Standard Products UT63M1XX MIL-STD-1553A/B Bus Transceiver

Data Sheet



Sept. 1999

FEATURES

- □ Full conformance to MIL-STD-1553A and 1553B
- Completely monolithic bipolar technology
- Low power consumption
- □ Fit and functionally compatible to industry standard 631XX series
- □ Idle low encoding version
- \Box Flexible power supply voltages: V_{CC}=+5V, V_{EE}=-12V or -15V, and V_{CCA} =+5V to +12V or +5V to +15V
- \Box Full military operating temperature range, -55°C to +125°C, screened to QML Q or QML V requirements
- □ Standard Military Drawing available

INTRODUCTION

The monolithic UT63M1XX Transceivers are complete transmitter and receiver pairs conforming fully to MIL-STD-1553A and 1553B. Encoder and decoder interfaces are idle low. UTMC's advanced bipolar technology allows the positive analog power to range from +5V to +12V or +5V to +15V, providing more flexibility in system power supply design.

The receiver section of the UT63M1XX series accepts biphasemodulated Manchester II bipolar data from a MIL-STD-1553 data bus and produces TTL-level signal data at its RXOUT and **RXOUT** outputs. An external RXEN input enables or disables the receiver outputs.

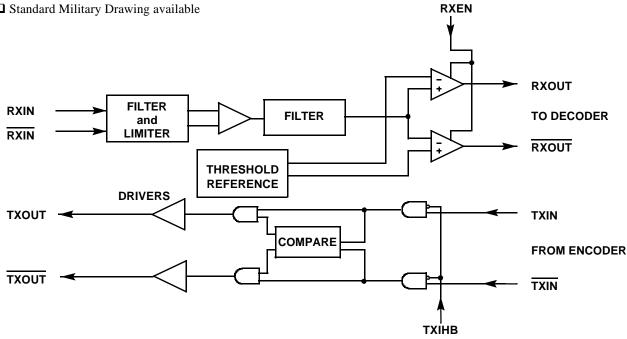


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

The transmitter section accepts biphase TTL-level signal data at its TXIN and TXIN and produces MIL-STD-1553 data signals. The transmitter's output voltage is typically $42V_{PP}$, L-L. Activating the TXIHB input or setting both data inputs to the same logic level disables the transmitter.

The UT63M1XX series offers a monolithic transmitter and receiver packaged in either single channel (24-pin) or dualchannel (36-pin) configurations designed for use in any MIL-STD-1553 application.

Legend for TYPE field:

TI = TTL input TO = TTL output DO = Differential output DI = Differential input() = Channel designator

TRANSMITTER

NAME	РАСКА	GE PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
	SINGLE	DUAL		
TXOUT	1	1	DO	Transmitter outputs: TXOUT and TXOUT are differential data signals.
(A)				
TXOUT	N/A	10	DO	
(B)				
TXOUT	2	2	DO	TXOUT is the complement of TXOUT.
(A)				
TXOUT	N/A	11	DO	
(B)				
TXIHB	21	34	TI	Transmitter inhibit: this is an active high input signal.
(A)	N 7/A		-	
TXINB	N/A	25	TI	
(B)	22	25		
TXIN	22	35	TI	Transmitter inputs: TXIN and $\overline{\text{TXIN}}$ are complementary TTL-level
(A)	NT / A	26		Manchester II encoder inputs.
TXIN	N/A	26	TI	
(B)	22	26		
TXIN	23	36	TI	TXIN is the complement of TXIN input.
$\frac{(A)}{TXIN}$		27	TI	
	N/A	27	TI	
(B)				

RECEIVER

NAME	PACKAGE PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
	SINGLE	DUAL		
RXOUT	7	5	ТО	Receiver outputs: RXOUT and RXOUT are complementary
(A)				Manchester II decoder outputs.
RXOUT	N/A	14	ТО	
(B)				
RXOUT	10	8	TO	RXOUT is the complement of RXOUT output
(A)				
RXOUT	N/A	17	ТО	
(B)				
RXEN	8	6	TI	Receiver enable/disable: This is an active high input signal.
(A)				
RXEN	N/A	15	TI	
(B)				
RXIN	15	29	DI	Receiver inputs: RXIN and \overline{RXIN} are biphase-modulated Manchester
(A)				II bipolar inputs from MIL-STD-1553 data bus.
RXIN	N/A	20	DI	
(B)				
RXIN	16	30	DI	RXIN is the complement of RXIN input.
(A)				
RXIN	N/A	21	DI	
(B)				

