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- *EPIC*<sup>TM</sup> (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Process
- High On-Off Output-Voltage Ratio
- Low Crosstalk Between Switches
- Individual Switch Controls
- Extremely Low Input Current
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D, NS), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV), Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW), Ceramic Flat (W) Packages, and Standard Plastic (N) and Ceramic (J) DIPs

SN54LV4066A J OR W PACKAGE
SN74LV4066A D, DB, DGV, N, NS, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

	_		
1A	d 1	$\bigcup_{14}$	
		14	F ACC
1B		13	] V <sub>CC</sub> ] 1C
2B		12	_ 4C
2A	4	11	] 4A
2C	5	10	] 4B
3C	6	9	] 3B
GND	7	8	] 3A

#### description

This quadruple silicon-gate CMOS analog switch is designed for 2-V to 5.5-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

These switches are designed to handle both analog and digital signals. Each switch permits signals with amplitudes up to 5.5 V (peak) to be transmitted in either direction.

Each switch section has its own enable-input control (C). A high-level voltage applied to C turns on the associated switch section.

Applications include signal gating, chopping, modulation or demodulation (modem), and signal multiplexing for analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion systems.

The SN54LV4066A is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. The SN74LV4066A is characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ C.

(each switch)						
INPUT CONTROL (C)	SWITCH					
L	OFF					
Н	ON					

FUNCTION TABLE

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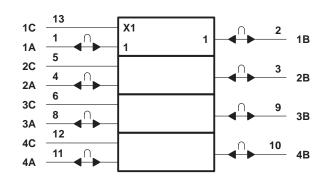
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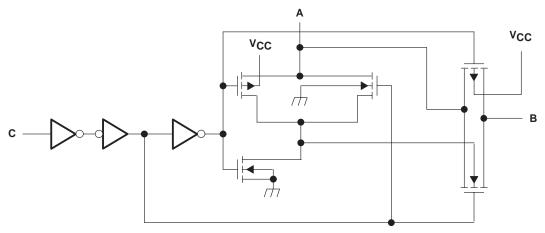
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### logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

### logic diagram (positive logic)



**One of Four Switches** 



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### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1) Input voltage range, $V_I$ (see Note 1)		–0.5 V to 7 V
Switch I/O voltage range, $V_{IO}$ (see Note 1 and 2 Control input cloper ourrest $l_{IO}$ (Ver $(Ver = 0)$ )		
Control-input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)		
I/O diode current, $I_{IOK}$ ( $V_{IO} < 0$ or $V_{IO} > V_{CC}$ )		
On-state switch current, $I_T (V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$		
Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±50 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3):	: D package	127°C/W
	DB package	
	DGV package	
	N package	
	NS package	127°C/W
	PW package	170°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>		

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

- 2. This value is limited to 7 V maximum.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51, except for through-hole packages, which use a trace length of zero.

### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			SN54	SN54LV4066A		_V4066A	LINUT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage		2‡	5.5	2‡	5.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$	1.5		1.5		
\/		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	$V_{CC} \times 0$	).7	$V_{CC} \times 0$	.7	v
VIH	High-level input voltage, control inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	VCC × 0	0.7 🕺	$V_{CC} \times 0$	.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$	$V_{CC} \times 0$	).7	$V_{CC} \times 0$	.7	
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$		0.5		0.5	
Ma		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	3	5 V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.3		$V_{CC}  imes 0.3$	v
VIL	Low-level input voltage, control inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0	$V_{CC}  imes 0.3$		$V_{CC}  imes 0.3$	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2	$V_{CC}  imes 0.3$		$V_{CC}  imes 0.3$	
VI	Control input voltage		0	5.5	0	5.5	V
VIO	Input/output voltage		0	VCC	0	VCC	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0	200	0	200	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0	100	0	100	ns/V
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0	20	0	20	
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-55	125	-40	85	°C

<sup>‡</sup> With supply voltages at or near 2 V, the analog switch on-state resistance becomes very nonlinear. Only digital signals should be transmitted at these low supply voltages.

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.



