DD}$  . . . 16 nA/ch
- Rail-To-Rail Input/Output (RRIO)
- Ultra-Small Packaging
  - 5 or 6 Pin SOT-23 (TLV2450/1)
  - 8 or 10 Pin MSOP (TLV2452/3)



† This device is in the Product Preview stage of development. Please contact your local TI sales office for availability.

## description

The TLV245x is a family of rail-to-rail input/output operational amplifiers that set a new performance point for supply current and ac performance. These devices consume a mere 23  $\mu$ A/channel while offering 220 kHz of gain bandwidth product; much higher than competitive devices with similar supply current levels. Along with increased ac performance, the amplifier provides high output drive capability, solving a major shortcoming of older micropower rail-to-rail input/output operational amplifiers. The TLV245x can swing to within 250 mV of each supply rail while driving a 2.5-mA load. Both the inputs and outputs swing rail-to-rail for increased dynamic range in low-voltage applications. This performance makes the TLV245x family ideal for portable medical equipment, patient monitoring systems, and data acquisition circuits.

Three members of the family (TLV2450/3/5) offer a shutdown terminal for conserving battery life in portable applications. During shutdown, the outputs are placed in a high-impedance state and the amplifier consumes only 16 nA/channel. The family is fully specified at 3 V and 5 V across an expanded industrial temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). The singles and duals are available in the SOT23 and MSOP packages, while the quads are available in TSSOP. The TLV2450 offers an amplifier with shutdown functionality all in a 6-pin SOT23 package, making it perfect for high density circuits.

FAMILY PACKAGE TABLE

DEVICE	NUMBER OF CHANNELS	PACKAGE TYPES					SHUTDOWN	UNIVERSAL EVM BOARD
		PDIP	SOIC	SOT-23	TSSOP	MSOP		
TLV2450	1	8	8	6‡	—	—	Yes	UNIV-OPAMP-2
TLV2451	1	8	8	5	—	—	—	UNIV-OPAMP-1
TLV2452	2	8	8	—	—	8	—	UNIV-OPAMP-1
TLV2453	2	14	14	—	—	10	Yes	UNIV-OPAMP-2
TLV2454	4	14	14	—	14	—	—	—
TLV2455	4	16	16	—	16	—	Yes	—

‡ This device is in the Product Preview stage of development. Contact your local TI sales office for availability.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

This document contains information on products in more than one phase of development. The status of each device is indicated on the page(s) specifying its electrical characteristics.



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**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**TLV2450 and TLV2451 AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

TA	PACKAGED DEVICES				CHIP FORM‡ (Y)	
	SMALL OUTLINE (D)†	SOT-23		PLASTIC DIP (P)		
		(DBV)†	SYMBOL			
0°C to 70°C	TLV2450CD\$ TLV2451CD	TLV2450CDBV TLV2451CDBV	VAQC VARC	TLV2450CP TLV2451CP	TLV2450Y TLV2451Y	
–40°C to 125°C	TLV2450ID\$ TLV2451ID	TLV2450IDBV TLV2451IDBV	VAQI VARI	TLV2450IP TLV2451IP	— —	
	TLV2450AID TLV2451AID	— —	— —	TLV2450AIP TLV2451AIP	— —	

† This package is available taped and reeled. To order this packaging option, add an R suffix to the part number (e.g., TLV2450CDR).

‡ Chip forms are tested at TA = 25°C only.

\$ This device is in the Product Preview stage of development. Contact your local TI sales office for availability.

**TLV2452 and TLV2453 AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

TA	PACKAGED DEVICES						CHIP FORM‡ (Y)	
	SMALL OUTLINE (D)†	MSOP			PLASTIC DIP (N)	PLASTIC DIP (P)		
		(DGK)†	SYMBOL§	(DGS)†	SYMBOL§			
0°C to 70°C	TLV2452CD TLV2453CD	TLV2452CDGK —	xxTIABI —	— TLV2453CDGS	— xxTIABK	— TLV2453CN	TLV2452CP — TLV2453Y	
–40°C to 125°C	TLV2452ID TLV2453ID	TLV2452IDGK —	xxTIABJ —	— TLV2453IDGS	— xxTIABL	— TLV2453IN	TLV2452IP — —	
	TLV2452AID TLV2453AID	— —	— —	— —	— —	— TLV2453AIN	TLV2452AIP — —	

† This package is available taped and reeled. To order this packaging option, add an R suffix to the part number (e.g., TLV2452CDR).

‡ Chip forms are tested at TA = 25°C only.

§ xx represents the device date code.

**TLV2454 and TLV2455 AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

TA	PACKAGED DEVICES			CHIP FORM‡ (Y)
	SMALL OUTLINE (D)†	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP (PW)†	
0°C to 70°C	TLV2454CD TLV2455CD	TLV2454CN TLV2455CN	TLV2454CPW TLV2455CPW	TLV2454Y TLV2455Y
–40°C to 125°C	TLV2454ID TLV2455ID	TLV2454IN TLV2455IN	TLV2454IPW TLV2455IPW	— —
	TLV2454AID TLV2455AID	TLV2454AIN TLV2455AIN	TLV2454AIPW TLV2455AIPW	— —

† This package is available taped and reeled. To order this packaging option, add an R suffix to the part number (e.g., TLV2454CDR).

‡ Chip forms are tested at TA = 25°C only.

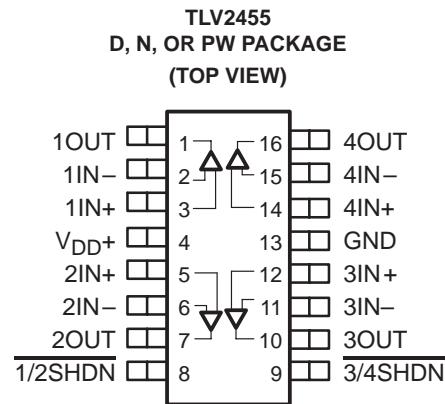
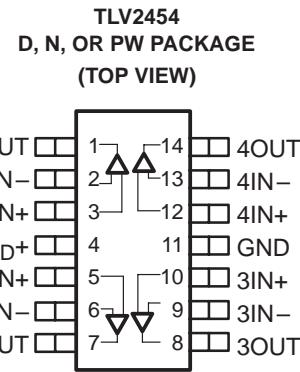
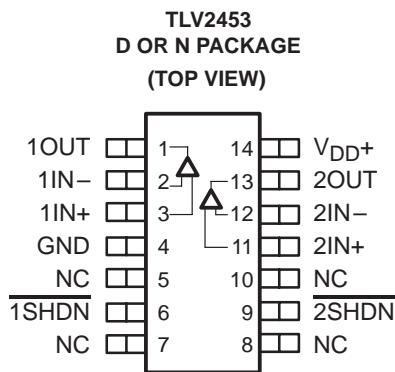
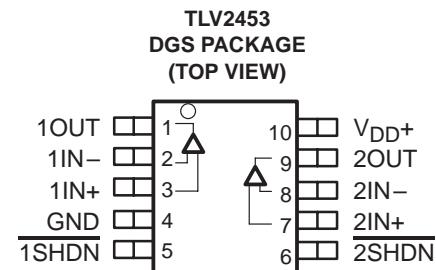
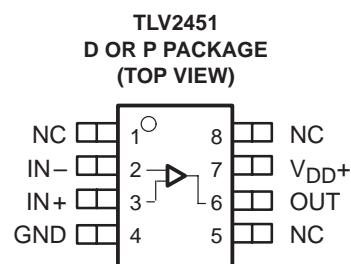
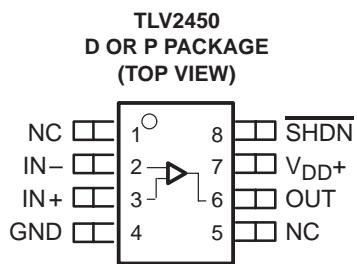
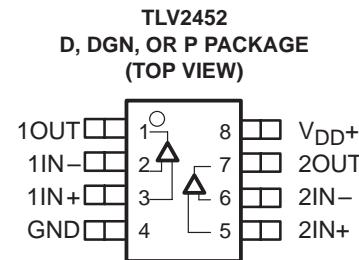
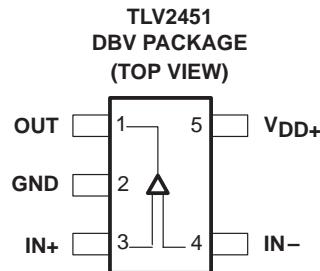
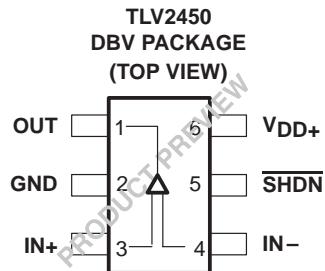


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**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**TLV245x PACKAGE PINOUTS**



NC – No internal connection

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
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**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>**

Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$ (see Note 1) .....	7 V
Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ .....	$\pm V_{DD}$
Continuous total power dissipation .....	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$ : C suffix .....	0°C to 70°C
I suffix .....	-40°C to 125°C
Maximum junction temperature, $T_J$ .....	150°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{STG}$ .....	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds .....	260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE: All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to  $V_{DD} -$ .

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$\theta_{JC}$ (°C/W)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D (8)	38.3	176	710 mW
D (14)	26.9	122.3	1022 mW
D (16)	25.7	114.7	1090 mW
DBV (5)	55	324.1	385 mW
DBV (6)	55	294.3	425 mW
DGK (8)	54.2	259.9	481 mW
DGS (10)	54.1	257.7	485 mW
N (14, 16)	32	78	1600 mW
P (8)	41	104	1200 mW
PW (14)	29.3	173.6	720 mW
PW (16)	28.7	161.4	774 mW

**recommended operating conditions**

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$	Single supply	2.7	6	V
	Split supply	$\pm 1.35$	$\pm 3$	
Common-mode input voltage range, $V_{ICR}$	$V_{DD} - V_{DD+}$			V
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	C-suffix	0	70	°C
	I-suffix	-40	125	

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 3$  V (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>AT</sub> <sup>†</sup>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = ±1.5 V V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	25°C	20	1500		$\mu$ V	
			Full range		2000			
	TLV245xA		25°C	20	1000			
			Full range		1300			
$\alpha V_{IO}$	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			0.3			$\mu$ V/°C	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current		25°C	0.3	4.5		nA	
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current		Full range		5.5			
			25°C	0.9	5		nA	
			Full range		7			
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 70 dB R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	25°C	0 to 3			V	
		CMRR > 52 dB R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	Full range	0 to 3				
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 1.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -500 $\mu$ A	25°C	2.85	2.95		V	
			Full range	2.83				
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 1.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 $\mu$ A	25°C	0.09	0.16		V	
			Full range		0.2			
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short-circuit output current	Sourcing	25°C	4	12		mA	
			Full range	3				
		Sinking	25°C	2	7			
			Full range	1				
I <sub>O</sub>	Output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V from rail	25°C		±4		mA	
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 1 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 k $\Omega$	25°C	96	110		dB	
			Full range	91				
R <sub>i(d)</sub>	Differential input resistance		25°C		10 <sup>9</sup>		$\Omega$	
C <sub>IC</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz	25°C		4.5		pF	
Z <sub>0</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 10 kHz, A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C		80		$\Omega$	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0 to 3 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	TLV245xC	60			dB	
			TLV245xI	52				
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$ )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 6 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	25°C	76	89	dB	
				Full range	74			
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V to 5 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	25°C	88	106		
				Full range	84			

<sup>†</sup> Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and -40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 3$  V (unless otherwise noted)  
(continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5$ V, No load	25°C		23	35	$\mu$ A
		TLV245xC	Full range		40	
		TLV245xI	Full range		45	
$V_{(ON)}$	Turnon voltage level $A_V = 1$	25°C		1.73		V
$V_{(OFF)}$	Turnoff voltage level $A_V = 1$	25°C		1.45		V
$I_{DD(SHDN)}$ Supply current in shutdown mode (TLV2450, TLV2453, TLV2455) (per channel)	SHDN = < 1.45 V	25°C		12	70	nA
		TLV245xC	Full range		70	
		TLV245xI	Full range		80	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

**operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 3$  V (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O(PP) = 0.8$ V, $C_L = 150$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C	0.05	0.11		V/ $\mu$ s	
		Full range		0.02			
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 100$ Hz	25°C		49		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
		$f = 1$ kHz	25°C		51		
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1$ kHz	25°C		3.5	pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O(PP) = 1.5$ V, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$ , $f = 1$ kHz	$A_V = 1$		0.04%			
				0.3%			
				1.5%			
$t_{(on)}$	Amplifier turnon time	$A_V = 5$ ,	25°C		59	$\mu$ s	
$t_{(off)}$	Amplifier turnoff time		25°C		836	ns	
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10$ kHz, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C		200	kHz	
$t_s$ Settling time	$V_{(STEP)PP} = 2$ V, $A_V = -1$ , $C_L = 10$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	0.1% 0.01%	25°C		26	$\mu$ s	
					31		
	$V_{(STEP)PP} = 2$ V, $A_V = -1$ , $C_L = 56$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	0.1% 0.01%			26		
					31		
$\phi_m$	Phase margin	$R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000$ pF	25°C		56°		
	Gain margin	$R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000$ pF	25°C		7	dB	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5$  V (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>AT</sub> <sup>†</sup>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = ±2.5 V V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	25°C	20	1500		$\mu$ V	
			Full range		2000			
	TLV245xA		25°C	20	1000			
			Full range		1300			
$\alpha V_{IO}$	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			0.3			$\mu$ V/°C	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current		25°C	0.3	4.5		nA	
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current		Full range		5.5			
			25°C	0.5	5		nA	
I <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 70 dB	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	25°C	0 to 5		V	
		CMRR > 52 dB	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	Full range	0 to 5			
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -500 $\mu$ A	25°C	4.87	4.97		V	
			Full range	4.85				
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 $\mu$ A	25°C	0.07	0.15		V	
			Full range		0.16			
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short-circuit output current	Sourcing	25°C	20	32		mA	
			Full range	18				
		Sinking	25°C	12	18			
			Full range	10				
I <sub>O</sub>	Output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V from rail	25°C		±10		mA	
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 3 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 k $\Omega$	25°C	96	103		dB	
			Full range	91				
r <sub>i(d)</sub>	Differential input resistance		25°C		10 <sup>9</sup>		$\Omega$	
C <sub>IC</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz	25°C		4.5		pF	
Z <sub>0</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 10 kHz, A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C		45		$\Omega$	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0 to 5 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	TLV245xC	66			dB	
			TLV245xI	52				
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$ )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 6 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	25°C	76	89	dB	
				Full range	74			
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V to 5 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	25°C	88	106		
				Full range	84			

