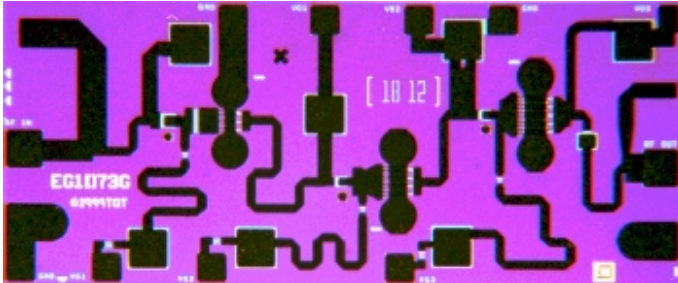


19 - 27 GHz Medium Power Amplifier

TGA1073G-SCC



Key Features and Performance

- 0.25 um pHEMT Technology
- 22 dB Nominal Gain
- 25 dBm Nominal Pout @ P1dB
- Bias 5-7V @ 220 mA
- Chip Dimensions 2.55 mm x 1.15mm

Primary Applications

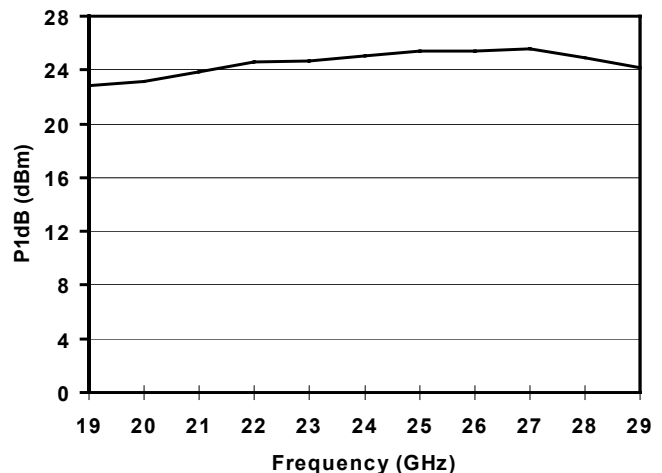
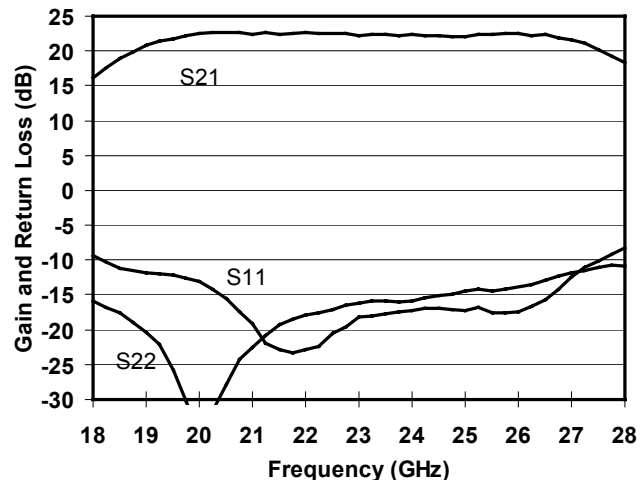
- Point-to-Point Radio
- Point-to-Multipoint Communications

The TriQuint TGA1073G-SCC is a three stage MPA MMIC design using TriQuint's proven 0.25 um Power pHEMT process. The TGA1073G is designed to support a variety of millimeter wave applications including point-to-point digital radio and point-to-multipoint communications.

The three stage design consists of a 200 um input device driving a 480um interstage device followed by an 800um output device.

The TGA1073G provides 25dBm nominal output power at 1dB compression across 19-27GHz. Typical small signal gain is 22 dB.

The TGA91073G requires minimum off-chip components. Each device is 100% DC and RF tested on-wafer to ensure performance compliance. The device is available in chip form.