POWER AND GROUND

NAME	PACKAGE PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
	SINGLE	DUAL		
V _{CC} (A)	20	33	PWR	+5V _{DC} power (±10%)
V _{CC} (B)	N/A	24	PWR	
V _{CCA}	13	28	PWR	+5 to +12V _{DC} power or
(A)				+5 to +15 V_{DC} power (± 5%)
V _{CCA} (B)	N/A	19	PWR	
V _{EE}	19	32	PWR	-12 or -15V _{DC} power (± 5%)
(A)				Recommended de-coupling capacitors 4.7µF and 1µF
V _{EE} (B)	N/A	23	PWR	
GND	3, 9, 18	3, 7, 31	GND	Ground reference
(A)				
GND	N/A	12, 16, 22	GND	
(B)				

				1	
тхоит		1	24		NC
TXOUT	. <u> </u>	2	23		TXIN
GND		3	22		TXIN
NC	. <u> </u>	4	21		ТХІНВ
NC		5	CHANNEL 20		v _{cc}
NC		6	A 19		V _{EE}
RXOUT		7	18		GND
RXEN		8	17		NC
GND		9	16		RXIN
RXOUT		10	15		RXIN
NC		11	14		NC
NC		12	13		V _{CCA}
				1	

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Figure 2a. Functional Pin Diagram--Single Channel

тхоит	1		36	TXIN
ТХОИТ	2		35	TXIN
GND	3		34	ТХІНВ
NC	4	CHANNEL	33	V _{cc}
RXOUT	5	Α	32	V _{EE}
RXEN	6		31	GND
GND	7		30	RXIN
RXOUT	8		29	RXIN
NC	9		26	V _{CCA}
тхоит	10		27	
	10		26	
GND	12		25	ТХІНВ
NC	13	CHANNEL	24	
RXOUT	14	В	23	V _{cc}
RXEN	15		22	V _{EE}
GND	16		21	GND
RXOUT	17		20	RXIN
	18		19	RXIN V _{cca}

Figure 2b. Functional Pin Diagram--Dual Channel

TRANSMITTER

The transmitter section accepts Manchester II biphase TTL data and converts this data into differential phase-modulated current drive. Transmitter current drivers are coupled to a MIL-STD-1553 data bus via a transformer driven from the TXOUT and TXOUT terminals. Transmitter output terminals' non-

transmitting state is enabled by asserting TXIHB (logic 1), or by placing both TXIN and $\overline{\text{TXIN}}$ at the same logic level. Table 1, Transmit Operating Mode, lists the functions for the output data in reference to the state of TXIHB. Figure 3 shows typical transmitter waveforms.

RECEIVER

The receiver section accepts biphase differential data from a MIL-STD-1553 data bus at its RXIN and $\overline{\text{RXIN}}$ inputs. The receiver converts input data to biphase Manchester II TTL format and is available for decoding at the RXOUT and $\overline{\text{RXOUT}}$ terminals. The outputs RXOUT and $\overline{\text{RXOUT}}$ represent positive and negative excursions (respectively) of the inputs RXIN and $\overline{\text{RXIN}}$. Figure 4 shows typical receiver output waveforms.

Models UT63M105, UT63M107, UT63M125, and UT63M127 idle in the "0" state when disabled or receiving no signal.

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGES

The UT63M1XX series meets device requirements over a wide range of power supply voltages. Table 2 shows the overall capabilities of all available devices. Each channel of the dual transceiver is electrically and physically separate from the other and fully independent, including all power and signal lines. Thus there will be no interaction between the channels.

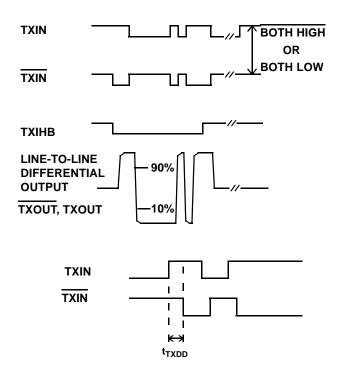




Table 1. Transmit Operating Mo	de
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TXIN	TXIN	TXIHB	TXOUT
x ¹	х	1	Off ²
0	0	Х	Off ³
0	1	0	On
1	0	0	On
1	1	Х	Off ³

Notes:

1. x = Don't care.

Transmitter output terminals are in the non-transmitting mode during Off time.

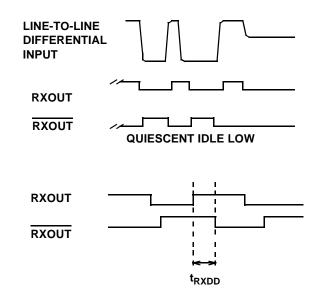
 Transmitter output terminals are in the non-transmitting mode during Off time, independent of TXIHB status.

DATA BUS INTERFACE

The designer can connect the UT63M1XX to the data bus via a short-stub (direct-coupling) connection or a long-stub (transformer-coupling) connection. Use a short-stub connection when the distance from the isolation transformer to the data bus does not exceed a one-foot maximum. Use a long-stub connection when the distance from the isolation transformer exceeds the one-foot maximum and is less than twenty-five feet. Figure 5 shows various examples of bus coupling configurations. The UT63M1XX series transceivers are designed to function with MIL-STD-1553A and 1553B compatible transformers.