<sup>†</sup> Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and -40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5$  V (unless otherwise noted)  
(continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 2.5$ V, No load	25°C		23	42	$\mu$ A
		TLV245xC	Full range		44	
		TLV245xI	Full range		46	
$V_{(ON)}$	Turnon voltage level $A_V = 1$	25°C		1.73		V
$V_{(OFF)}$	Turnoff voltage level $A_V = 1$	25°C		1.45		V
$I_{DD(SHDN)}$ Supply current in shutdown mode (TLV2450, TLV2453, TLV2455) (per channel)	SHDN = < 1.45 V	25°C		16	65	nA
		TLV245xC	Full range		65	
		TLV245xI	Full range		80	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

**operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5$  V (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O(PP) = 2$ V, $C_L = 150$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C	0.05	0.11		V/ $\mu$ s
		Full range		0.02		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 100$ Hz	25°C		49		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1$ kHz	25°C		52	
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1$ kHz	25°C		3.5	pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O(PP) = 3$ V, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$ , $f = 1$ kHz	$A_V = 1$ $A_V = 10$ $A_V = 100$	25°C	0.02%		
				0.18%		
				0.9%		
$t_{(on)}$	Amplifier turnon time	$A_V = 5$ ,	25°C		59	$\mu$ s
$t_{(off)}$	Amplifier turnoff time		25°C		836	ns
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10$ kHz, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C		220	kHz
$t_s$ Settling time	$V_{(STEP)PP} = 2$ V, $A_V = -1$ , $C_L = 10$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	0.1%	25°C	24		$\mu$ s
		0.01%		30		
	$V_{(STEP)PP} = 2$ V, $A_V = -1$ , $C_L = 56$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	0.1%	25°C	25		
		0.01%		30		
$\phi_m$	Phase margin	$R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000$ pF	25°C		56°	
	Gain margin	$R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000$ pF	25°C		7	dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C for C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Table of Graphs**

			<b>FIGURE</b>
$V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage	vs Common-mode input voltage	1, 2
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$I_{DD}$	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	19
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$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	21
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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

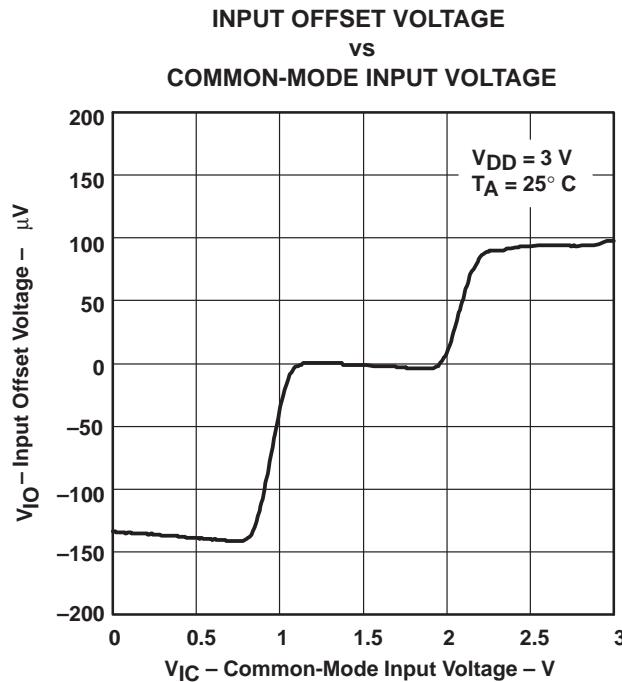


Figure 1

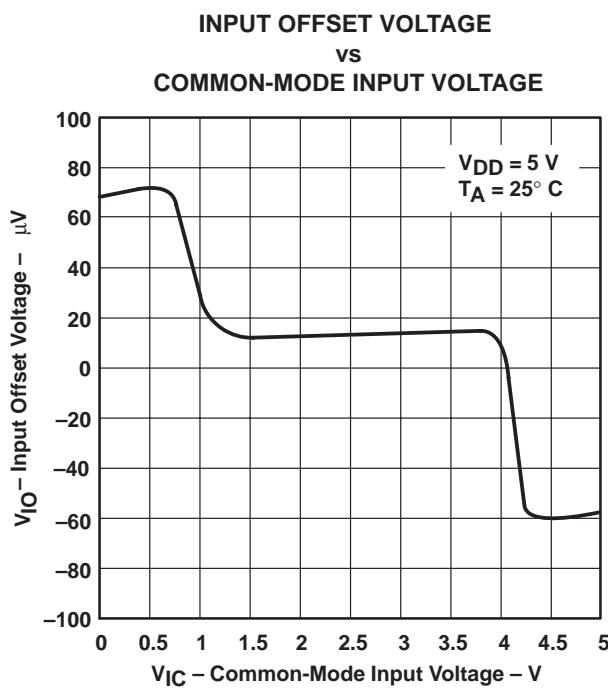


Figure 2

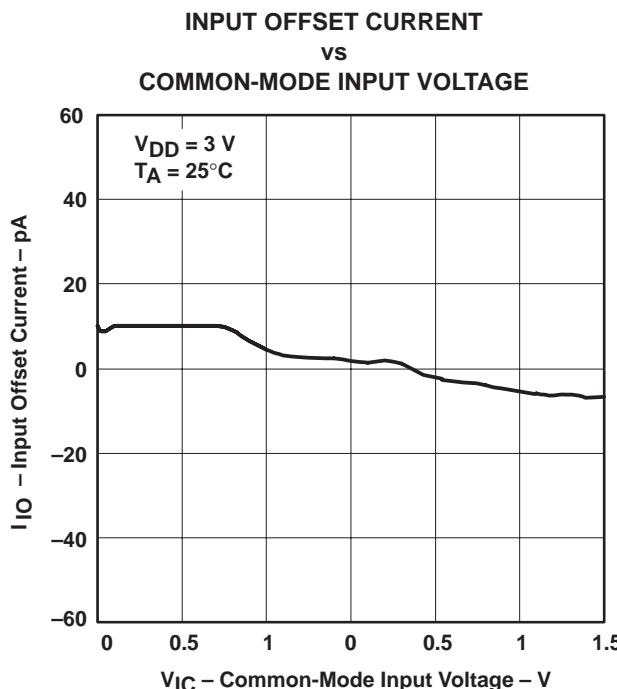


Figure 3

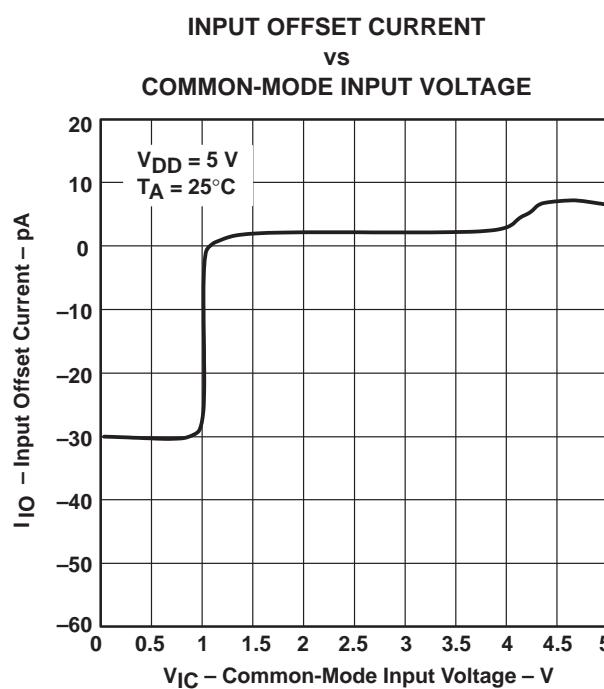


Figure 4

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

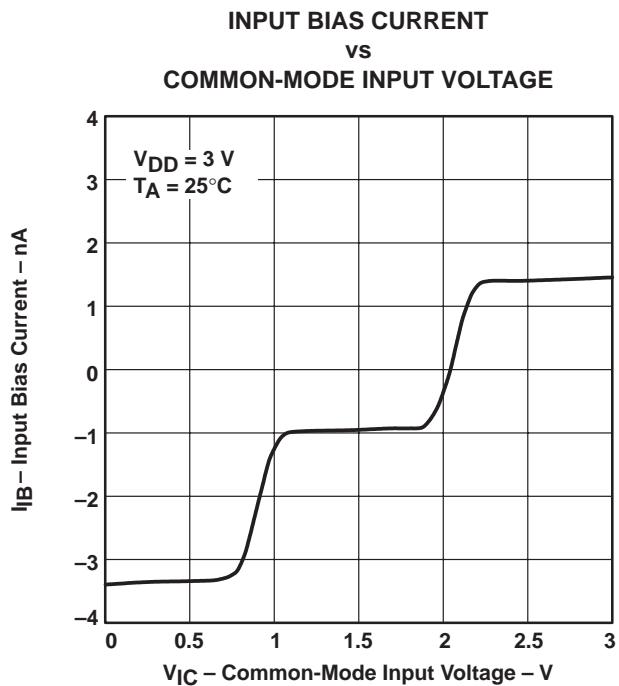


Figure 5

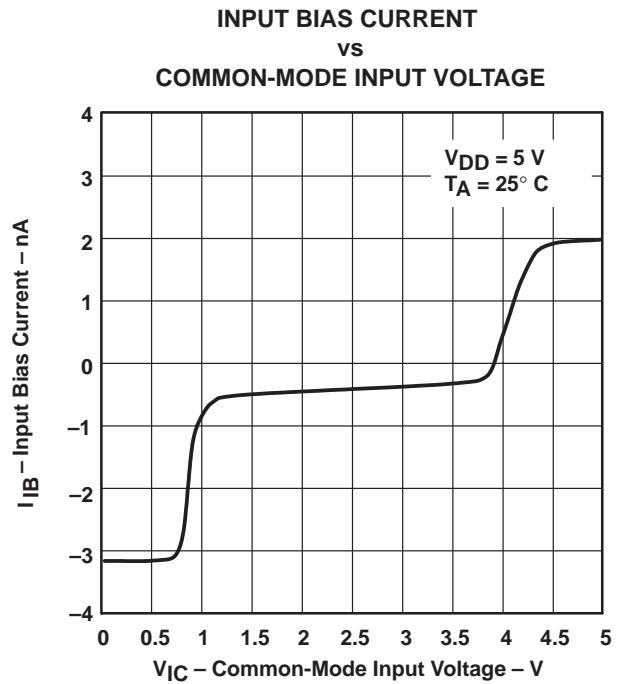


Figure 6

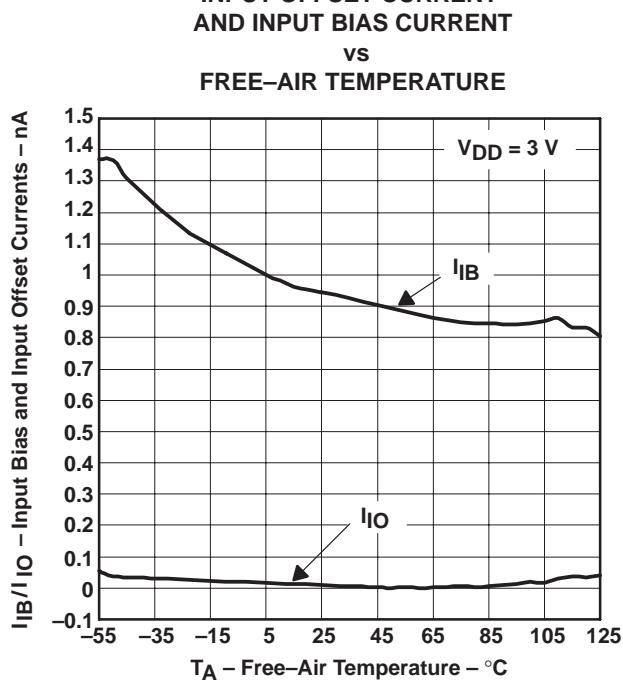


Figure 7

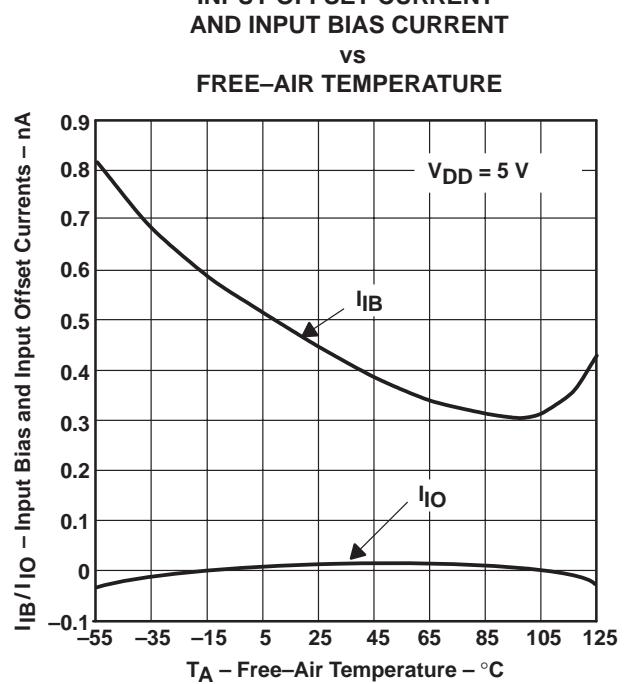


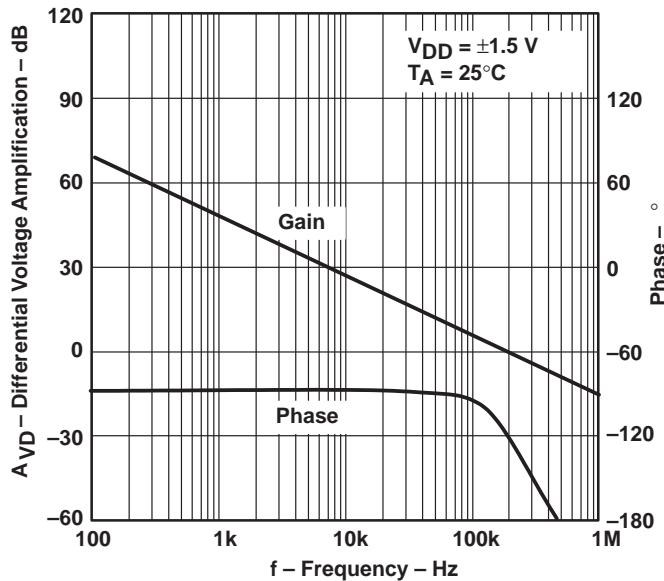
Figure 8

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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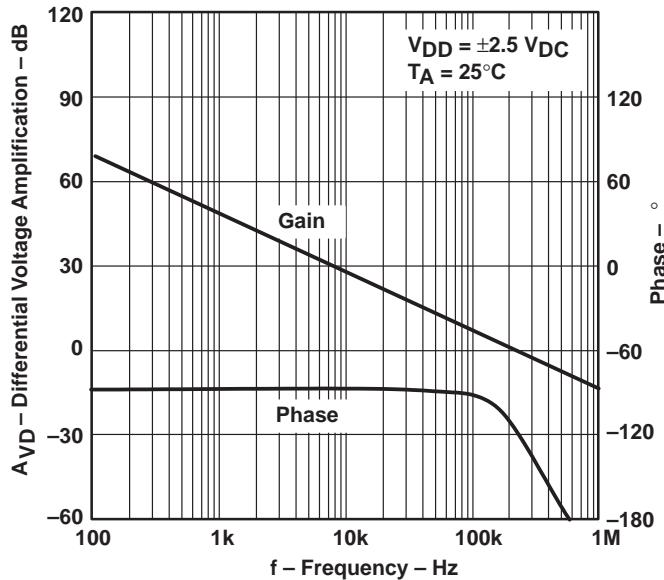
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE  
vs  
FREQUENCY**