MAXIMUM RATINGS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER <u>5/</u> | VALUE | NOTES |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| V ⁺ | POSITIVE SUPPLY VOLTAGE | 8 V | |
| I ⁺ | POSITIVE SUPPLY CURRENT | 296 mA | <u>1/</u> |
| P _{IN} | INPUT CONTINUOUS WAVE POWER | 23 dBm | <u>4/</u> |
| P _D | POWER DISSIPATION | 2.37 W | |
| T _{CH} | OPERATING CHANNEL TEMPERATURE | 150 °C | <u>2/</u> <u>3/</u> |
| T _M | MOUNTING TEMPERATURE (30 SECONDS) | 320 °C | |
| T _{STG} | STORAGE TEMPERATURE | -65 to 150 °C | |

- 1/ Total current for all stages.
- 2/ These ratings apply to each individual FET.
- 3/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device median time to failure (T_M). For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.
- 4/ This value reflects an estimate. Actual value will be inserted as soon as it is determined.
- 5/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for the device.

DC SPECIFICATIONS (100%)

 (T_A = 25 °C ± 5 °C)

| NOTES | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS <u>2/</u> | LIMITS | | UNITS |
|-----------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----|-------|
| | | | MIN | MAX | |
| | I _{DSS3} | STD | 80 | 376 | mA |
| | G _{M3} | STD | 176 | 424 | mS |
| <u>1/</u> | V _{P1} | STD | 0.5 | 1.5 | V |
| <u>1/</u> | V _{P2} | STD | 0.5 | 1.5 | V |
| <u>1/</u> | V _{P3} | STD | 0.5 | 1.5 | V |
| <u>1/</u> | V _{BVGD1} | STD | 11 | 30 | V |
| <u>1/</u> | V _{BVGS1} | STD | 11 | 30 | V |

- 1/ V_P, V_{BVGD}, and V_{BVGS} are negative.
- 2/ The measurement conditions are subject to change at the manufacture's discretion (with appropriate notification to the buyer).

RF SPECIFICATIONS

(T_A = 25°C ± 5°C)

| NOTE | TEST | MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS 6V @ 220mA | VALUE | | | UNITS |
|-----------|---|---|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| <u>1/</u> | SMALL-SIGNAL GAIN MAGNITUDE | 19 GHz | 16 | 20 | | dB |
| | | 20 – 25 GHz | 19 | 23 | | dB |
| | POWER OUTPUT AT 1 dB GAIN COMPRESSION | 20 GHz | 21 | 23 | | dBm |
| | | 22 GHz | 24 | 25 | | dBm |
| | | 23.5 GHz | 24 | 26 | | dBm |
| <u>1/</u> | INPUT RETURN LOSS MAGNITUDE | 19 – 25 GHz | | -20 | | dB |
| <u>1/</u> | OUTPUT RETURN LOSS MAGNITUDE | 19 – 25 GHz | | -15 | | dB |
| <u>2/</u> | OUTPUT THIRD ORDER INTERCEPT | | | 32 | | dBm |