RECOMMENDED THERMAL PROTECTION

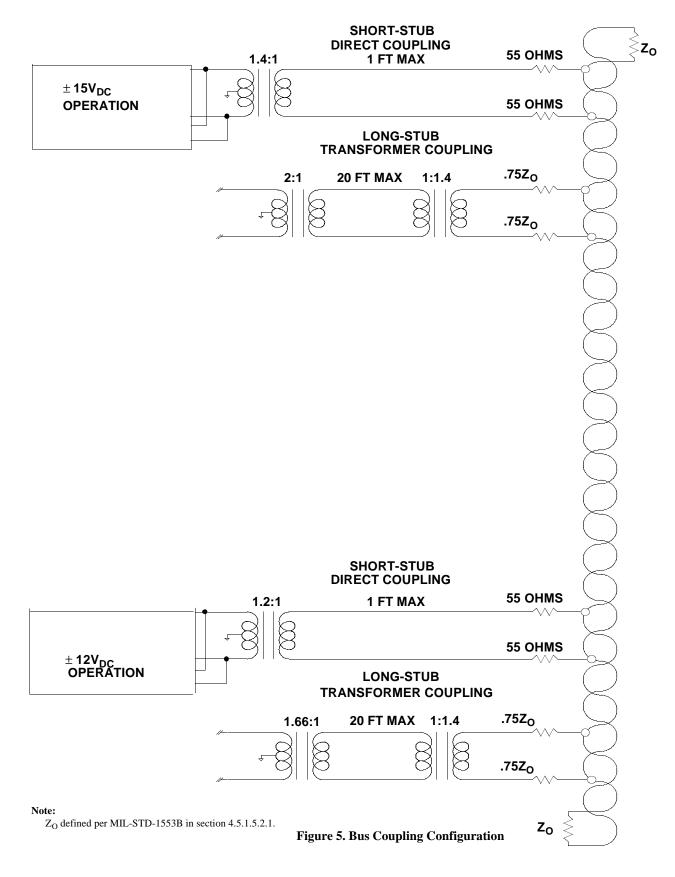
All packages, single and dual, should mount to or contact a heat removal rail located in the printed circuit board. To insure proper heat transfer between the package and the heat removal rail, use a thermally conductive material between the package and the heat removal rail. Use a material such as Mereco XLN-589 or equivalent to insure heat transfer between the package and heat removal rail.

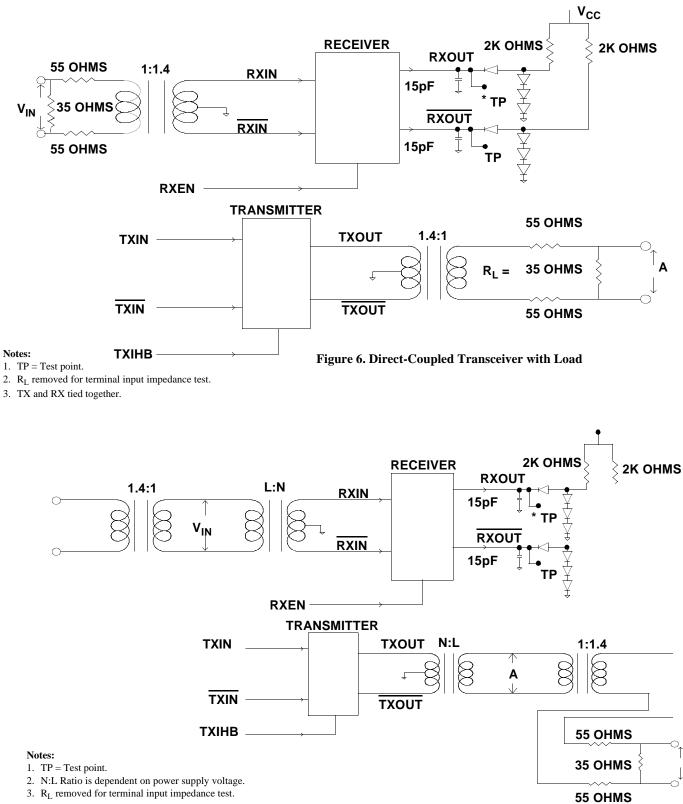




MODEL	V _{CC}	V _{EE}	V _{CCA}	IDLE
UT63M105	+5V	-15V	+5 to +15V	Low
UT63M107	+5V	-12V	+5 to +12V	Low
UT63M125	+5V	-15V	+5 to +15V	Low
UT63M127	+5V	-12V	+5 to +12V	Low

Table 2. Transceiver Model Capabilities

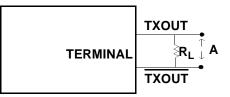




3. R_L removed for terminal input impedance test.

4. TX and RX tied together.

Figure 7. Transformer-Coupled Transceiver with Load



Notes:

Transformer-Coupled Stub: Terminal is defined as transceiver plus isolation transformer. Point A defined in figure 7.