**Figure 9**

**DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE  
vs  
FREQUENCY**



**Figure 10**

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

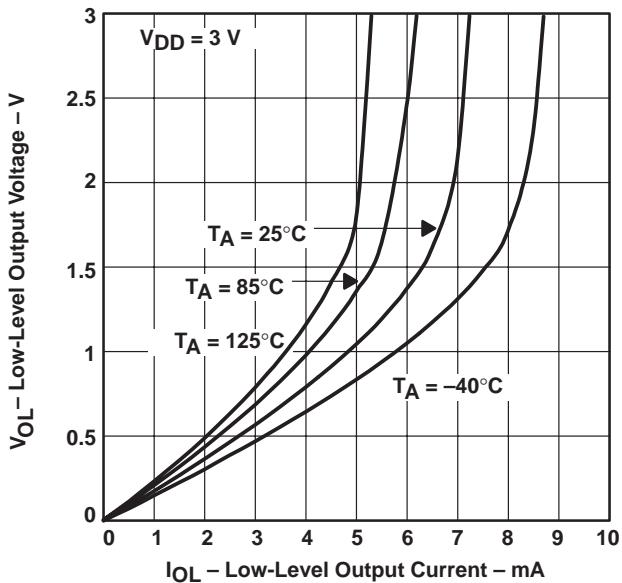


Figure 11

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

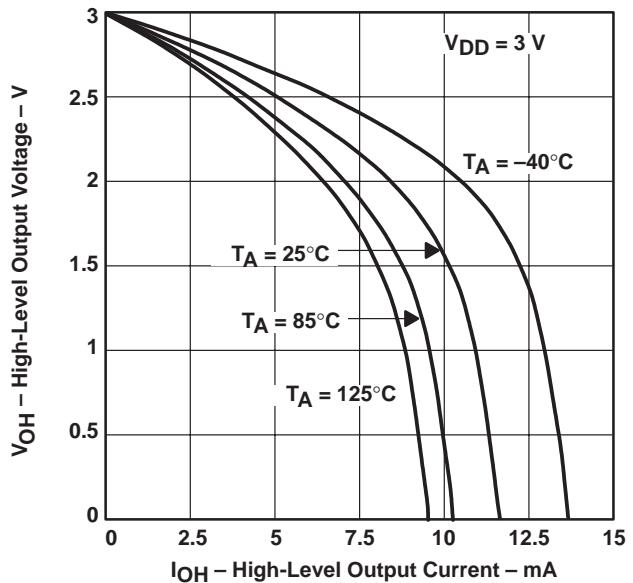


Figure 12

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

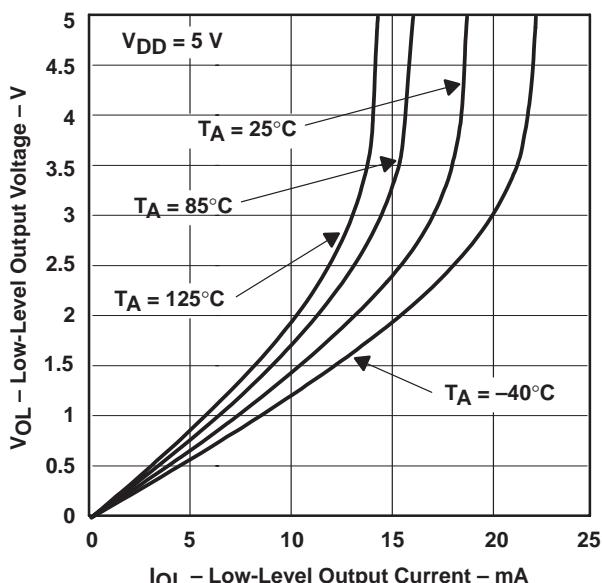


Figure 13

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

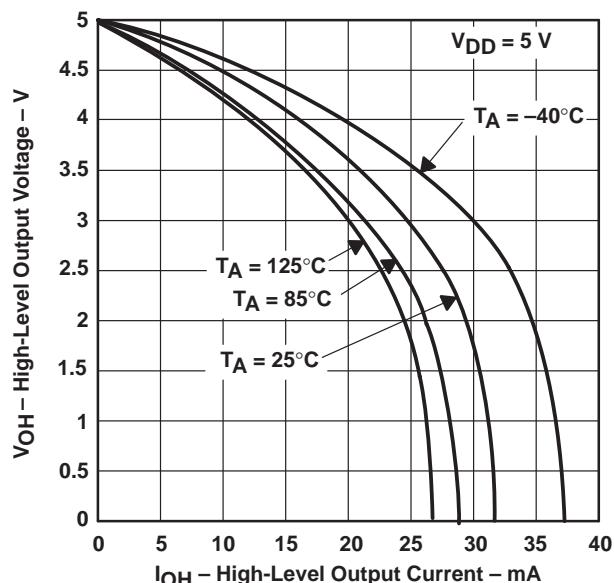
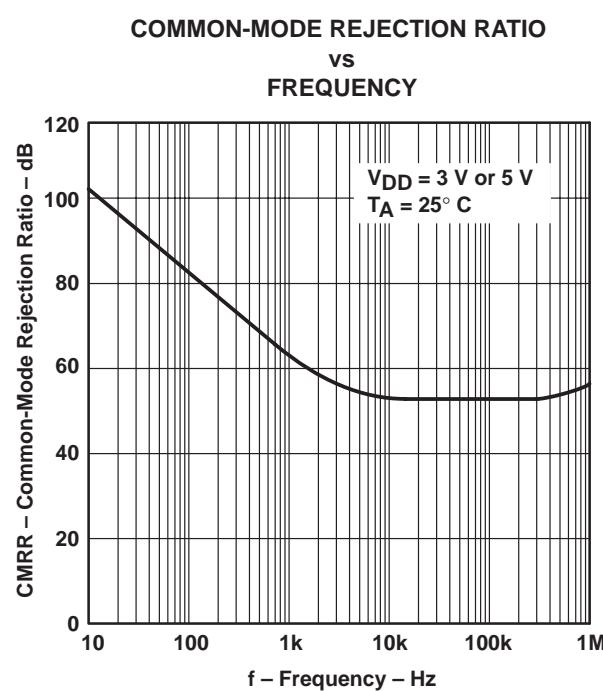
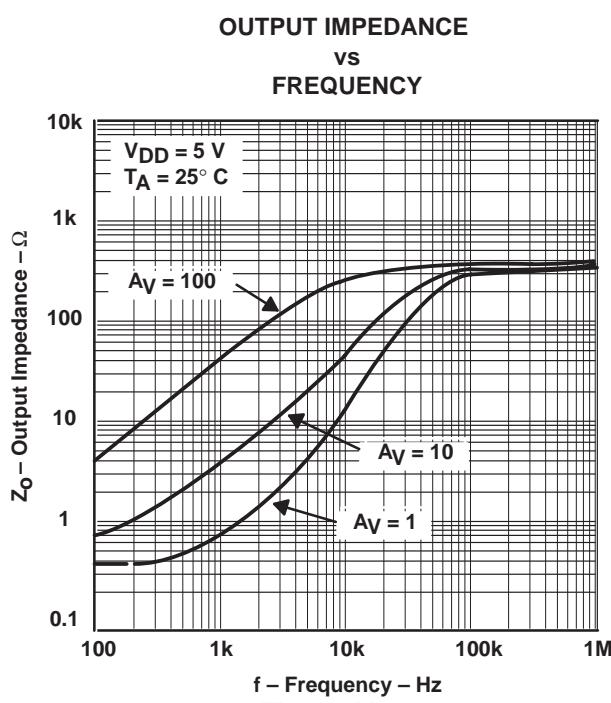
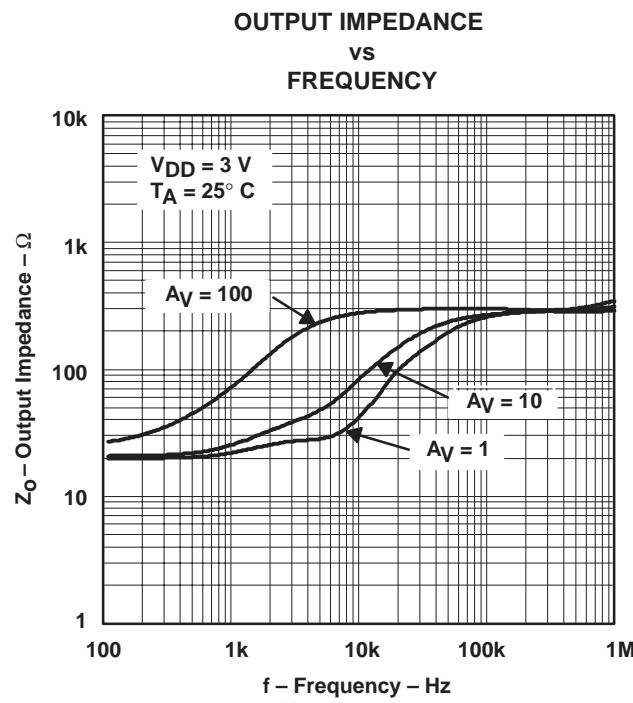


Figure 14

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

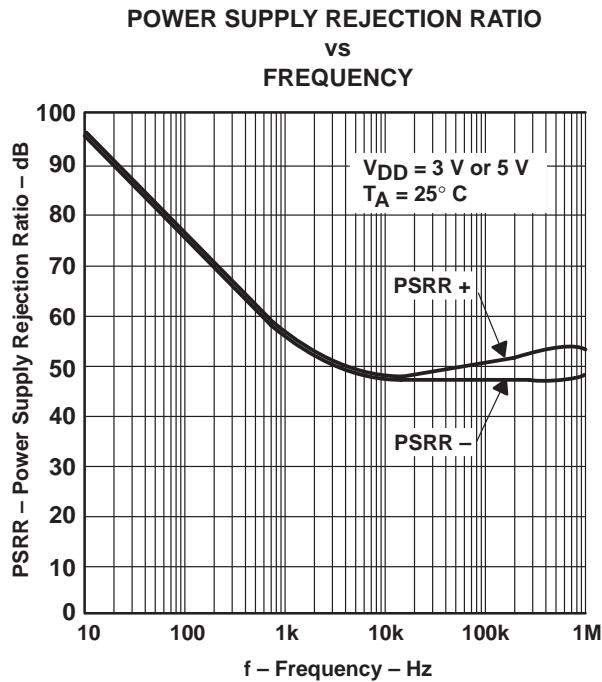


Figure 18

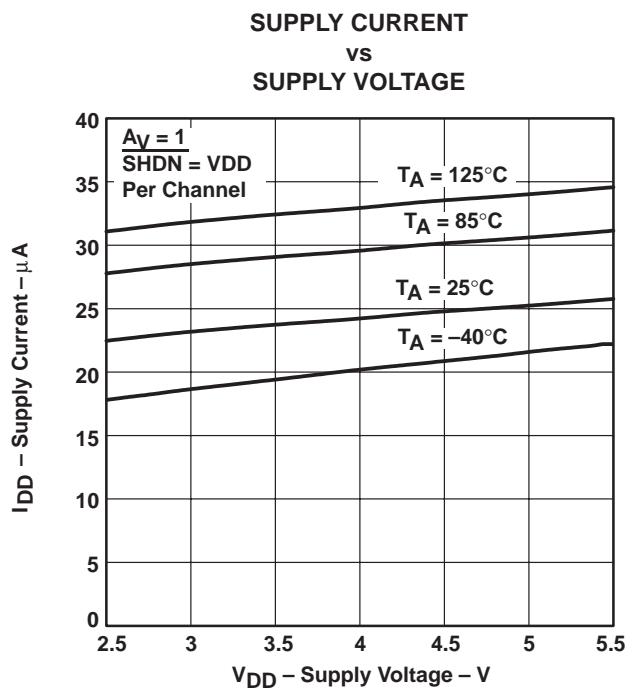


Figure 19

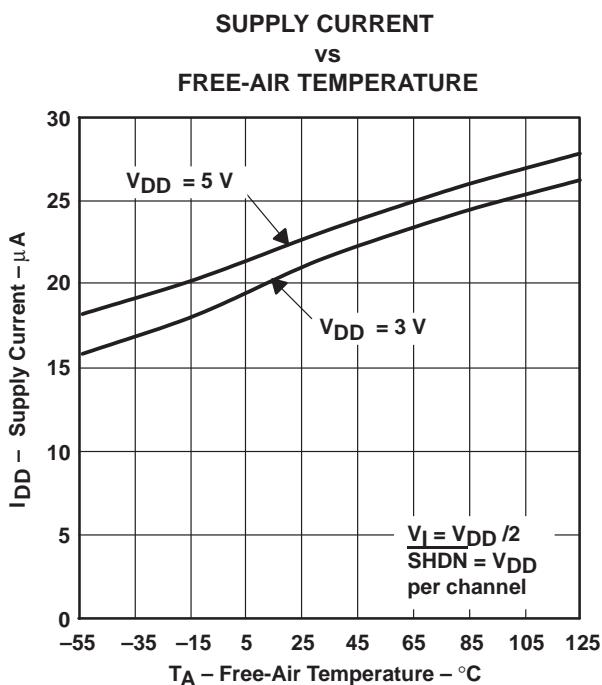


Figure 20

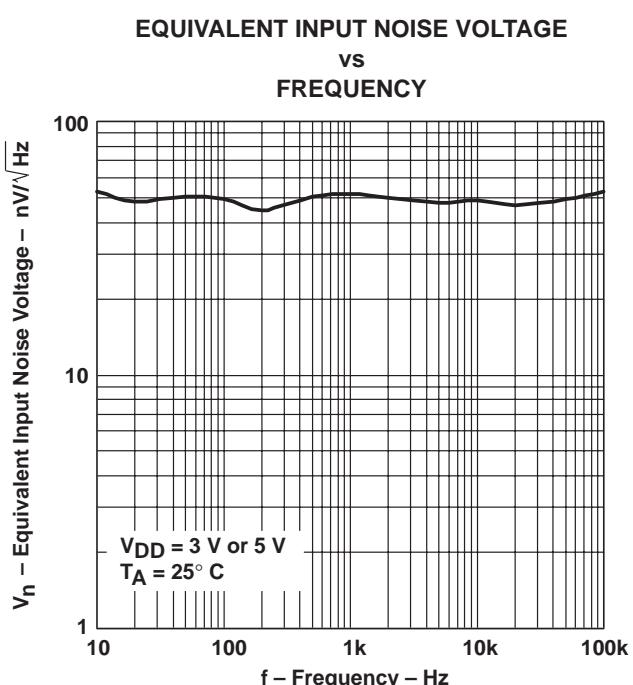


Figure 21

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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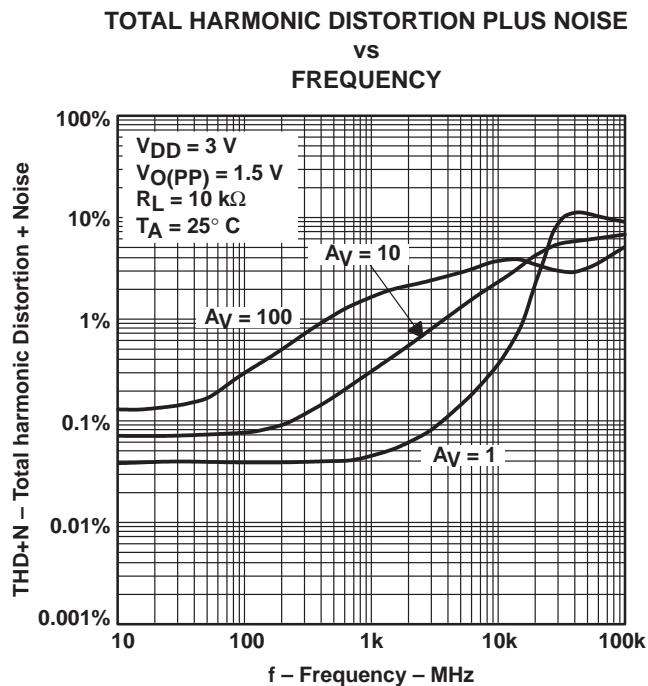


