- High Degree of Linearity
- High On-Off Output Voltage Ratio
- Low Crosstalk Between Switches
- Low On-State Impedance -

Typically, $50 \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6 \mathrm{~V}$

- Individual Switch Controls
- Extremely Low Input Current
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D), Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages, and Standard Plastic (N) 300-mil DIPs

D, DB, PW, OR N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)


## description

The SN74HC4066 is a silicon-gate CMOS quadruple analog switch designed to handle both analog and digital signals. Each switch permits signals with amplitudes of up to 6 V (peak) to be transmitted in either direction.
Each switch section has its own enable input control (C). A high-level voltage applied to $C$ turns on the associated switch section.
Applications include signal gating, chopping, modulation or demodulation (modem), and signal multiplexing for analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion systems.
The SN74HC4066 is characterized for operation from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
FUNCTION TABLE
(each switch)

| INPUT <br> CONTROL <br> (C) | SWITCH |
| :---: | :---: |
| L | OFF |
| H | ON |

## logic symbol $\dagger$


$\dagger$ This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.
logic diagram, each switch (positive logic)

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) $\dagger$

> Continuous current through $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND ............................................................ $\pm 50 \mathrm{~mA}$
> Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ (see Note 2): D package .......................................... $127^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
> DB package ....................................... 158² $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
> N package ........................................... $78^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
> PW package ....................................... $170^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$

$\dagger$ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise specified.
2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51, except for through-hole packages, which use a trace length of zero.

## recommended operating conditions

|  |  |  | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply voltage |  | $2 \dagger$ | 5 | 6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}}$ | I/O port voltage |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High-level input voltage, control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.15 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.2 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |
| VIL | Low-level input voltage, control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 |  | 0.3 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 |  | 0.9 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 |  | 1.2 |  |
| $t_{t}$ | Input rise/fall time | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 500 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 400 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating free-air temperature |  | -40 |  | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

$\dagger$ With supply voltages at or near 2 V , the analog switch on-state resistance becomes very nonlinear. It is recommended that only digital signals be transmitted at these low supply voltages.
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER |  |  | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN | TYP |  | MAX |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {on }}$ | On-state switch resistance |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & I_{T}=-1 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=0 \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}},(\text { see Figure } 1) \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 V |  | 150 |  |  |  | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | 4.5 V |  |  |  | 50 | 85 |  | 106 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 6 V |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{on} \text { (p) }}$ | Peak on resistance |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=-1 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 V |  | 320 |  |  |  | $\Omega$ |  |
|  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | 70 | 170 |  | 215 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 6 V |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Control input current |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=0$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | 6 V |  | $\pm 0.1$ | $\pm 100$ |  | $\pm 1000$ | nA |
| $I_{\text {soff }}$ | Off-state switch leakage current |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } 0, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}, \text { (see } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =V_{C C} \text { or } 0, \\ & \text { re 2) } \end{aligned}$ | 6 V |  |  | $\pm 0.1$ |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {son }}$ | On-state switch leakage current |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } 0, \\ & \text { (see Figure 3) } \end{aligned}$ | $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}},$ | 6 V |  |  | $\pm 0.1$ |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ICC | Supply current |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=0$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, | $\mathrm{I}=0$ | 6 V |  |  | 2 |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{i}$ | Input capacitance | A or B |  |  | 5 V | 9 |  |  |  | 10 | pF |  |
|  |  | C |  |  |  |  | 3 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | Feedthrough capacitance | A to B | $V_{l}=0$ |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  |  | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ | Output capacitance | A or B |  |  | 5 V |  | 9 |  |  |  | pF |  |

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switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range

| PARAMETER |  | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | TEST CONDITIONS | VCC | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | MIN MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN TYP |  |  |  | MAX |  |  |
| tPLH, tpHL | Propagation delay time |  | A or B | B or A | $C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figure 4) | 2 V | 10 | 60 | 75 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V |  |  |  | 4 | 12 | 15 |  |  |
|  |  | 6 V |  |  |  | 3 | 10 | 13 |  |  |
| tPZH, <br> tPZL | Switch turn-on time | C | A or B | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { (see Figure } 5 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 2 V | 70 | 180 | 225 | ns |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V | 21 | 36 | 45 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6 V | 18 | 31 | 38 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { tPLZ, } \\ & \text { tPHZ } \end{aligned}$ | Switch turn-off time | C | A or B | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { (see Figure 5) } \end{aligned}$ | 2 V | 50 | 200 | 250 | ns |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V | 25 | 40 | 50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6 V | 22 | 34 | 43 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{f}_{1}$ | Control input frequency | C | A or B | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2, \\ & \text { (see Figure } 6 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 2 V | 15 |  |  | MHz |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V | 30 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6 V | 30 |  |  |  |  |
| Control feedthrough noise |  | C | A or B | $\begin{aligned} & C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & R_{\text {in }}=R_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{C} \text { or } \mathrm{GND}, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\text {in }}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \text { (see Figure } 7 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 4.5 V | 15 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mV} \\ (\mathrm{rms}) \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  | 6 V |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |

operating characteristics, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS |  | TYP | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {pd }}$ Power dissipation capacitance per gate | $\mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$, | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 45 | pF |
| Minimum through bandwidth, A to B or B to $\mathrm{A}^{\dagger}\left[20 \log \left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}\right)\right]=-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \text { (see Figure } 8 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 30 | MHz |
| Crosstalk between any switches $\ddagger$ | $\begin{aligned} & C_{L}=10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{in}}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega,$ <br> (see Figure 9) | 45 | dB |
| Feedthrough, switch off, A to B or B to $\mathrm{A} \ddagger$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{in}}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega \text {, }$ <br> (see Figure 10) | 42 | dB |
| Amplitude distortion rate, A to B or B to A | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{in}}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega,$ <br> (see Figure 11) | 0.05\% |  |

$\dagger$ Adjust the input amplitude for output $=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ at $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$. Input signal must be a sine wave.
$\ddagger$ Adjust the input amplitude for output $=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ at $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$. Input signal must be a sine wave.

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 1. On-State Resistance Test Circuit


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}} \\
& \text { CONDITION 1: } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}} \\
& \text { CONDITION 2: } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}}=0
\end{aligned}
$$

Figure 2. Off-State Switch Leakage Current Test Circuit

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ TO GND
Figure 3. On-State Leakage Current Test Circuit


Figure 4. Propagation Delay Time, Signal Input to Signal Output

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 5. Switching Time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZH}}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }}$ ), Control to Signal Output


Figure 6. Control Input Frequency


Figure 7. Control Feedthrough Noise


Figure 8. Minimum Through Bandwidth

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION


$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=0 \mathrm{dBm}\right.$ at $\left.\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$

Figure 9. Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches


Figure 10. Feedthrough, Switch Off


Figure 11. Amplitude Distortion Rate

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