Terminal is defined as transceiver plus isolation transformer and fault resistors. Point A defined in figure 6.

Figure 8. Transceiver Test Circuit MIL-STD-1553B

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

(Referenced to V_{SS})

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIMITS	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	7.0	V
V _{EE}	Supply Voltage	-22	V
V _{CCA}	Supply Voltage	+22	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range (Receiver)	42	V _{PP} , L-L
V _{IN}	Logic Input Voltage	-0.3 to +5.5	V
IO	Output Current (Transmitter)	190	mA
P _D	Power Dissipation (per Channel)	4	W
Q _{JC}	Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case	6 ²	°C/W
T _J	Operating Temperature, Junction	-55 to +150	°C
T _C	Operating Temperature, Case	-55 to +125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Notes:

Stress outside the listed absolute maximum rating may cause permanent damage to the devices. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond limits indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not recommended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
Mounting per MIL-STD-883, Method 1012.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	LIMITS	UNIT
Logic input voltage range	0 to +5.0	V
Receiver differential voltage	9.0	V _{P-P}
Driver peak output current	180	mA
Serial data rate	0.1 to 1	MHz
Case operating temperature range (T _C)	-55 to +125	°C

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = +5V (\pm 10\%)$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } + 12V (\pm 5\%) \text{ or } +5V \text{ to } +15V (\pm 5\%)$ $V_{EE} = -12V \text{ or } -15V (\pm 5\%)$ $-55^{\circ}C < T_{C} < +125^{\circ}C$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	UNIT	CONDITION
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8	V	RXEN, TXIHB, TXIN, TXIN
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0		V	RXEN, TXIHB, TXIN, TXIN
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	-1.6		mA	V _{IL} = 0.4V; RXEN, TXIHB, TXIN, TXIN
I _{IH}	Input High Current		40	μΑ	$V_{IL} = 2.4V$; RXEN, TXIHB, TXIN, TXIN
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage		0.55	V	$I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{ mA}; \text{RXOUT}, \overline{\text{RXOUT}}$
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	2.4		V	$I_{OH} = 0.4 \text{ mA}; \text{RXOUT}, \overline{\text{RXOUT}}$
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Supply Current		60 60 60	mA mA mA	$V_{EE} = -12V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +12V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz) 100% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)
			60 60 60	mA mA mA	$V_{EE} = -15V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +15V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz) 100% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)
I _{CCA}	V _{CCA} Supply Current		10 10 10	mA mA mA	$V_{EE} = -12V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +12V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz) 100% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)
			10 10 10	mA mA mA	$V_{EE} = -15V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +15V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz) 100% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)
I _{EE}	V _{EE} Supply Current		40 140 230	mA mA mA	$V_{EE} = -12V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +12V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz) 100% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)
			40 130 230	mA mA mA	$V_{EE} = -15V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +15V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz) 100% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS¹ $V_{CC} = +5V (\pm 10\%)$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } + 12V (\pm 5\%) \text{ or } +5V \text{ to } +15V (\pm 5\%)^2$ $V_{EE} = -12V \text{ or } -15V (\pm 5\%)^2$ $-55^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{C}} < +125^{\circ}\text{C}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	UNIT	CONDITION
P _{CD}	Power Dissipation				$V_{EE} = -12V V_{CC} = 5V$
					$V_{CCA} = +5V$ to $+12V$
			0.9	W	0% duty cycle (non-transmitting)
			2.1	W	50% duty cycle ($f = 1$ MHz)
			3.3	W	100% duty cycle ($f = 1$ MHz)
			1.0 2.5	W W	$V_{EE} = -15V V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } +15V$ 0% duty cycle (non-transmitting) 50% duty cycle (f = 1MHz)
			3.8	W	100% duty cycle ($f = 1$ MHz)

Notes: 1. All tests guaranteed per test figure 6. 2. As specified in test conditions.

RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS¹

 $V_{CC} = +5V (\pm 10\%)$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } + 12V (\pm 5\%) \text{ or } +5V \text{ to } +15V (\pm 5\%)$ $V_{EE} = -12V \text{ or } -15V (\pm 5\%)$ $-55^{\circ}C < T_{C} < +125^{\circ}C$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	UNIT	CONDITION
R _{IZ} ²	Differential (Receiver) Input Impedance	15		K Ohms	Input $f = 1$ MHz (no transformer in circuit)
C_{IN}^{2}	Input Capacitance		10	pF	RXEN; input $f = 1$ MHz @ 0V
V _{IC} ²	Common Mode Input Volt- age	-10	+10	V	Direct-coupled stub: input 1.2V _{PP} , 200ns rise/fall time \pm 25ns, $f = 1$ MHz.
V _{TH}	Input Threshold Voltage (No Response) ²		0.20	V _{PP,} L-L	Transformer-coupled stub: input at $f = 1$ MHz, rise/fall time 200ns at (Receiver output $0 \rightarrow 1$ transition).
	Input Threshold Voltage (No Response)		0.28	V _{PP,} L-L	Direct-coupled stub: input at $f = 1$ MHz, rise/fall time 200ns at (Receiver output $0 \rightarrow 1$
	Input Threshold Voltage (Response) ²	0.86	14.0	V _{PP,} L-L	transition). Transformer-coupled stub: input at $f = 1$ MHz, rise/fall time 200ns
	Input Threshold Voltage (Response)	1.20	20.0 ²	V _{PP,} L-L	output at (Receiver output $0 \rightarrow 1$ transition).
					Direct-coupled stub: input at $f = 1$ MHz, rise/fall time 200ns output at (Receiver output $0 \rightarrow 1$ transition).
CMMR ²	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	Pass/Fail ³		N/A	

Notes: 1. All tests guaranteed per test figure 6. 2. Guaranteed by device characterization. 3. Pass/fail criteria per the test method described in MIL-HDBK-1553 Appendix A, RT Validation Test Plan, Section 5.1.2.2, Common Mode Rejection.

TRANSMITTER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS¹

 $V_{CC} = +5V (\pm 10\%)$ $V_{CCA} = +5V \text{ to } + 12V (\pm 5\%) \text{ or } +5V \text{ to } +15V (\pm 5\%)$ $V_{EE} = -12V \text{ or } -15V (\pm 5\%)$ $-55^{\circ}C < T_{C} < +125^{\circ}C$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	UNIT	CONITION
V _O	Output Voltage Swing per MIL-STD-1553B ² (See figure 9)	18	27	V _{PP} , L-L	Transformer-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: input $f = 1$ MHz, $R_L = 70$ ohms.
	per MIL-STD-1553B (See figure 9)	6	9	V _{PP,} L-L	Direct-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: input $f = 1$ MHz,
	per MIL-STD-1553A ² (See figure 9)	6	20	V _{PP} , L-L	$R_L = 35$ ohms.
					Figure 7, Point A: input $f = 1$ MHz, $R_L = 35$ ohms.
V _{NS} ²	Output Noise Voltage Differential (See figure 9)		14	mV-RMS, L-L	Transformer-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: input $f = DC$ to 10MHz, $R_L = 70$ ohms.
			5	mV-RMS, L-L	Direct-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: input $f = DC$ to 10MHz, $R_L = 35$ ohms.
V _{OS} ²	Output Symmetry (See figure 9)	-250	+250	mV _{PP} , L-L	Transformer-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: $R_L = 70$ ohms, measurement taken 2.5µs after end of trans-
		-90	+90	mV _{PP} , L-L	mission Direct-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: $R_L = 35$ ohms, measure- ment taken 2.5 μ s after end of trans- mission
V _{DIS} ²	Output voltage distortion (overshoot or ring) (See figure 9)	-900	+900	mV peak, L-L	Transformer-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: $R_L = 70$ ohms.
	(See figure 7)	-300	+300	mV peak, L-L	Direct-coupled stub, Figure 8, Point A: $R_L = 35$ ohms.
C _{IN} ²	Input Capacitance		10	pF	TXIHB, TXIN, $\overline{\text{TXIN}}$; input f = 1 MHz @ 0 V
T _{IZ} ²	Terminal Input Impedance	1		Kohm	Transformer-coupled stub, Figure 7, Point A: input $f = 75$ KHz to 1MHz (power on or power off: non- transmitting, R _L removed from
		2		Kohm	circuit). Direct-coupled stub, Figure 6, Point A: input $f = 75$ KHz to 1MHz (power on or power off: non-trans- mitting, R _L removed from circuit).

Notes:

1. All tests guaranteed per test figure 6.

2. Guaranteed by device characterization.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ¹

 $V_{CC} = +5V \ (\pm \ 10\%)$ V_{CCA} = +5V to + 12V (± 5%) or +5V to +15V (± 5%) $V_{EE} = -12V \text{ or } -15V (\pm 5\%)$ $-55^{\circ}C < T_C < +125^{\circ}C$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	UNIT	CONDITION
t _R , t _F	Transmitter Output Rise/Fall Time (See figure 10)	100	300	ns	Input $f = 1$ MHz 50% duty cycle: direct-coupled R _L = 35 ohms output at 10% through 90% points TXOUT, TXOUT. Figure 3.
t _{RXDD}	RXOUT Delay	-200	+200	ns	RXOUT to RXOUT; Figure 4.
t _{TXDD} ³	TXIN Skew	-25	+25	ns	TXIN to $\overline{\text{TXIN}}$; Figure 4.
t _{RZCD}	Zero Crossing	-150	+150	ns	Direct-coupled stub; input $f = 1$ MHz, $3V_{PP}$ (skew INPUT ± 150ns), rise/fall time 200ns.
t _{TZCS} ²	Zero Crossing Stability (See figure 10)	-25	+25	ns	Input TXIN and TXIN should create transmitter output zero crossings at 500ns, 1000ns, 1500ns, and 2000ns. These zero crossings should not devi- ate more than \pm 25ns.
t _{DXOFF} ^{3,4}	Transmitter Off; Delay from Inhibit Active		400	ns	TXIN and TXIN toggling @ 1MHz; TXIHB transitions from logic zero to one.
t _{DXON} ^{3,5}	Transmitter On; Delay from Inhibit Inactive		250	ns	TXIN and TXIN toggling @ 1MHz; TXIHB transitions from logic one to zero.