Figure 22

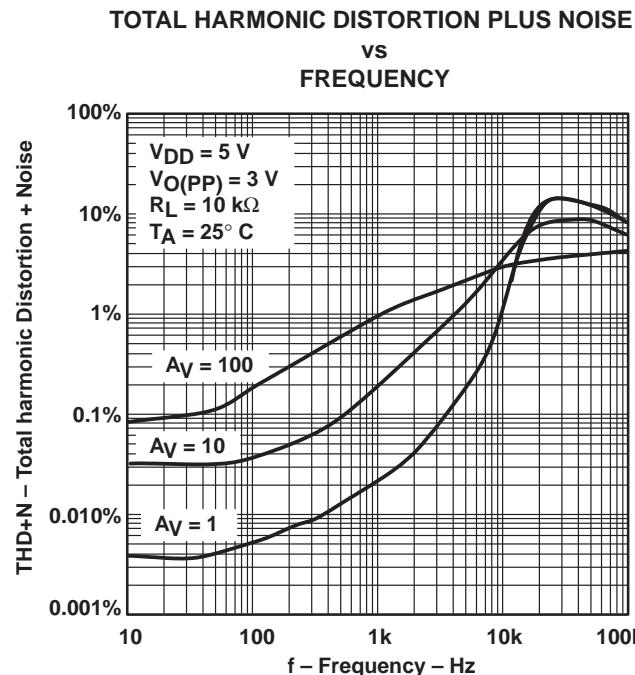


Figure 23

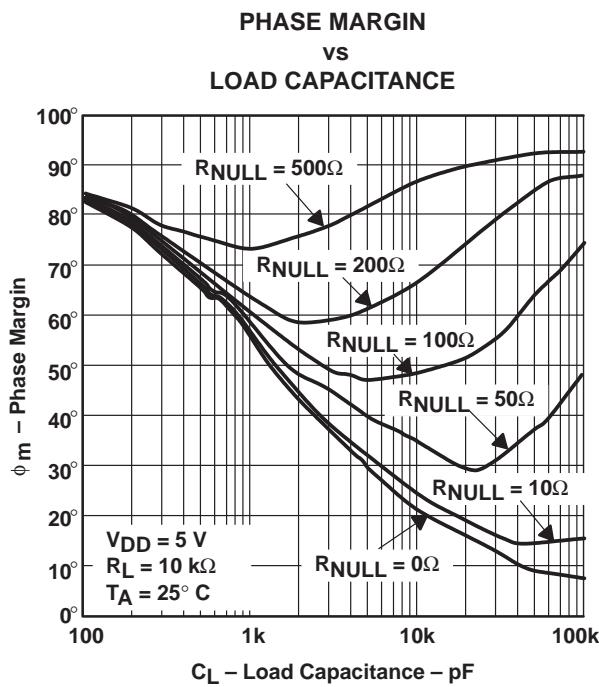


Figure 24

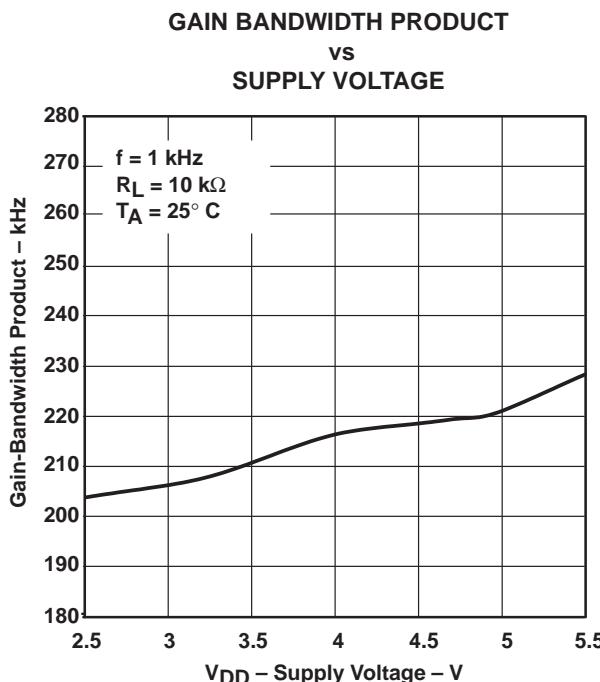


Figure 25

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

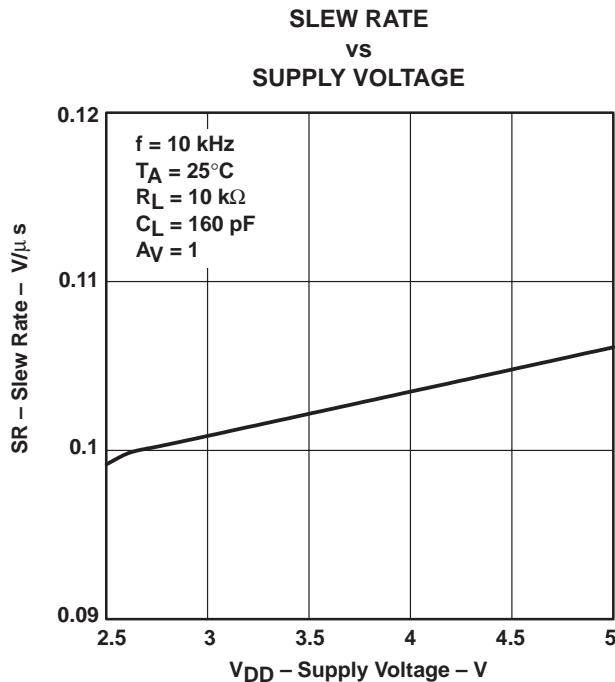


Figure 26

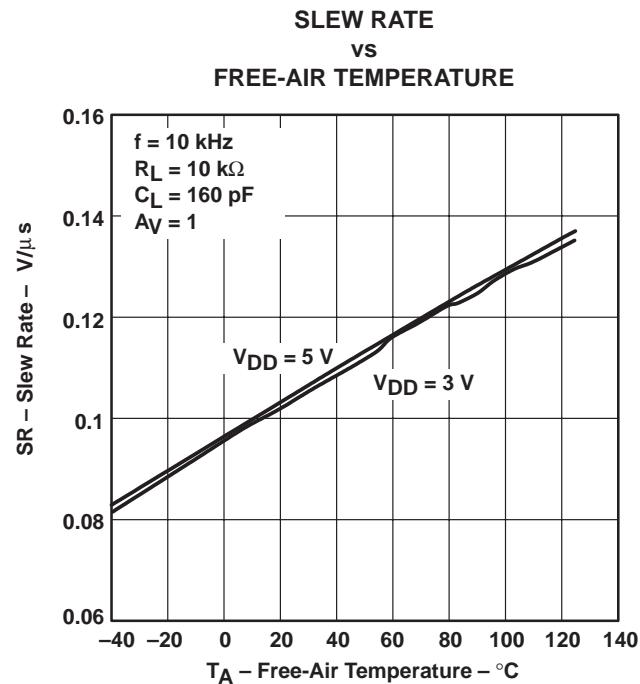


Figure 27

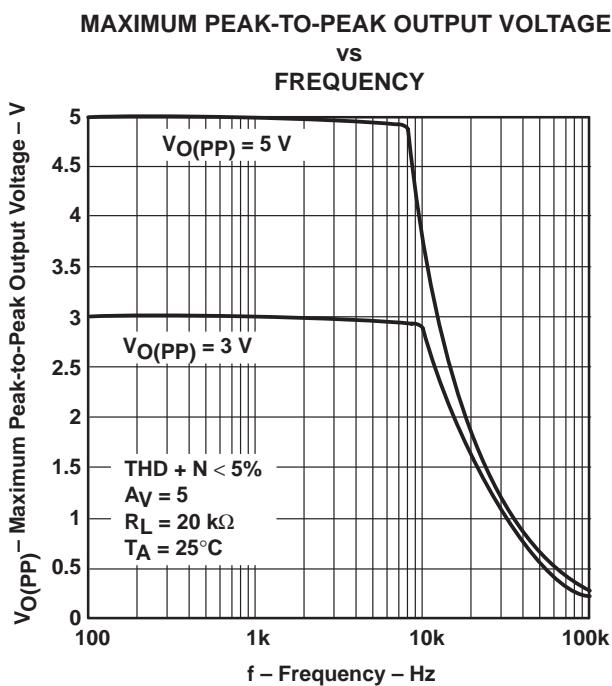
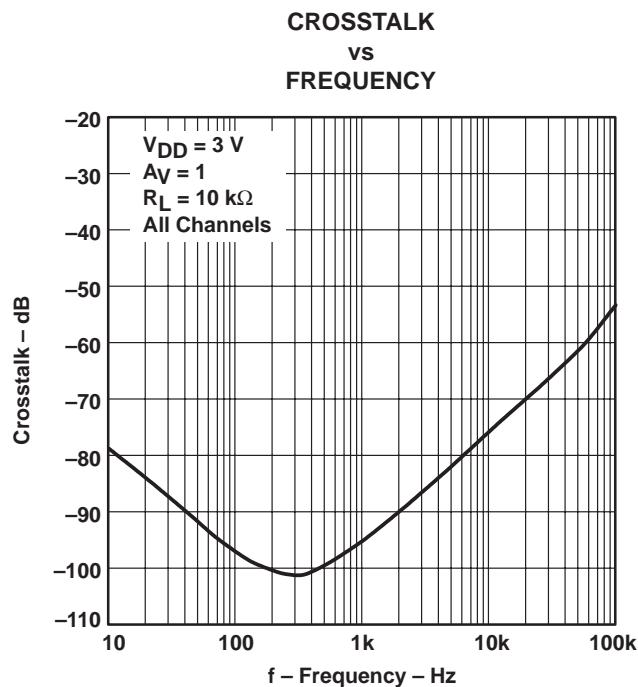


Figure 28

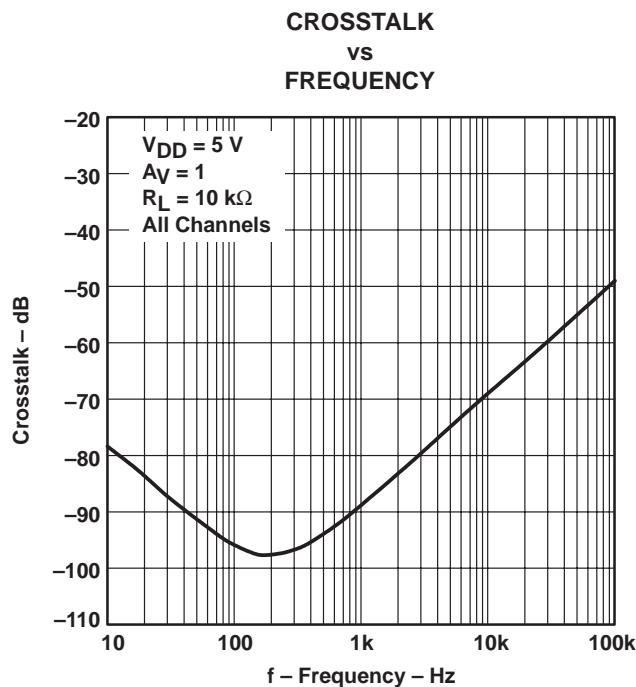
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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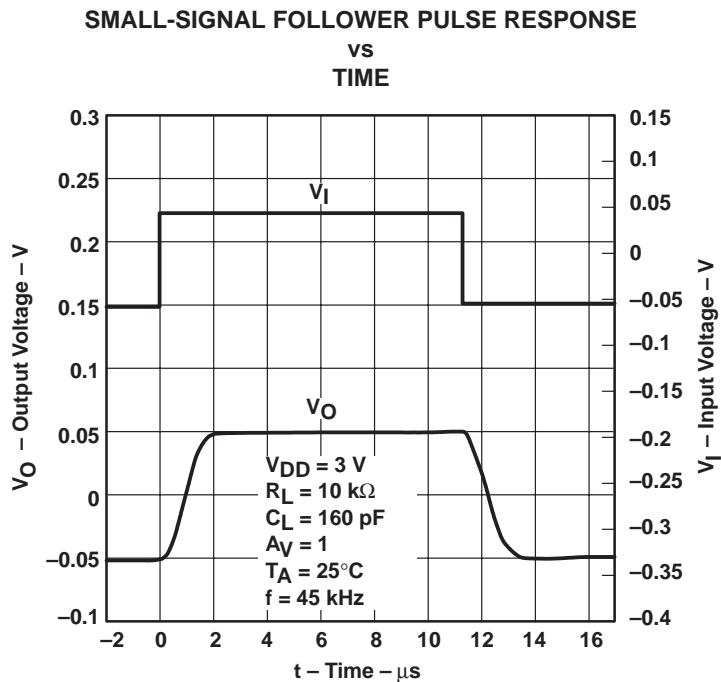
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**Figure 29**