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### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				Т	λ = 25°C	;	SN54LV4	066A	SN74LV4066A		
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	NS VCC		TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	-	I <sub>T</sub> = -1 mA,	2.3 V		38	180		225		225	
Ron	On-state switch resistance	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_C = V_{IH}$	3 V		29	150		190		190	Ω
		(see Figure 1)	4.5 V		21	75		100		100	
		l⊤ = −1 mA,	2.3 V		143	500		600		600	
R <sub>on(p)</sub>	Peak on-state resistance	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$ to GND,	3 V		57	180		225		225	Ω
	roolotarioo	$V_{C} = V_{IH}$	4.5 V		31	100		125		125	
	Difference in on-state	l⊤ = −1 mA,	2.3 V		6	30		40		40	
$\Delta R_{on}$	resistance between	$V_I = V_{CC}$ to GND,	3 V		3	20	4	30		30	Ω
	switches	$V_{C} = V_{IH}$ 4.5	C = VIH 4.5 V 2	15	Q	20		20			
Ц	Control input current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5 V			±0.1	S.	±1		±1	μΑ
I <sub>soff</sub>	Off-state switch leakage current	$ \begin{array}{l} V_I = V_{CC} \text{ and} \\ V_O = GND, \text{ or} \\ V_I = GND \text{ and} \\ V_O = V_{CC}, \\ V_C = V_{IL} \\ (\text{see Figure 2}) \end{array} $	5.5V			±0.1	DO40	±1		±1	μΑ
I <sub>son</sub>	On-state switch leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_C = V_{IH}$ (see Figure 3)	5.5 V			±0.1		±1		±1	μA
ICC	Supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5 V					20		20	μΑ
C <sub>ic</sub>	Control input capacitance				1.5						pF
C <sub>io</sub>	Switch input/output capacitance				5.5						pF
Cf	Feedthrough capacitance				0.5						pF

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DAI	RAMETER	FROM	то	TEST	T,	<b>₄ = 25°C</b>	;	SN54LV4066A	SN74LV4066A	UNIT
	NAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX		MIN MAX	MIN MAX		
<sup>t</sup> PLH, <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time	A or B	B or A	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF, (see Figure 4)		1.2	10	16	16	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZL	Switch turn-on time	С	A or B	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		3.3	15	M20	20	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ, <sup>t</sup> PHZ	Switch turn-off time	С	A or B	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		6	15	59 23 23 23	23	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH, <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time	A or B	B or A	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, (see Figure 4)		2.6	12	18 18	18	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZL	Switch turn-on time	С	A or B	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		4.2	25	32	32	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ, <sup>t</sup> PHZ	Switch turn-off time	с	A or B	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		9.6	25	32	32	ns

### switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

## switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted)

	RAMETER	FROM	то	TEST	T,	Δ = 25°C	;	SN54LV4066A	SN74LV4066A	UNIT
	RAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time	A or B	B or A	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF, (see Figure 4)		0.8	6	10	10	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZL	Switch turn-on time	С	A or B	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		2.3	11	M115	15	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PHZ	Switch turn-off time	с	A or B	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		4.5	11	49-15 NO	15	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time	A or B	B or A	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, (see Figure 4)		1.5	9	12	12	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZL	Switch turn-on time	С	A or B	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		3	18	22	22	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PHZ	Switch turn-off time	С	A or B	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		7.2	18	22	22	ns



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# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

	RAMETER	FROM	то	TEST	T,	<b>₄ = 25°C</b>	;	SN54LV4066A	SN74LV4066A	UNIT
FAI	NAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	UNIT
tplh, tphl	Propagation delay time	A or B	B or A	CL = 15 pF, (see Figure 4)		0.3	4	7	7	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZL	Switch turn-on time	с	A or B	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		1.6	7	M10	10	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PHZ	Switch turn-off time	с	A or B	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		3.2	7	49 10 10	10	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH, <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time	A or B	B or A	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, (see Figure 4)		0.6	6	8 1040 8	8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZL	Switch turn-on time	с	A or B	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		2.1	12	16	16	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ, <sup>t</sup> PHZ	Switch turn-off time	с	A or B	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (see Figure 5)		5.1	12	16	16	ns

### analog switch characteristics over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	FROM	то	TEST		Vaa	Τį	ן = 25°	C	UNIT			
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITION	Vcc	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT				
			$C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{L} = 600 \Omega,$		2.3 V		30					
Frequency response (switch on)	A or B	B or A	$f_{in} = 1 \text{ MHz} \text{ (sine wave)}$ 20log <sub>10</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> /V <sub>I</sub> ) = -3 dB		3 V		35		MHz			
			(see Figure 6)		4.5 V		50					
			$C_{I} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{I} = 600 \Omega,$		2.3 V		-45					
Crosstalk (between any switches)	A or B	B or A	f <sub>in</sub> = 1 MHz (sine wave)		3 V		-45		dB			
			(see Figure 7)	(see Figure 7)			-45					
Crosstalk			$C_{I} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{I} = 600 \Omega,$		2.3 V		15					
(control input to signal	С	С	С	С	A or B	A or B	f <sub>in</sub> = 1 MHz (square wave	3 V		20		mV
output)			(see Figure 8)		4.5 V		50					
E - dilana da attance da a			$C_{I} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{I} = 600 \Omega,$		2.3 V		-40					
Feedthrough attenuation (switch off)	A or B	B or A	f <sub>in</sub> = 1 MHz		3 V		-40		dB			
			(see Figure 9)	-	4.5 V		-40					
			$C_{I} = 50 \text{ pF}, R_{I} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$	$V_I = 2 V_{p-p}$	2.3 V		0.1					
Sine-wave distortion	A or B		f <sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz (sine wave)	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.5 V <sub>p-p</sub>	3 V		0.1					
			(see Figure 10) VI =		4.5 V		0.1					