Notes:

1. All tests guaranteed per test figure 6.

2. Guaranteed by device characterization.

3. Supplied as a design limit but not guaranteed or tested.4. Delay time from transmit inhibit (1.5V) to transmit off (280mV).

5. Delay time from not transmit inhibit (1.5V) to transmit on (1.2V).

Table 3. Transformer	Requirements	Vorsus	Power Supplies
Table 5. Transformer	Requirements	versus	rower Supplies

COUPLING TECHNIQUE	\pm 12V _{DC}	$\pm 15V_{DC}$
DIRECT-COUPLED: Isolation Transformer Ratio	1.2:1	1.4:1
TRANSFORMER-COUPLED: Isolation Transformer Ratio	1.66:1	2:1
Coupling Transformer Ratio	1:1.4	1:1.4

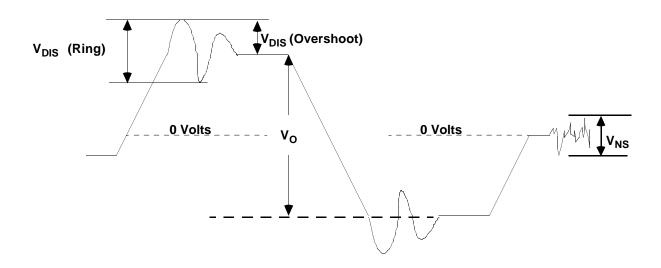


Figure 9. Transmitter Output Characteristics (V_{DIS}, V_{NS}, V_O)

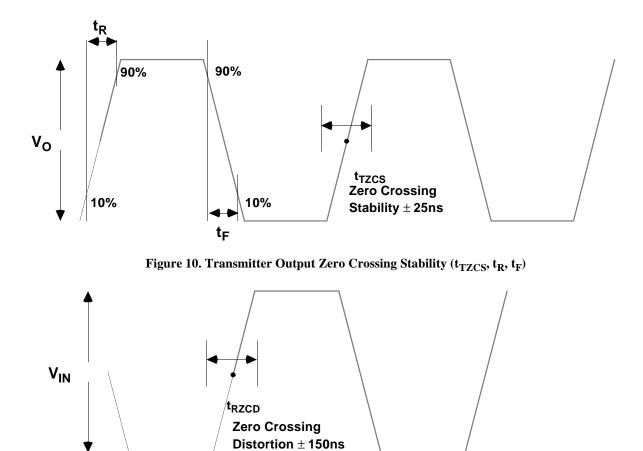
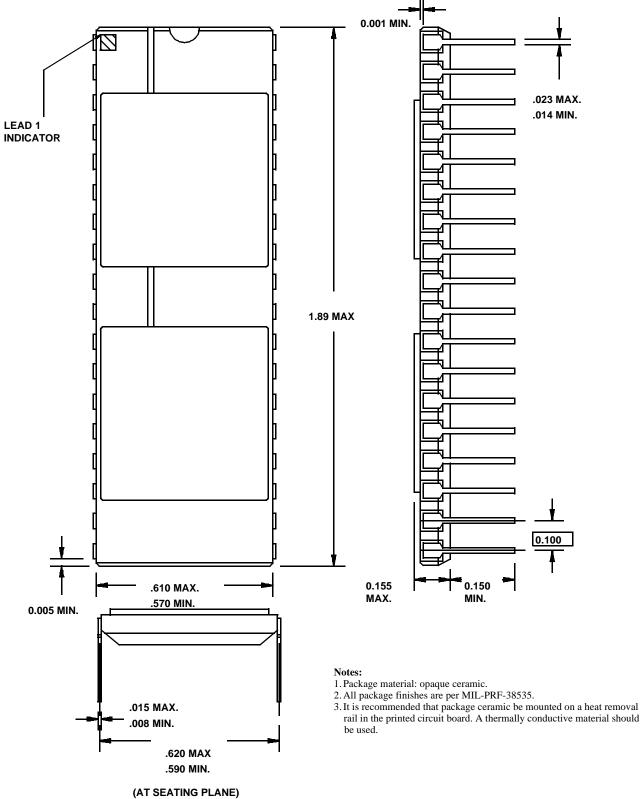