**Figure 30**



**Figure 31**

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

LARGE-SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE  
vs  
TIME

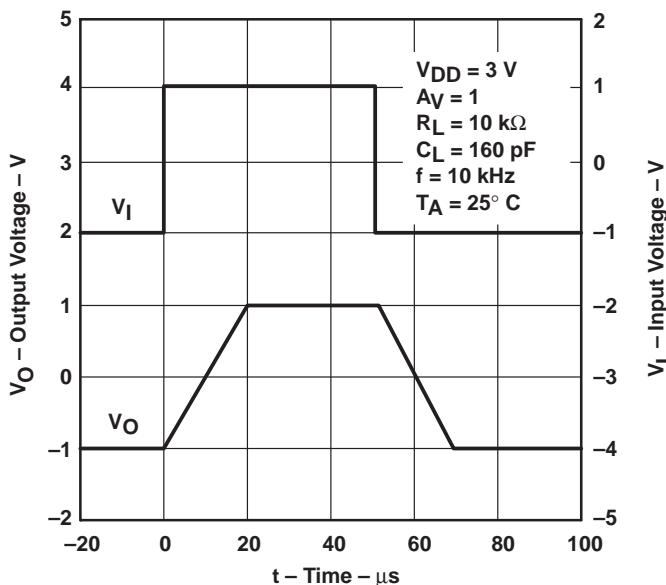


Figure 32

SMALL-SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE  
vs  
TIME

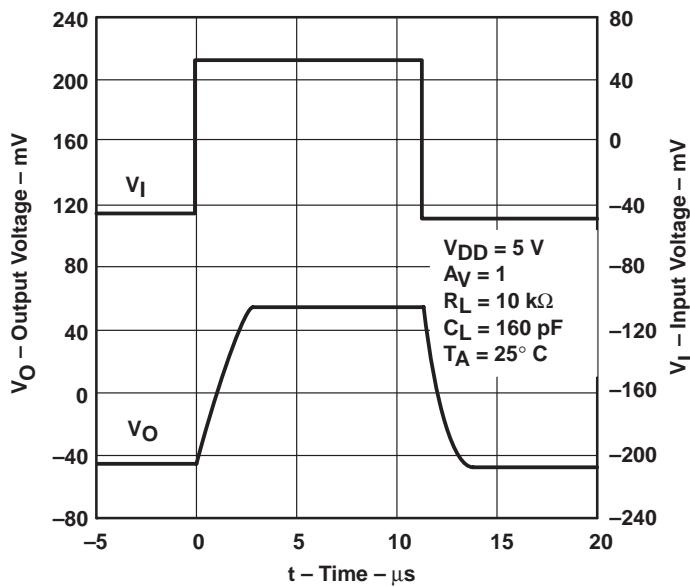


Figure 33

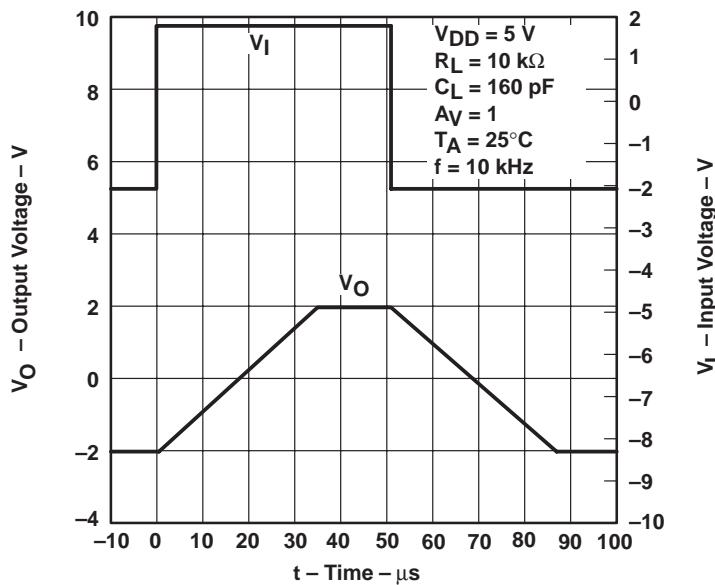
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**LARGE-SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE**

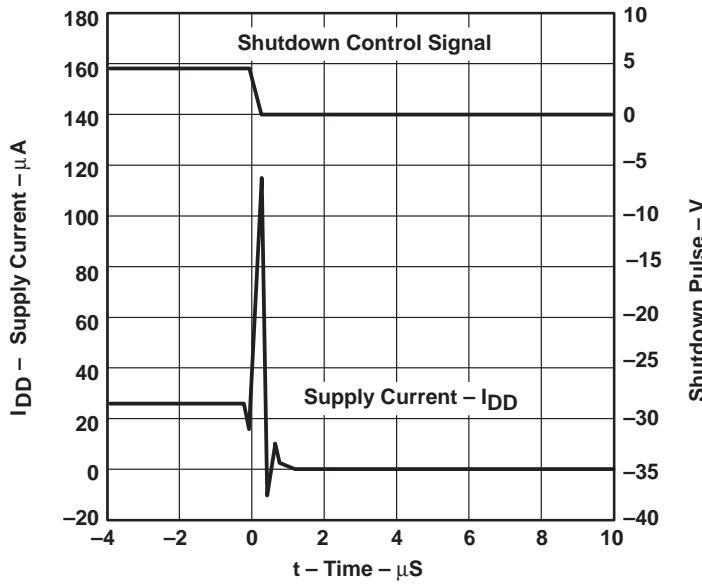
vs  
TIME



**Figure 34**

**SHUTDOWN ON SUPPLY CURRENT**

vs  
TIME



**Figure 35**

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

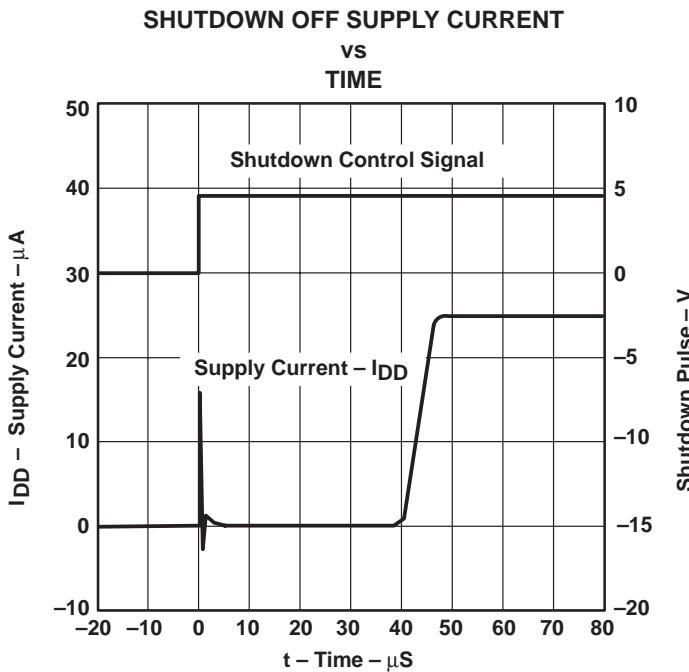


Figure 36

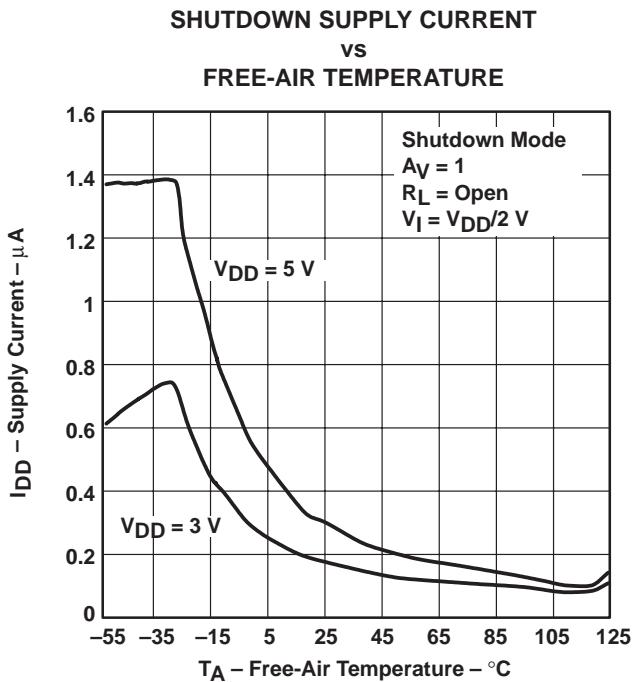


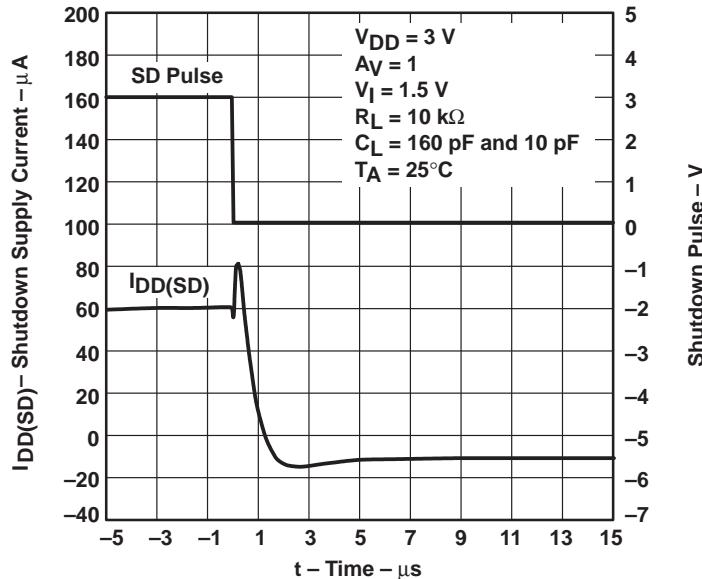
Figure 37

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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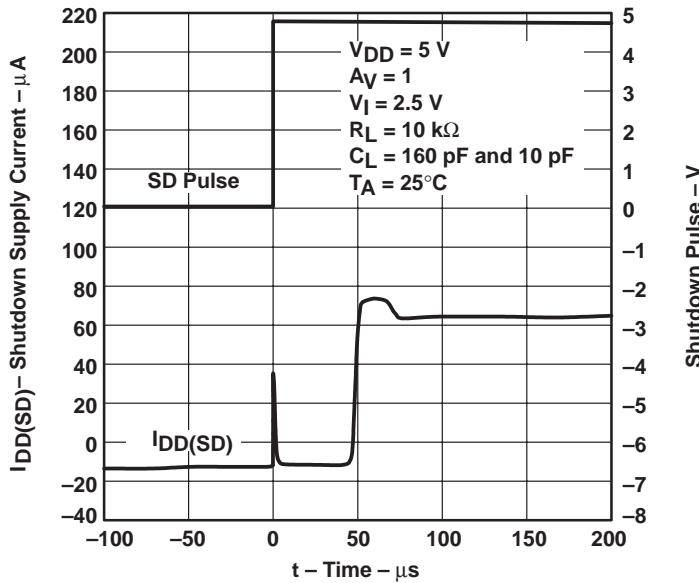
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT AND SHUTDOWN PULSE  
vs  
TIME**



**Figure 38**

**SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT AND SHUTDOWN PULSE  
vs  
TIME**



**Figure 39**

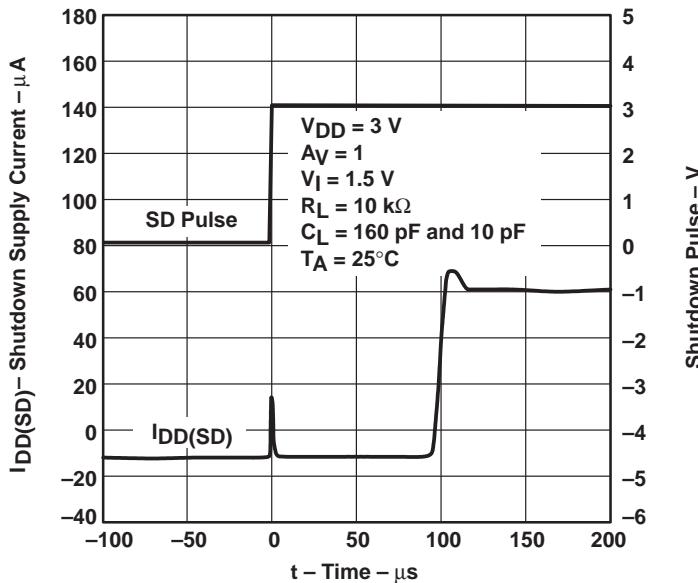
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT AND SHUTDOWN PULSE**