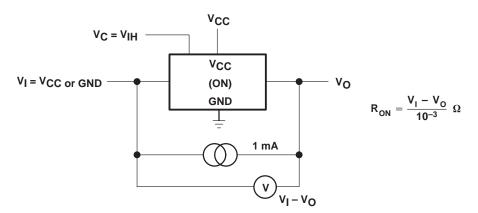
### operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
Cpd	Power dissipation capacitance		4.5	pF

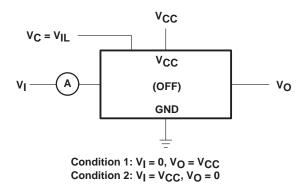
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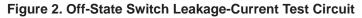


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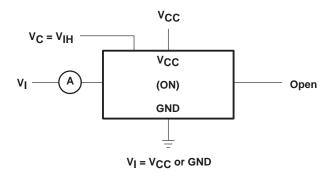






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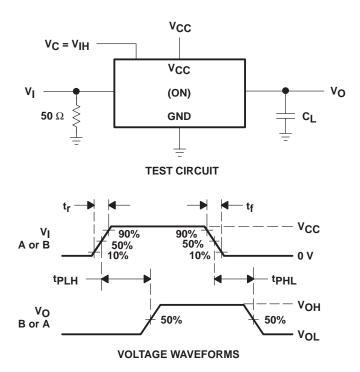


Figure 4. Propagation Delay Time, Signal Input to Signal Output



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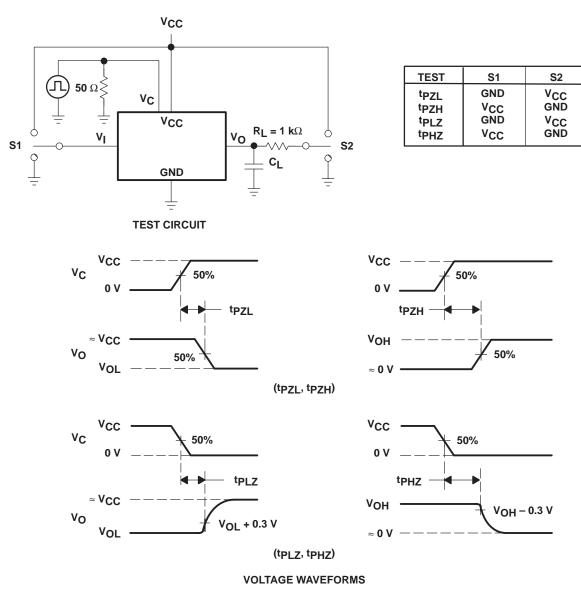


Figure 5. Switching Time ( $t_{PZL}$ ,  $t_{PLZ}$ ,  $t_{PZH}$ ,  $t_{PHZ}$ ), Control to Signal Output



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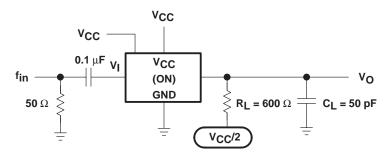


Figure 6. Frequency Response (Switch On)

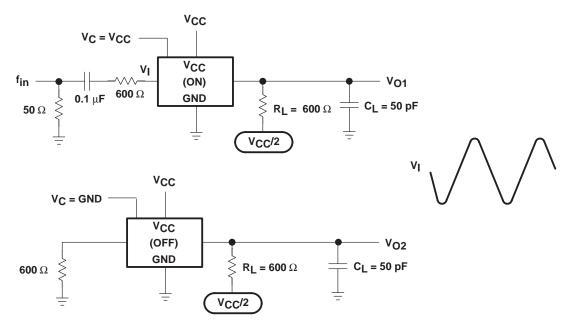


Figure 7. Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches

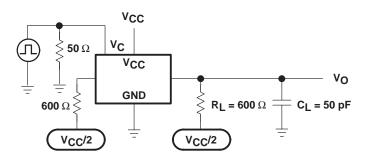
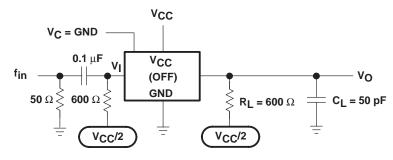


Figure 8. Crosstalk (Control Input – Switch Output)



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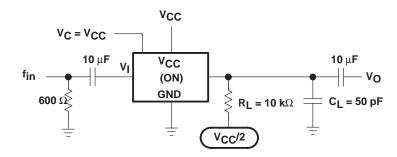


Figure 10. Sine-Wave Distortion



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