Figure 11. Receiver Input Zero Crossing Distortion (t_{RZCD})





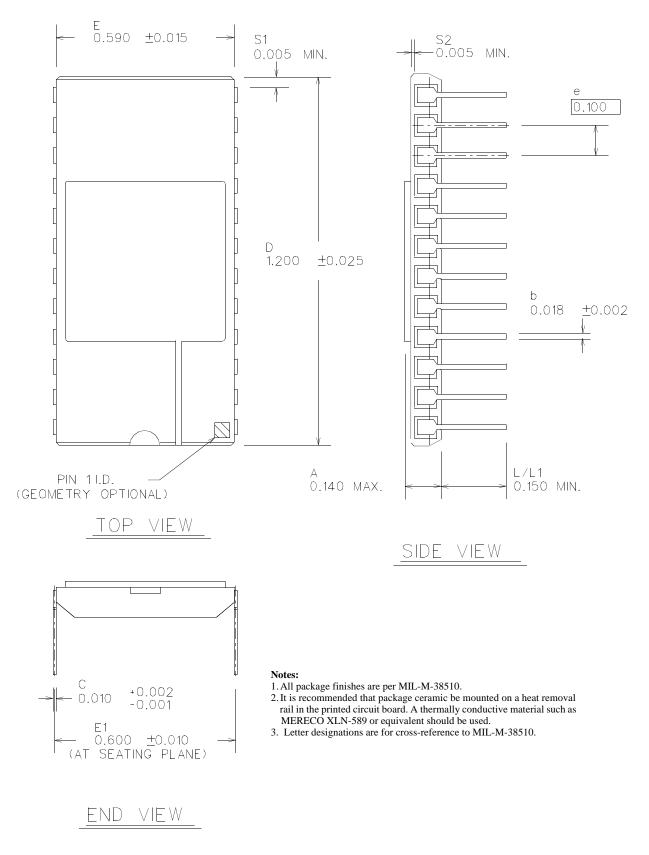


Figure 13. 24-Pin Side-Brazed DIP, Single Cavity

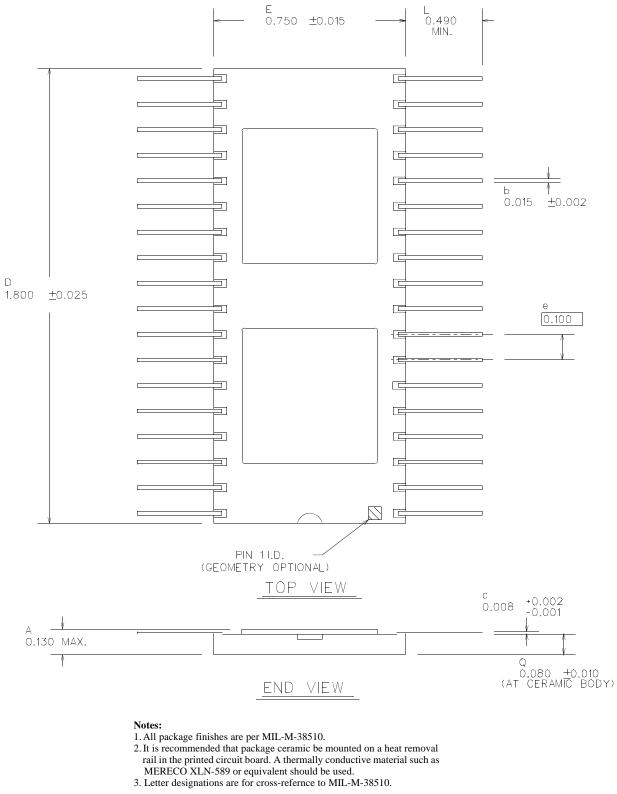
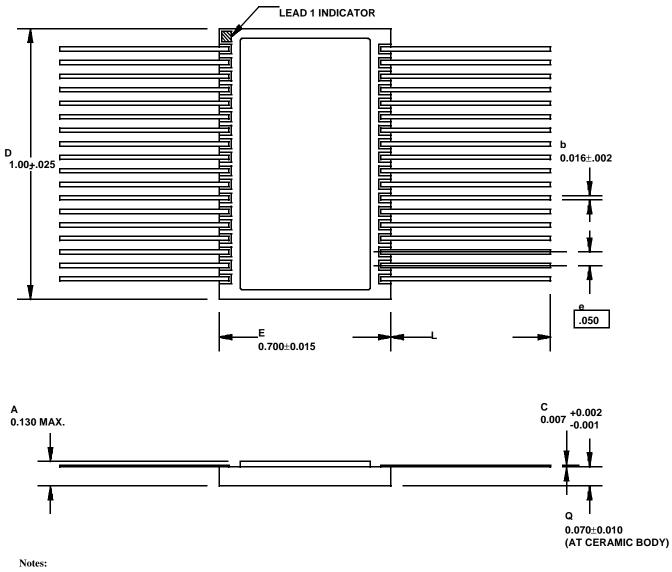
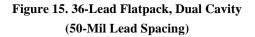