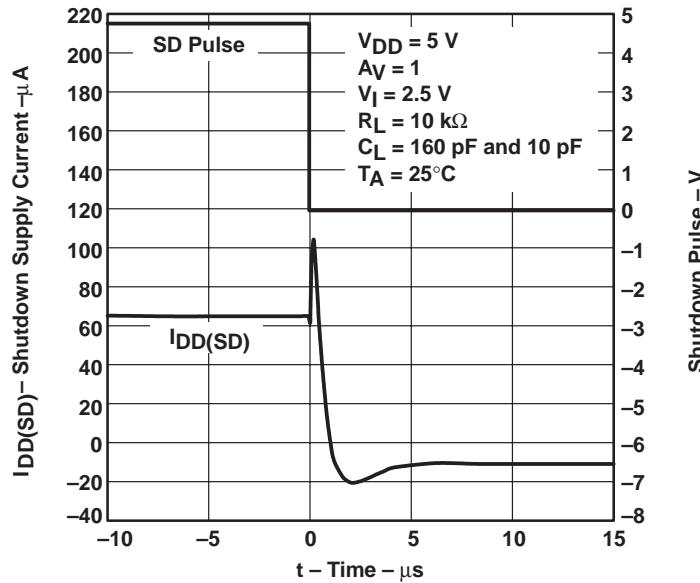
**VS  
TIME**



**Figure 40**

**SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT AND SHUTDOWN PULSE**

**VS  
TIME**



**Figure 41**

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

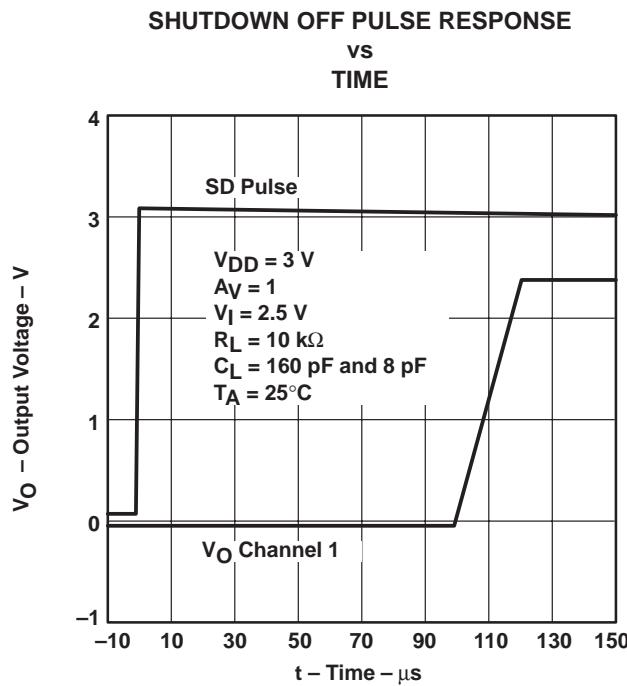


Figure 42

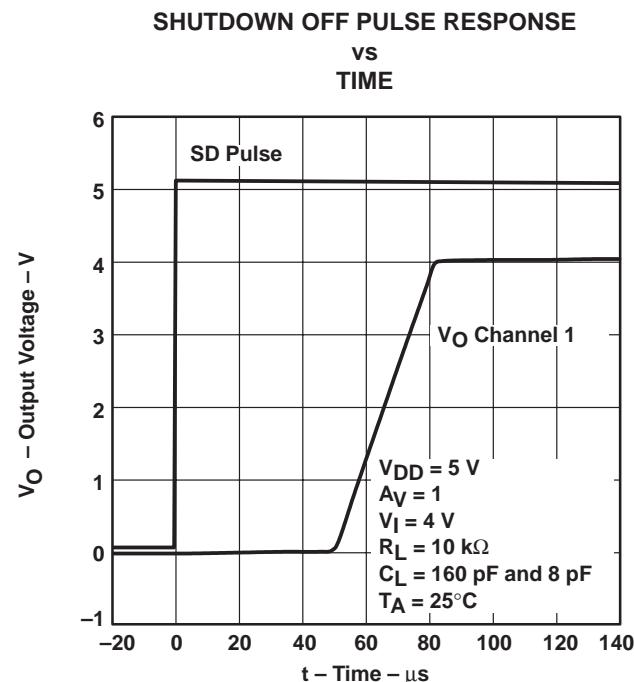


Figure 43

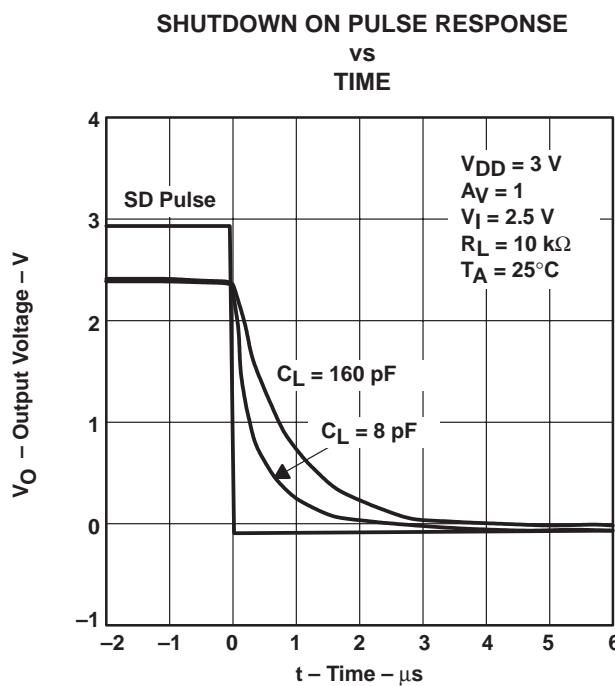


Figure 44

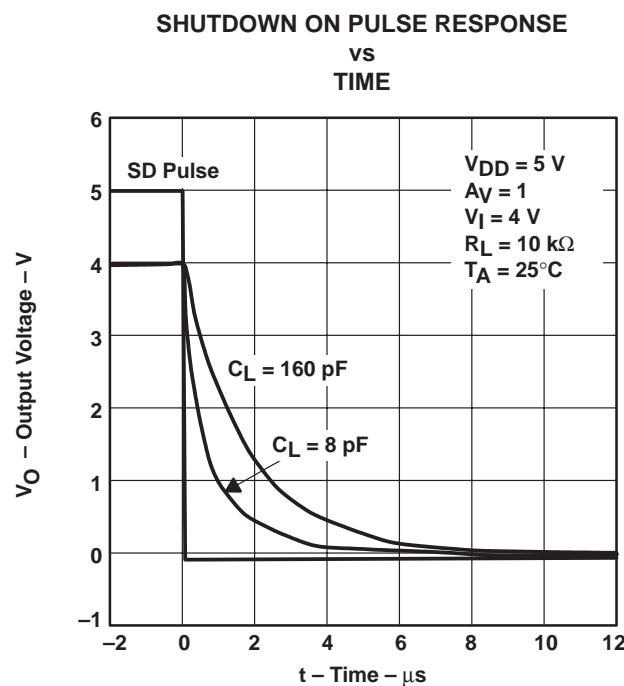
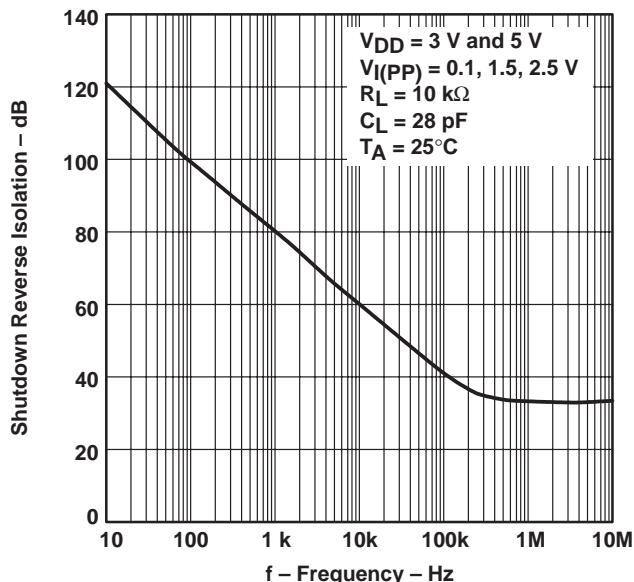


Figure 45

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

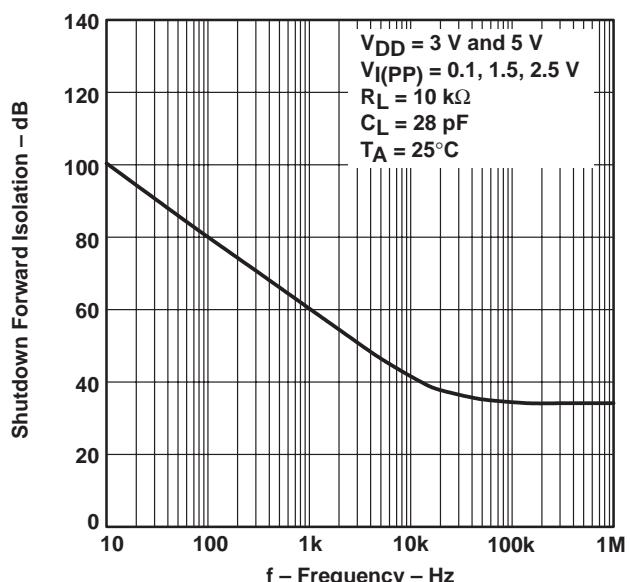
### SHUTDOWN REVERSE ISOLATION

VS  
FREQUENCY



### SHUTDOWN FORWARD ISOLATION

VS  
FREQUENCY



**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
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**APPLICATION INFORMATION**

**general power dissipation considerations**

For a given  $\theta_{JA}$ , the maximum power dissipation is shown in Figure 48 and is calculated by the following formula:

$$P_D = \left( \frac{T_{MAX} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \right)$$

Where:

$P_D$  = Maximum power dissipation of TLV245x IC (watts)

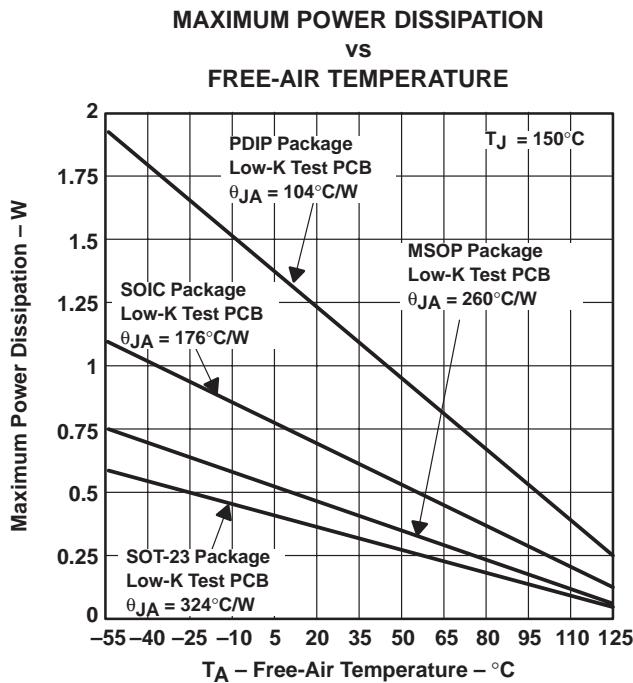
$T_{MAX}$  = Absolute maximum junction temperature ( $150^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

$T_A$  = Free-ambient air temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

$\theta_{JA}$  =  $\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}$

$\theta_{JC}$  = Thermal coefficient from junction to case

$\theta_{CA}$  = Thermal coefficient from case to ambient air ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )



NOTE A: Results are with no air flow and using JEDEC Standard Low-K test PCB.

**Figure 48. Maximum Power Dissipation vs Free-Air Temperature**

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### shutdown function

Three members of the TLV245x family (TLV2450/3/5) have a shutdown terminal for conserving battery life in portable applications. When the shutdown terminal is tied low, the supply current is reduced to 16 nA/channel, the amplifier is disabled, and the outputs are placed in a high impedance mode. To enable the amplifier, the shutdown terminal can either be left floating or pulled high. When the shutdown terminal is left floating, care should be taken to ensure that parasitic leakage current at the shutdown terminal does not inadvertently place the operational amplifier into shutdown. The shutdown terminal threshold is always referenced to  $V_{DD}/2$ . Therefore, when operating the device with split supply voltages (e.g.  $\pm 2.5$  V), the shutdown terminal needs to be pulled to  $V_{DD}-$  (not GND) to disable the operational amplifier.

The amplifier's output with a shutdown pulse is shown in Figures 42, 43, 44, and 45. The amplifier is powered with a single 5-V supply and configured as a noninverting configuration with a gain of 5. The amplifier turnon and turnoff times are measured from the 50% point of the shutdown pulse to the 50% point of the output waveform. The times for the single, dual, and quad are listed in the data tables.

Figures 46 and 47 show the amplifier's forward and reverse isolation in shutdown. The operational amplifier is powered by  $\pm 1.35$ -V supplies and configured as a voltage follower ( $A_V = 1$ ). The isolation performance is plotted across frequency using 0.1-V<sub>PP</sub>, 1.5-V<sub>PP</sub>, and 2.5-V<sub>PP</sub> input signals. During normal operation, the amplifier would not be able to handle a 2.5-V<sub>PP</sub> input signal with a supply voltage of  $\pm 1.35$  V since it exceeds the common-mode input voltage range ( $V_{ICR}$ ). However, this curve illustrates that the amplifier remains in shutdown even under a worst case scenario.

### macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*<sup>TM</sup>, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*<sup>TM</sup>. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 1) and subcircuit in Figure 49 are generated using the TLV245x typical electrical and operating characteristics at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

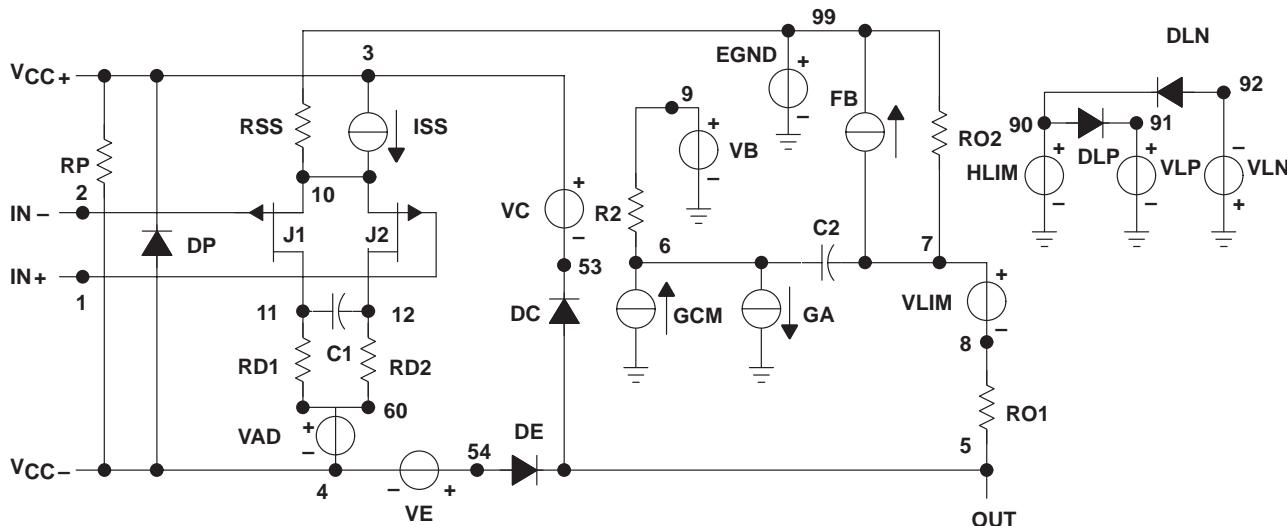
- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 1: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers," *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

# TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN

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## APPLICATION INFORMATION



\* AMP\_TLV2450-X operational amplifier "macromodel" subcircuit  
\* created using Parts release 8.0 on 10/12/98 at 11:06

\* Parts is a MicroSim product.