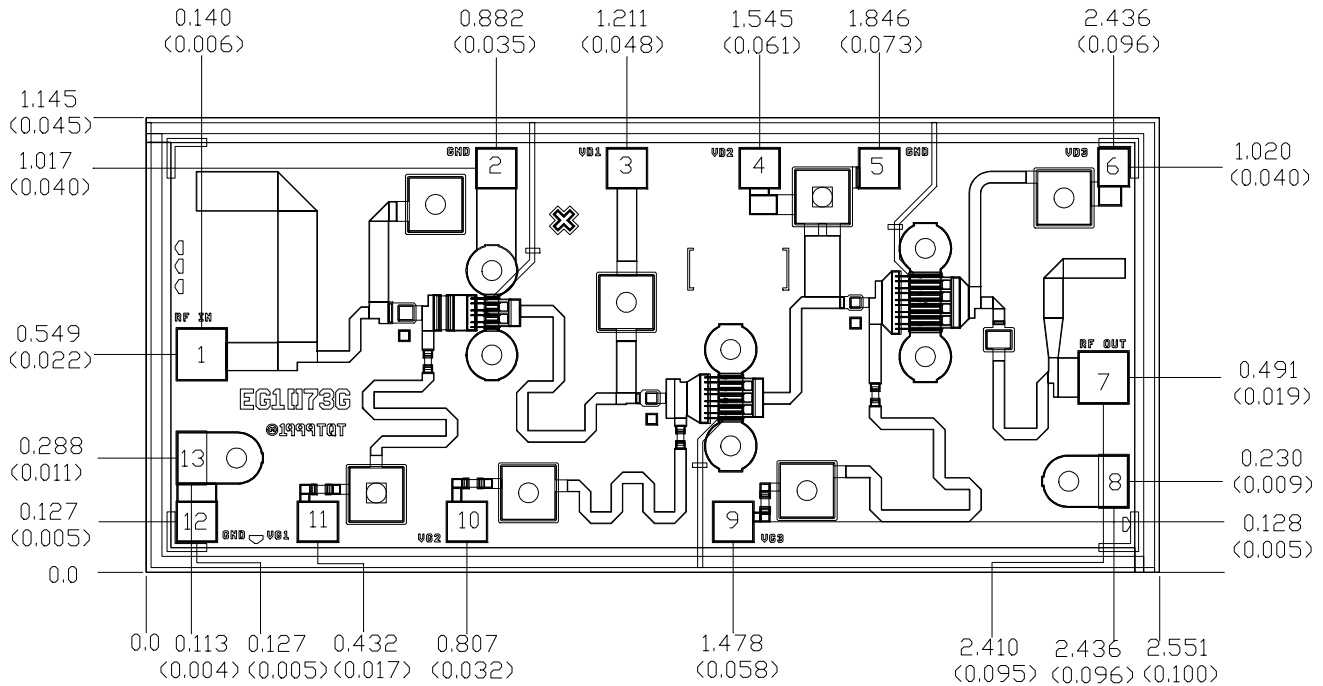
1/ RF probe data is taken at 1 GHz steps.

RELIABILITY DATA

| PARAMETER | BIAS CONDITIONS | | P _{DISS} (W) | R _{θJC} (C/W) | T _{CH} (°C) | T _M (HRS) |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | V _D (V) | I _D (mA) | | | | |
| R _{θJC} Thermal resistance (channel to backside of c/p) | 6 | 220 | 1.32 | 71.7 | 149.6 | 1.0 E6 |

Note: Assumes eutectic attach using 1.5 mil 80/20 AuSn mounted to a 20mil CuMo Carrier at 55°C baseplate temperature. Worst case condition with no RF applied, 100% of DC power is dissipated.

Mechanical Characteristics



Units: millimeters (inches)