Figure 14. 36-Pin Lead Flatpack

(100-MIL Lead Spacing)

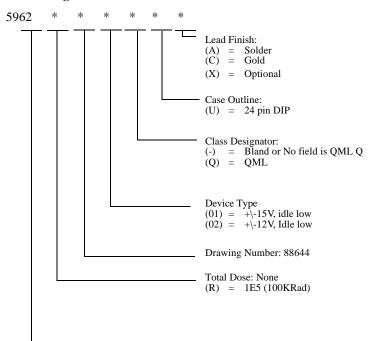


- 1. Package material: opaque ceramic.
- 2. All package plating finishes are per MIL-M-38510.
- 3. Lid is not connected to any electrical potential.
- 4. It is recommended that package ceramic be mounted to a heat removal rail located in the printed circuit board. A thermally conductive material such as Mereco XLN-589 or equivalent should be used.



ORDERING INFORMATION

UT63M Single Channel MIL-STD-1553 Monolithic Transceiver: SM



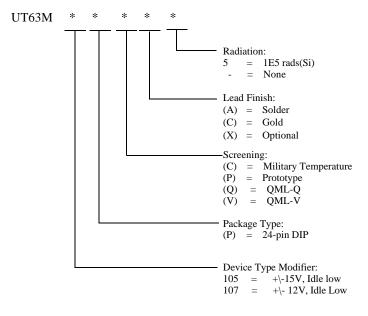
Federal Stock Class Designator: No options

Notes:

- 2. If an "X" is specified when ordering, part marking will match the lead finish and will be either "A" (solder) or "C" (gold).
- 3. RadHard offered only on 01 device type. Cobalt 60testing required.
- 4. For QML Q product, the Q designator is intentionally left blank in the SMD number (e.g. 5962-8864401UX).

^{1.} Lead finish (A, C, or X) must be specified.

UT63M Single Channel MIL-STD-1553 Monolithic Transceiver



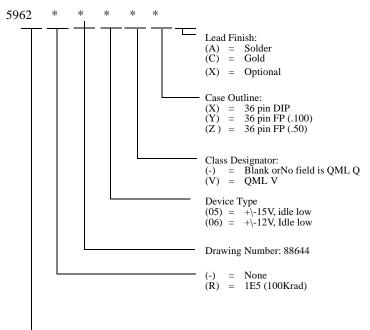
Notes:

- 1. Lead finish (A, C, or X) must be specified.
- 2. If an "X" is specified when ordering, part marking will match the lead finish and will be either "A" (solder) or "C" (gold).
- 3. Military Temperature range devices are burned-in and are tested at -55°C, room temperature, and 125°C. Radiation characteristics are neither tested nor guaranteed and may not be specified.
- 4. Devices have prototype assembly and are tested at 25°C only. Radiation characteristics are neither tested nor guaranteed and may not be specified. Lead finish is at UTMC's option and an "X" must be specified when ordering.
- 5. The 63M105 only may be ordered with 1E5 rads(Si) total dose. Co60 testing is required. Contact factory for details.

6. SEU and neutron irradiation limits will be added when available.

ORDERING INFORMATION

UT63M Dual Monolithic Transceiver: SMD



Federal Stock Class Designator: No options

Notes:

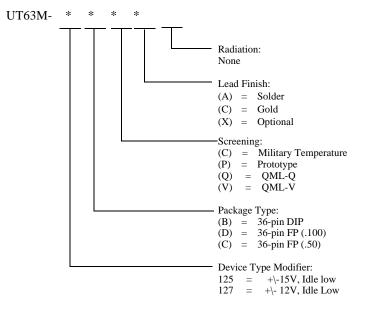
1. Lead finish (A, C, or X) must be specified.

2. If an "X" is specified when ordering, part marking will match the lead finish and will be either "A" (solder) or "C" (gold).

3. RadHard offered only on 05 device type. Cobalt 60testing required.

4. For QML Q product, the Q designator is intentionally left blank in the SMD number (e.g. 5962-8864405YX).

UT63M Dual Multichip Monolithic Transceiver



Notes:

- 1. Lead finish (A, C, or X) must be specified.
- 2. If an "X" is specified when ordering, part marking will match the lead finish and will be either "A" (solder) or "C" (gold).
- 3. Military Temperature range devices are burned-in and tested at -55°C, room temperature, and 125°C. Radiation characteristics are neither tested nor guaranteed and may not be specified.
- 4. Devices have prototype assembly and are tested at 25°C only. Radiation characteristics are neither tested nor guaranteed and may not be specified. Lead finish is GOLD only.