\* connections: non-inverting input

\* | inverting input

\* || positive power supply

\* || negative power supply

\* ||| output

\* .subckt AMP\_TLV2450-X 1 2 3 4 5

```
c1      11    12    354.48E-15
c2      6     7    7.5000E-12
cee     10   99    42.237E-15
dc      5    53    dy
de     54    5    dy
dlp    90   91    dx
dln    92   90    dx
dp      4    3    dx
egnd   99    0    poly(2) (3,0) (4,0) 0 .5 .5
fb      7    99    poly(5) vb vc ve vlp vln 0
+ 207.31E6 -1E3 1E3 210E6 -210E6
ga      6     0    11    12 15.254E-6
gcm     0     6    10    99 48.237E-12
```

iee	10	4	dc 938.61E-9
hlim	90	0	vlim 1K
q1	11	2	13 qx1
q2	12	1	14 qx2
r2	6	9	100.00E3
rc1	3	11	65.557E3
rc2	3	12	65.557E3
re1	13	10	10.367E3
re2	14	10	10.367E3
ree	10	99	213.08E6
ro1	8	5	10
ro2	7	99	10
rp	3	4	147.06
vb	9	0	dc 0
vc	3	53	dc .82
ve	54	4	dc .82
vlim	7	8	dc 0
vlp	91	0	dc 38
vln	0	92	dc 38
.model	dx		D(Is=800.00E-18)
.model	dy		D(Is=800.00E-18 Rs=1m Cjo=10p)
.model	qx1		NPN(Is=800.00E-18 Bf=843.08)
.model	qx2		NPN(Is=800.0000E-18 Bf=843.08)
.ends			

\* Schematics Subcircuit \*

.subckt TLV2450\_ver1 Vout Vdd GND V- SD

```
S_S2    $N_0001 GND SD GND S2
RS_S2   SD GND 1G
.MODEL S2 VSWITCH Roff=1e6 Ron=1.0 Voff=0.0
+ Von=1.0
S_S1    $N_0002 VDD SD GND S1
RS_S1   SD GND 1G
.MODEL S1 VSWITCH Roff=1e6 Ron=1.0 Voff=0.0
+ Von=1.0
S_S3    Vout $N_0003 SD GND S3
RS_S3   SD GND 1G
.MODEL S3 VSWITCH Roff=1e6 Ron=1.0 Voff=0.0
+ Von=1.0
X_SUB_U1   V+ V- $N_0002 $N_003
+ AMP_TLV2450-X
.ENDS  tlv2450_ver1
```

\* Schematics Subcircuit \*

.subckt TLV2451\_ver1 V+ V- Vout Vdd GND

```
X_SUB_U1   V+ V- GND Vout AMP_TLV2450-X
.ENDS  tlv2451_ver1
```

Figure 49. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit



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**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

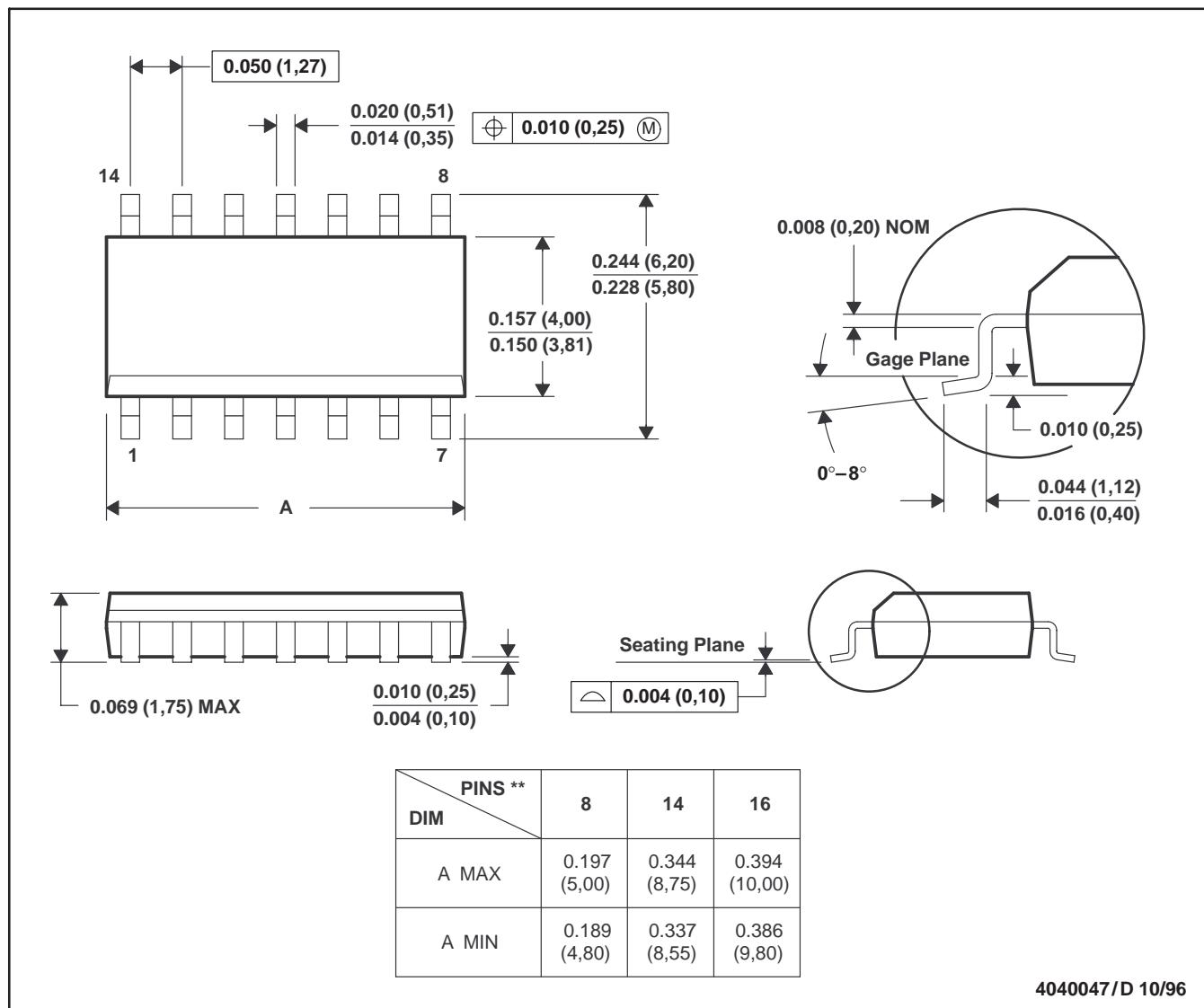
SLOS218B – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED JUNE 1999

**MECHANICAL DATA**

**D (R-PDSO-G\*\*)**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**

**14 PIN SHOWN**



- NOTES:
- B. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - C. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - D. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0.15).
  - E. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

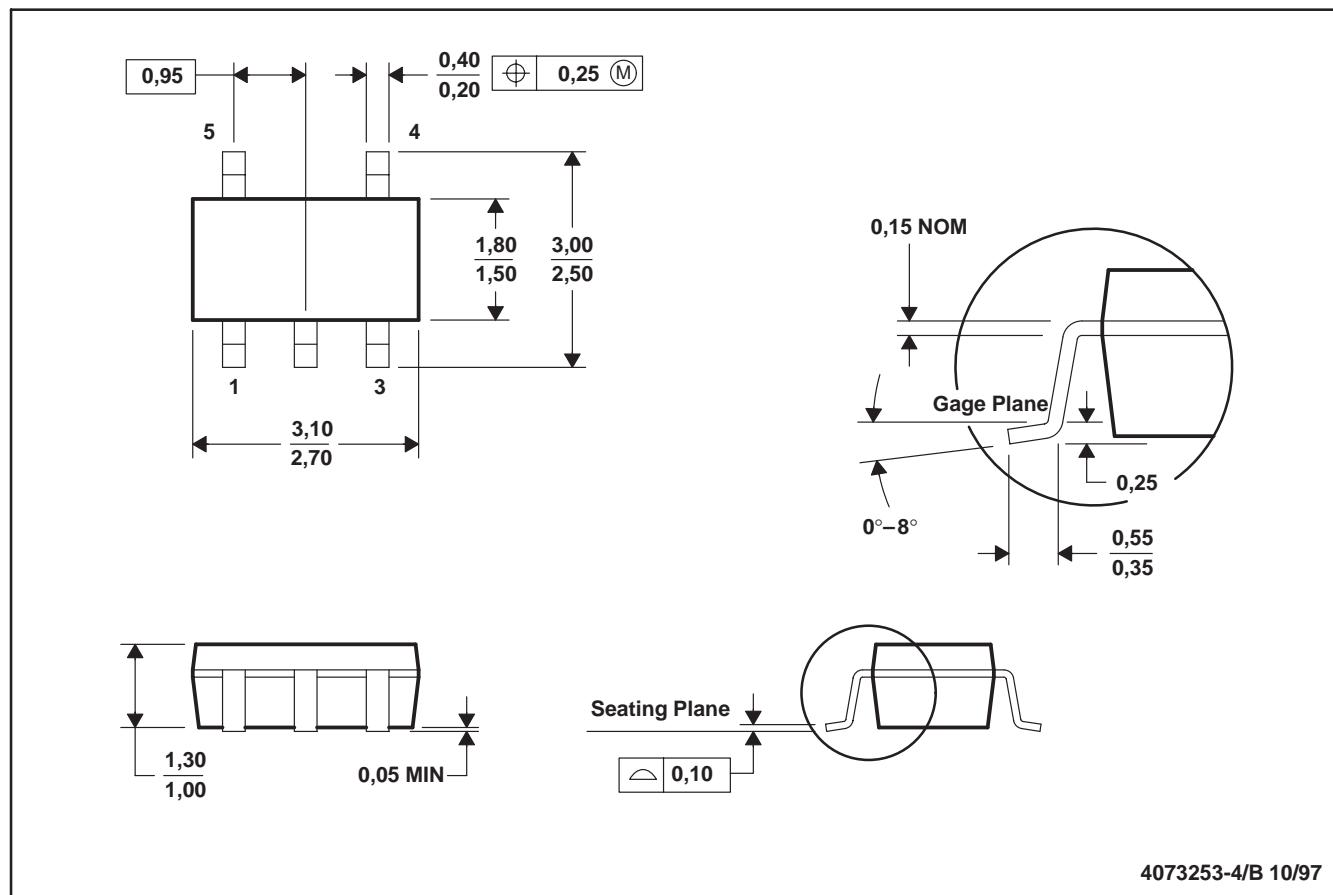
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

SLOS218B – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED JUNE 1999

**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**DBV (R-PDSO-G5)**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions include mold flash or protrusion.

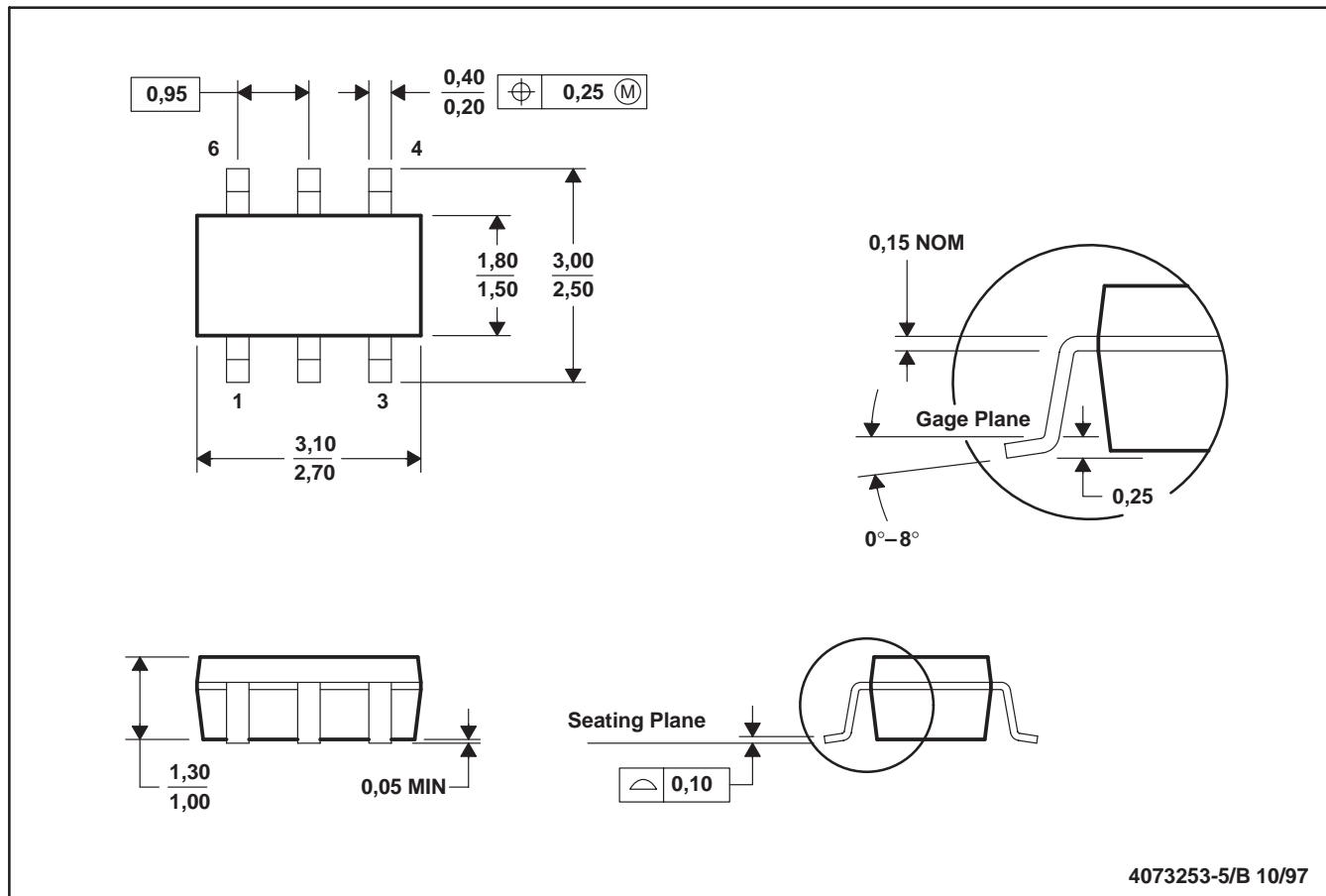
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

SLOS218B – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED JUNE 1999

**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**DBV (R-PDSO-G6)**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions include mold flash or protrusion.

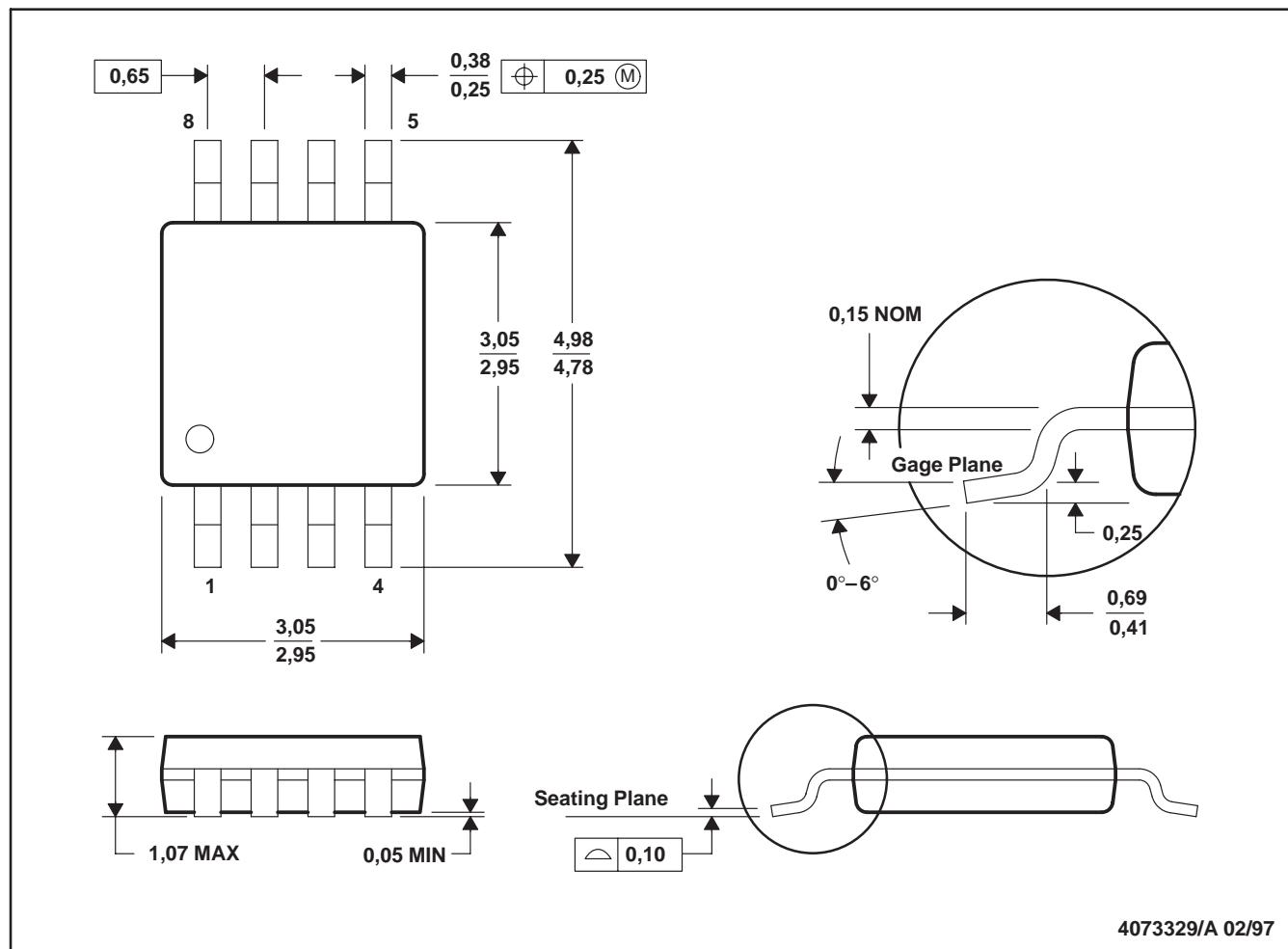
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

SLOS218B – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED JUNE 1999

**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**DGK (R-PDSO-G8)**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.