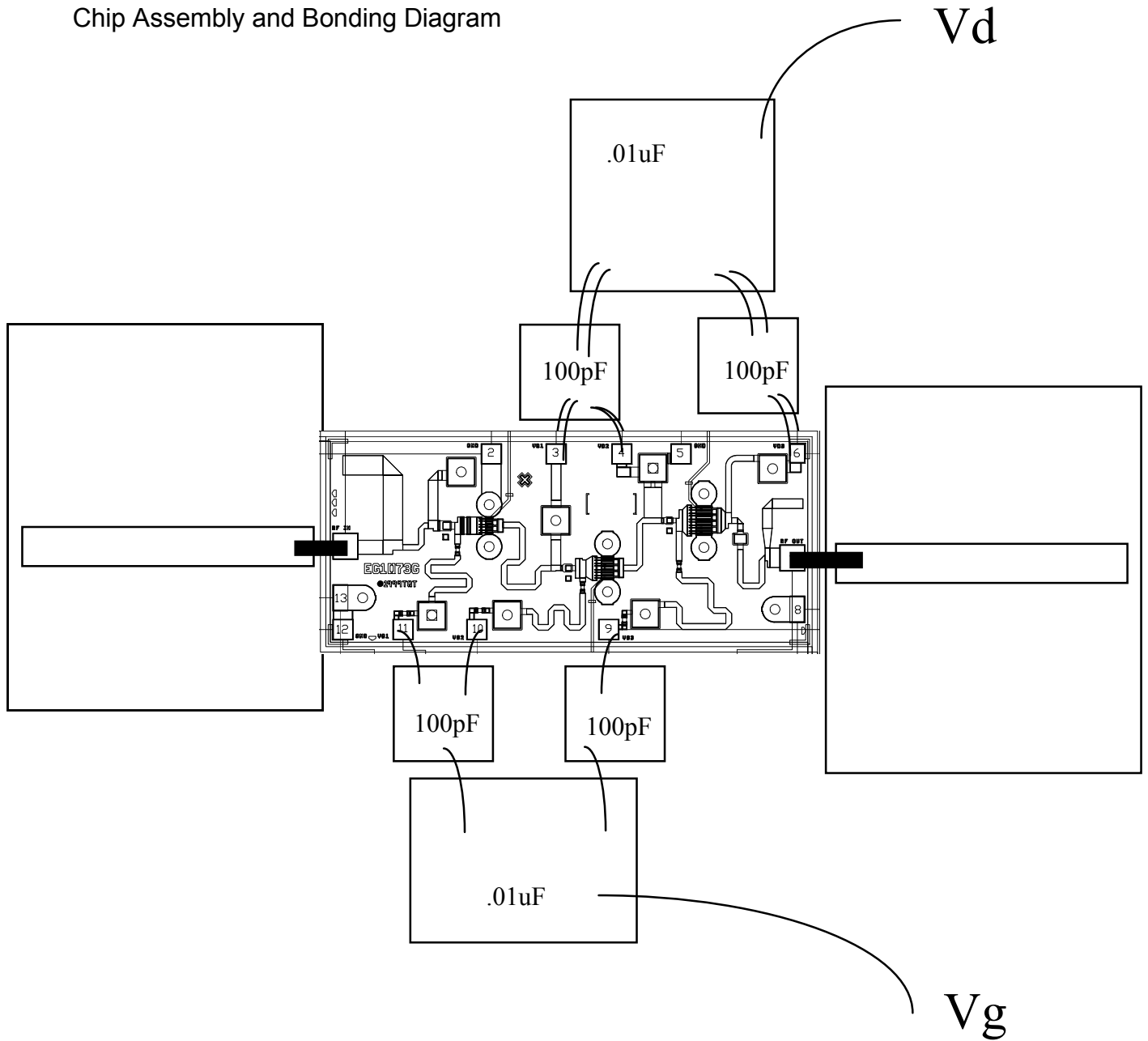
Thickness: 0.1016 (0.004)

Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad

Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.051 (0.002)

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Bond Pad #1 (RF Input) | 0.130 × 0.135 (0.005 × 0.005) |
| Bond Pad #2 (GND) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #3 (VD1) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #4 (VD2) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #5 (GND) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #6 (VD3) | 0.081 × 0.100 (0.003 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #7 (RF Output) | 0.130 × 0.135 (0.005 × 0.005) |
| Bond Pad #8 (GND) | 0.078 × 0.136 (0.003 × 0.005) |
| Bond Pad #9 (VG3) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #10 (VG2) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #11 (VG1) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #12 (GND) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #13 (GND) | 0.105 × 0.105 (0.004 × 0.004) |

Chip Assembly and Bonding Diagram



Reflow process assembly notes:

- AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300°C
- alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere
- no fluxes should be utilized
- coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability
- storage in dry nitrogen atmosphere

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets preferred method of pick up
- avoidance of air bridges during placement
- force impact critical during auto placement
- organic attachment can be used in low-power applications
- curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern
- microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating
- coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique
- force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters
- aluminum wire should not be used
- discrete FET devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire
- maximum stage temperature: 200°C

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.