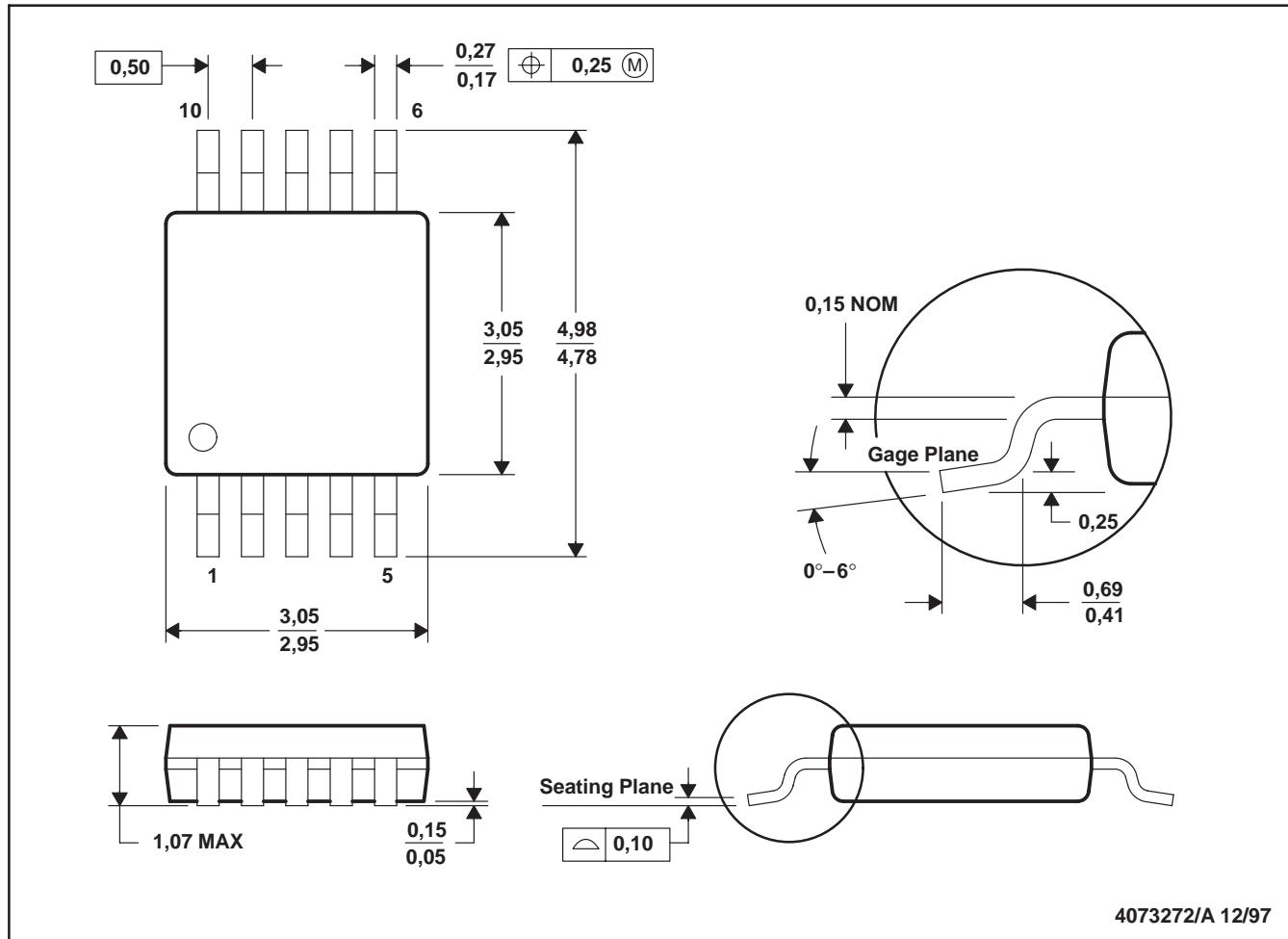
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

SLOS218B – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED JUNE 1999

**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**DGS (S-PDSO-G10)**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

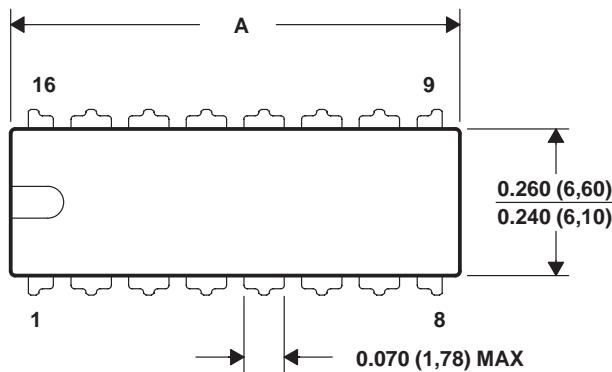
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**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

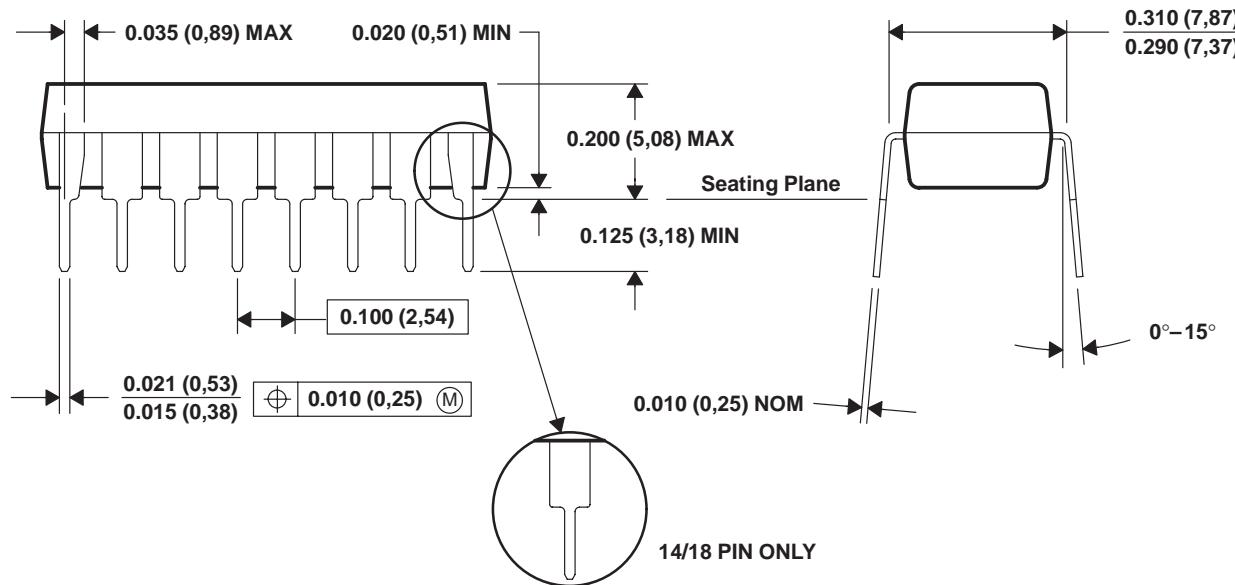
**N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)**

16 PIN SHOWN

**PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23.37)	0.975 (24,77)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21.59)	0.940 (23,88)



4040049/C 08/95

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 (20 pin package is shorter than MS-001.)

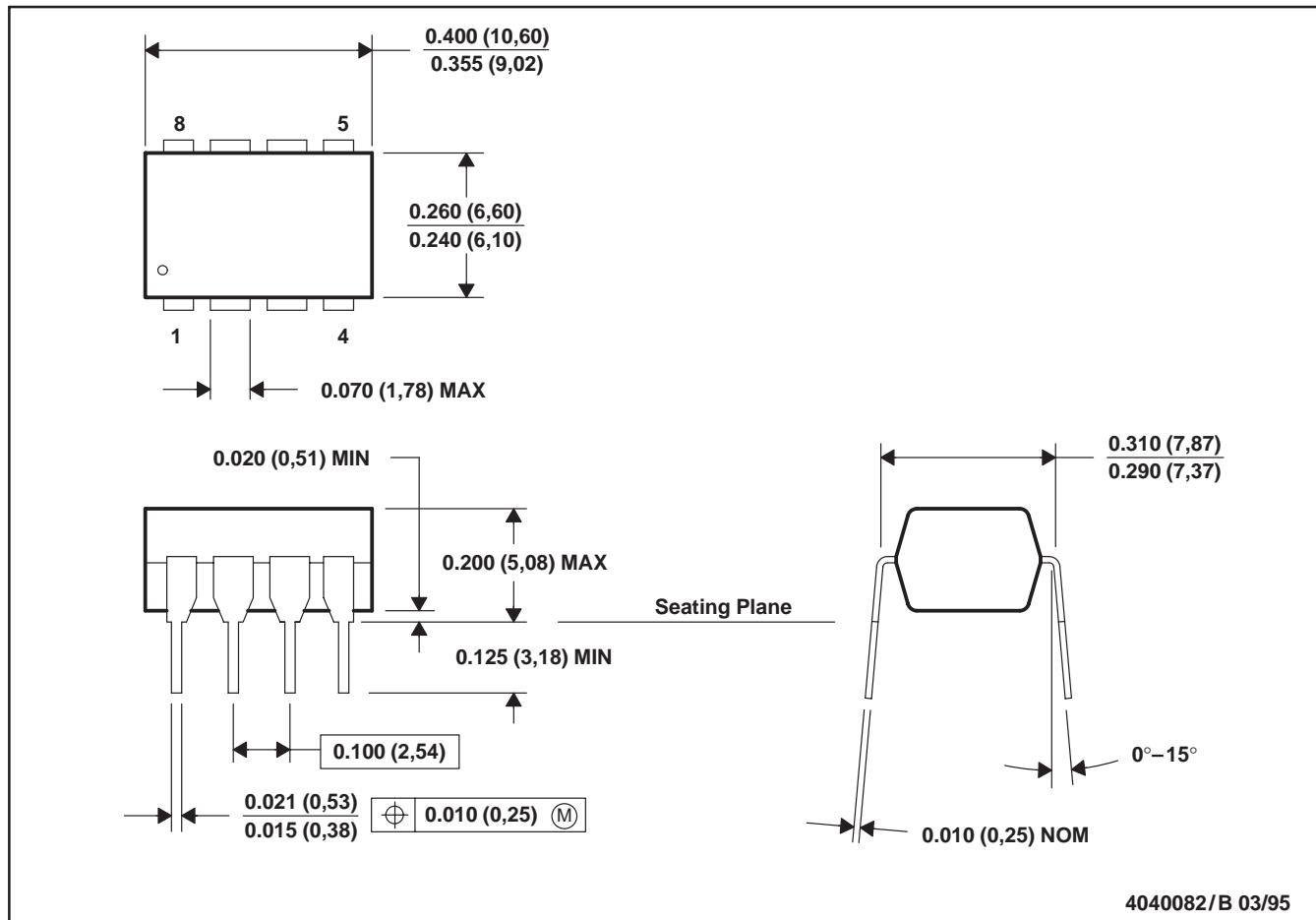
**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

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**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**P (R-PDIP-T8)**

**PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

**TLV2450, TLV2451, TLV2452, TLV2453, TLV2454, TLV2455, TLV245xA  
FAMILY OF 23- $\mu$ A 220-kHz RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT/OUTPUT  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS WITH SHUTDOWN**

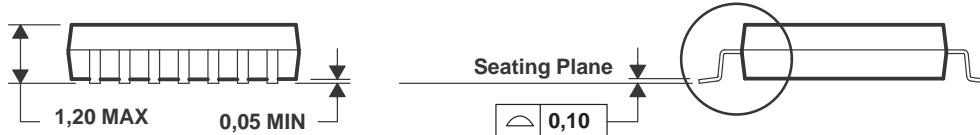
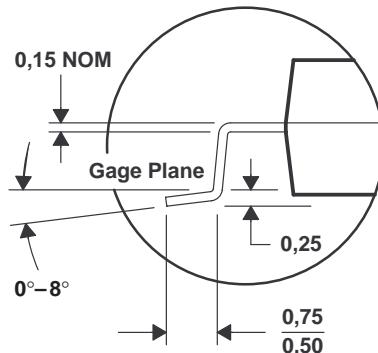
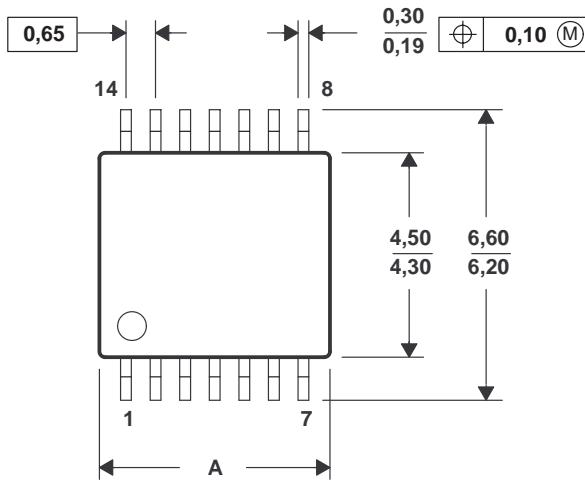
SLOS218B – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED JUNE 1999

**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)**

**14 PIN SHOWN**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



PINS ** DIM	8	14	16	20	24	28
A MAX	3.10	5.10	5.10	6.60	7.90	9.80
A MIN	2.90	4.90	4.90	6.40	7.70	9.60

4040064/E 08/96

- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.15.  
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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